



KYUSHU UNIVERSITY

FACT BOOK 2024



About the front cover

Location: Ito Campus East Zone Bldg. 1 and 2

“East Zone Bldg. 1 and 2” are the main buildings in the East Zone, housing six humanities and social sciences faculties, six graduate schools, and five undergraduate schools.

The building exterior is designed with a color scheme reminiscent of Hakata-ori five-color kenjo textiles.

Additionally, in order to harmoniously integrate the campus into the historical context of the surrounding environment, the Ishigahara Tomb Site Observation and Exhibition Room has been established on the 9th floor of Bldg. 1 at the same height and position as the original site, and, in addition to the Ishigahara Tomb, it displays information about historical sites across the entire Ito area.

Message from the Director of the Office of Institutional Research

We are pleased to present the *KYUSHU UNIVERSITY FACT BOOK 2024*. The *KYUSHU UNIVERSITY FACT BOOK* has been published annually since 2017 under the leadership of the university's Office of Institutional Research (IR Office). As you will observe in the main text, this book contains a wealth of accumulated data revealing changes over time. These data not only reflect the university's historical trajectory but also enable projections for its future. We encourage you to explore the diverse range of survey items, including university rankings, research activities across disciplines, industry-university collaborations, student demographics, and financial status. Through this information, we aim to enhance your understanding of Kyushu University's strengths and areas for improvement.

The *FACT BOOK* is intended for both internal and external audiences. Kyushu University's endeavors are sustained by the support of external stakeholders. By reviewing this publication, we hope you will gain deeper insights into our activities and continue to endorse our mission. We also welcome your feedback and guidance on aspects where further progress is needed. For members of the university community, this *FACT BOOK* serves as a resource for discussions on reforms and improvements aligned with “*KYUSHU UNIVERSITY VISION 2030*.” Policies grounded in the objective data presented here are more likely to be perceived as valid, thereby facilitating smoother consensus-building.

In addition to this PDF version, an interactive edition of the *FACT BOOK* is available, allowing users to select, display, and compare specific datasets. Please visit the IR Office website (<https://www3.ir.kyushu-u.ac.jp/>) to access this tool. Furthermore, the “*KPI Digest Edition*”—previously published to track progress toward Key Performance Indicators (KPIs) outlined in Kyushu University's Designated National University Corporation Vision and 4th Mid-term Objectives and Plans—has now been upgraded to the “*KYUSHU UNIVERSITY VISION 2030* Progress Report.” We invite you to utilize this resource as well.

Beyond the *FACT BOOK*, the IR Office continuously aggregates and analyzes data from across the university. To strengthen our capacity for institutional evaluation and support reforms, we sincerely request your ongoing guidance and collaboration.

March 2025

Seiichi Uchida

Director of the Office of Institutional Research

Kyushu University Education Charter

Article 1 (The Purpose of This Charter)

Kyushu University proclaims this Charter of Education in order to contribute to achieving the goals of higher education and meeting the expectations of all people, both in Japan and abroad.

Article 2 (The Purpose of Education at Kyushu University)

Through the education of individuals capable of leadership in a diverse range of fields in Japan and willing to assume an active role in the world, especially in Asia, Kyushu University aims at contributing to progress throughout the world.

Article 3 (The Principle of Humanity)

In pursuit of the above purpose, Kyushu University shall endeavour to cultivate human character of the highest quality based upon the following principles:

- a. Respect for human life and human dignity;
- b. The development of personality, natural abilities, and the mental and physical capabilities of individuals;
- c. Pursuit of truth and justice and the promotion of a culture that encourages creativity and originality;
- d. Conservation of the natural environment for the next generation.

Article 4 (The Principle of Social Responsibility)

In pursuit of the above purpose, Kyushu University shall foster an appreciation of social values based upon the following principles:

- a. Encouraging individuals to play an active role in a free society, to respect labour, and to lead a socially responsible life;
- b. Ensuring observance of human rights;
- c. Promotion of gender equality;
- d. Cultivation of civic virtues based upon a comprehensive understanding of the political condition of society.

Article 5 (The Principle of Global Citizenship)

In pursuit of the above purpose, Kyushu University shall encourage a sense of global citizenship based upon the following principles:

- a. Contribution to the cultural, social, and economic advancement of people in the world especially in Asia;
- b. Promotion of mutual understanding among and friendship between various peoples, nations, and religions;
- c. Partaking in the maintenance of world peace and ensuring that future generations be free from the scourge of war;
- d. Adhering to the principles stated in the Charter of the United Nations.

Article 6 (The Principle of the Advancement of Knowledge)

In pursuit of the above purpose, Kyushu University shall instill in students specialized knowledge of the highest quality based upon the following principles:

- a. Advancement of knowledge in accordance with the principles of humanity, social responsibility, and global citizenship, while paying regard to practical value of that knowledge;
- b. The development of scientific knowledge and technology in harmony with the progress of the arts and humanities;
- c. Valuing creativity and originality of scholarship;
- d. Ensuring compliance with professional ethics;
- e. Respect for the academic freedom and independence of the people involved in the advancement of knowledge.

Article 7 (The Principle of Unity)

1. Kyushu University shall adopt a united approach in pursuit of the above purpose and principles. In performing their respective functions, all staff members and students shall keep the present Charter in mind.
2. In ensuring the fulfillment of the above obligation, the status of faculty members and the self-government of faculties shall be respected.

Kyushu University Research Charter

Article 1 (The Purpose of This Charter)

Kyushu University proclaims this Charter of Research in order to promote research activities that will contribute, as the foundation of the pursuit, creation and development of better knowledge, to mankind and society.

Article 2 (The Role of Research)

1. As the highest seat of learning, Kyushu University, with sincere respect for the long tradition of the pursuit of truth by mankind and for the human wisdom realized therein, shall carry out its mission of handing down this basic attitude to future generations.
2. Kyushu University shall also recognize its role as an institution of producing the most progressive and world-renowned knowledge by developing perspectives from the basic researches in the various fields of culture and science.

Article 3 (The Idea of Research and Its Ethical Character)

1. While respecting tradition and the pursuit of wisdom therein, Kyushu University shall endeavour to deepen and develop knowledge that will meet the needs of contemporary society.
2. Kyushu University shall ascribe the highest value to creative and original research and pay the utmost respect to academic freedom and the autonomy of researchers.
3. Kyushu University shall endeavour to establish harmony between the pursuits of human wisdom and scientific knowledge while pursuing practical values in various academic fields.
4. While paying constant attention to the possible influences of science on the natural environment and the survival of human beings, Kyushu University shall endeavour, according to its conscience and good sense, to promote research activities that respect human life and human dignity.

Article 4 (The Social and International Contribution of Research)

1. While maintaining the spirit of the pursuit of truth that embodies the idea of a university, Kyushu University shall contribute to achieving human welfare, the development of culture and the peace of the world through its research activities.
2. Research in Kyushu University shall not only make best efforts to fulfil multiple social needs in order to achieve universality and utility but also aim to contribute to both the local community and the region within which Kyushu University is located.
3. As an institution open to the public, Kyushu University shall freely disclose its research results. It shall endeavour to establish an international foothold promoting exchange programs of researchers and linkage with other institutions and enterprises as well as actively dispatching information to the world.

Article 5 (Cooperation between Research and Education)

With regard to the university role of education and of nurturing and producing persons of international capabilities, Kyushu University shall endeavour, based upon the harmonious cooperation of functions between research and education, to bring up persons to whom we can entrust our future.

Article 6 (The Principle of Unity)

Kyushu University shall adopt a united approach in pursuit of the above purpose and principles. In order to achieve this, all staff members and students shall cooperate and unite together. They shall be well aware of their roles and functions and make every effort to perform their responsibilities.

Table of Contents

Table of Contents	1
Designated National University Corporation Proposal	6

1. Overview and Comparisons with Other Universities

1-1.	Overview of Kyushu University	7
1-1-1.	Composition of Schools and Faculties	7
1-1-2.	Number of Students, Faculty and Staff Members	7
1-2.	Main Campuses	8
1-3.	Comparisons with Other Universities: Scale (National Universities)	9
1-4.	Comparisons with Other Universities: Education (National, Public, and Private Universities)	12
1-5.	Comparisons with Other Universities: International	14
1-6.	Comparisons with Other Universities: Reputation	21
1-7.	Comparisons with Other Universities: Other	23
1-8.	Comparisons with Other Universities: Designated National University Corporations, etc.	24

2. Number of Faculty and Staff Members

2-1.	Number of Faculty and Staff Members	27
2-2.	Number of Faculty Members	28
2-2-1.	Number of Faculty Members (Overall)	28
2-2-2.	Number of Faculty Members (Foreign Nationality)	29
2-2-3.	Number of Faculty Members (Women)	30
2-2-4.	Number of Faculty Members (Distinguished Professors)	31
2-2-5.	Age Structure of the Faculty Body	31
2-2-6.	Number of Faculty Members (by School/Institute/Faculty)	32
2-3.	Number of Special Fixed-Term Faculty	42
2-3-1.	Number of Special Fixed-Term Faculty (Overall)	42
2-3-2.	Number of Special Fixed-Term Faculty (Foreign Nationality)	42
2-3-3.	Number of Special Fixed-Term Faculty (Women)	42
2-4.	Number of Specially-Appointed Professors	43
2-5.	Number of International Visiting Lecturers, etc.	43
2-6.	Number of Lecturers (Part-Time)	43
2-7.	Number of Research Fellows	44
2-7-1.	Number of Research Fellows (Overall)	44
2-7-2.	Number of Research Fellows (Foreign Nationality and Women)	44
2-7-3.	Number of Research Professors	44

2-8.	Number of Administrative Staff and Technical Staff	45
2-8-1.	Number of Administrative Staff and Technical Staff (Overall)	45
2-8-2.	Number of Administrative Staff and Technical Staff (Women)	45
2-8-3.	Number of Administrative Staff and Technical Staff (by School/Institute/Faculty)	46
2-9.	Number of Special Fixed-Term Administrative Staff and Technical Staff	52
2-10.	Number of Administrative Assistants and Technical Assistants	52
2-11.	Number of Highly Qualified Specialists	52

3. Number of Students

3-1.	Number of Students (Undergraduate)	53
3-1-1.	Number of Students (Undergraduate: Overall)	53
3-1-2.	Number of Students (Undergraduate: by School)	54
3-2.	Number of Students (Master's Programs)	56
3-2-1.	Number of Students (Master's Programs: Overall)	56
3-2-2.	Number of Students (Master's Programs: by Graduate School)	57
3-3.	Number of Students (Professional Degree Programs)	60
3-3-1.	Number of Students (Professional Degree Programs: Overall)	60
3-3-2.	Number of Students (Professional Degree Programs: by Graduate School)	61
3-4.	Number of Students (Doctoral Programs)	62
3-4-1.	Number of Students (Doctoral Programs: Overall)	62
3-4-2.	Number of Students (Doctoral Programs: by Graduate School)	63

4. Admissions

4-1.	Admissions (Undergraduate)	66
4-1-1.	Admissions (Undergraduate: Overall)	66
4-1-2.	Admissions (Undergraduate: by Date)	67
4-1-3.	Admissions (Undergraduate: by School)	68
4-2.	Admissions (Master's Programs)	75
4-3.	Admissions (Professional Degree Programs)	80
4-4.	Admissions (Doctoral Programs)	81

5. Enrollment

5-1.	Enrollment (Undergraduate)	86
5-1-1.	Enrollment (Undergraduate: Overall)	86
5-1-2.	Enrollment (Undergraduate: by School)	87
5-1-3.	Enrollment (Undergraduate: by District)	89
5-2.	Enrollment (Master's Programs)	92
5-2-1.	Enrollment (Master's Programs: Overall)	92
5-2-2.	Enrollment (Master's Programs: by Graduate School)	93
5-3.	Enrollment (Professional Degree Programs)	98
5-3-1.	Enrollment (Professional Degree Programs: Overall)	98

5-3-2.	Enrollment (Professional Degree Programs: by Graduate School)	99
5-4.	Enrollment (Doctoral Programs).....	100
5-4-1.	Enrollment (Doctoral Programs: Overall)	100
5-4-2.	Enrollment (Doctoral Programs: by Graduate School)	101

6. Graduate Degrees Conferred

6-1.	Number of Graduates (Undergraduate)	106
6-1-1.	Number of Graduates (Undergraduate: Overall)	106
6-1-2.	Number of Graduates (Undergraduate: by School)	107
6-2.	Number of Graduates and Degree Awards (Master's Programs)	109
6-2-1.	Number of Graduates and Degree Awards (Master's Programs: Overall)	109
6-2-2.	Number of Graduates and Degree Awards (Master's Programs: by Graduate School)	110
6-3.	Number of Graduates (Professional Degree Programs)	112
6-3-1.	Number of Graduates (Professional Degree Programs: Overall)	112
6-3-2.	Number of Graduates (Professional Degree Programs: by Graduate School)	113
6-4.	Number of Graduates and Doctoral Degrees by Dissertation (Doctoral Programs)	114
6-4-1.	Number of Graduates and Doctoral Degrees by Dissertation (Doctoral Programs: Overall)	114
6-4-2.	Number of Graduates and Doctoral Degrees by Dissertation (Doctoral Programs: by Graduate School)	115

7. Career Paths and Employment Status

7-1.	Career Paths and Employment Status of Graduates (Undergraduate)	117
7-1-1.	Career Paths and Employment Status of Graduates (Undergraduate: Overall)	117
7-1-2.	Career Paths and Employment Status of Graduates (Undergraduate: by School)	118
7-2.	Career Paths and Employment Status of Graduates (Master's Programs)	120
7-2-1.	Career Paths and Employment Status of Graduates (Master's Programs: Overall)	120
7-2-2.	Career Paths and Employment Status of Graduates (Master's Programs: by Graduate School)	121
7-3.	Career Paths and Employment Status of Graduates and Those whose Withdrawal with Completion of the Course Requirements (Doctoral Programs)	124
7-3-1.	Career Paths and Employment Status of Graduates and Those whose Withdrawal with Completion of the Course Requirements (Doctoral Programs: Overall)	124
7-3-2.	Career Paths and Employment Status of Graduates and Those whose Withdrawal with Completion of the Course Requirements (Doctoral Programs: by Graduate School)	125

8. Success in Qualification Examinations

8-1.	Pass Rates in the Bar Examination	128
8-2.	Success in Qualification and Employment Examinations	130

9. Research

9-1.	Trends across Kyushu University as a Whole Based on Field Classification of Journals	135
9-2.	Comparisons of Publication Quantity and Quality	137
9-3.	International Co-Authored Publications	146

10. International

10-1.	Exchanges with Universities Overseas	149
10-1-1.	Exchanges with Universities Overseas (Inter-University Exchange Agreements)	149
10-1-2.	Exchanges with Universities Overseas (Inter-Faculty Exchange Agreements)	149
10-2.	Study Abroad by Students	150
10-2-1.	Study Abroad by Students (Overall)	150
10-2-2.	Study Abroad by Students (by School/Institute/Faculty, etc.)	151
10-2-3.	Study Abroad by Students (by Region)	154
10-2-4.	Study Abroad by Students (by School/Institute/Faculty, etc. and Region)	155
10-3.	International Student Admissions	158
10-3-1.	International Student Admissions (Overall)	158
10-3-2.	International Student Admissions (by School/Institute/Faculty, etc.)	159
10-3-3.	International Student Admissions (by Program)	159
10-3-4.	International Student Admissions (by Region)	160

11. Industry-University-Government Collaboration

11-1.	Joint Collaborative Research	161
11-1-1.	Joint Collaborative Research (Overall)	161
11-1-2.	Joint Collaborative Research (by Field)	162
11-2.	Funded Research	164
11-2-1.	Funded Research (Overall)	164
11-2-2.	Funded Research (by Field)	165
11-3.	Intellectual Property	166

12. University Hospital

12-1.	Number of Doctors, etc.	169
12-2.	Number of Nursing Staff, etc	170
12-3.	Bed Utilization Rates	171
12-4.	Number of Patients and Operations	172
12-4-1.	Number of Inpatients	172
12-4-2.	Number of Outpatients	173
12-4-3.	Number of Operations	174
12-5.	Average Length of Hospital Stay	175
12-6.	Comparison of Number of Beds	176

13. Income and Expenditure

13-1.	Budgeted Income and Expenditure	176
13-2.	Budgeted Income	177
13-3.	Budgeted Expenditure	177
13-4.	Funding from KAKENHI Grants-in-Aid for Scientific Research, Donation Income, and Industry-University Collaboration Income	178
13-5.	Projects Funded by KAKENHI Grants-in-Aid for Scientific Research	178
13-5-1.	Projects Funded by KAKENHI Grants-in-Aid for Scientific Research (Overall)	178
13-5-2.	Projects Funded by KAKENHI Grants-in-Aid for Scientific Research (by Research Category).....	179
13-5-3.	Comparison of Projects Funded by KAKENHI Grants-in-Aid for Scientific Research.....	183
13-6.	Donation Income.....	184
13-7.	Research Income from Industry-University Collaboration.....	185
13-7-1.	Research Income from Industry-University Collaboration (Funded Research)	185
13-7-2.	Research Income from Industry-University Collaboration (Joint Collaborative Research) ...	186

14. Selection of Research/Education Programs

14-1.	Selection of Research Programs	187
14-2.	Selection of Education Programs	189

Designated National University Corporation Proposal

Designated National University Corporation Proposal

Contribute to the creation of a society that achieves sustainable social development and diverse realizations of well-being.

Boost research capabilities to compete with the world

Enhance research strategy and identify new strengths via the Comprehensive Research Strategy Council

Promote the generation and implementation of integrative knowledge to advance research and solve social issues

Recruit, train, and retain excellent young, female, and international researchers

Driving Social Change with Integrative Knowledge

[Objective 1]

Become a platform for knowledge that drives world-class research and education

[Objective 2]

Become the core of an innovation ecosystem that forges new social and economic systems

Connect with society

Strengthen industry-academia-government-citizen collaboration to facilitate the solving of social issues and to accelerate the transfer of research output to industry

Promote university start-ups

Encourage citizen science through collaboration with local communities

Creation and utilization of integrative knowledge

Top priority

Initiatives to transform society by solving social issues

Entry Points

Social issues to be addressed by leveraging our strengths and unique features

Decarbonization

Medicine and Health

Environment and Food

Head Office for the Design of Future Society

 Directed by the President

Mission

- Produce and utilize integrative knowledge that fuses the natural sciences with the humanities and social sciences
- Formulate strategies to achieve our vision in response to social changes
- Manage progress of initiatives and allocate resources strategically
- Act as a bridge for the Kyushu University Regional Collaboration Platform through coordination and recommendations

Top priority

Initiatives for DX-driven social reform

Promotion Office for Data-Driven Innovation

 Directed by the President

Mission

- Research what a DX society should be and disseminate strategies to achieve it
- Develop data-driven education, research, and medicine
- Establish data management (DM) and data governance (DG)
- Contribute to innovation through DX

Enhance teaching to train professionals who create new value

Adapt problem-solving-oriented education programs and STEAM education into a campus-wide curriculum

Expand interdisciplinary degree programs that span across schools to develop versatile Ph.D. graduates

Internationalize education through Collaborative Online International Learning (COIL), double-degree programs, and joint-degree programs

Stimulate initiatives through strategic resource allocation

Strengthen university governance

Adopt business-conscious points of view for management and diversify campus

Strengthen our financial base

Secure diverse financial resources based on strategies for acquiring external funds

Strengthen international collaboration

Enhance international collaboration with strategic partners

Accelerate international talent circulation through expansion of joint research

Make the campus environment more conducive to globalization

1. Overview and Comparisons with Other Universities

1-1. Overview of Kyushu University

1.1.1. Composition of Schools and Faculties

(as of April 1, 2024)

Schools [12] School of Interdisciplinary Science and Innovation School of Letters School of Education School of Law School of Economics School of Science School of Medicine School of Dentistry School of Pharmaceutical Sciences School of Engineering School of Design School of Agriculture	Graduate Schools [19] Graduate School of Humanities Graduate School of Integrated Sciences for Global Society Graduate School of Human-Environment Studies Graduate School of Law Law School (Professional Graduate School) Graduate School of Economics Graduate School of Science Graduate School of Mathematics Graduate School of Systems Life Sciences Graduate School of Medical Sciences Graduate School of Dental Science Graduate School of Pharmaceutical Sciences Graduate School of Engineering Graduate School of Design Graduate School of Information Science and Electrical Engineering Interdisciplinary Graduate School of Engineering Sciences Graduate School of Bioresource and Bioenvironmental Sciences Graduate School of Integrated Frontier Sciences Joint Graduate School of Mathematics for Innovation	Graduate Schools: Faculties [16] Faculty of Humanities Faculty of Social and Cultural Studies Faculty of Human-Environment Studies Faculty of Law Faculty of Economics Faculty of Languages and Cultures Faculty of Science Faculty of Mathematics Faculty of Medical Sciences Faculty of Dental Science Faculty of Pharmaceutical Sciences Faculty of Engineering Faculty of Design Faculty of Information Science and Electrical Engineering Faculty of Engineering Sciences Faculty of Agriculture
Faculty of Arts and Science (*1)		
Institute for Advanced Study		
Research Institutes [4] Medical Institute of Bioregulation (*2), Research Institute for Applied Mechanics (*2), Institute for Materials Chemistry and Engineering (*2), Institute of Mathematics for Industry (*2)		
International Institute: International Institute for Carbon-Neutral Energy Research		
Kyushu University Hospital		
University Library		
Research Institute for Information Technology (*2)		
Kyushu University Platform of Inter-/Transdisciplinary Energy Research		
Institute for Asian and Oceanian Studies		

(*1) It indicates facilities certified as joint usage centers for education.

(*2) It indicates facilities certified as joint usage/research centers.

• The figures in brackets indicate the number of schools, graduate schools, graduate schools: facilities, and research institutes.

Source: *Kyushu University Information*

1-1-2. Number of Students, Faculty and Staff Members

			Enrollment Capacity	Entrants		Total Capacity	Students Enrolled	
				Total	Of which, Women Students		Total	Of which, Women Students
Students	Schools		2,549	2,651	878	10,593	11,710	3,602
	Graduate School	Master's Program	1,799	1,958	463	3,588	4,216	1,041
		Professional Degree Program	140	133	58	325	306	126
		Doctoral Program	779	769	228	2,601	2,569	743
	Total		5,267	5,511	1,627	17,107	18,801	5,512

Faculty and Staff Members			Faculty		Staff		Total	
			Total	Of which, Women Faculty	Total	Of which, Women Staff	Total	Of which, Women Staff
			2,458	431	3,721	2,437	6,179	2,868

• The number of students enrolled in the first and second year of integrated programs is included in the Master's Program.

Source: Enrollment Capacity: *Kyushu University Information* (as of May 1, 2024)

Entrants: *Kyushu University Information* (as of April 1, 2024), Student Affairs Department (as of October 1, 2024)

Total Capacity: General Regulations of Undergraduate Schools of Kyushu University,

General Regulations of Graduate Schools of Kyushu University (as of May 1, 2024)

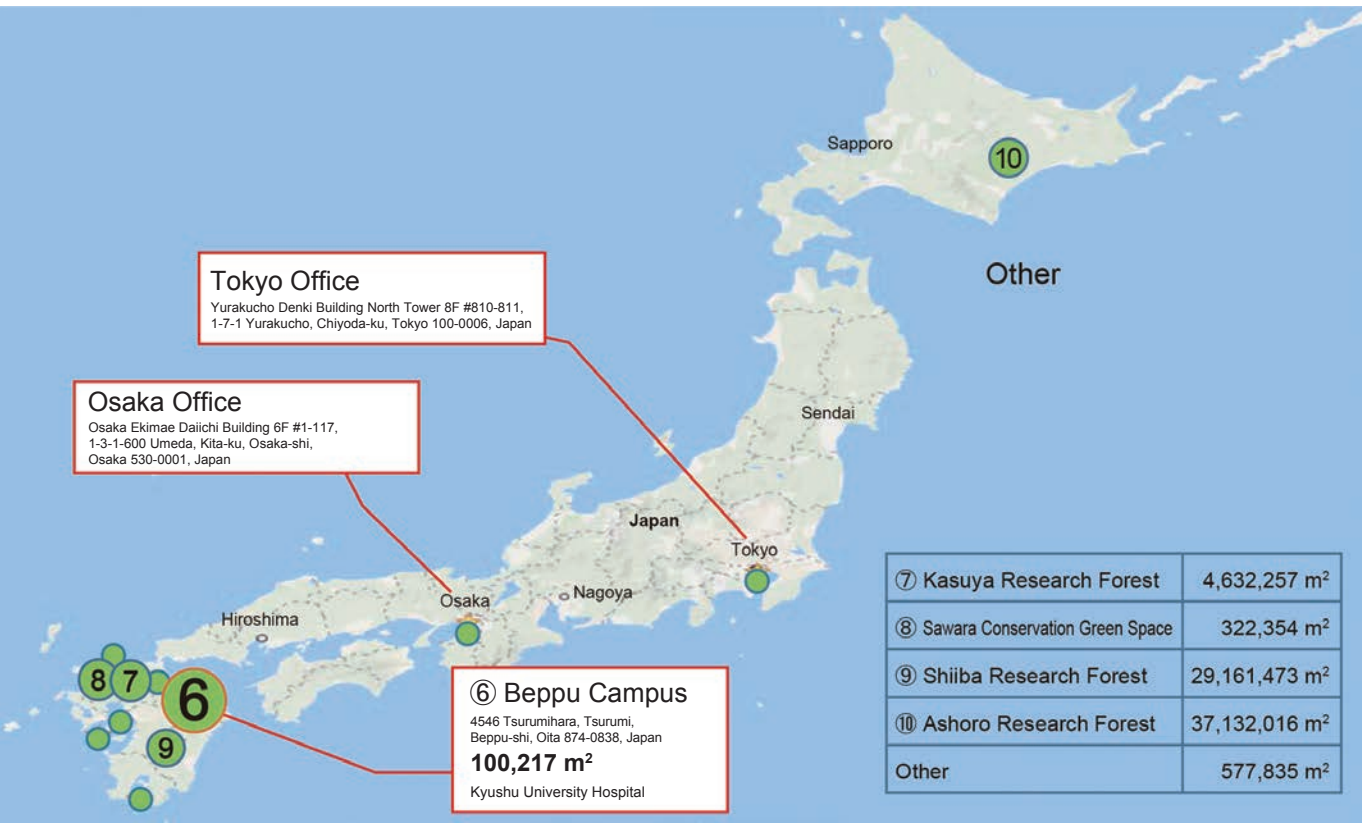
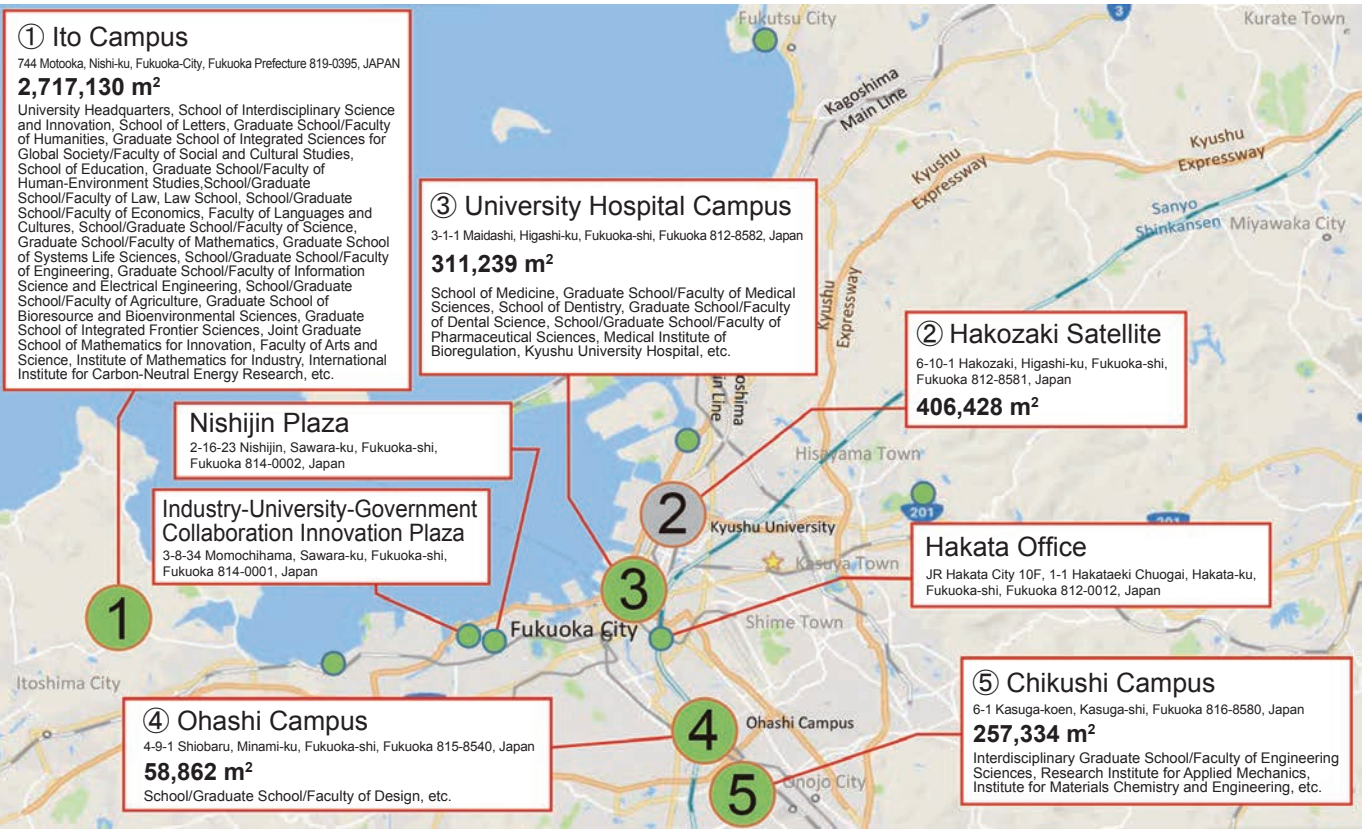
Number of Faculty and Staff Members, Students: National Institution for Academic Degrees and Quality Enhancement of Higher Education, "Basic University Information" <https://portal.niad.ac.jp/ptrt/table.html> (as of October, 2024)

1-2. Main Campuses

Total campus area: 75,677,145 m²

● Main Campuses
 ● Satellite

● University Farm, University Research Forests, etc.
 (as of May 1, 2024)



- Shiiba Research Forest includes Hitoyoshi Experimental Station and lodgings.
- Ashoro Research Forest includes Ashoro Research Forest lodgings.
- “Other” includes the Amakusa Marine Biological Laboratory, the Institute of Seismology and Volcanology, the Fishery Research Laboratory, the Entomological Laboratory, the School of Agriculture Experimental Farm, the Kuju Agricultural Research Center, etc.
- In FY2021, Kyushu University Farm was relocated to the Ito Campus.

Source: Kyushu University Information

1-3. Comparisons with Other Universities: Scale (National Universities)

Undergraduate School

Rank	University	Number
1	Kyushu University	12
1	Hokkaido University	12
1	Hiroshima University	12
4	Osaka University	11
4	Okayama University	11
6	Tohoku University	10
6	Chiba University	10
6	The University of Tokyo	10
6	Niigata University	10
6	Kyoto University	10
6	Kobe University	10

Undergraduate Enrollment Capacity

Rank	University	Number
1	Osaka University	3,252
2	The University of Tokyo	3,063
3	Kyoto University	2,823
4	Kyushu University	2,549
5	Kobe University	2,530
6	Hokkaido University	2,528
7	Hiroshima University	2,386
8	Tohoku University	2,377
9	Chiba University	2,317
10	Niigata University	2,240

Ratio of Applicants to Undergraduate Places

Rank	University	Applicants per Available Place
1	Chiba University	4.8
2	Tokyo Institute of Technology	4.5
3	Kobe University	4.2
4	Hokkaido University	4.1
5	University of Tsukuba	3.6
6	Kyushu University	3.3
7	The University of Tokyo	3.2
7	Tohoku University	3.2
9	Hiroshima University	3.1
10	Kyoto University	3.0

Graduate School

Rank	University	Number
1	Hokkaido University	21
2	Kyushu University	19
3	Kyoto University	18
4	Chiba University	17
5	Tohoku University	15
5	The University of Tokyo	15
5	Osaka University	15
5	Kobe University	15
9	Nagoya University	13
10	Okayama University	7

Graduate School Enrollment Capacity

Rank	University	Enrollment Capacity Total	Master's Program	Professional Degree Program	Doctoral Programs
1	The University of Tokyo	5,057	2,928	410	1,719
2	Kyoto University	3,798	2,353	334	1,111
3	Osaka University	3,026	2,023	80	923
4	Kyushu University	2,718	1,799	140	779
5	Tohoku University	2,689	1,801	120	768
6	University of Tsukuba	2,508	1,815	66	627
7	Nagoya University	2,455	1,673	50	732
8	Hokkaido University	2,392	1,649	100	643
9	Tokyo Institute of Technology	2,151	1,544	40	567
10	Kobe University	1,832	1,280	149	403

• According to “Financial Analysis Classification of National University Corporations” conducted by the National University Corporation Evaluation Committee, Japanese national universities in Group A (13 universities) (*1) and RU11 (Research University 11) (*2) have been defined as the Top 14 universities, and they are ranked in that order.

• Top 14 universities: Hokkaido University, Tohoku University, University of Tsukuba, Chiba University, The University of Tokyo, Tokyo Institute of Technology, Niigata University, Nagoya University, Kyoto University, Osaka University, Kobe University, Okayama University, Hiroshima University, and Kyushu University (ordered by university number).

(*1) Group A: National University Corporations with an enrollment capacity over 10,000 students, with 10 or more schools. (Only student enrollment capacity is considered for universities employing academic schools, colleges, and similar).

(*2) RU11 (Research University 11) is a consortium that aims to develop academia via 11 universities: Hokkaido University, Tohoku University, University of Tsukuba, The University of Tokyo, Waseda University, Keio University, Tokyo Institute of Technology, Nagoya University, Kyoto University, Osaka University, and Kyushu University. RU11 is composed of both national and private universities.

(*3) For the data on Tokyo Institute of Technology in the “Comparisons with Other Universities” section, information used was before Tokyo Institute of Technology and Tokyo Medical and Dental University merged to form Institute of Science Tokyo in October 2024.

Source: Each university's website and University Information (2023)

1-3. Comparisons with Other Universities: Scale (National Universities) (Continued)

Number of International Students Among Undergraduate Students Enrolled

Rank	University	Number
1	Osaka University	332
2	Kyushu University	292
3	The University of Tokyo	275
4	Nagoya University	260
5	University of Tsukuba	247
6	Tokyo Institute of Technology	232
7	Kyoto University	219
8	Tohoku University	198
9	Hokkaido University	165
10	Okayama University	156

International Students as a Percentage of Undergraduate Students Enrolled

Rank	University	%
1	Tokyo Institute of Technology	4.9
2	Nagoya University	2.7
3	University of Tsukuba	2.6
4	Kyushu University	2.5
5	Osaka University	2.2
6	The University of Tokyo	2.0
7	Tohoku University	1.9
8	Kyoto University	1.7
9	Okayama University	1.5
9	Hokkaido University	1.5

Women Students as a Percentage of Undergraduate Students Enrolled

Rank	University	%
1	Okayama University	43.0
2	Chiba University	39.7
3	Hiroshima University	38.7
4	University of Tsukuba	38.4
5	Niigata University	38.3
6	Kobe University	35.4
7	Osaka University	34.4
8	Nagoya University	31.6
9	Kyushu University	29.7
10	Hokkaido University	29.1

Number of International Students Among Graduate School Students Enrolled

Rank	University	Number
1	The University of Tokyo	3,818
2	Kyoto University	2,079
3	Kyushu University	1,761
4	University of Tsukuba	1,749
5	Osaka University	1,734
6	Tohoku University	1,551
7	Hokkaido University	1,545
8	Nagoya University	1,539
9	Tokyo Institute of Technology	1,471
10	Hiroshima University	1,295

International Students as a Percentage of Graduate School Students Enrolled

Rank	University	%
1	Hiroshima University	28.6
2	The University of Tokyo	26.8
3	Tokyo Institute of Technology	26.0
4	Kyushu University	25.3
5	University of Tsukuba	24.9
6	Hokkaido University	24.4
7	Nagoya University	24.2
8	Tohoku University	22.0
9	Kyoto University	21.8
10	Osaka University	21.3

Women Students as a Percentage of Graduate School Students Enrolled

Rank	University	%
1	University of Tsukuba	36.2
2	Hiroshima University	34.5
3	Kobe University	34.2
4	Chiba University	34.0
5	Okayama University	31.8
6	Osaka University	30.9
7	Niigata University	30.8
8	Nagoya University	29.6
9	Hokkaido University	29.5
10	Kyoto University	29.3
⋮		
12	Kyushu University	27.5

• According to “Financial Analysis Classification of National University Corporations” conducted by the National University Corporation Evaluation Committee, Japanese national universities in Group A (13 universities) (*1) and RU11 (Research University 11) (*2) have been defined as the Top 14 universities, and they are ranked in that order.

• Top 14 universities: Hokkaido University, Tohoku University, University of Tsukuba, Chiba University, The University of Tokyo, Tokyo Institute of Technology, Niigata University, Nagoya University, Kyoto University, Osaka University, Kobe University, Okayama University, Hiroshima University, and Kyushu University (ordered by university number).

(*1) Group A: National University Corporations with an enrollment capacity over 10,000 students, with 10 or more schools. (Only student enrollment capacity is considered for universities employing academic schools, colleges, and similar).

(*2) RU11 (Research University 11) is a consortium that aims to develop academia via 11 universities: Hokkaido University, Tohoku University, University of Tsukuba, The University of Tokyo, Waseda University, Keio University, Tokyo Institute of Technology, Nagoya University, Kyoto University, Osaka University, and Kyushu University. RU11 is composed of both national and private universities.

Source: National Institution for Academic Degrees and Quality Enhancement of Higher Education, “Basic University Information” <https://portal.niad.ac.jp/ptrt/table.html> (as of May, 2024)

1-3. Comparisons with Other Universities: Scale (National Universities) (Continued)

Faculty Members

Rank	University	Number
1	The University of Tokyo	3,978
2	Kyoto University	3,494
3	Osaka University	3,329
4	Tohoku University	3,154
5	Kyushu University	2,389
6	Hokkaido University	2,338
7	Nagoya University	2,293
8	University of Tsukuba	1,801
9	Hiroshima University	1,715
10	Kobe University	1,572

Students per Faculty Member

Rank	University	Number
1	Chiba University	10.5
2	Tokyo Institute of Technology	10.2
3	Kobe University	10.1
4	University of Tsukuba	9.2
5	Okayama University	9.1
6	Hiroshima University	8.8
7	Niigata University	8.6
8	Kyushu University	7.8
9	Hokkaido University	7.5
10	The University of Tokyo	7.1

Staff

Rank	University	Number
1	The University of Tokyo	4,223
2	Kyoto University	3,883
3	Kyushu University	3,686
4	Osaka University	3,556
5	Hokkaido University	3,421
6	Tohoku University	3,279
7	University of Tsukuba	3,044
8	Kobe University	2,583
9	Okayama University	2,561
10	Nagoya University	2,455

Women Faculty Members

Rank	University	Number
1	Osaka University	665
2	The University of Tokyo	619
3	Tohoku University	613
4	Kyoto University	580
5	Nagoya University	452
6	Kyushu University	406
7	Hokkaido University	369
8	Niigata University	360
9	University of Tsukuba	354
10	Hiroshima University	340

International Faculty Members

Rank	University	Number
1	Tohoku University	303
2	Osaka University	284
3	Kyoto University	282
4	Hokkaido University	212
5	The University of Tokyo	192
6	Nagoya University	191
7	Kyushu University	172
8	University of Tsukuba	141
9	Hiroshima University	139
10	Okayama University	81

Management Expenses Grants

(Unit: ¥million)

Rank	University	Sum Allocated
1	The University of Tokyo	80,289
2	Kyoto University	56,040
3	Tohoku University	47,673
4	Osaka University	44,280
5	Kyushu University	38,998
6	University of Tsukuba	36,742
7	Hokkaido University	36,428
8	Nagoya University	31,694
9	Hiroshima University	25,711
10	Tokyo Institute of Technology	22,079

• According to “Financial Analysis Classification of National University Corporations” conducted by the National University Corporation Evaluation Committee, Japanese national universities in Group A (13 universities) (*1) and RU11 (Research University 11) (*2) have been defined as the Top 14 universities, and they are ranked in that order.

• Top 14 universities: Hokkaido University, Tohoku University, University of Tsukuba, Chiba University, The University of Tokyo, Tokyo Institute of Technology, Niigata University, Nagoya University, Kyoto University, Osaka University, Kobe University, Okayama University, Hiroshima University, and Kyushu University. (ordered by university number)

(*1) Group A: National University Corporations with an enrollment capacity over 10,000 students, with 10 or more schools. (Only student enrollment capacity is considered for universities employing academic schools, colleges, and similar).

(*2) RU11 (Research University 11) is a consortium that aims to develop academia via eleven universities: Hokkaido University, Tohoku University, University of Tsukuba, The University of Tokyo, Waseda University, Keio University, Tokyo Institute of Technology, Nagoya University, Kyoto University, Osaka University, and Kyushu University. RU11 is composed of both national and private universities.

• The number of woman and foreign faculty members are for the positions of President, Vice President, Professor, Associate Professor, Lecturer, Assistant Professor, and Research Associate.

Source: National Institution for Academic Degrees and Quality Enhancement of Higher Education, “Basic University Information”
<https://portal.niad.ac.jp/ptrt/table.html> (as of May, 2024)
 Management Expense Grant: Each university’s Financial Report for FY2023

1-4. Comparisons with Other Universities: Education (National, Public, and Private Universities)

Area of School Buildings

Rank	University	m ²
1	Nihon University	1,056,076
2	The University of Tokyo	816,235
3	Kyushu University	712,324
4	Osaka University	690,319
5	Kyoto University	643,140
6	Waseda University	638,286
7	Tohoku University	576,657
8	Hokkaido University	560,846
9	Tokai University	539,222
10	Ritsumeikan University	528,608

(2023)

Doctorate

Rank	University	Number
1	The University of Tokyo	1,248
2	Osaka University	730
3	Kyoto University	702
4	Tohoku University	569
5	Kyushu University	520
6	Hokkaido University	481
7	Nagoya University	467
8	University of Tsukuba	456
9	Waseda University	361
10	Hiroshima University	337

(2022)

Dissertation Ph. D

Rank	University	Number
1	The University of Tokyo	78
2	Keio University	67
3	Kyoto University	63
4	Showa University	45
5	The Jikei University School of Medicine	39
6	University of Tsukuba	36
7	Nagoya University	31
8	Nihon University	30
9	Osaka University	28
10	Tohoku University	27
11	Tokyo Women's Medical University	26
12	Kyushu University	25
12	Yokohama City University	25

(2022)

• Viewpoint of Rankings (Quoted from Source)

There are Bachelor's degrees for undergraduates, Master's degrees for completed master's programs, and Doctorates for completed doctoral programs.

This ranking is based on the number of doctoral degrees awarded.

There are two types of doctoral degrees: a Doctorate and a Dissertation Ph. D.

* Doctorate = Upon graduation from an undergraduate program, students usually enroll in a graduate school for a period of 5 years (2 years for a master's degree and 3 years for a doctoral degree) to acquire the necessary credits. After receiving research guidance, the student submits a doctoral dissertation and undergoes an examination to obtain the degree.

* Dissertation Ph. D = A degree that can be obtained without enrollment in a graduate school, only if the applicant has passed the examination of a doctoral dissertation and has been confirmed to have academic ability equivalent or superior to that of a person who has completed a doctoral program. It is intended for those who wish to pursue a doctoral degree while working.

Graduate School Enrollment Rate

◆ Natural science ◆

Undergraduate Schools of Science, Technology, and Engineering		
Rank	University (Undergraduate)	%
1	Kyoto University (Engineering)	89.1
2	Osaka University (Engineering)	88.4
3	Tokyo Institute of Technology (Materials and Chemical Technology)	88.3
3	Tohoku University (Engineering)	88.3
5	Nagoya University (Engineering)	86.0
6	Tokyo Institute of Technology (Life Science and Technology)	85.8
7	The University of Tokyo (Engineering)	85.0
8	Tokyo Institute of Technology (Engineering)	83.5
9	Kyushu University (Engineering)	83.3
10	Tokyo Institute of Technology (Environmental and Social Sciences)	82.4

(2023)

School of Science		
Rank	University (Undergraduate)	%
1	Tokyo Institute of Technology (Science)	87.8
2	Kyoto University (Science)	81.4
3	Tohoku University (Science)	81.3
4	The University of Tokyo (Science)	78.6
5	Hokkaido University (Science)	77.6
6	Osaka University (Science)	77.3
7	Nagoya University (Science)	75.4
8	Kobe University (Science)	74.4
9	Kyushu University (Science)	73.7
10	Hiroshima University (Science)	73.5

(2023)

Source: Asahi Shimbun Publications, 2025 University Rankings

1-4. Comparisons with Other Universities: Education (National, Public, and Private Universities) (Continued)

Graduate School Enrollment Rate

◆ Natural science ◆

Undergraduate Schools of Agriculture, Fishery, Biological Sciences		
Rank	University (Undergraduate)	%
1	Nagoya University (Agriculture)	86.5
2	Tohoku University (Agriculture)	82.3
3	Kyushu University (Agriculture)	79.3
4	Hokkaido University (Fishery)	77.6
5	Hokkaido University (Agriculture)	77.5
6	Kyoto University (Agriculture)	77.0
7	University of Tsukuba (Life and Environmental Sciences)	74.7
8	Kobe University (Agriculture)	74.6
9	Tokyo University of Marine Science and Technology (Marine Resources and Environment)	66.7
10	Hiroshima University (Applied Biological Science)	64.4

(2023)

◆ Humanities, Social Studies, etc. ◆

School of Law		
Rank	University (Undergraduate)	%
1	Kyoto University (Law)	30.2
2	The University of Tokyo (Law)	24.6
3	Osaka Institute of Technology (Intellectual Property)	24.3
4	Hitotsubashi University (Law)	23.0
5	Hokkaido University (Law)	22.0
6	Tohoku University (Law)	19.0
7	Chuo University (Law)	16.7
8	Osaka University (Law)	16.5
9	Kobe University (Law)	15.5
10	Kyushu University (Law)	15.1

(2023)

Undergraduate Schools of Economics, Management, Commerce		
Rank	University (Undergraduate)	%
1	Okayama Shoka University (Economics)	12.9
2	The University of Tokyo (Economics)	11.9
3	Hitotsubashi University (Economics)	9.5
4	Hokkaido University (Economics)	9.3
5	Waseda University (Political Economy)	9.0
6	Kyushu University (Economics)	7.9
7	Hitotsubashi University (Commerce)	7.2
8	Kobe University (Economics)	6.9
9	Kyoto University (Economics)	6.7
10	Tohoku University (Economics)	6.5

(2023)

Undergraduate Schools of Literature, Foreign Languages		
Rank	University (Undergraduate)	%
1	Kyoto University (Literature)	25.0
2	The University of Tokyo (Literature)	21.4
3	Tohoku University (Literature)	18.7
4	Osaka University (Literature)	18.2
5	University of Tsukuba (Humanities and Culture)	18.1
6	Ochanomizu University (Letters and Education)	16.9
7	Nagoya University (Literature)	15.4
8	Hokkaido University (Literature)	14.8
9	Kobe University (Literature)	13.9
9	Nara Women's University (Literature)	13.9
11	Kyoto Prefectural University (Literature)	13.1
12	Okayama University (Literature)	12.7
13	Kyushu University (Literature)	11.8

(2023)

Source: Asahi Shimbun Publications, 2025 University Rankings

1-5. Comparisons with Other Universities: International

QS World University Rankings (published June 2024)

2022/2023 Rank	2023/2024 Rank	2024/2025 Rank	2024/2025 Rank in Japan	University	2024/2025 Overall Scores
1	1	1	—	Massachusetts Institute of Technology	100.0
6	6	2	—	Imperial College London	98.5
2	4	3	—	University of Oxford	96.9
5	5	4	—	Harvard University	96.8
3	2	5	—	University of Cambridge	96.7
				⋮	
30	34	30	—	Australian National University	82.4
23	28	32	1	The University of Tokyo	82.1
36	46	50	2	Kyoto University	76.0
32	47	50	—	Northwestern University	76.0
56	45	50	—	London School of Economics and Political Science	76.0
55	91	84	3	Tokyo Institute of Technology	63.7
68	80	86	4	Osaka University	63.5
82	107	100	—	University of Copenhagen	59.6
79	113	107	5	Tohoku University	58.8
112	176	152	6	Nagoya University	51.9
135	164	167	7	Kyushu University	50.3
141	196	173	8	Hokkaido University	49.8
205	199	181	9	Waseda University	48.5
197	214	188	10	Keio University	47.4

Academic Reputation

Rank in Japan	University	Score
1	The University of Tokyo	100.0
2	Kyoto University	98.8
3	Osaka University	82.4
4	Tokyo Institute of Technology	75.1
5	Tohoku University	73.8
6	Nagoya University	63.2
7	Waseda University	60.7
8	Hokkaido University	59.0
9	Kyushu University	58.3
10	Keio University	53.0

Employer Reputation

Rank in Japan	University	Score
1	The University of Tokyo	99.8
2	Kyoto University	99.0
3	Waseda University	96.1
4	Tokyo Institute of Technology	94.1
5	Keio University	91.6
6	Osaka University	87.0
7	Tohoku University	82.8
8	Kyushu University	66.5
9	Nagoya University	65.8
10	Hokkaido University	63.3

Faculty Student Ratio

Rank in Japan	University	Score
1	Tohoku University	97.8
2	Kyoto University	94.2
3	The University of Tokyo	89.3
4	Nagoya University	84.7
5	Tokyo Institute of Technology	84.1
6	Kyushu University	78.4
7	Hokkaido University	76.2
8	Keio University	57.2
9	Osaka University	45.2
10	Waseda University	23.5

Citations per Faculty

Rank in Japan	University	Score
1	The University of Tokyo	57.3
2	Osaka University	54.9
3	Tokyo Institute of Technology	43.1
4	Kyoto University	39.3
5	Kyushu University	27.9
6	Hokkaido University	26.0
7	Nagoya University	25.4
8	Tohoku University	23.9
9	Keio University	5.1
10	Waseda University	3.8

International Faculty Ratio

Rank in Japan	University	Score
1	Waseda University	27.9
2	Osaka University	23.9
3	Tokyo Institute of Technology	23.4
4	Kyushu University	18.7
4	Hokkaido University	18.7
6	Kyoto University	15.9
7	Nagoya University	14.5
8	Tohoku University	14.1
9	The University of Tokyo	10.1
10	Keio University	9.4

International Students Ratio

Rank in Japan	University	Score
1	Tokyo Institute of Technology	30.5
2	The University of Tokyo	29.7
3	Waseda University	28.0
4	Nagoya University	19.6
5	Kyoto University	19.0
6	Kyushu University	14.1
7	Osaka University	12.2
8	Hokkaido University	12.1
9	Tohoku University	11.4
10	Keio University	10.2

• Japanese universities ranking in the top 300 were compared on the following points: Academic Reputation, Employer Reputation, Faculty Student Ratio, Citations per Faculty, International Faculty Ratio, International Students Ratio.

Source: Website of British world university evaluation body Quacquarelli Symonds (QS)

1-5. Comparisons with Other Universities: International (Continued)

International Research Network

Rank in Japan	University	Score
1	The University of Tokyo	87.4
2	Kyoto University	85.7
3	Hokkaido University	77.7
4	Kyushu University	69.9
5	Tohoku University	68.3
6	Osaka University	68.2
7	Waseda University	66.4
8	Nagoya University	64.8
9	Tokyo Institute of Technology	61.2
10	Keio University	57.5

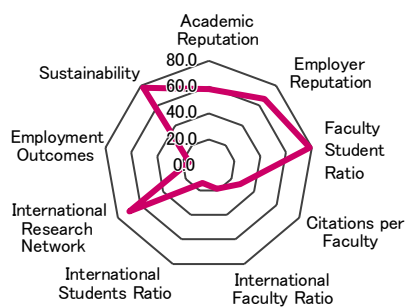
Employment Outcomes

Rank in Japan	University	Score
1	The University of Tokyo	99.9
2	Keio University	91.4
3	Waseda University	83.7
4	Kyoto University	72.8
5	Osaka University	33.0
6	Tokyo Institute of Technology	23.7
7	Tohoku University	22.6
8	Nagoya University	21.5
9	Hokkaido University	15.5
10	Kyushu University	15.1

Sustainability

Rank in Japan	University	Score
1	The University of Tokyo	98.3
2	Kyoto University	85.2
3	Tohoku University	78.6
4	Hokkaido University	78.1
5	Kyushu University	77.6
6	Nagoya University	75.0
7	Osaka University	68.0
8	Tokyo Institute of Technology	62.2
9	Keio University	59.0
10	Waseda University	56.1

Kyushu University Performance Indicators (Score) [QS]



- Japanese universities ranking in the top 300 were compared on the following points: International Research Network, Employment Outcomes, Sustainability.

Source: Website of British world university evaluation body Quacquarelli Symonds (QS)

1-5. Comparisons with Other Universities: International (Continued)

THE World University Rankings (published October 2024)

* Overall scores for universities ranked below 200th are not published, so an estimated value is calculated from the scores for each indicator.

2022/2023 Rank	2023/2024 Rank	2024/2025 Rank	2024/2025 Rank in Japan	University	2024/2025 Overall Scores
1	1	1	—	University of Oxford	98.5
5	3	2	—	Massachusetts Institute of Technology	98.1
2	4	3	—	Harvard University	97.7
7	6	4	—	Princeton University	97.5
3	5	5	—	University of Cambridge	97.4
				⋮	
39	29	28	1	The University of Tokyo	83.3
36	32	30	—	Nanyang Technological University	81.8
50	52	50	—	University of Texas at Austin	75.9
37	46	50	—	London School of Economics and Political Science	75.9
68	55	55	2	Kyoto University	75.2
86	95	100	—	University of Tübingen	66.2
151	122	100	—	Pennsylvania State University (Main Campus)	66.2
201-250 (215)	130	120	3	Tohoku University	65.0
251-300 (289)	175	162	4	Osaka University	61.0
301-350 (333)	191	195	5	Tokyo Institute of Technology	59.1
301-350 (320)	201-250 (250)	201-250 (247)	6	Nagoya University	56.1
501-600 (506)	301-350 (304)	301-350 (307)	7	Kyushu University	53.3
501-600 (588)	351-400 (389)	351-400 (376)	8	Hokkaido University	50.2
501-600 (568)	351-400 (373)	351-400 (399)	9	University of Tsukuba	49.4
501-600 (584)	401-500 (491)	401-500 (470)	10	Tokyo Medical and Dental University	47.0

Teaching

Rank in Japan	University	Score
1	The University of Tokyo	94.1
2	Kyoto University	86.3
3	Tohoku University	69.0
4	Osaka University	63.5
5	Tokyo Institute of Technology	61.1
6	Nagoya University	55.0
7	Kyushu University	53.8
8	Hokkaido University	52.6
9	University of Tsukuba	50.5
10	Tokyo Medical and Dental University	46.4

International Outlook

Rank in Japan	University	Score
1	Tohoku University	59.9
2	Tokyo Institute of Technology	57.6
3	Osaka University	50.7
4	University of Tsukuba	50.6
5	The University of Tokyo	50.4
6	Kyushu University	49.2
7	Hokkaido University	47.4
8	Kyoto University	45.8
9	Nagoya University	42.9
10	Tokyo Medical and Dental University	37.8

Industry

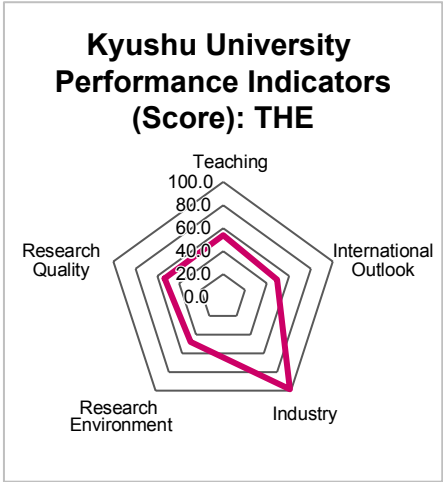
Rank in Japan	University	Score
1	The University of Tokyo	100.0
1	Kyoto University	100.0
1	Tohoku University	100.0
1	Osaka University	100.0
1	Tokyo Institute of Technology	100.0
6	Nagoya University	99.7
7	Kyushu University	98.5
8	Tokyo Medical and Dental University	96.9
9	Hokkaido University	95.9
10	University of Tsukuba	77.1

Research Environment

Rank in Japan	University	Score
1	The University of Tokyo	94.2
2	Kyoto University	85.1
3	Tohoku University	69.6
4	Osaka University	65.4
5	Tokyo Institute of Technology	63.9
6	Nagoya University	55.9
7	Kyushu University	47.6
8	Hokkaido University	44.7
9	University of Tsukuba	43.8
10	Tokyo Medical and Dental University	34.2

Research Quality

Rank in Japan	University	Score
1	The University of Tokyo	68.3
2	Kyoto University	58.7
3	Tokyo Medical and Dental University	55.5
4	Nagoya University	54.9
5	Kyushu University	53.3
6	Tohoku University	53.1
7	Osaka University	51.8
8	University of Tsukuba	49.6
9	Hokkaido University	47.8
10	Tokyo Institute of Technology	47.5



• Japanese universities ranking in the top 500 were compared on the following points: Teaching, International Outlook, Industry, Research Environment, Research Quality

Source: Website of *Times Higher Education* (THE)

1-5. Comparisons with Other Universities: International (Continued)

Domestic Comparisons of QS World University Rankings (published March 2024)

◆ Arts & Humanities ◆

Architecture / Built Environment (*3)

Rank in Japan	University	Score
1 (15)	The University of Tokyo	80.8
2 (39)	Tokyo Institute of Technology	72.9
3 (51-100)	Kyoto University	—
4 (101-150)	Waseda University	—
5 (151-200)	Kyushu University	—
5 (151-200)	Osaka University	—
5 (151-200)	Tohoku University	—
8 (201-240)	Hokkaido University	—
8 (201-240)	Keio University	—
8 (201-240)	Nagoya University	—

Art & Design (*3)

Rank in Japan	University	Score
1 (49)	The University of Tokyo	66.5
2 (51-100)	Chiba University	—
3 (101-150)	Kyushu University	—
3 (101-150)	Musashino University	—
5 (151-200)	Kyoto University	—
5 (151-200)	University of Tsukuba	—
7 (201-240)	Keio University	—

Modern Languages

Rank in Japan	University	Score
1 (7)	The University of Tokyo	89.3
2 (24)	Kyoto University	84.2
3 (42)	Waseda University	81.0
4 (76)	Osaka University	76.0
5 (82)	Keio University	75.2
6 (101-150)	Tohoku University	—
7 (151-200)	Tokyo University of Foreign Studies	—
8 (201-250)	Nagoya University	—
9 (251-300)	Kyushu University	—
9 (251-300)	Hitotsubashi University	—
9 (251-300)	Ritsumeikan University	—
9 (251-300)	Sophia University	—
9 (251-300)	University of Tsukuba	—

◆ Engineering & Technology ◆

Engineering - Chemical

Rank in Japan	University	Score
1 (15)	The University of Tokyo	84.4
2 (47)	Kyoto University	78.3
3 (61)	Tokyo Institute of Technology	76.5
4 (101-150)	Kyushu University	—
4 (101-150)	Hokkaido University	—
4 (101-150)	Osaka University	—
4 (101-150)	Tohoku University	—
8 (151-200)	Nagoya University	—
9 (251-300)	Keio University	—
9 (251-300)	Waseda University	—

Computer Science

Rank in Japan	University	Score
1 (38)	The University of Tokyo	76.7
2 (95)	Tokyo Institute of Technology	69.2
3 (116)	Kyoto University	68.0
4 (146)	Osaka University	66.3
5 (178)	Waseda University	64.8
6 (193)	Keio University	63.8
7 (201-250)	Tohoku University	—
8 (251-300)	Kyushu University	—
9 (301-350)	Nagoya University	—
10 (401-450)	Hokkaido University	—
10 (401-450)	Japan Advanced Institute of Science and Technology	—
10 (401-450)	University of Tsukuba	—

Engineering - Civil & Structural (*3)

Rank in Japan	University	Score
1 (21)	The University of Tokyo	84.1
2 (51-100)	Kyoto University	—
2 (51-100)	Tokyo Institute of Technology	—
4 (151-200)	Hokkaido University	—
4 (151-200)	Tohoku University	—
6 (201-240)	Kyushu University	—
6 (201-240)	Nagoya University	—

Engineering - Electrical & Electronic

Rank in Japan	University	Score
1 (33)	The University of Tokyo	80.5
2 (41)	Tokyo Institute of Technology	78.3
3 (81)	Kyoto University	73.4
4 (111)	Tohoku University	71.4
5 (134)	Osaka University	69.6
6 (151-200)	Kyushu University	—
6 (151-200)	Nagoya University	—
6 (151-200)	Waseda University	—
9 (201-250)	Keio University	—
10 (251-300)	Hokkaido University	—

Engineering - Mechanical, Aeronautical & Manufacturing

Rank in Japan	University	Score
1 (21)	The University of Tokyo	82.6
2 (54)	Tokyo Institute of Technology	75.7
3 (78)	Kyoto University	73.7
4 (85)	Tohoku University	72.9
5 (142)	Osaka University	68.3
6 (151-200)	Kyushu University	—
6 (151-200)	Nagoya University	—
6 (151-200)	Waseda University	—
9 (201-250)	Hokkaido University	—
9 (201-250)	Keio University	—

Engineering - Mineral & Mining (*1)

Rank in Japan	University	Score
1 (51-70)	Kyushu University	—
1 (51-70)	Kyoto University	—

Source: Website of British world university evaluation body Quacquarelli Symonds (QS)

1-5. Comparisons with Other Universities: International (Continued)

Domestic Comparisons of QS World University Rankings (published March 2024)

◆ Life Sciences & Medicine ◆

Agriculture & Forestry

Rank in Japan	University	Score
1 (36)	The University of Tokyo	75.5
2 (52)	Kyoto University	73.1
3 (61)	Tokyo University of Agriculture and Technology	72.0
4 (88)	Hokkaido University	67.9
5 (101-150)	Tohoku University	—
6 (151-200)	Kyushu University	—
6 (151-200)	Nagoya University	—
6 (151-200)	University of Tsukuba	—
9 (201-250)	Kobe University	—
10 (301-350)	Chiba University	—

Biological Sciences

Rank in Japan	University	Score
1 (31)	The University of Tokyo	79.4
2 (50)	Kyoto University	75.8
3 (84)	Osaka University	71.5
4 (151-200)	Hokkaido University	—
4 (151-200)	Nagoya University	—
4 (151-200)	Tohoku University	—
4 (151-200)	Tokyo Institute of Technology	—
8 (201-250)	Kyushu University	—
8 (201-250)	University of Tsukuba	—
10 (251-300)	Keio University	—

Medicine

Rank in Japan	University	Score
1 (42)	The University of Tokyo	80.0
2 (65)	Kyoto University	76.4
3 (112)	Osaka University	71.7
4 (128)	Tokyo Medical and Dental University	70.7
5 (165)	Keio University	67.9
6 (167)	Tohoku University	67.8
7 (201-250)	Kyushu University	—
7 (201-250)	Hokkaido University	—
7 (201-250)	Nagoya University	—
10 (351-400)	Chiba University	—
10 (351-400)	Hiroshima University	—
10 (351-400)	Kobe University	—
10 (351-400)	University of Tsukuba	—

◆ Natural Sciences ◆

Pharmacy & Pharmacology

Rank in Japan	University	Score
1 (41)	The University of Tokyo	79.3
2 (76)	Kyoto University	75.6
3 (151-200)	Kyushu University	—
3 (151-200)	Hokkaido University	—
3 (151-200)	Osaka University	—
3 (151-200)	Tohoku University	—
7 (201-250)	Nagoya University	—
8 (251-300)	Keio University	—
9 (301-350)	Chiba University	—

Chemistry

Rank in Japan	University	Score
1 (15)	The University of Tokyo	85.6
2 (27)	Kyoto University	80.9
3 (48)	Tokyo Institute of Technology	78.0
4 (58)	Osaka University	76.8
5 (95)	Hokkaido University	73.3
6 (101)	Nagoya University	72.6
6 (101)	Tohoku University	72.6
8 (110)	Kyushu University	72.2
9 (201-250)	Tokyo University of Science	—
10 (251-300)	University of Tsukuba	—
10 (251-300)	Waseda University	—

Earth & Marine Sciences (*4)

Rank in Japan	University	Score
1 (11)	The University of Tokyo	88.8
2 (51-100)	Kyoto University	—
3 (101-150)	Hokkaido University	—
3 (101-150)	Nagoya University	—
3 (101-150)	Tohoku University	—
3 (101-150)	Tokyo Institute of Technology	—
7 (151-200)	Kyushu University	—
8 (201-250)	University of Tsukuba	—

Environmental Sciences

Rank in Japan	University	Score
1 (31)	The University of Tokyo	84.2
2 (78)	Kyoto University	79.1
3 (110)	Hokkaido University	76.8
4 (147)	Tokyo Institute of Technology	75.0
5 (201-250)	Kyushu University	—
5 (201-250)	Tohoku University	—
7 (251-300)	Nagoya University	—
8 (301-350)	Osaka University	—
8 (301-350)	University of Tsukuba	—
10 (401-450)	Tokyo University of Agriculture and Technology	—

Geography (*2)

Rank in Japan	University	Score
1 (18)	The University of Tokyo	86.0
2 (34)	Kyoto University	82.6
3 (51-100)	Waseda University	—
4 (101-150)	Keio University	—
5 (201-230)	Kyushu University	—
5 (201-230)	Ritsumeikan University	—
5 (201-230)	University of Tsukuba	—

Geology (*3)

Rank in Japan	University	Score
1 (12)	The University of Tokyo	87.8
2 (51-100)	Kyoto University	—
3 (101-150)	Hokkaido University	—
3 (101-150)	Nagoya University	—
3 (101-150)	Tohoku University	—
3 (101-150)	Tokyo Institute of Technology	—
7 (151-200)	Kyushu University	—
8 (201-240)	University of Tsukuba	—

Source: Website of *British world university evaluation body Quacquarelli Symonds (QS)*

1-5. Comparisons with Other Universities: International (Continued)

Domestic Comparisons of QS World University Rankings (published March 2024)

◆ Natural Sciences ◆ (Continued)

Geophysics (*3)

Rank in Japan	University	Score
1 (13)	The University of Tokyo	88.1
2 (51-100)	Kyoto University	—
3 (101-150)	Hokkaido University	—
3 (101-150)	Nagoya University	—
3 (101-150)	Tohoku University	—
3 (101-150)	Tokyo Institute of Technology	—
7 (201-240)	Kyushu University	—
7 (201-240)	University of Tsukuba	—

Materials Science

Rank in Japan	University	Score
1 (20)	The University of Tokyo	82.6
2 (46)	Tokyo Institute of Technology	78.1
3 (48)	Kyoto University	77.5
4 (50)	Tohoku University	77.2
5 (87)	Osaka University	74.1
6 (101-150)	Kyushu University	—
7 (151-200)	Hokkaido University	—
7 (151-200)	Nagoya University	—
9 (201-250)	Tokyo University of Science	—
10 (251-300)	University of Tsukuba	—
10 (251-300)	Waseda University	—

Mathematics

Rank in Japan	University	Score
1 (29)	The University of Tokyo	81.2
2 (53)	Kyoto University	76.5
3 (79)	Tokyo Institute of Technology	73.2
4 (151-200)	Nagoya University	—
4 (151-200)	Osaka University	—
4 (151-200)	Tohoku University	—
4 (151-200)	Waseda University	—
8 (201-250)	Kyushu University	—
9 (301-350)	Keio University	—
10 (351-400)	Hokkaido University	—

Physics & Astronomy

Rank in Japan	University	Score
1 (9)	The University of Tokyo	90.5
2 (26)	Kyoto University	83.1
3 (40)	Tokyo Institute of Technology	80.5
4 (45)	Osaka University	79.7
5 (50)	Tohoku University	79.1
6 (68)	Nagoya University	77.0
7 (151-200)	University of Tsukuba	—
8 (201-250)	Kyushu University	—
8 (201-250)	Hokkaido University	—
8 (201-250)	Waseda University	—

◆ Social Sciences & Management ◆

Economics & Econometrics

Rank in Japan	University	Score
1 (33)	The University of Tokyo	79.3
2 (77)	Kyoto University	72.6
3 (104)	Waseda University	70.1
4 (119)	Osaka University	69.2
5 (125)	Hitotsubashi University	68.8
5 (125)	Keio University	68.8
7 (201-250)	Nagoya University	—
8 (251-300)	Kobe University	—
8 (251-300)	Tokyo Institute of Technology	—
10 (301-350)	Kyushu University	—

Law

Rank in Japan	University	Score
1 (22)	The University of Tokyo	81.9
2 (66)	Kyoto University	73.0
3 (82)	Waseda University	71.7
4 (101-150)	Keio University	—
5 (151-200)	Kyushu University	—
5 (151-200)	Nagoya University	—
7 (201-250)	Osaka University	—
7 (201-250)	Tohoku University	—
9 (251-300)	Hitotsubashi University	—
9 (251-300)	Kobe University	—

Sociology

Rank in Japan	University	Score
1 (24)	The University of Tokyo	82.1
2 (53)	Kyoto University	76.1
3 (101-150)	Osaka University	—
3 (101-150)	Waseda University	—
5 (151-200)	Tohoku University	—
6 (201-250)	Hitotsubashi University	—
6 (201-250)	Keio University	—
8 (251-300)	Hokkaido University	—
8 (251-300)	Ritsumeikan University	—
10 (301-350)	Kyushu University	—

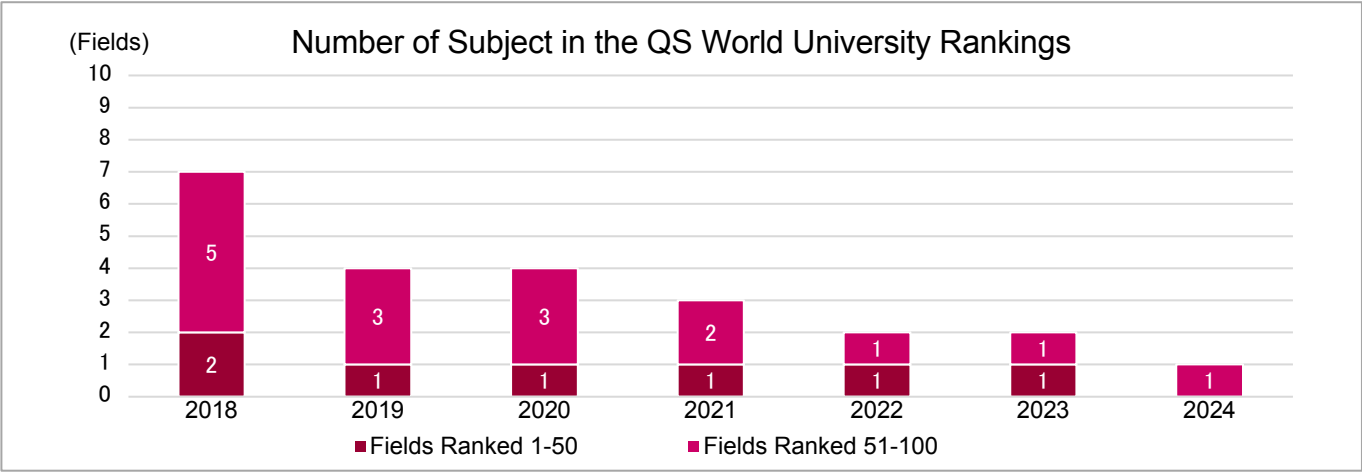
- The value in parentheses is the QS World University Rankings position.
- Out of a total of 55 fields, only the 25 in which Kyushu University is ranked are listed.
- (*1) World rankings from 1 to 70 were published.
- (*2) World rankings from 1 to 230 were published.
- (*3) World rankings from 1 to 240 were published.
- (*4) World rankings from 1 to 250 were published.

Source: Website of British world university evaluation body Quacquarelli Symonds (QS)

Reference: Comparison of the Number of Subject in the QS World University Rankings (Among Designated National University Corporations)

University	Within the Top 50 Rankings	Within the Top 100 Rankings
The University of Tokyo	41	46
Kyoto University	12	38
Tokyo Institute of Technology	6	12
Tohoku University	2	5
Osaka University	1	7
University of Tsukuba	1	3
Tokyo Medical and Dental University	1	1
Nagoya University	0	2
Kyushu University	0	1
Hitotsubashi University	0	0

• Fields in which Kyushu University Ranks in the Top 100 (2024)
Mineral & Mining (51 to 70)



Source: Website of *British world university evaluation body Quacquarelli Symonds (QS)*

1-6. Comparisons with Other Universities: Reputation

◆ Reputation Among University Presidents ◆

Comprehensive Focus
(Education + Research)

Rank	University	Number
1	Tohoku University	138
2	Kyoto University	105
3	The University of Tokyo	94
4	Tokyo Institute of Technology	78
5	Kanazawa Institute of Technology	55
6	Akita International University	46
7	Osaka University	42
8	Nagoya University	37
9	International Christian University	34
10	Kyoei Gakuen University	31
10	Waseda University	31
⋮		
17	Kyushu University	21
17	Hokkaido University	21
17	Keio University	21

(2023)

Research

Rank	University	Number
1	Tohoku University	110
2	Kyoto University	98
3	The University of Tokyo	79
4	Tokyo Institute of Technology	48
5	Osaka University	33
6	Nagoya University	31
7	Waseda University	19
8	Keio University	17
9	Kyushu University	16
10	Kindai University	14

(2023)

• Viewpoint of Rankings (Quoted from Source)

In July of 2023, surveys were sent to the presidents of 780 national, public and private universities. The opinions received from 564 university presidents by late January of 2024 were tallied up. In the survey, respondents were asked to name up to 6 universities for each of the following: "Educational systems and achievements," "Research systems and achievements," and "Innovative entrance examination selection (general, comprehensive, school recommendation)." "Comprehensive Focus" is the sum of data from both fields: education and research.

◆ Reputation Among High Schools ◆

High Quality of Education

Rank	University	Points
1	The University of Tokyo	702
2	Tohoku University	590
3	Kyoto University	462
4	Tokyo University of Science	132
5	Akita International University	130
6	Osaka University	125
7	Waseda University	121
8	Kyushu University	109
9	Hokkaido University	96
9	Keio University	96

(2023)

High Research Capability

Rank	University	Points
1	The University of Tokyo	1,147
2	Kyoto University	968
3	Tohoku University	713
4	Tokyo Institute of Technology	330
5	Osaka University	241
6	Nagoya University	146
7	University of Tsukuba	138
8	Kyushu University	102
9	Tokyo University of Science	99
10	Hokkaido University	69

(2023)

Would Recommend to Students
(National and Public Universities)

Rank	University	Points
1	The University of Tokyo	971
2	Kyoto University	797
3	Tohoku University	685
4	Osaka University	243
5	Tokyo Institute of Technology	228
6	Hokkaido University	225
7	Akita International University	156
8	Kyushu University	155
9	Nagoya University	143
10	Hitotsubashi University	137

(2023)

• Viewpoint of Rankings (Quoted from Source)

By Daigaku Tsushin (2023). Out of about 2,000 college preparatory high schools which were surveyed nationwide, 645 schools responded. Using categories such as, "universities with high quality of education", high school guidance counselors were asked to narrow down their top 5 schools and rank them on a scale of 1 to 5, giving the highest-ranking school 5 points.

Source: Asahi Shimbun Publications, 2025 University Rankings

1-6. Comparisons with Other Universities: Reputation (Continued)

◆ Reputation Among the Public ◆

Proactively Contributes to the Community

Rank	University	Points
1	The University of Tokyo	519
2	Kyoto University	302
3	Waseda University	262
4	Hokkaido University	165
5	Keio University	164
6	Tohoku University	148
7	Kyushu University	119
8	Kindai University	109
9	Osaka University	107
10	Nagoya University	90

(2023)

Good Rating in 20 Years

Rank	University	Points
1	The University of Tokyo	679
2	Kyoto University	450
3	Waseda University	235
4	Keio University	229
5	Kindai University	205
6	Aoyama Gakuin University	155
7	Tohoku University	129
8	Meiji University	115
9	Osaka University	84
10	Nagoya University	77
11	Kyushu University	70

(2023)

Would be Interested if Hiring

Rank	University	Points
1	The University of Tokyo	955
2	Kyoto University	556
3	Waseda University	421
4	Keio University	342
5	Osaka University	154
6	Tohoku University	106
7	Kyushu University	83
8	Nagoya University	78
9	Meiji University	76
10	Hokkaido University	67

(2023)

Good Communication Skills

Rank	University	Points
1	Waseda University	761
2	Keio University	589
3	The University of Tokyo	449
4	Kyoto University	288
5	Aoyama Gakuin University	166
6	Meiji University	152
7	Sophia University	82
7	Nihon University	82
9	Osaka University	81
10	Kindai University	66
⋮		
14	Kyushu University	43

(2023)

Attractive Graduates

Rank	University	Points
1	The University of Tokyo	972
2	Kyoto University	596
3	Waseda University	544
4	Keio University	470
5	Osaka University	102
6	Tohoku University	92
6	Meiji University	92
8	Aoyama Gakuin University	69
9	Doshisha University	48
10	Nagoya University	47
10	Hokkaido University	47
12	Kyushu University	39
12	Kindai University	39

(2023)

• Viewpoint of Rankings (Quoted from Source)

By Daigaku Tsushin. A nationwide survey of working adults was conducted, ranking universities by category. The survey period was in 2023. There were 1,000 respondents and the survey targeted company employees and public officials who had graduated from university. The survey was conducted without any regional bias and the ratio of men to women respondents was roughly 1 to 1. Respondents were requested to rank 3 universities, with 3 points given to the top-ranked university, 2 points to the second, and 1 point to the third, for each of the following lists: 3 Universities Throughout Japan and 3 Universities in Local or Surrounding Areas.

Source: Asahi Shimbun Publications, 2025 University Rankings

1-7. Comparisons with Other Universities: Other

◆ Alma Mater of University Presidents and Board Chairs ◆

Alma Mater of University Presidents
(Academic Background)

Rank	University	Number
1	The University of Tokyo	87
2	Kyoto University	43
3	Tohoku University	28
4	Waseda University	23
5	University of Tsukuba	22
6	Hiroshima University	21
6	Keio University	21
8	Osaka University	20
9	Kyushu University	19
9	Nagoya University	19

(2023)

Alma Mater of Board Chairs
(Academic Background)

Rank	University	Number
1	The University of Tokyo	58
2	Keio University	36
3	Waseda University	31
4	Kyoto University	28
5	Kyushu University	15
6	Tohoku University	13
6	Sophia University	13
8	Osaka University	12
8	Nihon University	12
10	Meiji University	10
10	Rikkyo University	10

(2023)

◆ Alma Mater of Company Presidents ◆

Alma Mater of Company Presidents
(National Universities)

Rank	University	Number
1	The University of Tokyo	4,319
2	Kyoto University	2,568
3	Osaka University	2,372
4	Hokkaido University	2,208
5	Kyushu University	2,071
6	Tohoku University	1,937
7	Kobe University	1,902
8	Hiroshima University	1,819
9	Chiba University	1,474
10	Nagoya University	1,415

(2023)

Alma Mater of Company Presidents: Women
(National Universities)

Rank	University	Number
1	The University of Tokyo	184
2	Hiroshima University	131
3	Osaka University	127
4	Kyushu University	124
5	Tokyo Medical and Dental University	104
6	Chiba University	101
7	Kobe University	98
8	Hokkaido University	90
9	University of Tsukuba	88
10	Kyoto University	85

(2023)

• Viewpoint of Rankings (Quoted from Source)

Using the database of Tokyo Shoko Research, Ltd., containing information on 4,000,000 companies (as of July, 2023), we extracted and collated the disclosed data on the university from which the company representative (including sole proprietors) had graduated. If the same individual is employed by multiple companies, we selected the firm with the highest revenues and excluded overlapping firms from collation. The figures may include representatives who graduated from graduate schools.

Source: Asahi Shimbun Publications, 2025 University Rankings

1-8. Comparisons with Other Universities: Designated National University Corporations, etc.

◆ Basic Information: Designated National University Corporation, etc. ◆

Item	University	Kyushu University	Hokkaido University	Tohoku University	The University of Tokyo	Nagoya University	Kyoto University
University President		1	1	1	1	1	1
University Vice-President		17	4	12	7	10	15
University Presidents and Vice-President Total		18	5	13	8	11	16
Professor		676	762	921	1,351	665	1,040
Associate Professor		665	655	745	986	600	890
Lecturer		148	168	199	297	320	286
Assistant Professor		873	740	1,135	1,309	695	1,261
Research Associate		9	8	141	27	2	1
Faculty Member (Excluding University President and Vice-President)		2,371	2,333	3,141	3,970	2,282	3,478
Staff Member		3,686	3,421	3,279	4,223	2,455	3,883
Undergraduate Student		11,707	11,164	10,644	13,974	9,547	12,770
Graduate School/Faculty Student: Master's Programs		4,195	3,709	3,982	7,088	3,826	5,064
Graduate School Student: Professional Degree Programs		316	224	284	850	131	738
Graduate School/Faculty Student: Doctoral Programs, PhD		2,440	2,409	2,775	6,306	2,398	3,723
Student		18,658	17,506	17,685	28,218	15,902	22,295
Undergraduate School	(*)	12	(*)	12	(*)	10	(*)
Graduate School	(*)	19	(*)	21	(*)	15	(*)
Research Institute	(*)	4	(*)	5	(*)	6	(*)
Joint Usage/Research Center (as of April, 2023)		5	7	7	9	5	14
Joint Usage Center for Education (as of July 31, 2023)		1	5	3	1	2	4
Management Expenses Grants (Unit: ¥million)		38,998	36,428	47,673	80,289	31,694	56,040
QS World University Rankings 2025 (published June 2024)		167	173	107	32	152	50
QS World Rankings by Subject 2024 (for departments ranked in the top 50) (published March 2024)		0	0	2	41	0	12
QS World Rankings by Subject 2024 (for departments ranked in the top 100) (published March 2024)		1	2	5	46	2	38

• In principle, comparisons with other universities are as of May 1, 2023, and asterisks follow:

(*) The figures are as of April 1, 2023.

(*) The figures are as of July 1, 2023.

(*) The figures are as of July, 2023.

Source: National Institution for Academic Degrees and Quality Enhancement of Higher Education, "Basic University Information" <https://portal.niad.ac.jp/ptr/table.html> (as of May, 2024)
 Joint Usage/Research Center: MEXT website (*Joint Usage/Research Center and International Joint Usage/Research Center List*)
 Joint Usage Center for Education: MEXT website (*List of Accredited Joint Usage Center for Education*)
 Management Expense Grant: Each university's Financial Report for FY2023
 QS World University Rankings 2025, QS World Rankings by Subject 2024: Website of *British world university evaluation body Quacquarelli Symonds* (QS)

For other topics not listed above, please refer to each university's summary or website.

Kyushu University Information 2023, 2024

Hokkaido University Guidebook 2023

Tohoku University Fact Book 2023

The University of Tokyo Guidebook 2023 and Databook 2023

Nagoya University Profile 2023

Kyoto University Overview 2023

Osaka University Profile 2023

University of Tsukuba Leaflet 2023 and website

Tokyo Medical and Dental University OUTLINE 2023

Tokyo Tech Data Book 2023-2024

Hitotsubashi University website, Data Collection 2023

1-8. Comparisons with Other Universities: Designated National University Corporations, etc. (Continued)

Item	University	Osaka University	University of Tsukuba	Tokyo Medical and Dental University	Tokyo Institute of Technology	Hitotsubashi University
University President		1	1	1	1	1
University Vice-President		7	10	7	6	7
University Presidents and Vice-President Total		8	11	8	7	8
Professor		1,006	551	173	376	198
Associate Professor		853	544	134	316	75
Lecturer		316	204	136	18	80
Assistant Professor		1,138	490	411	308	18
Research Associate		8	1	0	0	28
Faculty Member (Excluding University President and Vice-President)		3,321	1,790	854	1,018	399
Staff Member		3,556	3,044	2,254	1,486	262
Undergraduate Student		14,986	9,635	1,466	4,776	4,335
Graduate School/Faculty Student: Master's Programs		4,714	4,194	317	3,999	905
Graduate School Student: Professional Degree Programs		209	215		92	392
Graduate School/Faculty Student: Doctoral Programs, PhD		3,214	2,611	1,145	1,563	541
Student		23,123	16,655	2,928	10,430	6,173
Undergraduate School	(^{*3})	11	9	3	6	(^{*2}) 5
Graduate School	(^{*3})	15	3	2	6	(^{*2}) 7
Research Institute	(^{*3})	6	0	2	4	(^{*2}) 1
Joint Usage/Research Center (as of April, 2023)		8	4	2	4	1
Joint Usage Center for Education (as of July 31, 2023)		1	3	0	0	0
Management Expenses Grants (Unit: ¥million)		44,280	36,742	13,946	22,079	5,719
QS World University Rankings 2025 (published June 2024)		86	377	661-670	84	539
QS World Rankings by Subject 2024 (for departments ranked in the top 50) (published March 2024)		1	1	1	6	0
QS World Rankings by Subject 2024 (for departments ranked in the top 100) (published March 2024)		7	3	1	12	0

• In principle, comparisons with other universities are as of May 1, 2023, and asterisks follow:

(^{*1}) The figures are as of April 1, 2023.

(^{*2}) The figures are as of July 1, 2023.

(^{*3}) The figures are as of July, 2023.

Source: National Institution for Academic Degrees and Quality Enhancement of Higher Education, "Basic University Information" <https://portal.niad.ac.jp/ptr/table.html> (as of May, 2024)
 Joint Usage/Research Center: MEXT website (*Joint Usage/Research Center and International Joint Usage/Research Center List*)
 Joint Usage Center for Education: MEXT website (*List of Accredited Joint Usage Center for Education*)
 Management Expense Grant: Each university's Financial Report for FY2023
 QS World University Rankings 2025, QS World Rankings by Subject 2024: Website of *British world university evaluation body Quacquarelli Symonds* (QS)

For other topics not listed above, please refer to each university's summary or website.

Kyushu University Information 2023, 2024

Hokkaido University Guidebook 2023

Tohoku University Fact Book 2023

The University of Tokyo Guidebook 2023 and Databook 2023

Nagoya University Profile 2023

Kyoto University Overview 2023

Osaka University Profile 2023

University of Tsukuba Leaflet 2023 and website

Tokyo Medical and Dental University OUTLINE 2023

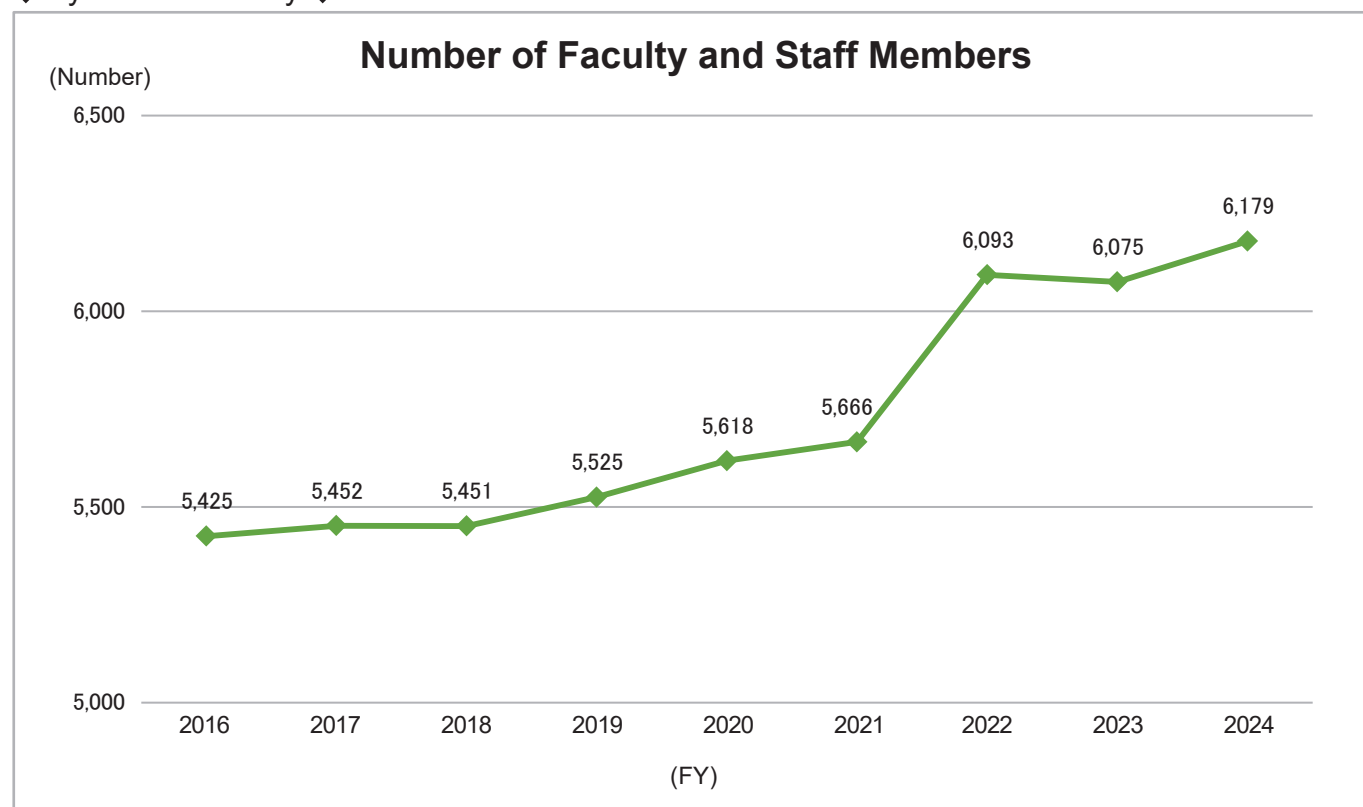
Tokyo Tech Data Book 2023-2024

Hitotsubashi University website, Data Collection 2023

2. Number of Faculty and Staff Members (as of May 1 each fiscal year)

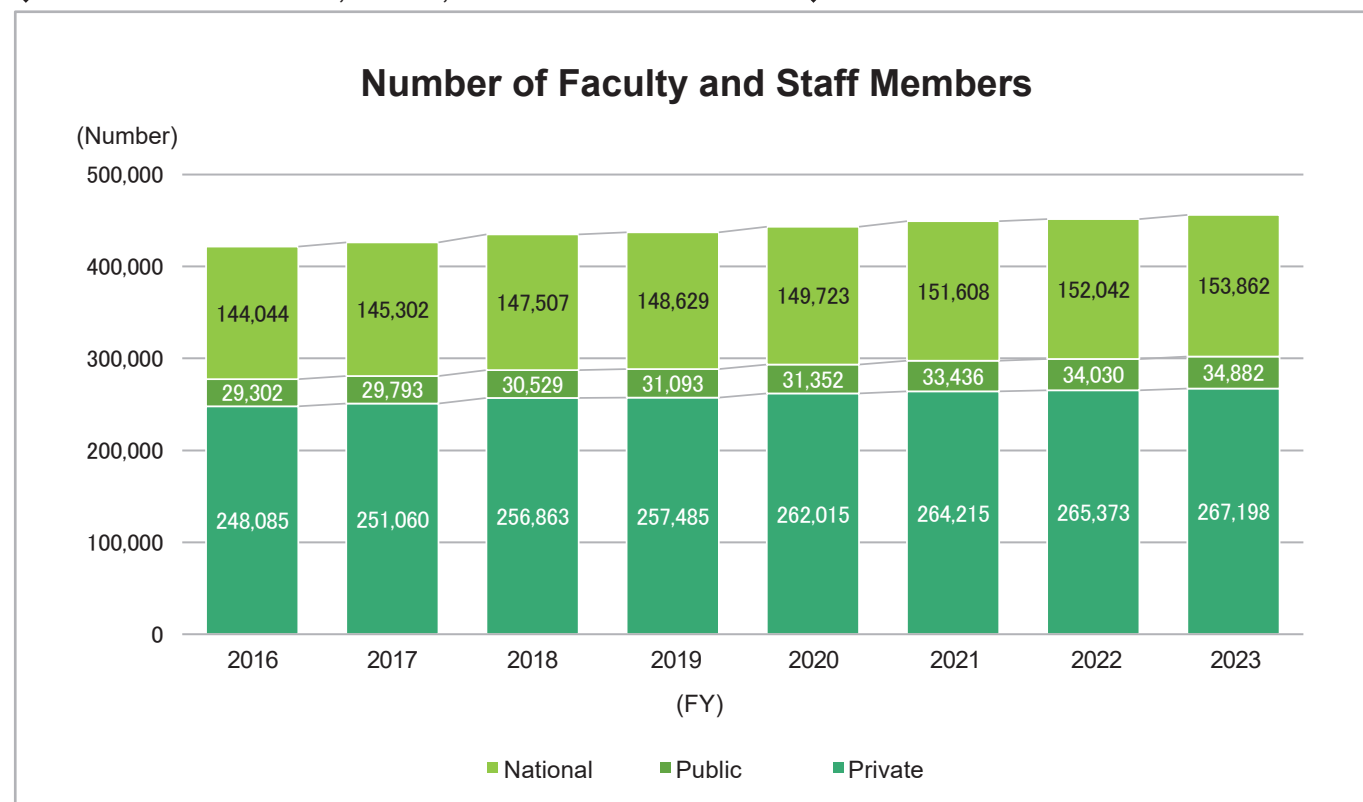
2-1. Faculty and Staff Members

◆ Kyushu University ◆



Source: MEXT, *Basic School Survey*, Status of Students, Staff, and Faculty Members

◆ Nationwide: National, Public, and Private Universities ◆

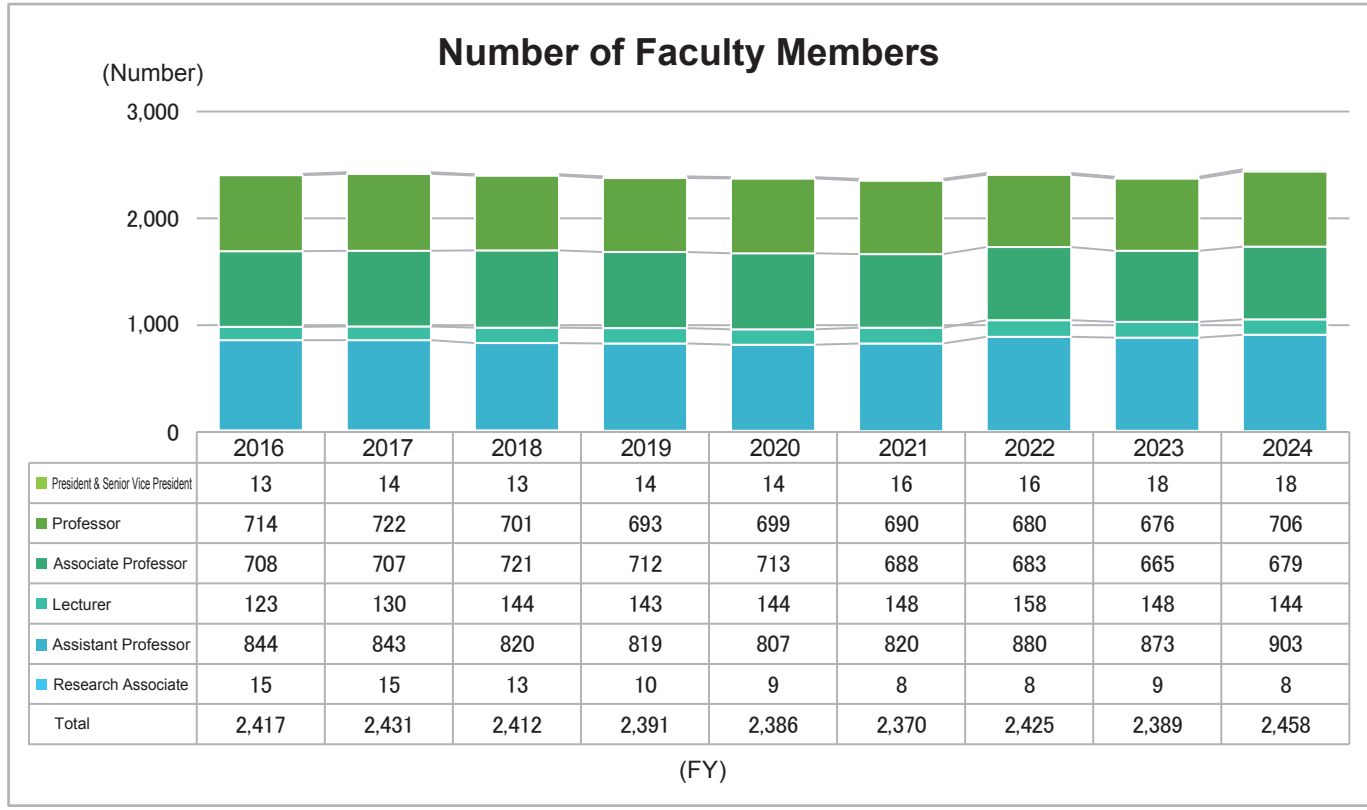


Source: MEXT, *Basic School Survey*, Number of Faculty Members by Position and Number of Faculty Members by Duties

2-2. Number of Faculty Members

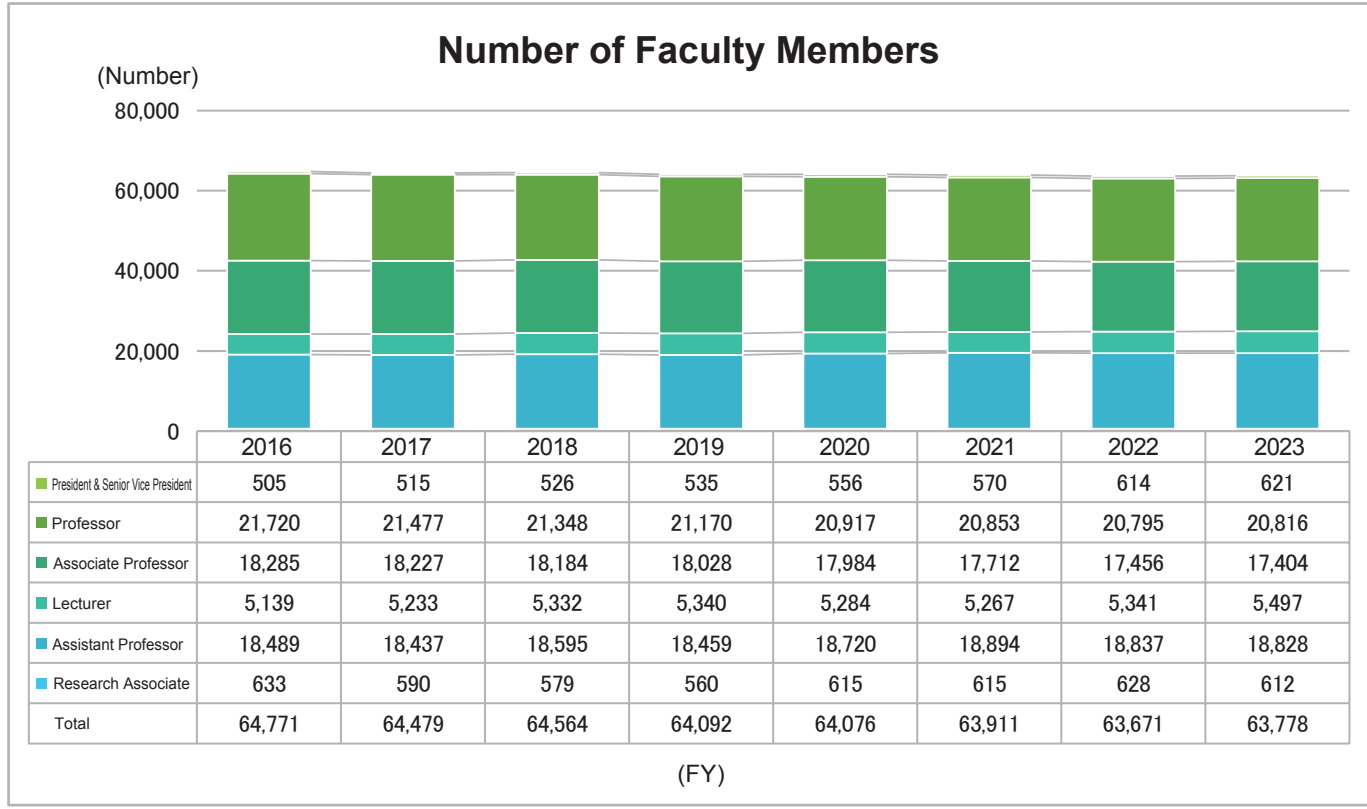
2-2-1. Number of Faculty Members (Overall)

◆ Kyushu University ◆



Source: MEXT, *Basic School Survey*, Status of Students, Staff, and Faculty Members

◆ Nationwide: National Universities ◆

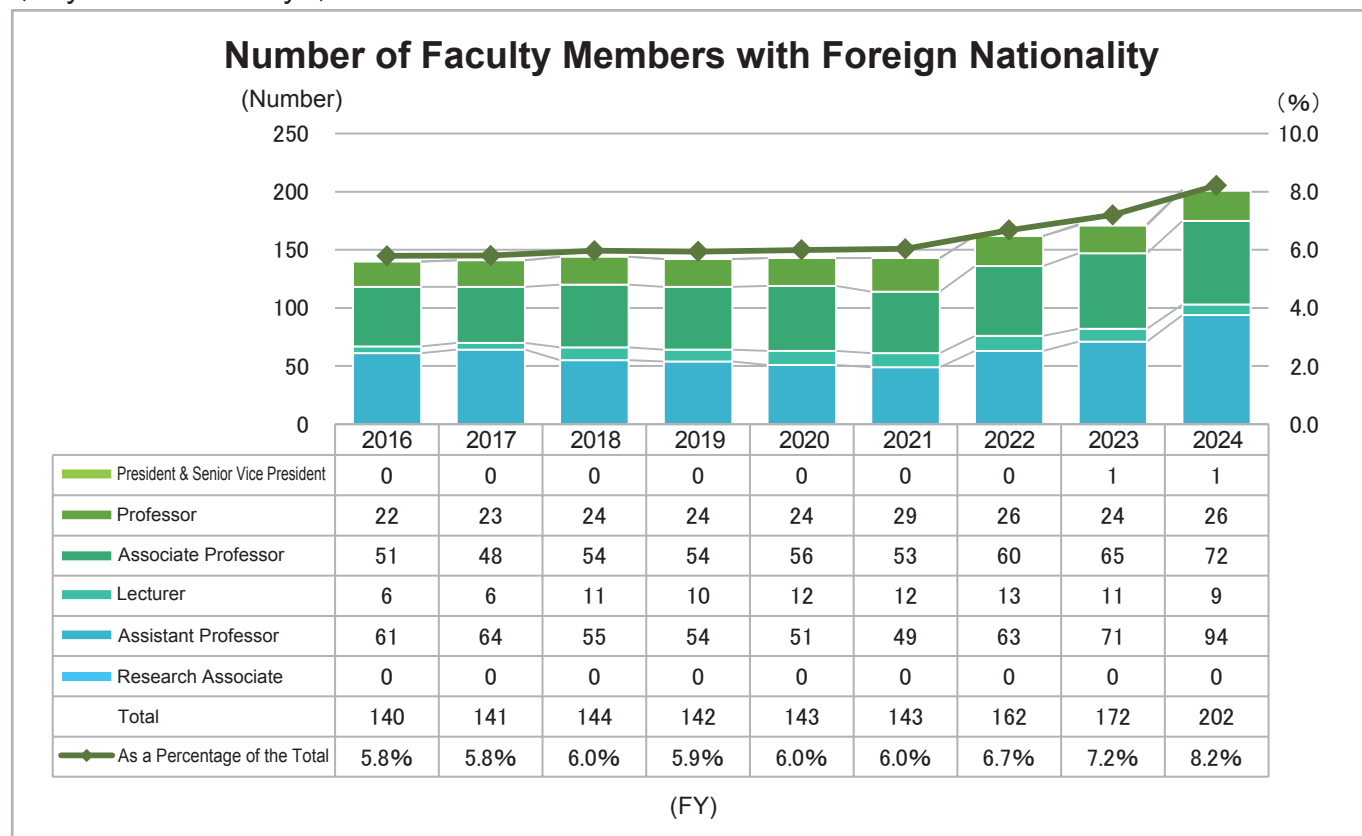


Source: MEXT, *Basic School Survey*, Number of Faculty Members by Position

2-2-2. Number of Faculty Members (Foreign Nationality)

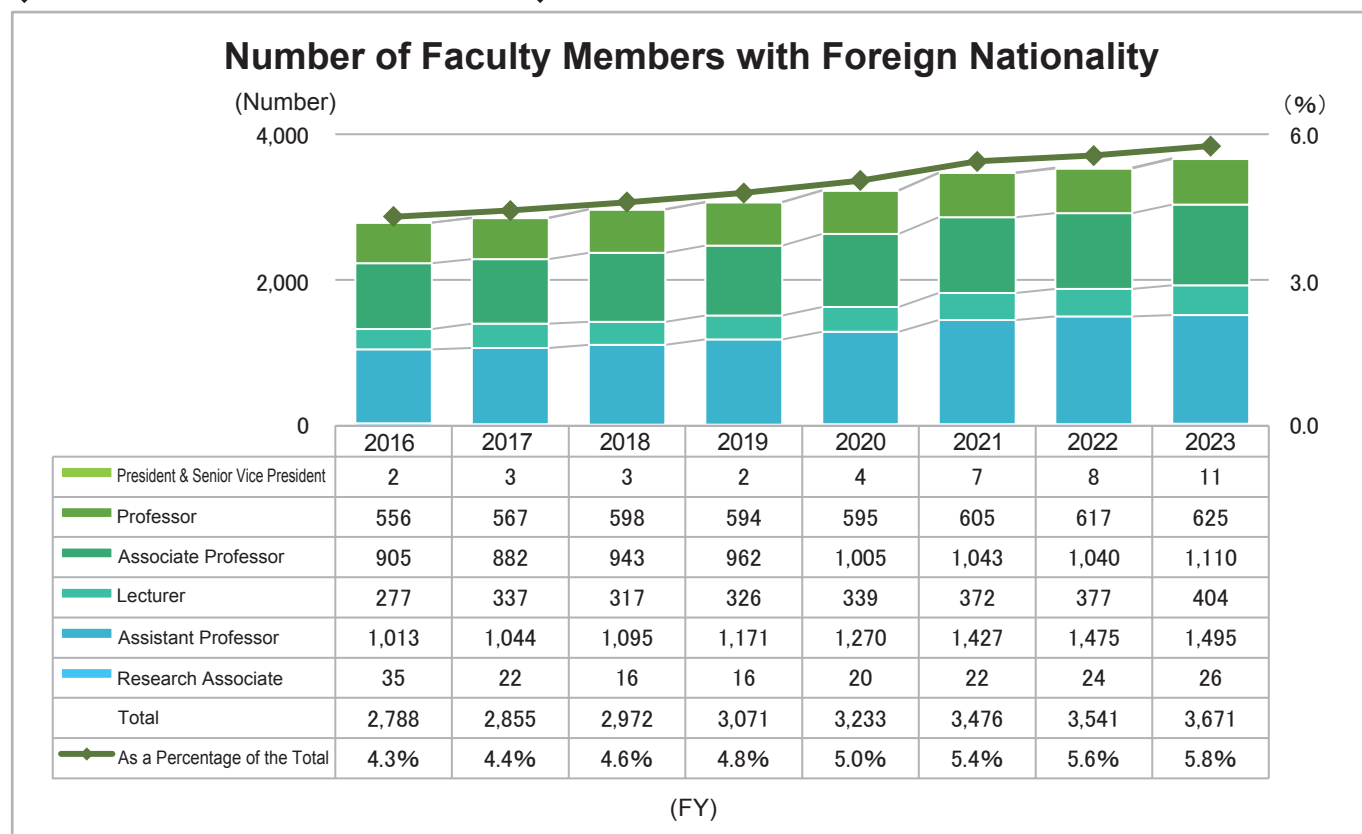
*Included in 2-2-1. Number of Faculty Members (Overall)

◆ Kyushu University ◆



Source: MEXT, *Basic School Survey*, Status of Students, Staff, and Faculty Members

◆ Nationwide: National Universities ◆

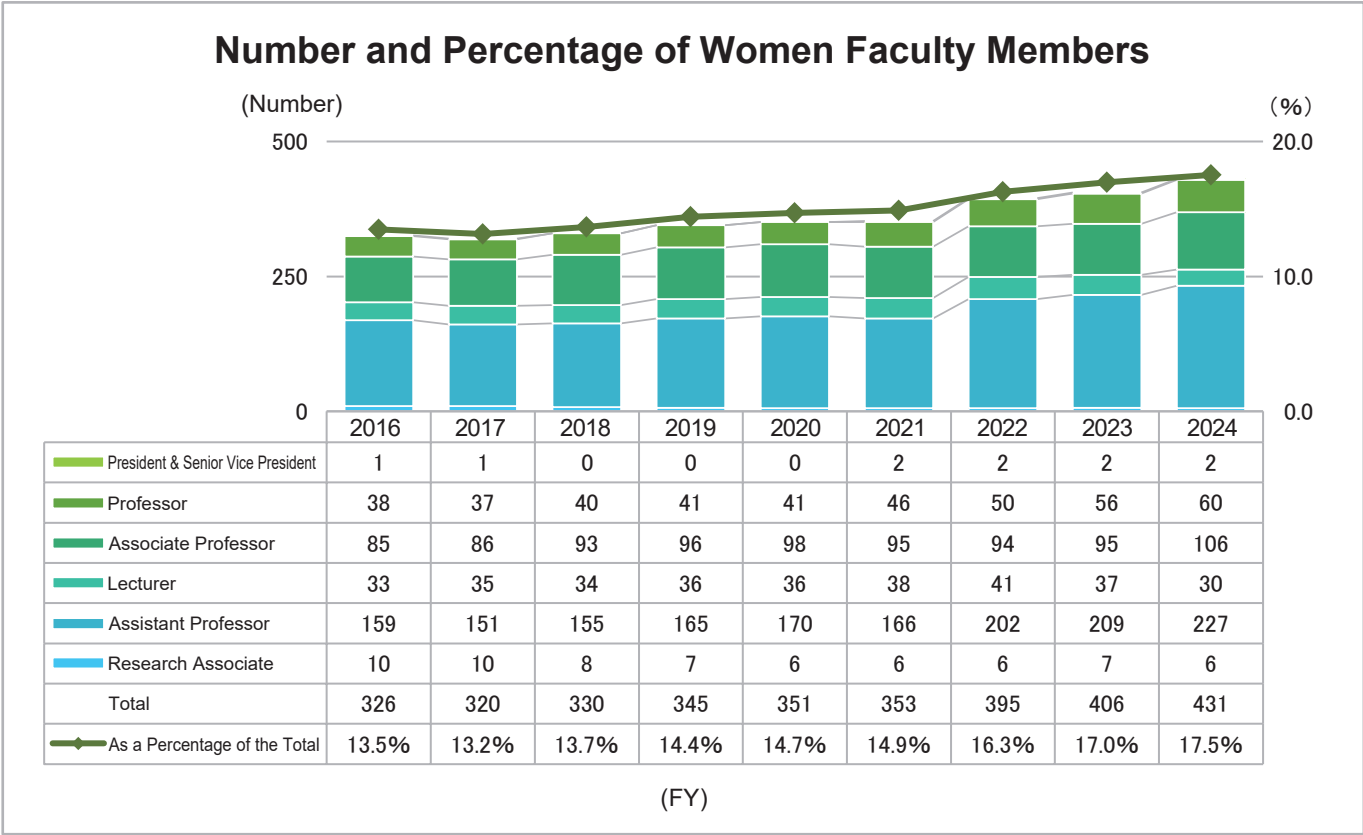


Source: MEXT, *Basic School Survey*, Number of International Faculty Members by Position

2-2-3. Number of Faculty Members (Women)

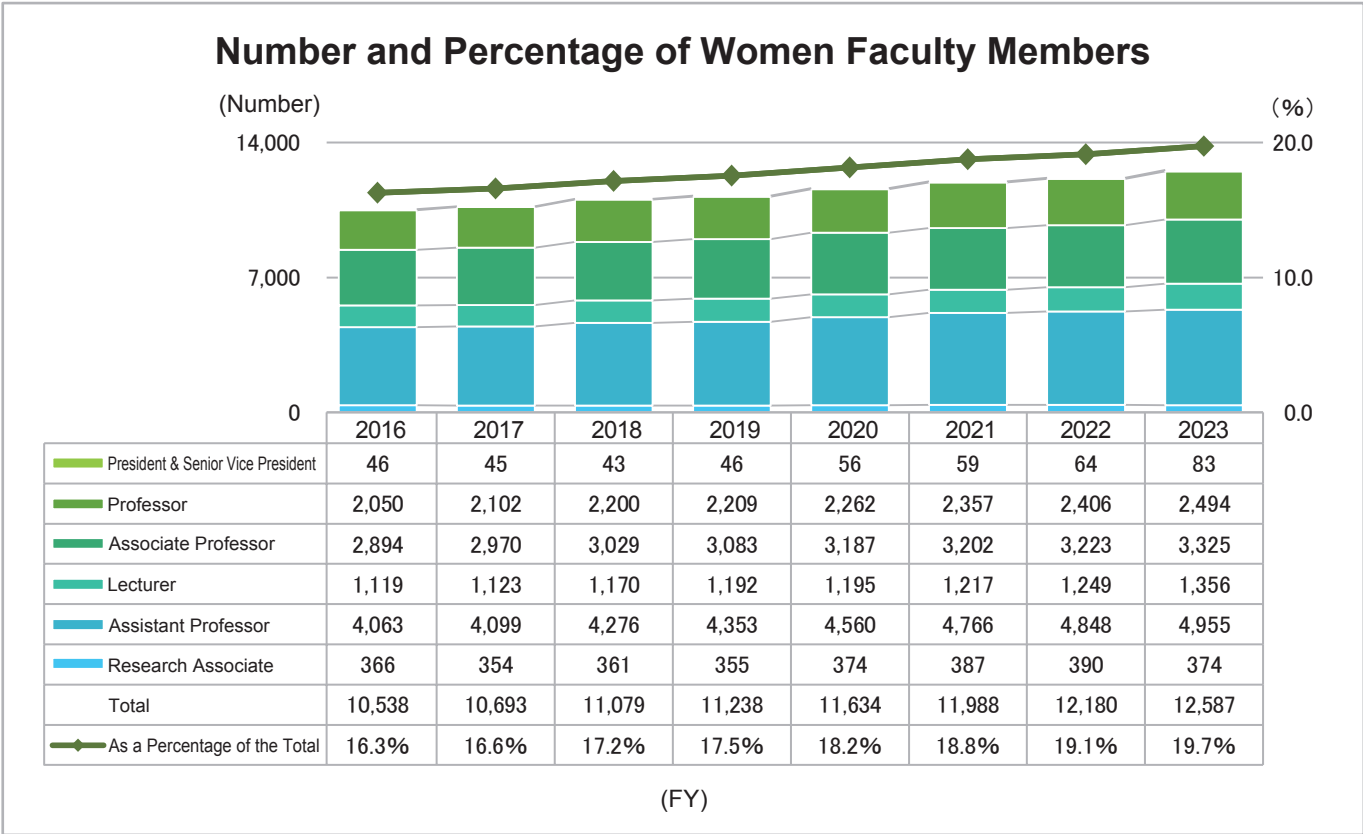
*Included in 2-2-1. Number of Faculty Members (Overall)

◆ Kyushu University ◆



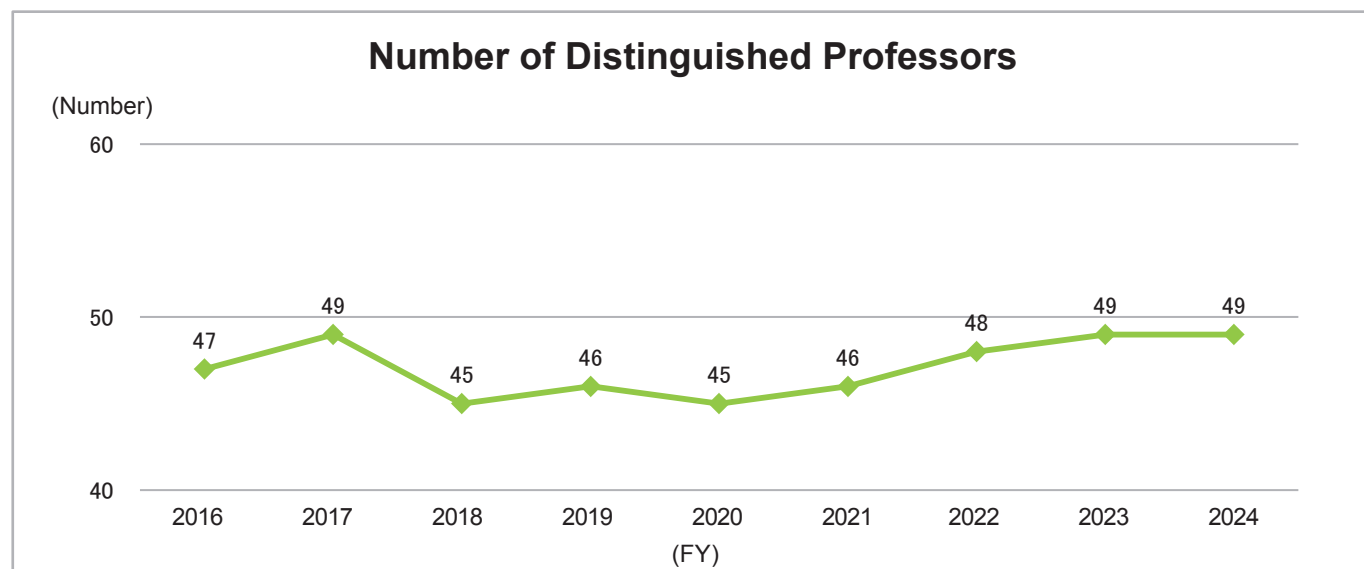
Source: MEXT, *Basic School Survey*, Status of Students, Staff, and Faculty Members

◆ Nationwide: National Universities ◆



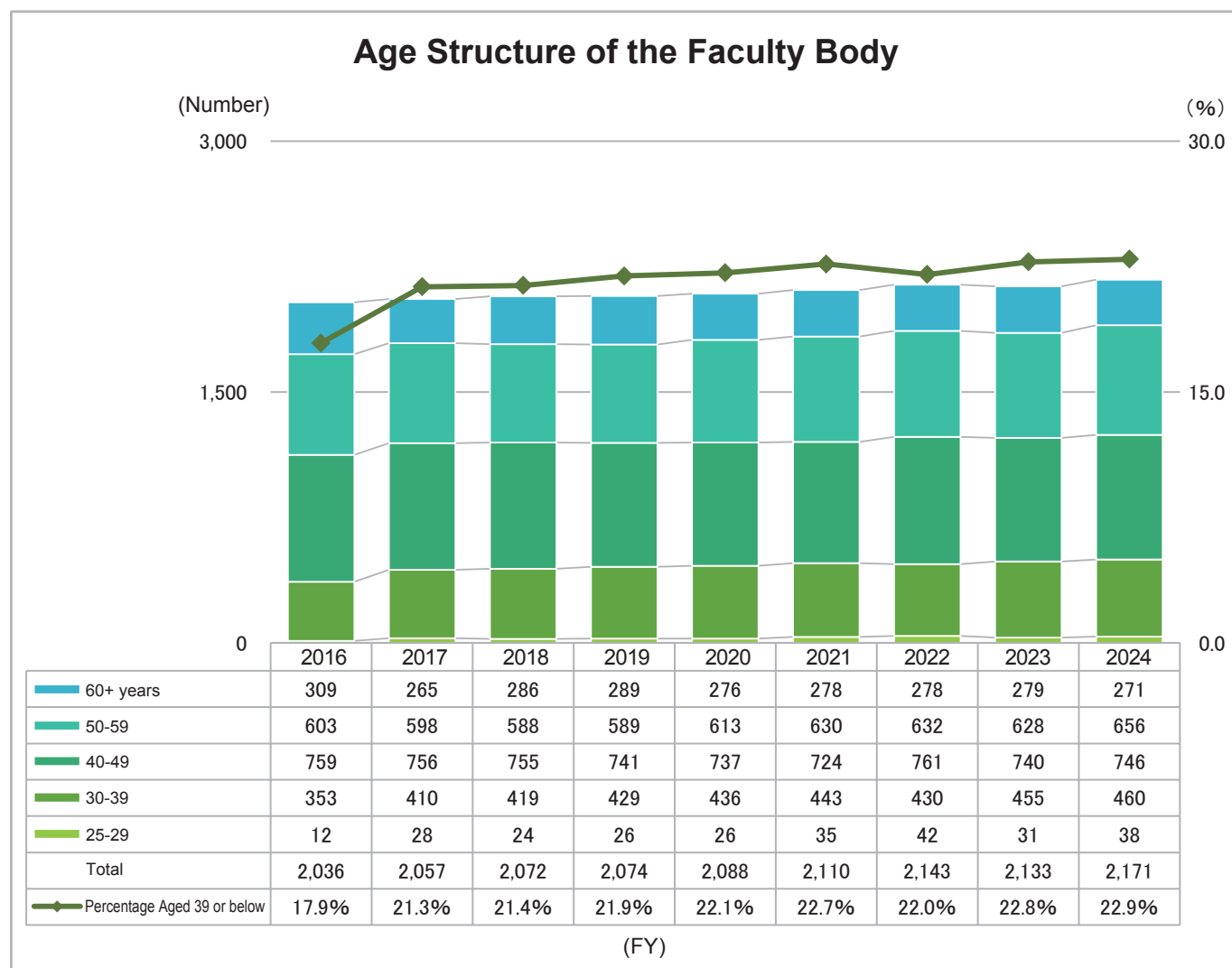
Source: MEXT, *Basic School Survey*, Number of Faculty Members by Position

2-2-4. Number of Faculty Members (Distinguished Professors)



Source: Kyushu University Information

2-2-5. Age Structure of the Faculty Body

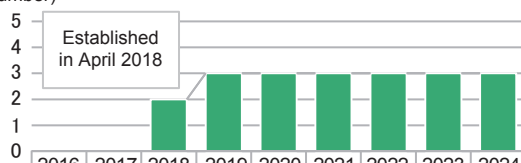


Source: Kyushu University Information

2-2-6. Number of Faculty Members (by School/Institute/Faculty)

School of Interdisciplinary Science and Innovation

(Number)

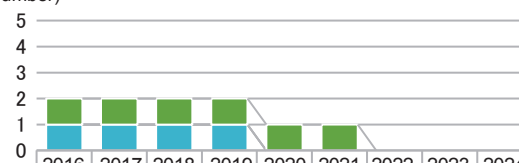


Professor	—	—	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Associate Professor	—	—	2	3	3	3	3	3	3
Lecturer	—	—	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Assistant Professor	—	—	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Research Associate, etc.	—	—	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	—	—	2	3	3	3	3	3	3

(FY)

School of Science (Including Amakusa Marine Biological Laboratory)

(Number)

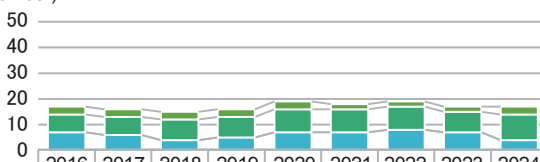


Professor	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0
Associate Professor	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Lecturer	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Assistant Professor	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0
Research Associate, etc.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	2	2	2	2	1	1	0	0	0

(FY)

School of Agriculture (Including University Farm and University Forest)

(Number)

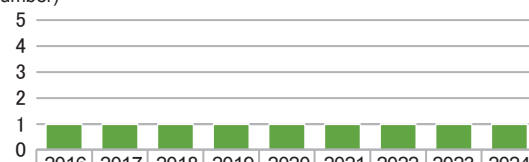


Professor	3	3	3	3	3	2	2	2	3
Associate Professor	7	7	8	8	9	9	9	8	10
Lecturer	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Assistant Professor	7	6	4	5	7	7	8	7	4
Research Associate, etc.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	17	16	15	16	19	18	19	17	17

(FY)

Graduate School of Human-Environment Studies (Including Center for Clinical Psychology and Human Development)

(Number)

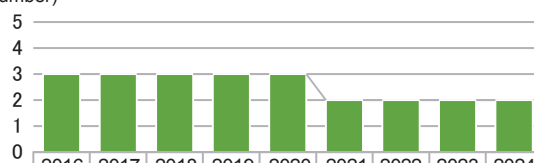


Professor	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Associate Professor	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Lecturer	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Assistant Professor	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Research Associate, etc.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

(FY)

Law School

(Number)

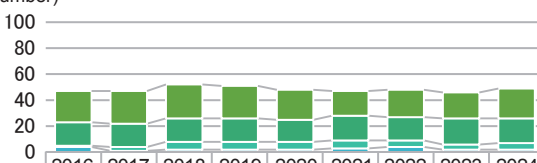


Professor	3	3	3	3	3	2	2	2	2
Associate Professor	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Lecturer	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Assistant Professor	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Research Associate, etc.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	3	3	3	3	3	2	2	2	2

(FY)

Faculty of Humanities

(Number)



Professor	24	25	26	25	23	19	21	20	23
Associate Professor	18	18	18	18	17	19	18	20	19
Lecturer	1	3	6	6	6	6	5	4	5
Assistant Professor	4	1	2	2	2	3	4	2	2
Research Associate, etc.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	47	47	52	51	48	47	48	46	49

(FY)

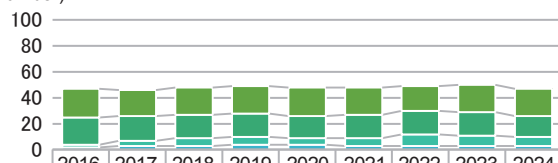
- The figures exclude staff on administrative or childcare leave, but include staff hired as administrative leave substitutes.
- The figures include re-employed staff.
- Special fixed-term faculty are excluded.
- Some are listed elsewhere rather than in their primary role. The figures for FY2019 onward list only primary roles.
- The figures for FY2019 onward list university facilities, etc. and university facility primary roles.

Source: Kyushu University Information

2-2-6. Number of Faculty Members (by School/Institute/Faculty) (Continued)

Faculty of Social and Cultural Studies

(Number)

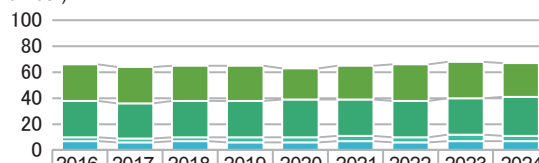


	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Professor	22	20	21	21	22	21	19	21	21
Associate Professor	21	19	18	18	17	18	18	18	16
Lecturer	2	4	6	6	5	6	9	8	7
Assistant Professor	2	3	3	4	4	3	3	3	3
Research Associate, etc.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	47	46	48	49	48	48	49	50	47

(FY)

Faculty of Human-Environment Studies

(Number)

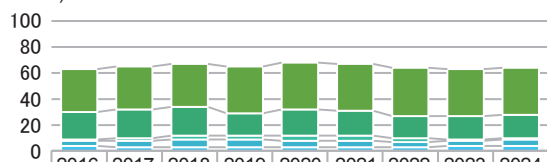


	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Professor	28	28	27	27	24	26	28	28	26
Associate Professor	28	27	28	28	29	28	28	28	30
Lecturer	3	3	3	4	4	4	4	5	4
Assistant Professor	7	6	7	6	6	7	6	7	7
Research Associate, etc.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	66	64	65	65	63	65	66	68	67

(FY)

Faculty of Law

(Number)

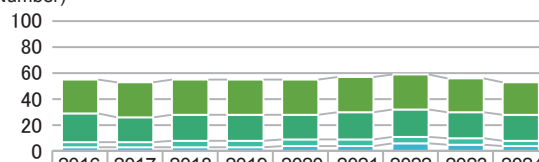


	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Professor	33	33	33	36	36	36	37	36	36
Associate Professor	21	22	22	17	20	19	17	18	18
Lecturer	1	2	3	3	4	4	3	1	1
Assistant Professor	4	5	6	6	5	5	4	4	5
Research Associate, etc.	4	3	3	3	3	3	3	4	4
Total	63	65	67	65	68	67	64	63	64

(FY)

Faculty of Economics

(Number)

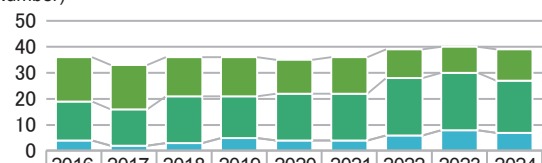


	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Professor	26	27	27	27	27	27	27	26	25
Associate Professor	22	19	20	20	19	21	21	20	20
Lecturer	4	4	5	5	5	5	5	5	4
Assistant Professor	3	3	3	3	4	4	4	5	6
Research Associate, etc.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	55	53	55	55	55	57	59	56	53

(FY)

Faculty of Languages and Cultures

(Number)

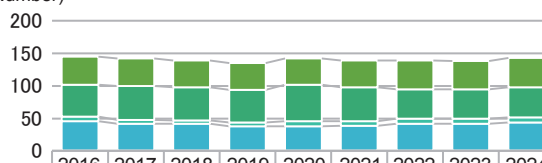


	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Professor	17	17	15	15	13	14	11	10	12
Associate Professor	15	14	18	16	18	18	22	22	20
Lecturer	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Assistant Professor	4	2	3	5	4	4	6	8	7
Research Associate, etc.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	36	33	36	36	35	36	39	40	39

(FY)

Faculty of Science (Including Institute of Seismology and Volcanology)

(Number)



	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Professor	43	42	41	41	40	41	44	43	45
Associate Professor	49	52	51	50	56	52	45	45	46
Lecturer	7	6	5	6	8	7	8	8	8
Assistant Professor	45	41	41	37	37	38	41	41	43
Research Associate, etc.	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Total	145	142	139	135	142	139	139	138	143

(FY)

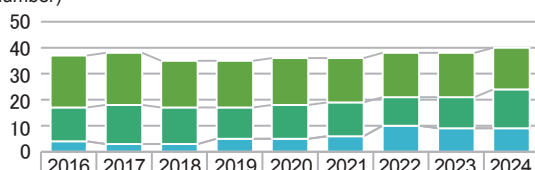
- The figures exclude staff on administrative or childcare leave, but include staff hired as administrative leave substitutes.
- The figures include re-employed staff.
- Special fixed-term faculty are excluded.
- Some are listed elsewhere rather than in their primary role. The figures for FY2019 onward list only primary roles.
- The figures for FY2019 onward list university facilities, etc. and university facility primary roles.

Source: Kyushu University Information

2-2-6. Number of Faculty Members (by School/Institute/Faculty) (Continued)

Faculty of Mathematics

(Number)

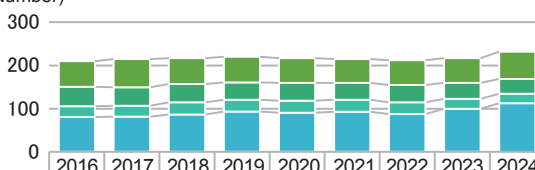


	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Professor	20	20	18	18	18	17	17	17	16
Associate Professor	13	15	14	12	13	13	11	12	15
Lecturer	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Assistant Professor	4	3	3	5	5	6	10	9	9
Research Associate, etc.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	37	38	35	35	36	36	38	38	40

(FY)

Faculty of Medical Sciences (Including Research Institute for Diseases of the Chest, etc.)

(Number)

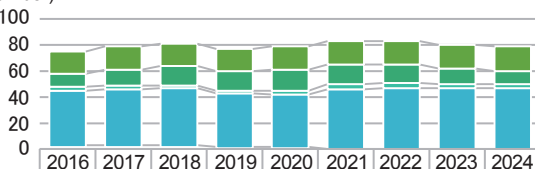


	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Professor	59	65	60	59	57	55	57	57	63
Associate Professor	45	43	42	40	41	39	40	37	34
Lecturer	25	25	28	27	28	28	27	23	22
Assistant Professor	80	81	86	93	90	92	87	99	113
Research Associate, etc.	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
Total	210	215	217	220	217	215	212	217	232

(FY)

Faculty of Dental Science (Including OBT Research Center, etc.)

(Number)

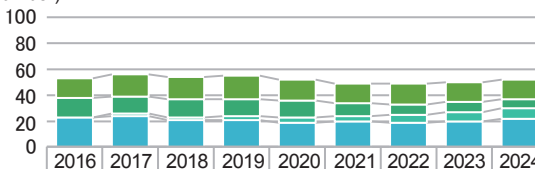


	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Professor	17	18	17	17	18	18	18	18	19
Associate Professor	10	12	15	15	16	15	14	12	10
Lecturer	3	3	2	2	3	4	4	3	3
Assistant Professor	43	44	45	42	41	46	47	47	47
Research Associate, etc.	2	2	2	1	1	0	0	0	0
Total	75	79	81	77	79	83	83	80	79

(FY)

Faculty of Pharmaceutical Sciences (Including Drug Discovery and Evolution Center, etc.)

(Number)

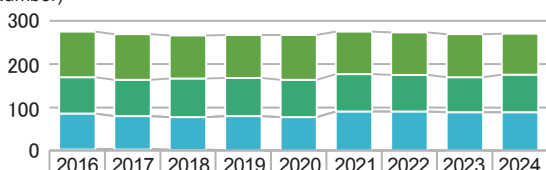


	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Professor	15	17	17	18	16	15	16	15	15
Associate Professor	15	13	14	13	13	10	8	8	7
Lecturer	0	2	2	3	4	4	6	7	8
Assistant Professor	23	24	21	21	19	20	19	20	22
Research Associate, etc.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	53	56	54	55	52	49	49	50	52

(FY)

Faculty of Engineering (Including Center for Research and Education of Environmental Technology, etc.)

(Number)

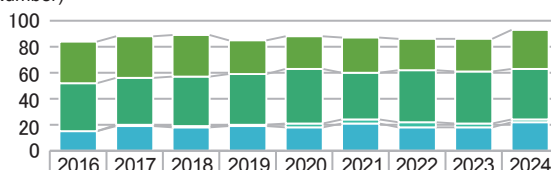


	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Professor	105	105	99	99	103	98	98	99	94
Associate Professor	84	84	89	88	86	86	84	81	87
Lecturer	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Assistant Professor	83	77	76	80	78	91	91	89	89
Research Associate, etc.	3	3	2	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	275	269	266	267	267	275	273	269	270

(FY)

Faculty of Design (Including Research Center for Applied Perceptual Science, etc.)

(Number)



	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Professor	32	32	32	26	25	27	24	25	30
Associate Professor	37	36	38	39	42	36	40	40	39
Lecturer	0	1	1	1	3	3	4	3	2
Assistant Professor	15	19	18	19	18	21	18	18	22
Research Associate, etc.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	84	88	89	85	88	87	86	86	93

(FY)

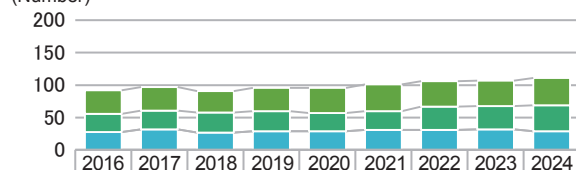
- The figures exclude staff on administrative or childcare leave, but include staff hired as administrative leave substitutes.
- The figures include re-employed staff.
- Special fixed-term faculty are excluded.
- Some are listed elsewhere rather than in their primary role. The figures for FY2019 onward list only primary roles.
- The figures for FY2019 onward list university facilities, etc. and university facility primary roles.

Source: Kyushu University Information

2-2-6. Number of Faculty Members (by School/Institute/Faculty) (Continued)

Faculty of Information Science and Electrical Engineering (Including Quantum and Photonics Technology Research Center, etc.)

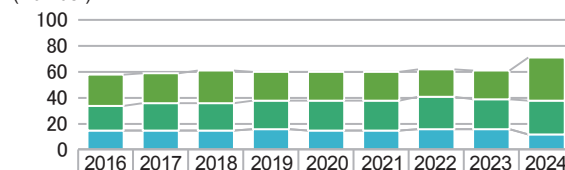
(Number)



(FY)

Faculty of Engineering Sciences

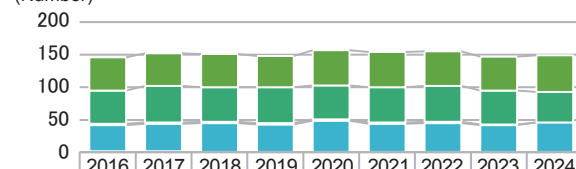
(Number)



(FY)

Faculty of Agriculture (Including Institute of Biological Control, etc.)

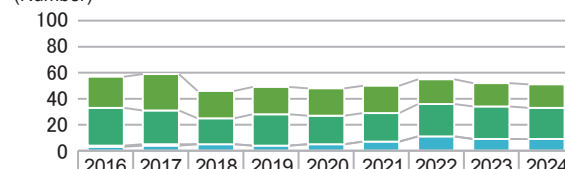
(Number)



(FY)

Faculty of Arts and Science

(Number)



(FY)

Institute for Advanced Study

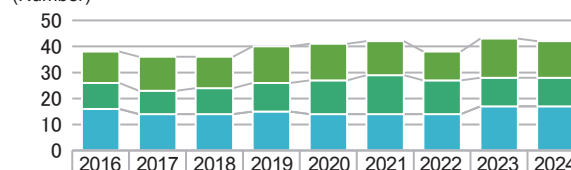
(Number)



(FY)

Medical Institute of Bioregulation (Including Medical Research Center for High Depth Omics, etc.)

(Number)



(FY)

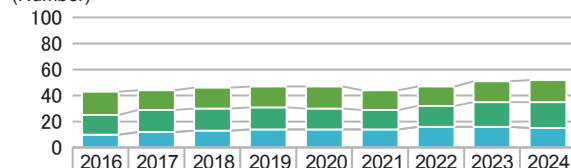
- The figures exclude staff on administrative or childcare leave, but include staff hired as administrative leave substitutes.
- The figures include re-employed staff.
- Special fixed-term faculty are excluded.
- Some are listed elsewhere rather than in their primary role. The figures for FY2019 onward list only primary roles.
- The figures for FY2019 onward list university facilities, etc. and university facility primary roles.

Source: Kyushu University Information

2-2-6. Number of Faculty Members (by School/Institute/Faculty) (Continued)

Research Institute for Applied Mechanics (Including Center for Oceanic and Atmospheric Research, etc.)

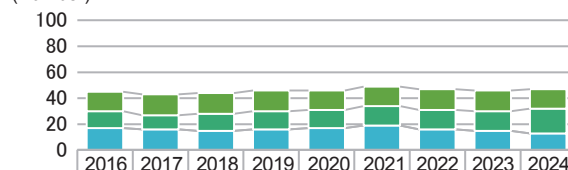
(Number)



(FY)

Institute for Materials Chemistry and Engineering

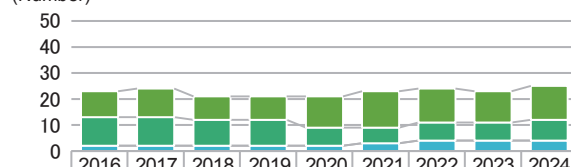
(Number)



(FY)

Institute of Mathematics for Industry

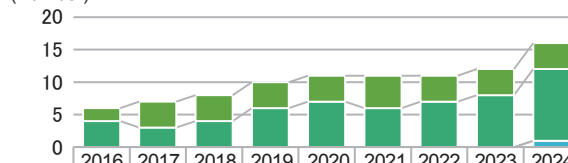
(Number)



(FY)

International Institute for Carbon-Neutral Energy Research (Including Research Center for Next Generation Refrigerant Properties, etc. and Administrative Support Division)

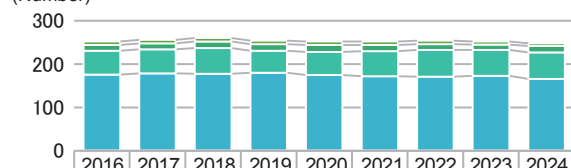
(Number)



(FY)

Kyushu University Hospital (Including Kyushu University Beppu Hospital)

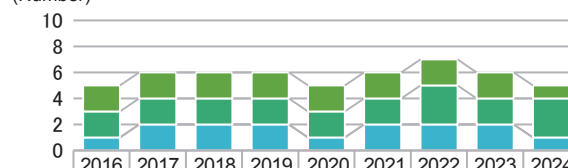
(Number)



(FY)

Kyushu University Library (Including Manuscript Library)

(Number)



(FY)

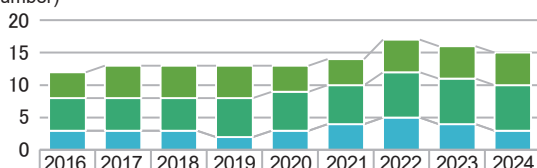
- The figures exclude staff on administrative or childcare leave, but include staff hired as administrative leave substitutes.
- The figures include re-employed staff.
- Special fixed-term faculty are excluded.
- Some are listed elsewhere rather than in their primary role. The figures for FY2019 onward list only primary roles.
- The figures for FY2019 onward list university facilities, etc. and university facility primary roles.

Source: Kyushu University Information

2-2-6. Number of Faculty Members (by School/Institute/Faculty) (Continued)

Research Institute for Information Technology (Including Pan-Omics Data-Driven Innovation Research Center)

(Number)

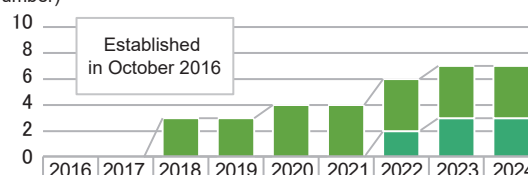


	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Professor	4	5	5	5	4	4	5	5	5
Associate Professor	5	5	5	6	6	6	7	7	7
Lecturer	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Assistant Professor	3	3	3	2	3	4	5	4	3
Research Associate, etc.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	12	13	13	13	13	14	17	16	15

(FY)

Platform of Inter-/ Transdisciplinary Energy Research

(Number)

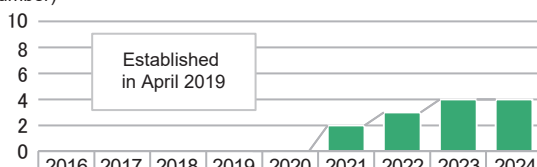


	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Professor	—	0	3	3	4	4	4	4	4
Associate Professor	—	0	0	0	0	0	2	3	3
Lecturer	—	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Assistant Professor	—	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Research Associate, etc.	—	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	—	0	3	3	4	4	6	7	7

(FY)

Institute for Asian and Oceanian Studies

(Number)

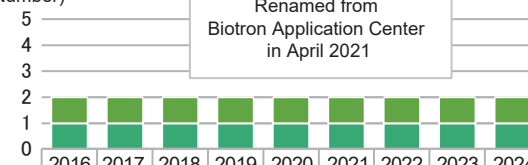


	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Professor	—	—	—	0	0	0	0	0	0
Associate Professor	—	—	—	0	0	2	3	4	4
Lecturer	—	—	—	0	0	0	0	0	0
Assistant Professor	—	—	—	0	0	0	0	0	0
Research Associate, etc.	—	—	—	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	—	—	—	0	0	2	3	4	4

(FY)

Environmental Control Center for Experimental Biology

(Number)

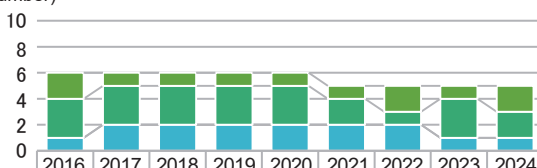


	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Professor	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Associate Professor	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Lecturer	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Assistant Professor	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Research Associate, etc.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2

(FY)

Institute of Tropical Agriculture

(Number)

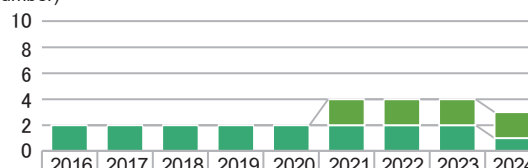


	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Professor	2	1	1	1	1	1	2	1	2
Associate Professor	3	3	3	3	3	2	1	3	2
Lecturer	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Assistant Professor	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	1	1
Research Associate, etc.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	6	6	6	6	6	5	5	5	5

(FY)

Central Institute of Radioisotope Science and Safety Management

(Number)



	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Professor	0	0	0	0	0	2	2	2	2
Associate Professor	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	1
Lecturer	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Assistant Professor	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Research Associate, etc.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	2	2	2	2	2	4	4	4	3

(FY)

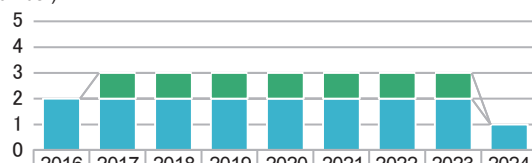
- The figures exclude staff on administrative or childcare leave, but include staff hired as administrative leave substitutes.
- The figures include re-employed staff.
- Special fixed-term faculty are excluded.
- Some are listed elsewhere rather than in their primary role. The figures for FY2019 onward list only primary roles.
- The figures for FY2019 onward list university facilities, etc. and university facility primary roles.

Source: Kyushu University Information

2-2-6. Number of Faculty Members (by School/Institute/Faculty) (Continued)

Center of Advanced Instrumental Analysis

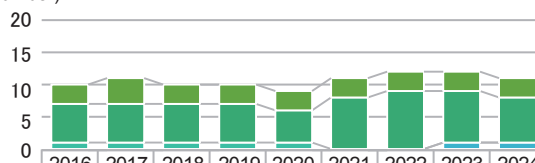
(Number)



(FY)

The International Student Center

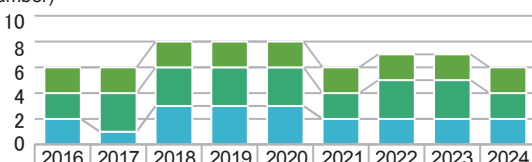
(Number)



(FY)

The Kyushu University Museum

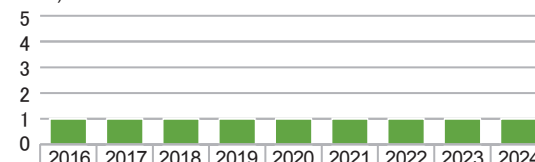
(Number)



(FY)

Research Center for Korean Studies

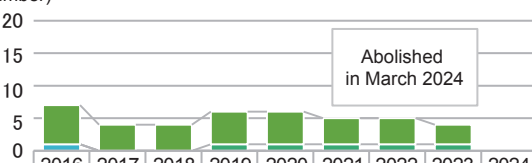
(Number)



(FY)

Global Innovation Center

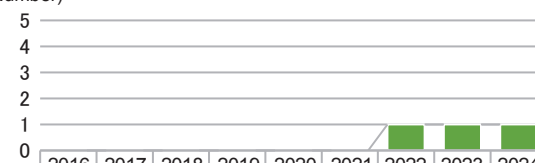
(Number)



(FY)

Center for Environment and Safety

(Number)

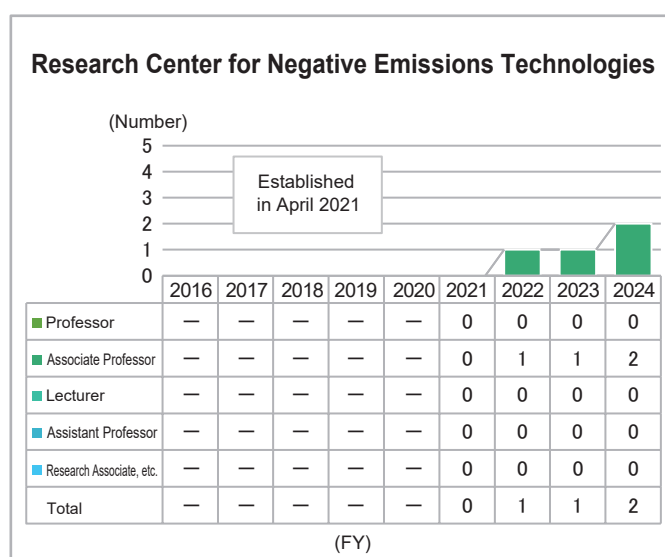
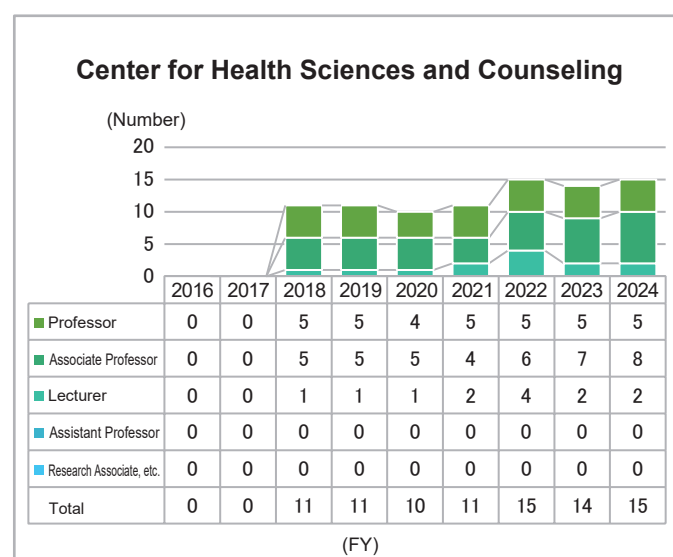
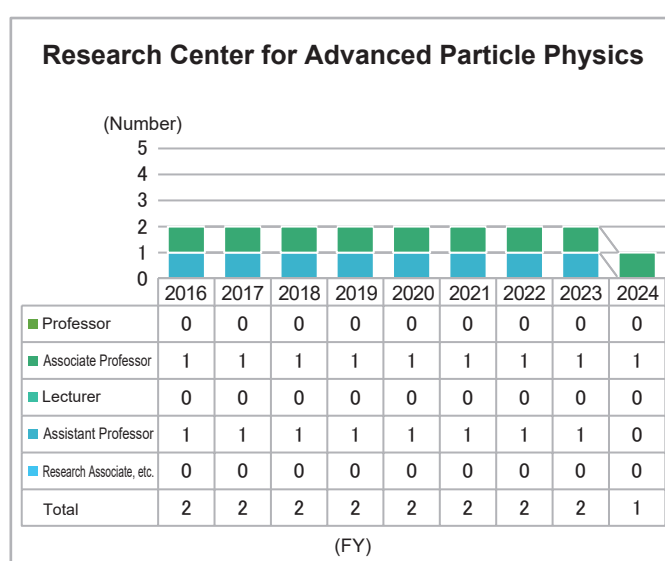
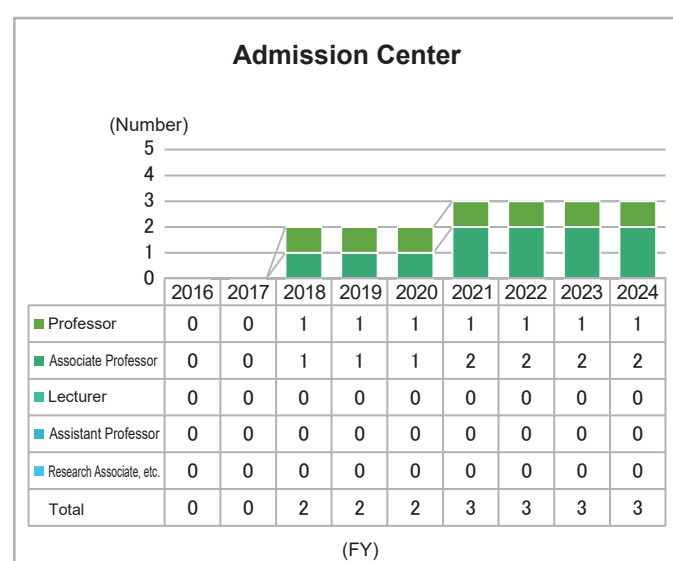
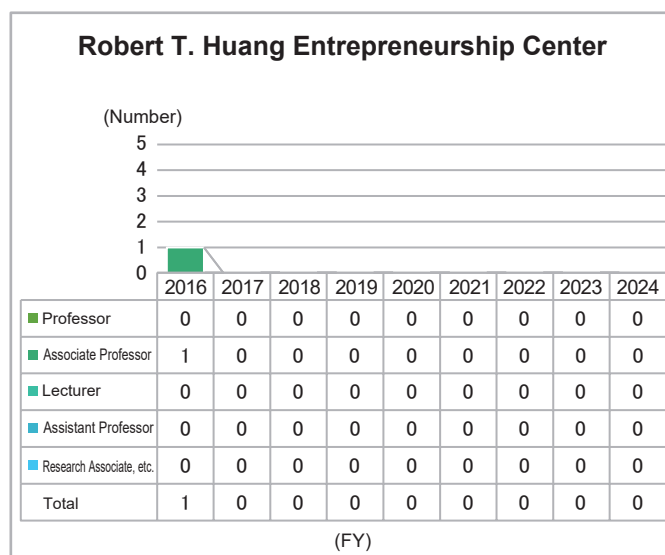
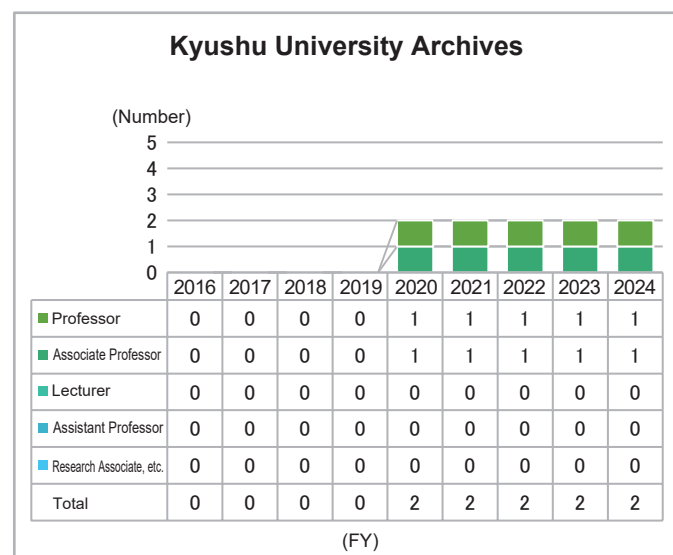


(FY)

- The figures exclude staff on administrative or childcare leave, but include staff hired as administrative leave substitutes.
- The figures include re-employed staff.
- Special fixed-term faculty are excluded.
- Some are listed elsewhere rather than in their primary role. The figures for FY2019 onward list only primary roles.
- The figures for FY2019 onward list university facilities, etc. and university facility primary roles.

Source: Kyushu University Information

2-2-6. Number of Faculty Members (by School/Institute/Faculty) (Continued)



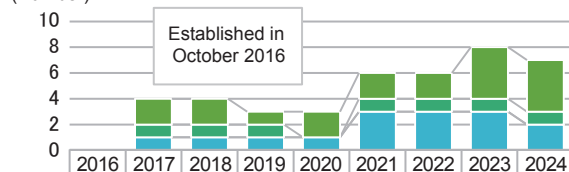
- The figures exclude staff on administrative or childcare leave, but include staff hired as administrative leave substitutes.
- The figures include re-employed staff.
- Special fixed-term faculty are excluded.
- Some are listed elsewhere rather than in their primary role. The figures for FY2019 onward list only primary roles.
- The figures for FY2019 onward list university facilities, etc. and university facility primary roles.

Source: Kyushu University Information

2-2-6. Number of Faculty Members (by School/Institute/Faculty) (Continued)

Academic Research and Industrial Collaboration Management Office

(Number)



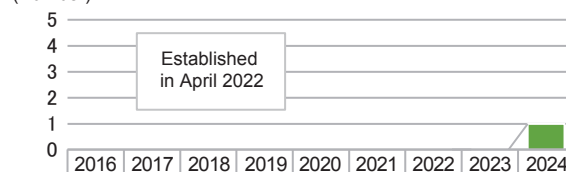
Established in October 2016

Professor	—	2	2	1	2	2	2	4	4
Associate Professor	—	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1
Lecturer	—	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Assistant Professor	—	1	1	1	1	3	3	3	2
Research Associate, etc.	—	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	—	4	4	3	3	6	6	8	7

(FY)

Integrated Initiative for Designing Future Society

(Number)



Established in April 2022

Professor	—	—	—	—	—	—	0	0	1
Associate Professor	—	—	—	—	—	—	0	0	0
Lecturer	—	—	—	—	—	—	0	0	0
Assistant Professor	—	—	—	—	—	—	0	0	0
Research Associate, etc.	—	—	—	—	—	—	0	0	0
Total	—	—	—	—	—	—	0	0	1

(FY)

Data-Driven Innovation Initiative

(Number)



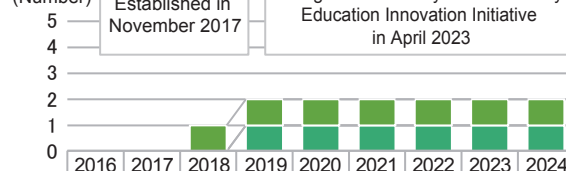
Established in April 2022

Professor	—	—	—	—	—	—	0	2	4
Associate Professor	—	—	—	—	—	—	0	1	1
Lecturer	—	—	—	—	—	—	0	0	0
Assistant Professor	—	—	—	—	—	—	0	0	0
Research Associate, etc.	—	—	—	—	—	—	0	0	0
Total	—	—	—	—	—	—	0	3	5

(FY)

Promoting Organization for Future Creators

(Number)



Established in November 2017
Reorganized from Kyushu University Education Innovation Initiative in April 2023

Professor	—	—	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Associate Professor	—	—	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Lecturer	—	—	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
Assistant Professor	—	—	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Research Associate, etc.	—	—	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	—	—	1	2	2	2	2	2	2

(FY)

Global Strategies Office

(Number)



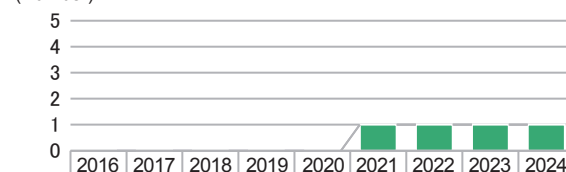
Renamed from Office for the Planning and Coordination of International Affairs (OPCIA) in April 2021

Professor	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1
Associate Professor	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Lecturer	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Assistant Professor	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Research Associate, etc.	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Total	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	2

(FY)

Office of Institutional Research

(Number)



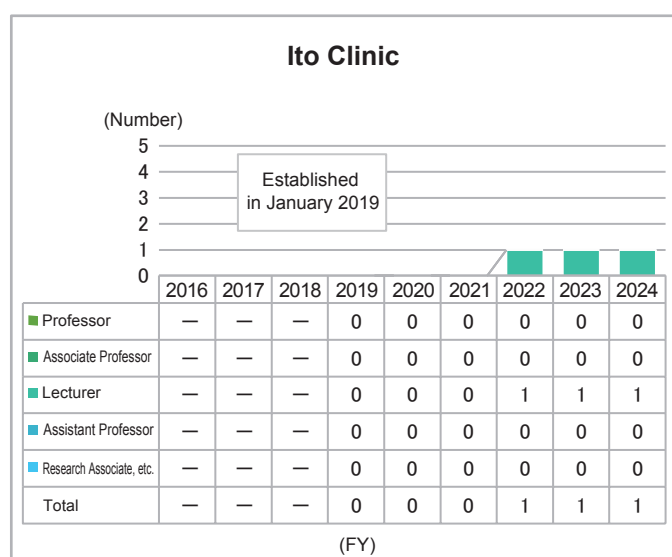
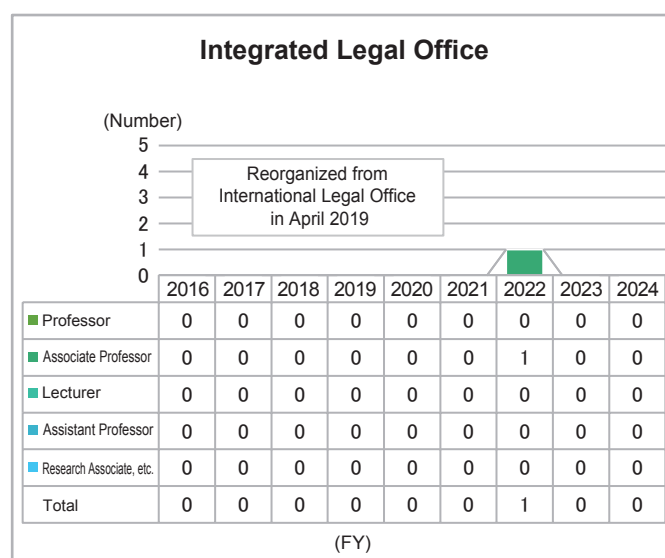
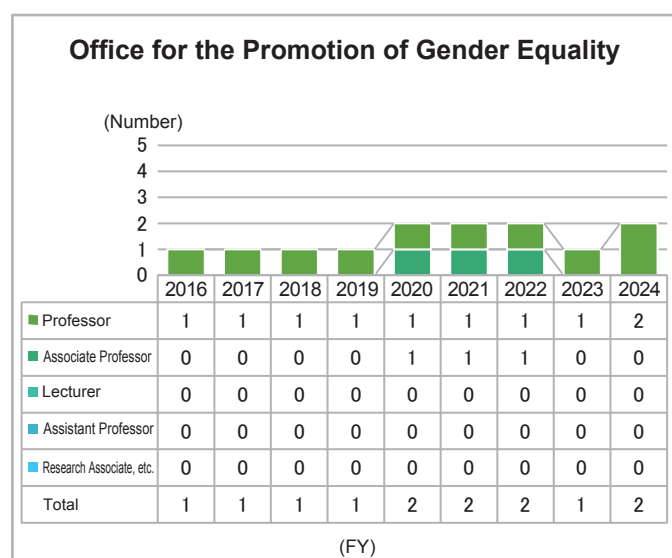
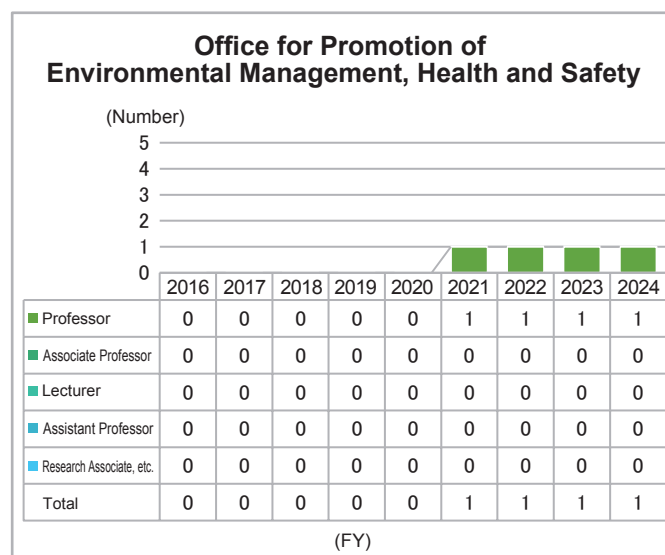
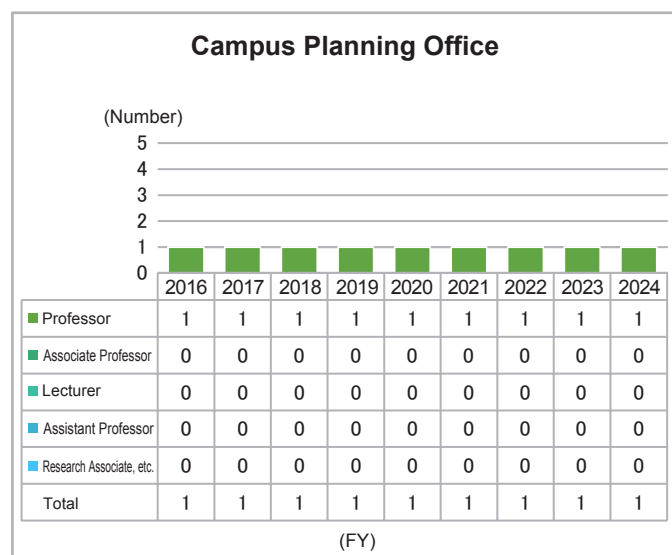
Professor	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Associate Professor	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1
Lecturer	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Assistant Professor	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Research Associate, etc.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1

(FY)

- The figures exclude staff on administrative or childcare leave, but include staff hired as administrative leave substitutes.
- The figures include re-employed staff.
- Special fixed-term faculty are excluded.
- Some are listed elsewhere rather than in their primary role. The figures for FY2019 onward list only primary roles.
- The figures for FY2019 onward list university facilities, etc. and university facility primary roles.

Source: Kyushu University Information

2-2-6. Number of Faculty Members (by School/Institute/Faculty) (Continued)

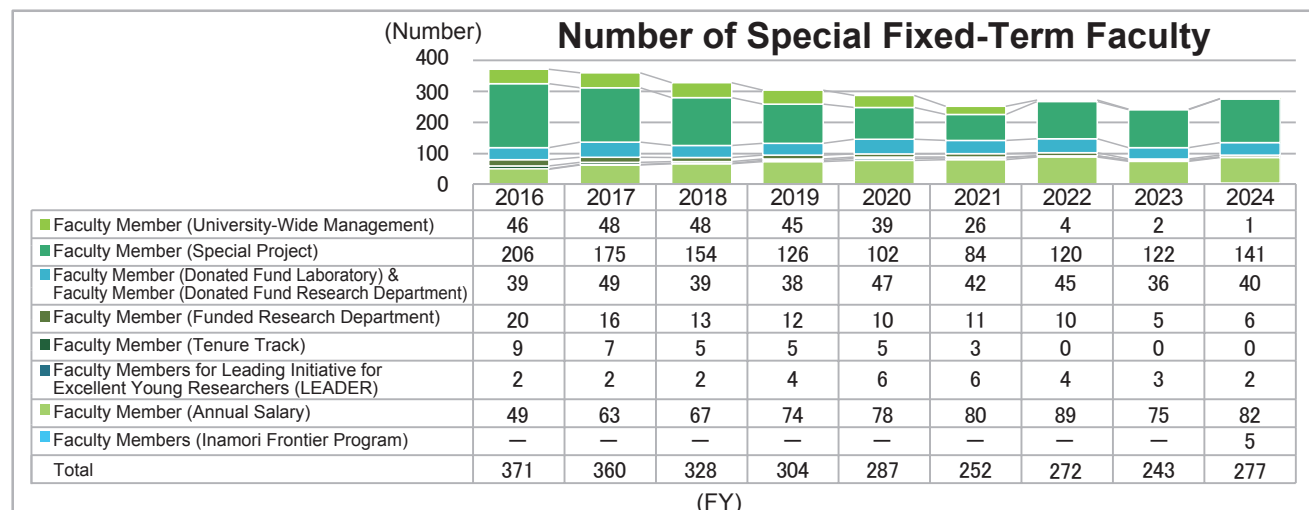


- The figures exclude staff on administrative or childcare leave, but include staff hired as administrative leave substitutes.
- The figures include re-employed staff.
- Special fixed-term faculty are excluded.
- Some are listed elsewhere rather than in their primary role. The figures for FY2019 onward list only primary roles.
- The figures for FY2019 onward list university facilities, etc. and university facility primary roles.

Source: Kyushu University Information

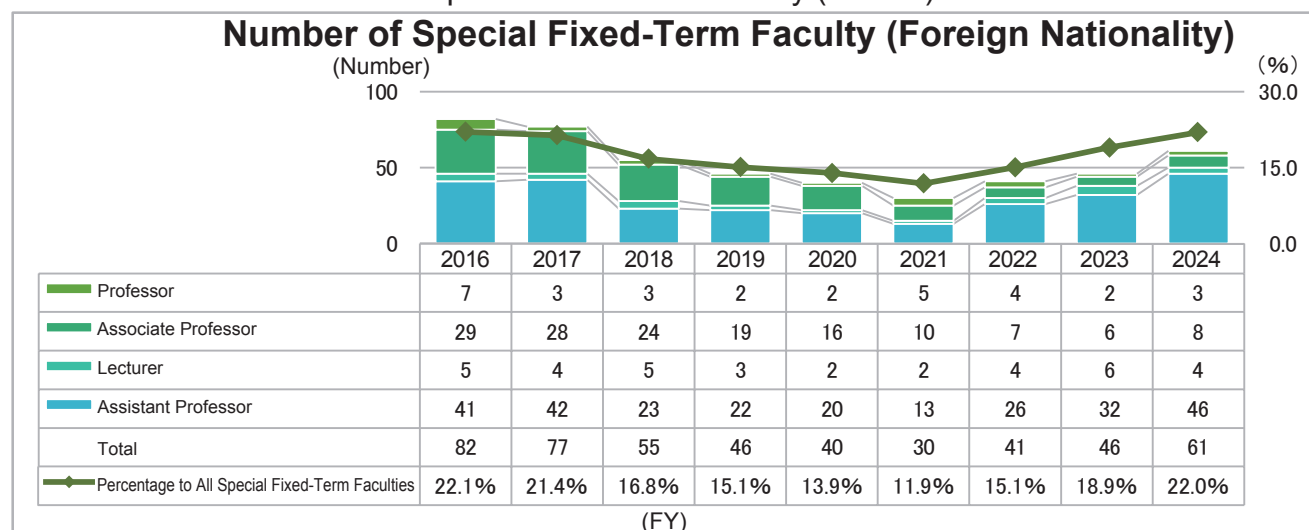
2-3. Number of Special Fixed-Term Faculty

2-3-1. Number of Special Fixed-Term Faculty (Overall)



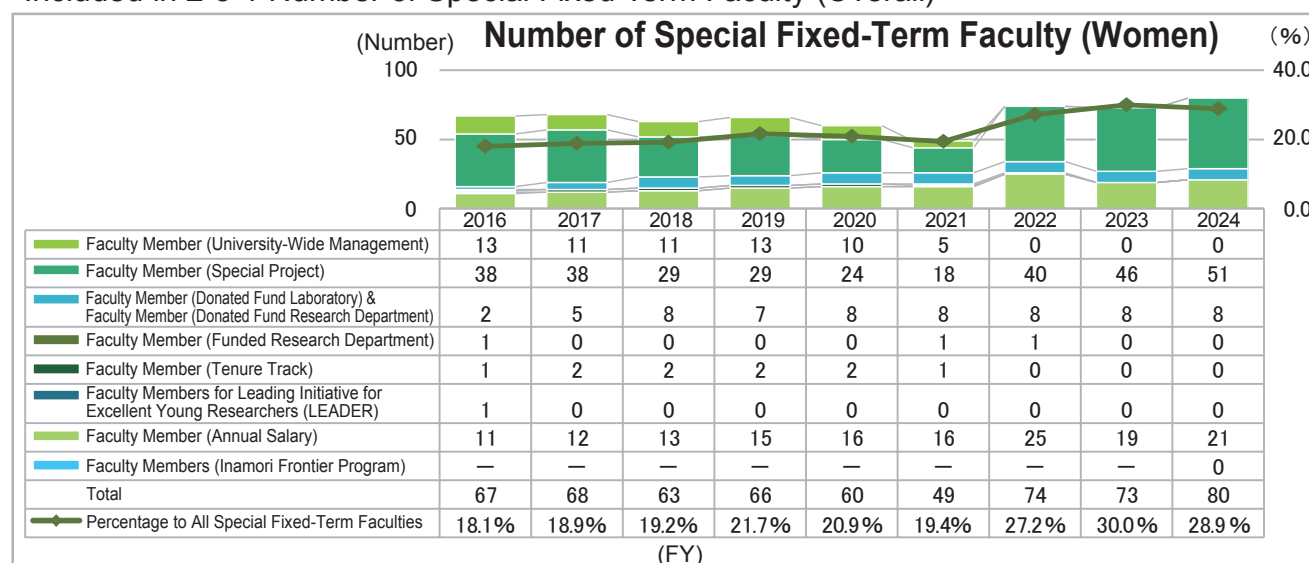
2-3-2. Number of Special Fixed-Term Faculty (Foreign Nationality)

*Included in 2-3-1 Number of Special Fixed-Term Faculty (Overall)



2-3-3. Number of Special Fixed-Term Faculty (Women)

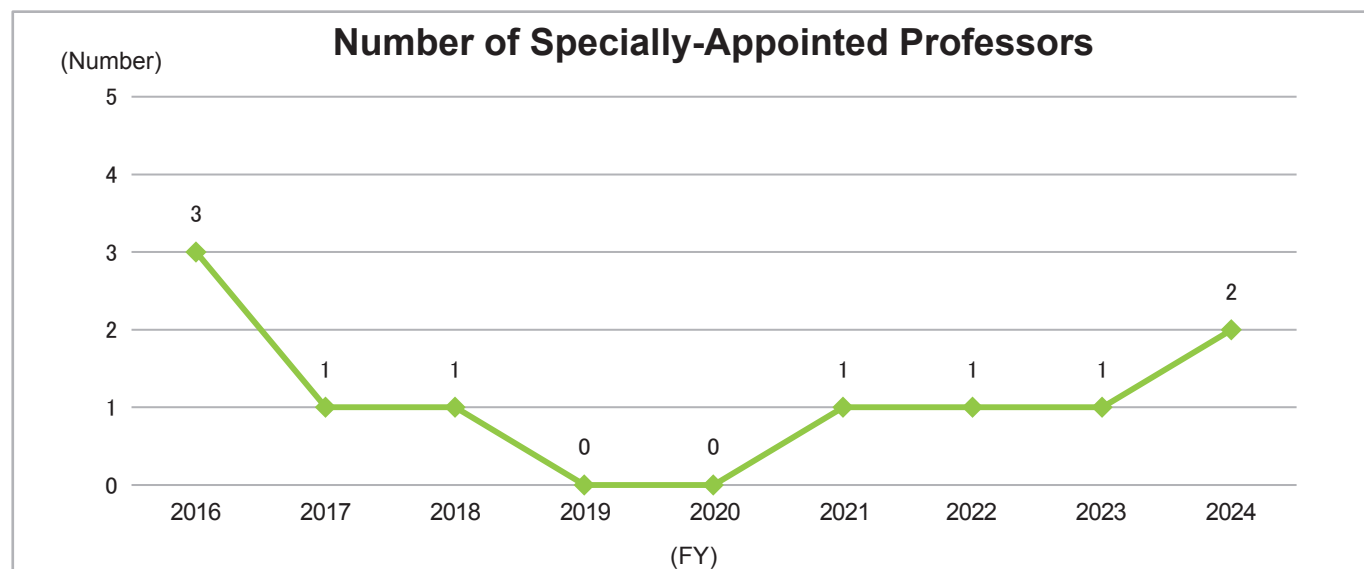
*Included in 2-3-1 Number of Special Fixed-Term Faculty (Overall)



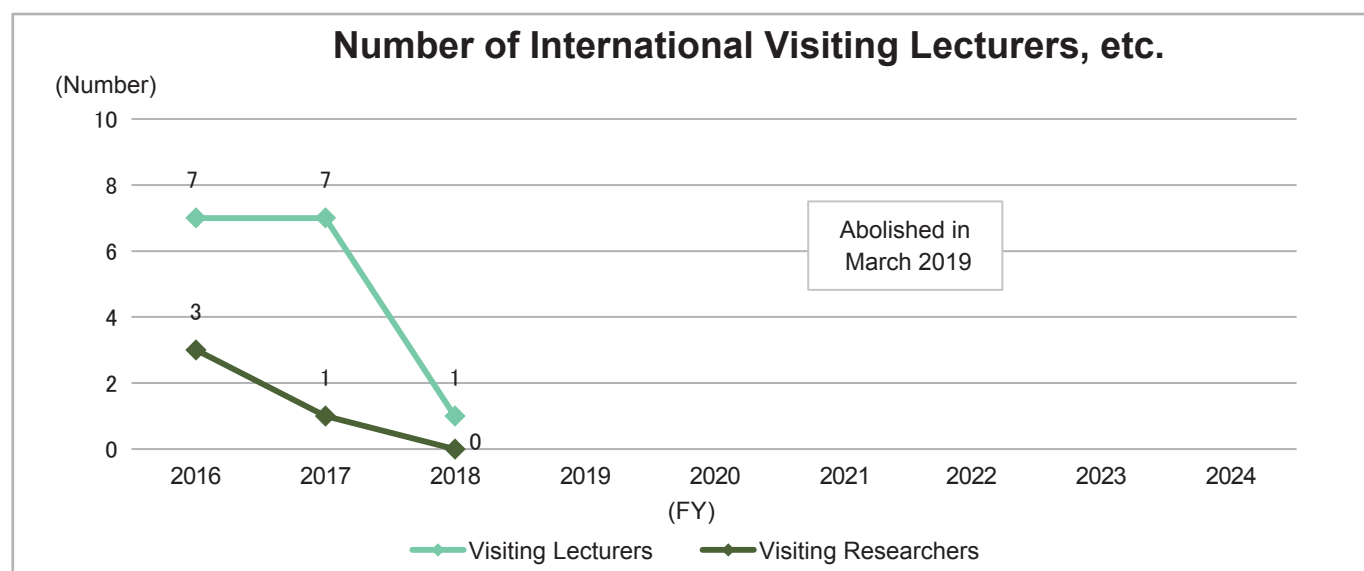
- The figures exclude staff on administrative or childcare leave, but include staff hired as administrative leave substitutes.
- The figures include re-employed staff.

Source: Kyushu University Information

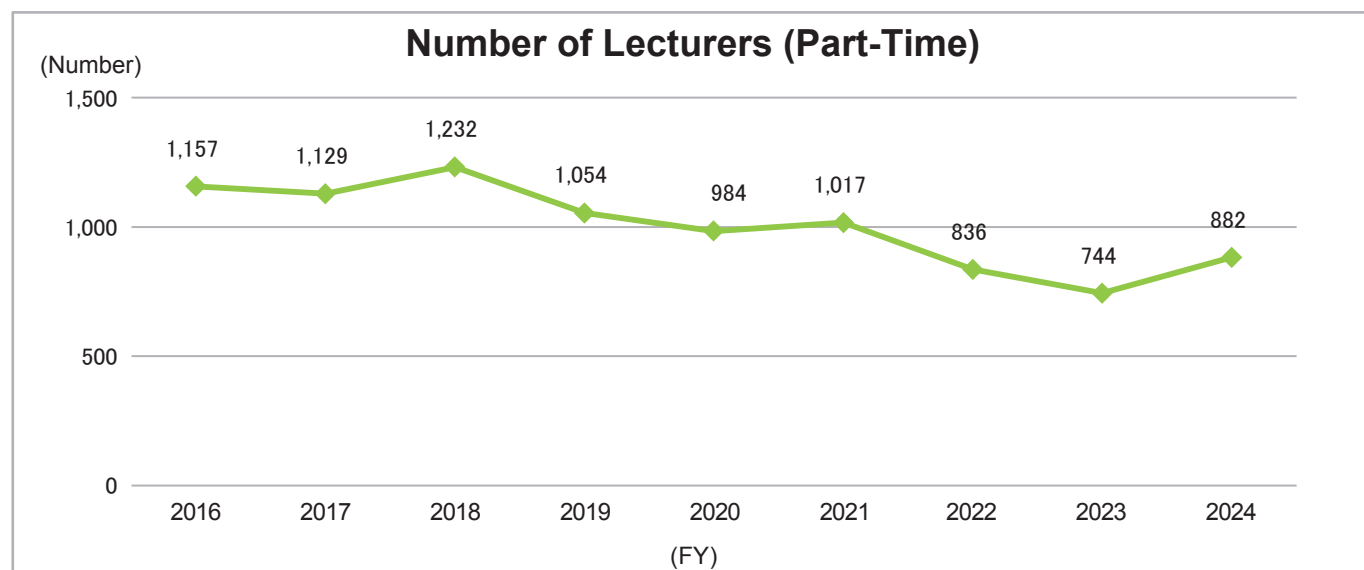
2-4. Number of Specially-Appointed Professors



2-5. Number of International Visiting Lecturers, etc.



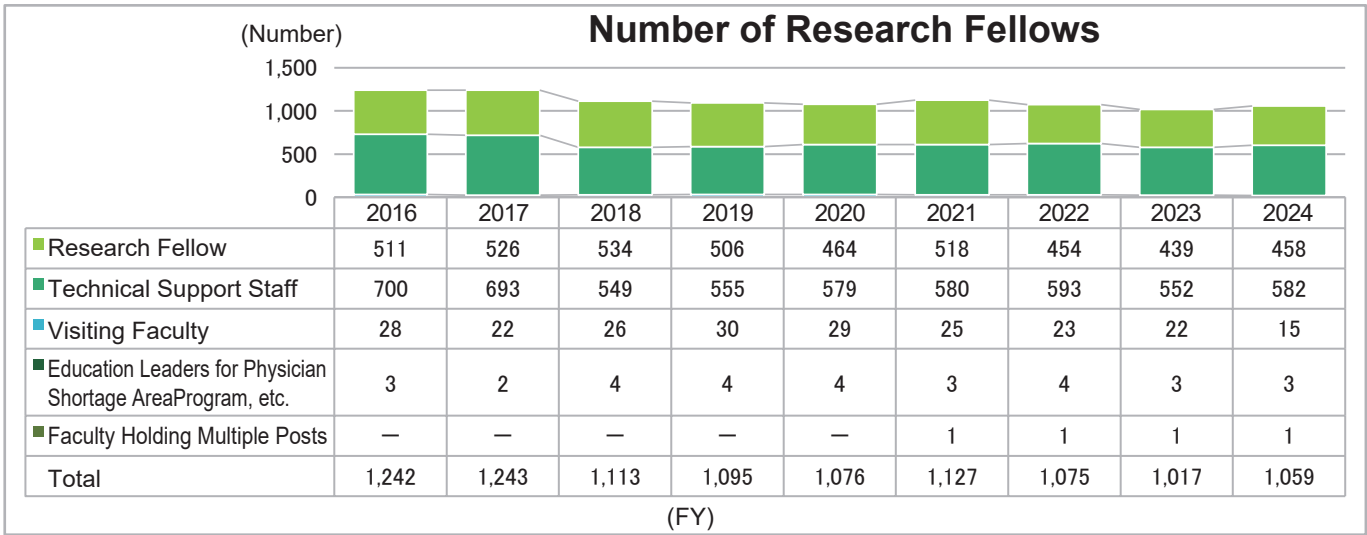
2-6. Number of Lecturers (Part-Time)



Source: Kyushu University Information

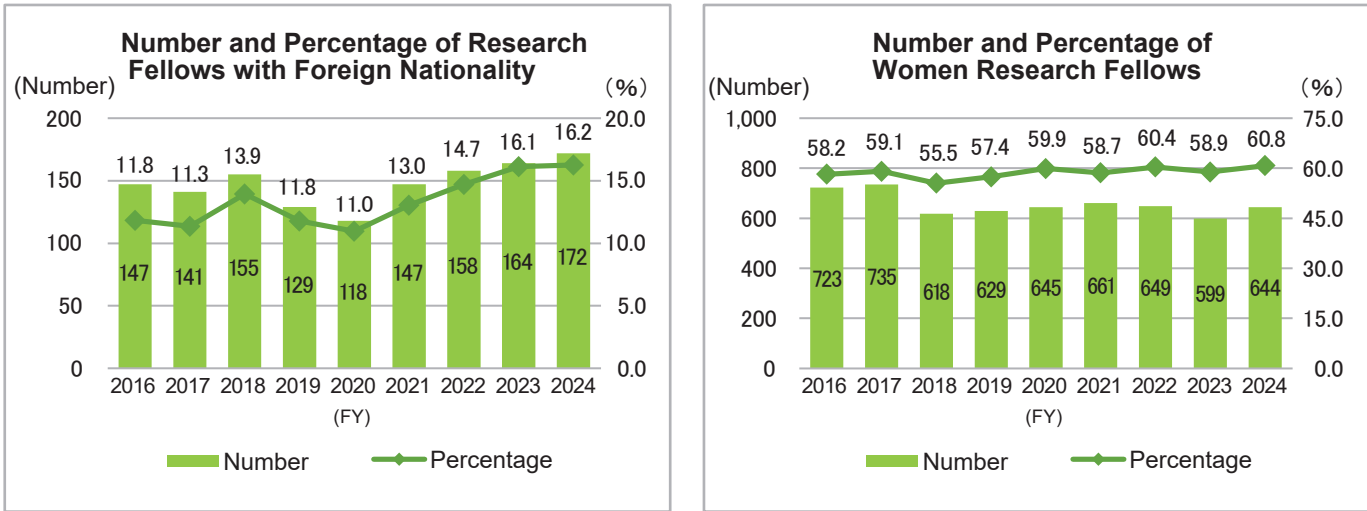
2-7. Number of Research Fellows

2-7-1. Number of Research Fellows (Overall)



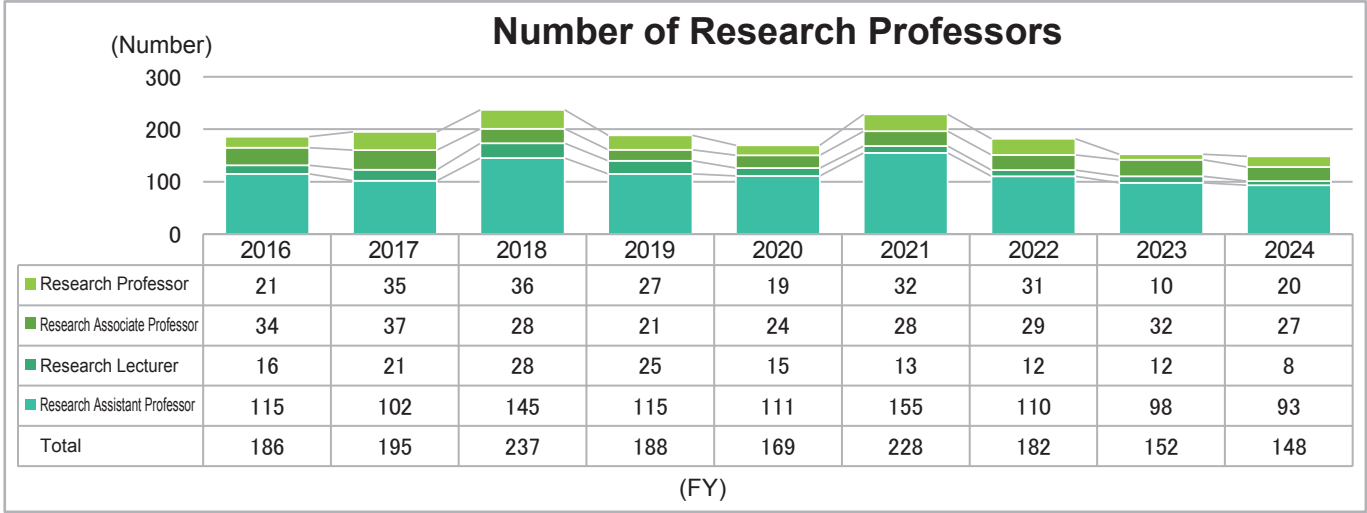
2-7-2. Number of Research Fellows (Foreign Nationality and Women)

*Included in 2-7-1. Number of Research Fellows (Overall)



2-7-3. Number of Research Professors

*Included in 2-7-1. Number of Research Fellows (Overall)

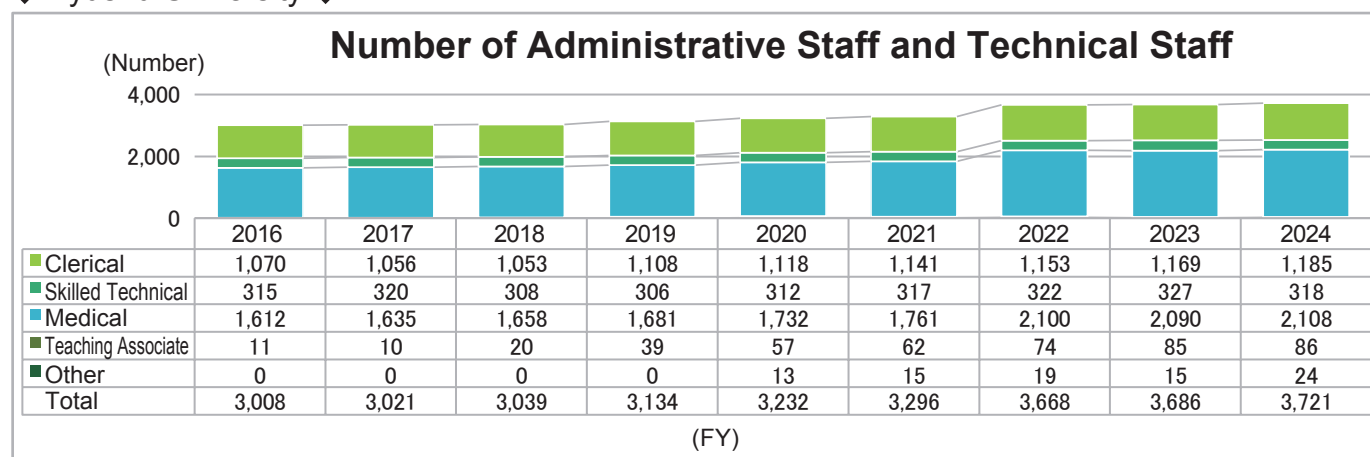


Source: Kyushu University Information

2-8. Number of Administrative Staff and Technical Staff

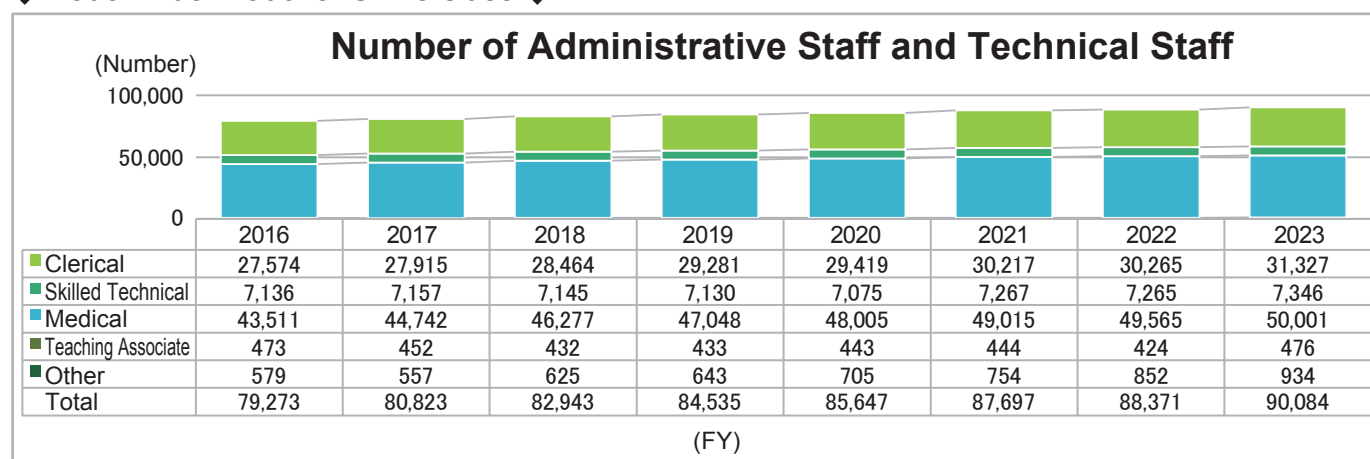
2-8-1. Number of Administrative Staff and Technical Staff (Overall)

◆ Kyushu University ◆



Source: MEXT, Basic School Survey, Status of Students, Staff, and Faculty Members

◆ Nationwide: National Universities ◆

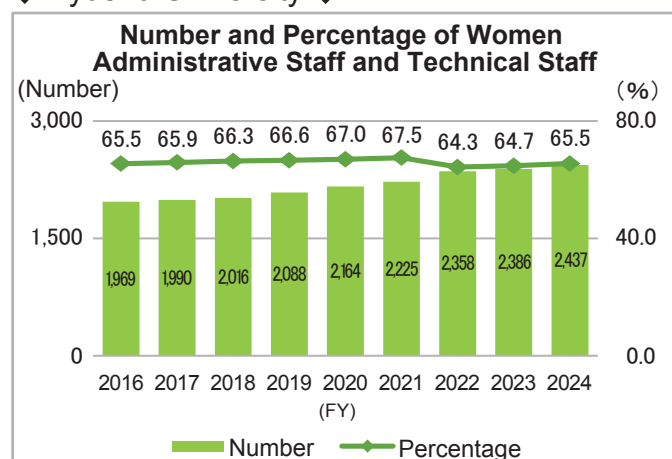


Source: MEXT, Basic School Survey, Number of Faculty Members by Duties

2-8-2. Number of Administrative Staff and Technical Staff (Women)

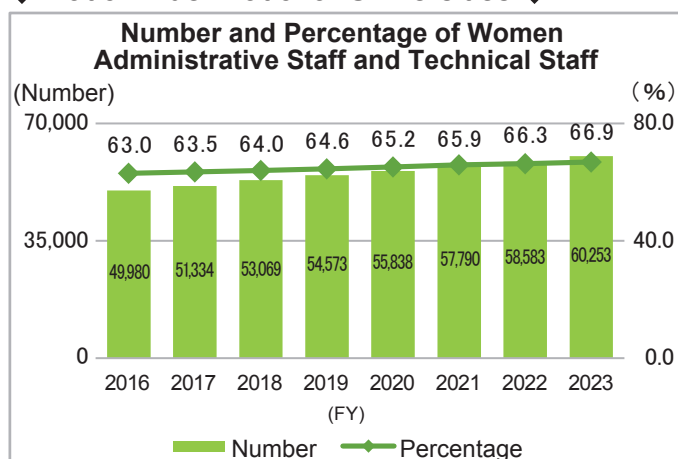
*Included in 2-8-1 Number of Administrative Staff and Technical Staff (Overall)

◆ Kyushu University ◆



Source: MEXT, Basic School Survey, Status of Students, Staff, and Faculty Members

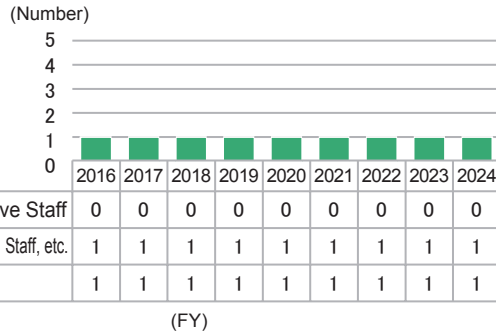
◆ Nationwide: National Universities ◆



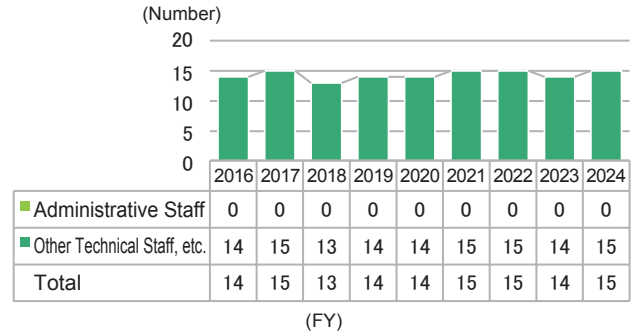
Source: MEXT, Basic School Survey, Number of Faculty Members by Duties

2-8-3. Number of Administrative Staff and Technical Staff (by School/Institute/Faculty)

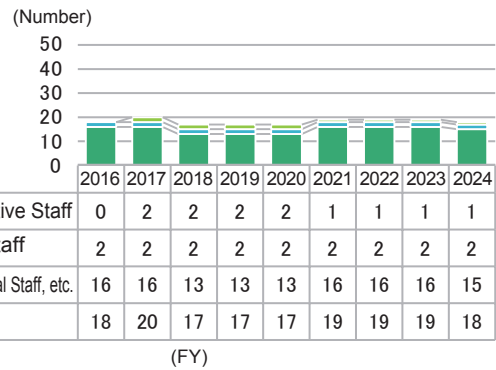
School of Letters



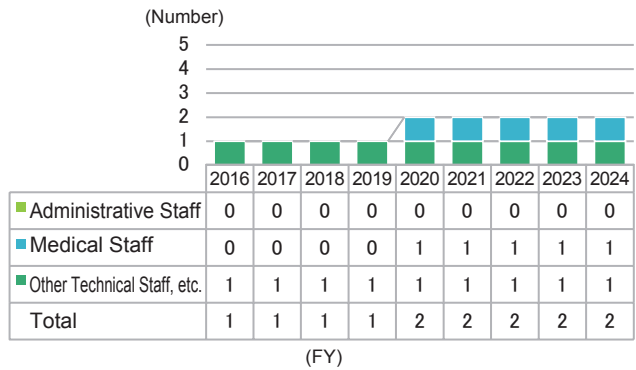
School of Science (Including Amakusa Marine Biological Laboratory)



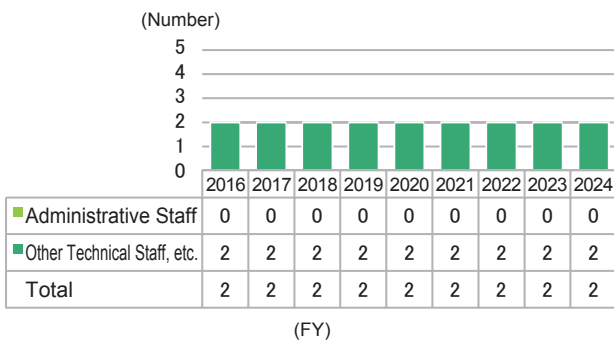
School of Medicine



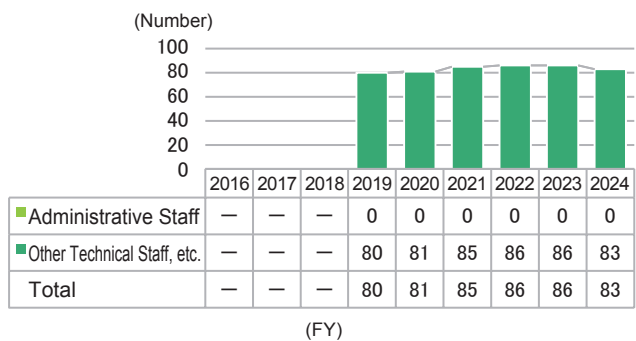
School of Dentistry



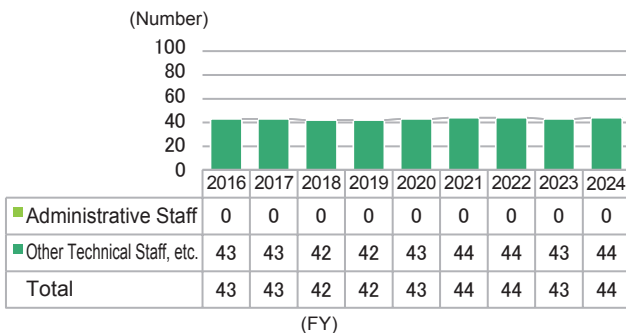
School of Pharmaceutical Sciences



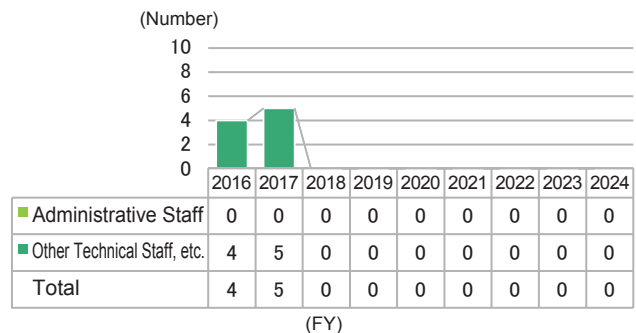
School of Engineering (Including Technical Division)



School of Agriculture (Including University Farm and University Forest)



Graduate School of Human-Environment Studies (Including Center for Clinical Psychology and Human Development)

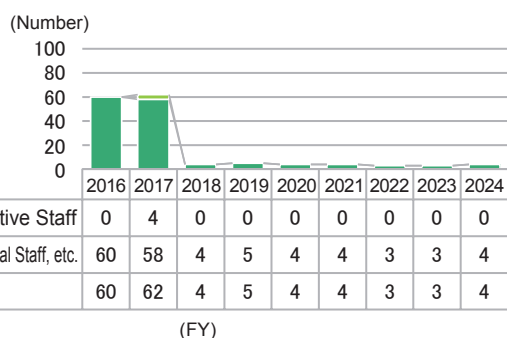


- The figures exclude staff on administrative or childcare leave, but include staff hired as administrative leave substitutes.
- The figures include re-employed staff.
- The figures for FY2019 onward list only primary roles.
- The figures for FY2019 onward list university facilities, etc. and university facility primary roles.
- School of Engineering (including Technical Division) and some other technical staff, etc. members are listed under Graduate School of Engineering and Graduate School of Information Science and Electrical Engineering for the period between FY2016 and FY2017. The figures for FY2018 are listed under Administrative Office (School of Engineering).

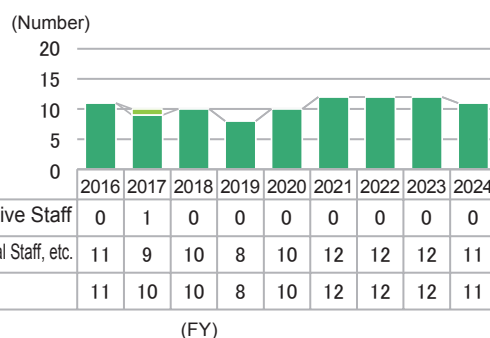
Source: Kyushu University Information

2-8-3. Number of Administrative Staff and Technical Staff (by School/Institute/Faculty) (Continued)

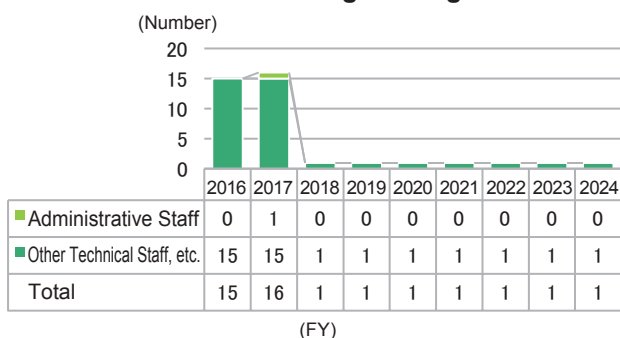
Graduate School of Engineering



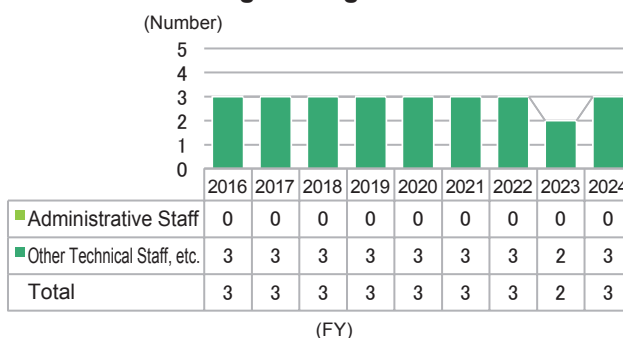
Graduate School of Design



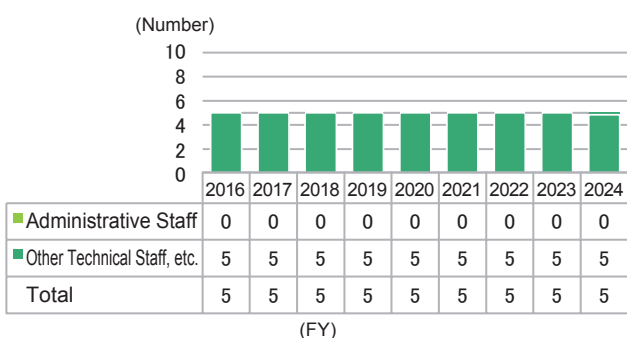
Graduate School of Information Science and Electrical Engineering



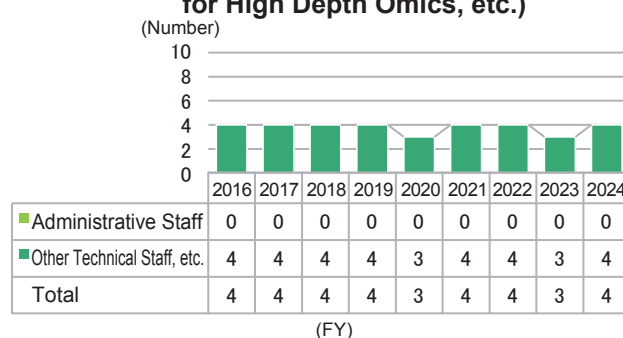
Interdisciplinary Graduate School of Engineering Sciences



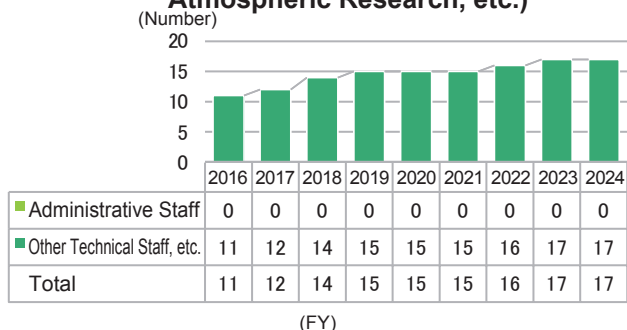
Faculty of Arts and Science



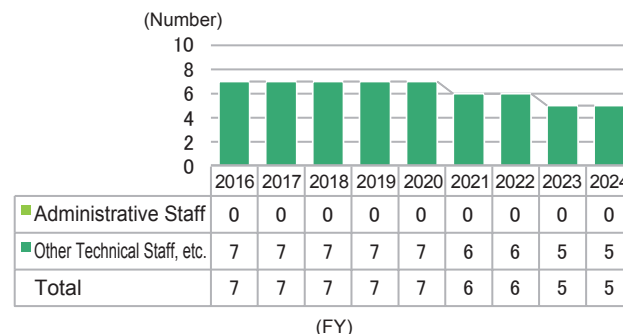
Medical Institute of Bioregulation (Including Medical Research Center for High Depth Omics, etc.)



Research Institute for Applied Mechanics (Including Center for Oceanic and Atmospheric Research, etc.)



Institute for Materials Chemistry and Engineering

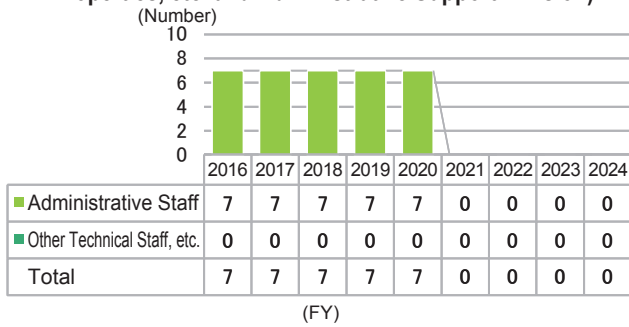


- The figures exclude staff on administrative or childcare leave, but include staff hired as administrative leave substitutes.
- The figures include re-employed staff.
- The figures for FY2019 onward list only primary roles.
- The figures for FY2019 onward list university facilities, etc. and university facility primary roles.
- Graduate School of Engineering, Graduate School of Information Science and Electrical Engineering and some other technical staff, etc. members are listed under Administrative Office (School of Engineering) for FY2018. The figures for FY2019 onward are listed under School of Engineering (including Technical Division).

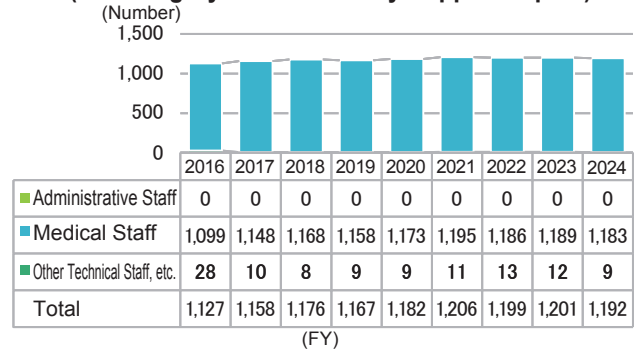
Source: Kyushu University Information

2-8-3. Number of Administrative Staff and Technical Staff (by School/Institute/Faculty) (Continued)

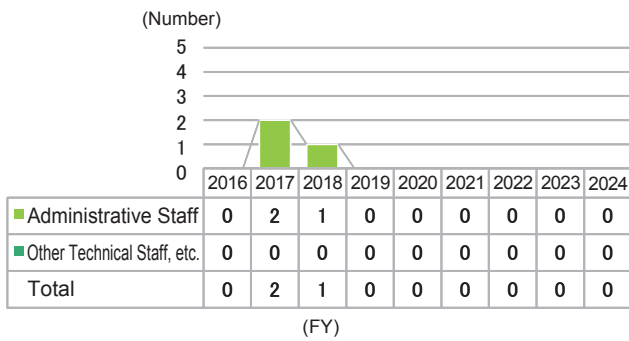
International Institute for Carbon-Neutral Energy Research (Including Research Center for Next Generation Refrigerant Properties, etc. and Administrative Support Division)



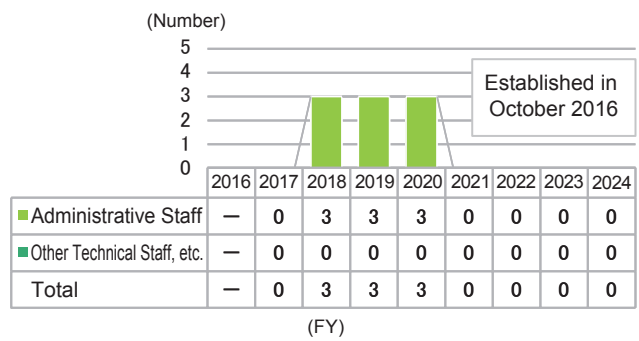
Kyushu University Hospital (Including Kyushu University Beppu Hospital)



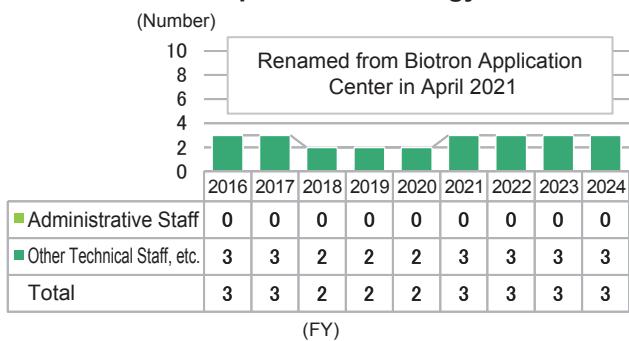
Kyushu University Library (Including Manuscript Library)



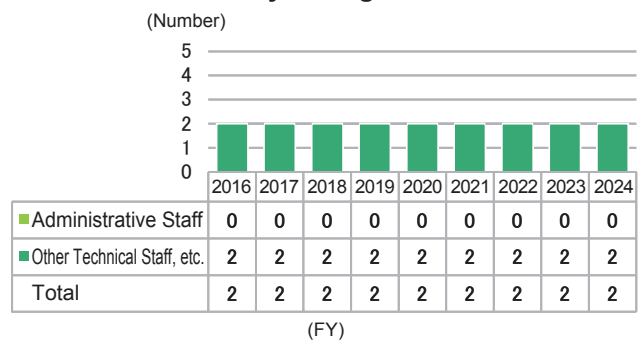
Platform of Inter-/ Transdisciplinary Energy Research



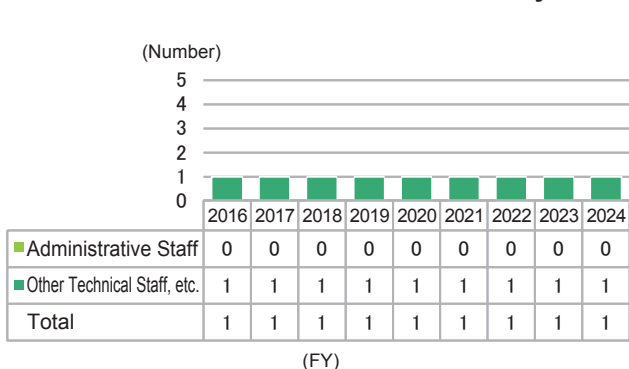
Environmental Control Center for Experimental Biology



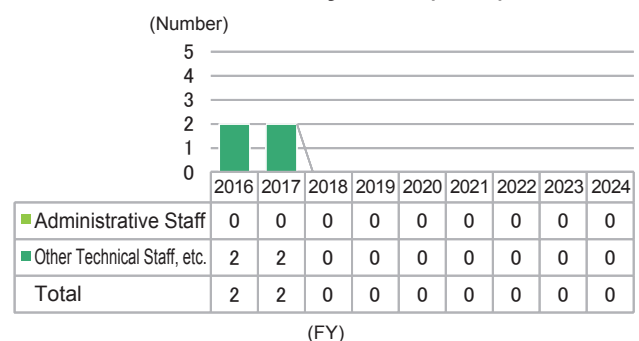
Central Institute of Radioisotope Science and Safety Management



Center of Advanced Instrumental Analysis



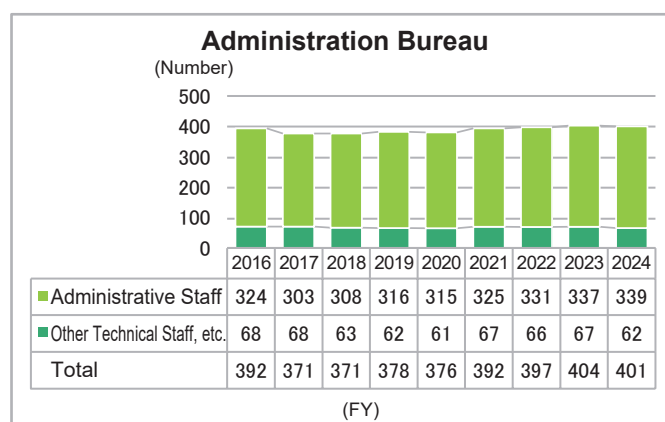
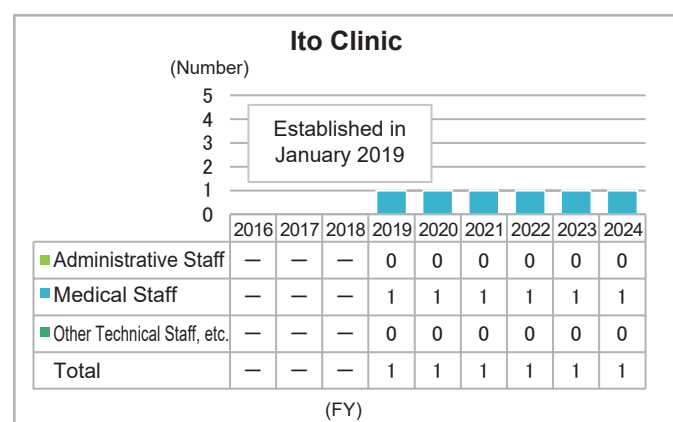
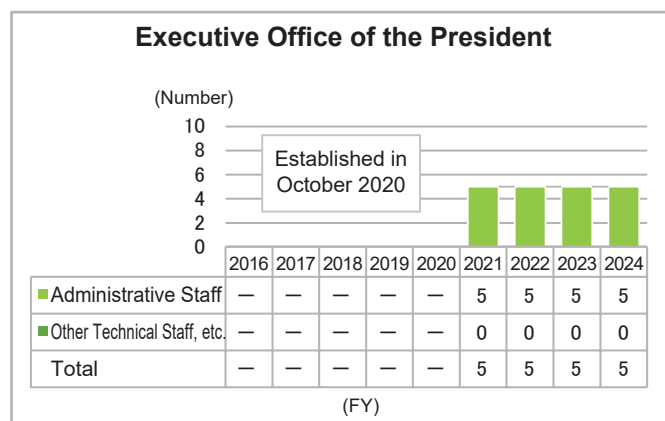
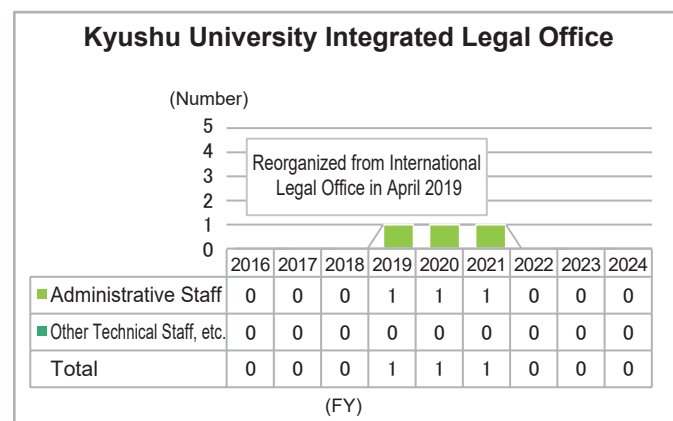
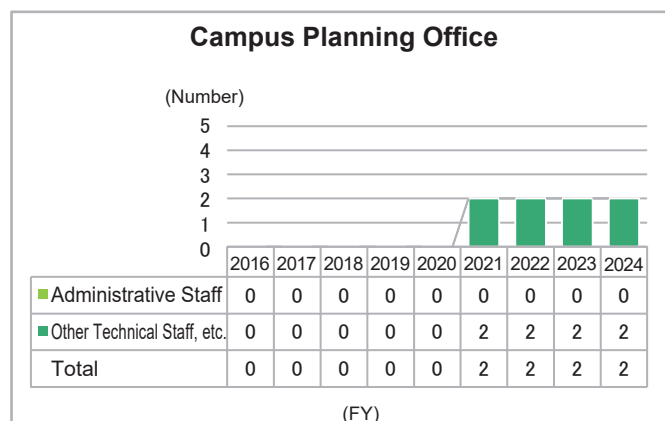
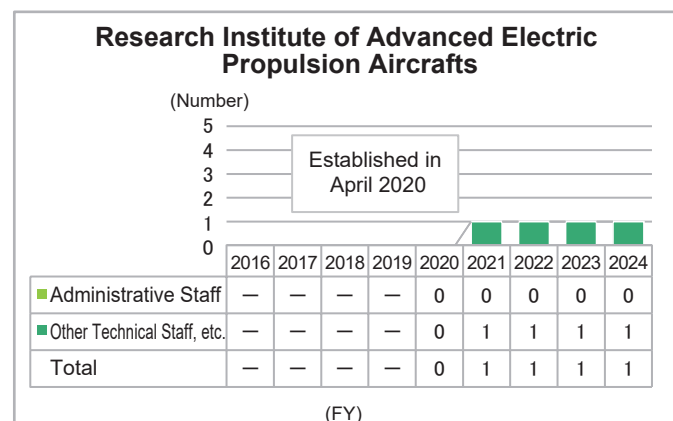
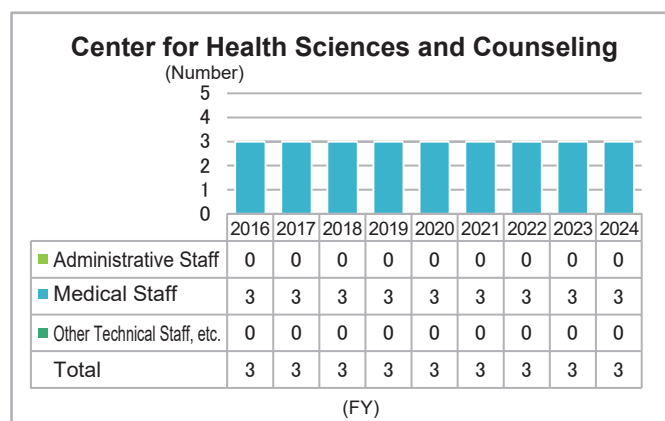
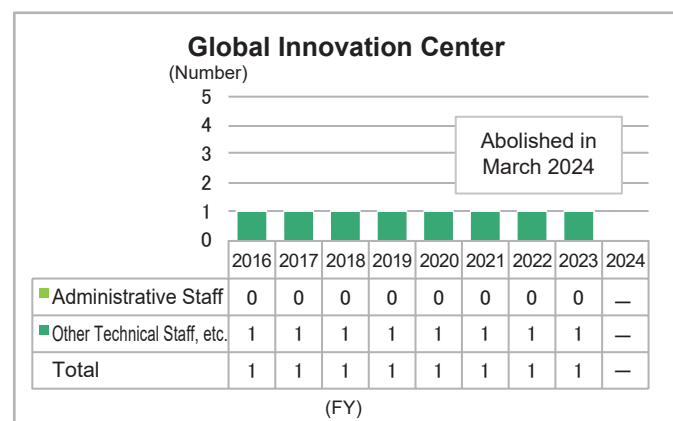
Research Institute of Superconductor Science and Systems (RISS)



- The figures exclude staff on administrative or childcare leave, but include staff hired as administrative leave substitutes.
- The figures include re-employed staff.
- The figures for FY2019 onward list only primary roles.
- The figures for FY2019 onward list university facilities, etc. and university facility primary roles.
- International Institute for Carbon-Neutral Energy Research, and Platform of Inter-/Transdisciplinary Energy Research are included in the Administrative Support Division until FY2020, and are accounted for in the I²CNER • Q-PIT Office of Research Support Services from FY2021.

Source: Kyushu University Information

2-8-3. Number of Administrative Staff and Technical Staff (by School/Institute/Faculty) (Continued)



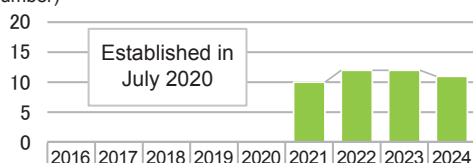
- The figures exclude staff on administrative or childcare leave, but include staff hired as administrative leave substitutes.
- The figures include re-employed staff.
- The figures for FY2019 onward list only primary roles.

Source: Kyushu University Information

2-8-3. Number of Administrative Staff and Technical Staff (by School/Institute/Faculty) (Continued)

I²CNER • Q-PIT Office of Research Support Services

(Number)

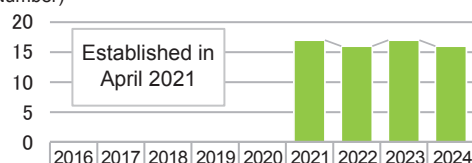


Administrative Staff	—	—	—	—	—	10	12	12	11
Other Technical Staff, etc.	—	—	—	—	—	0	0	0	0
Total	—	—	—	—	—	10	12	12	11

(FY)

Acceptance Inspection Center

(Number)

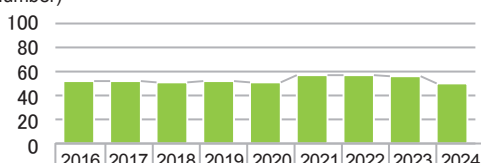


Administrative Staff	—	—	—	—	—	17	16	17	16
Other Technical Staff, etc.	—	—	—	—	—	0	0	0	0
Total	—	—	—	—	—	17	16	17	16

(FY)

Administrative Office (Humanities and Social Sciences)

(Number)

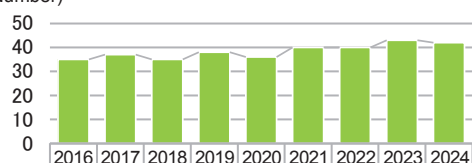


Administrative Staff	52	52	51	52	51	57	57	56	50
Other Technical Staff, etc.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	52	52	51	52	51	57	57	56	50

(FY)

Administrative Office (Science)

(Number)

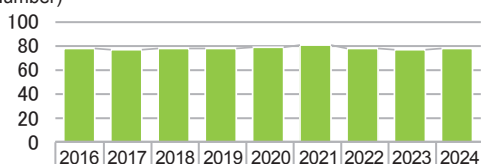


Administrative Staff	35	37	35	38	36	40	40	43	42
Other Technical Staff, etc.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	35	37	35	38	36	40	40	43	42

(FY)

Administrative Office (Medical Sciences, Dental Science and Pharmaceutical Sciences)

(Number)

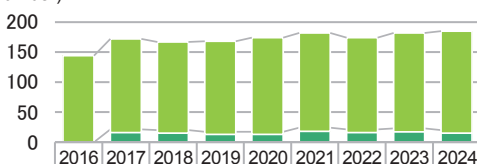


Administrative Staff	78	77	78	78	79	81	78	77	78
Other Technical Staff, etc.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	78	77	78	78	79	81	78	77	78

(FY)

Administration Department (University Hospital)

(Number)

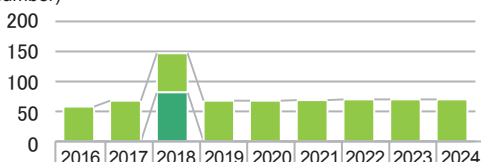


Administrative Staff	144	156	152	155	161	164	158	165	170
Other Technical Staff, etc.	0	16	15	13	13	18	16	17	15
Total	144	172	167	168	174	182	174	182	185

(FY)

Administrative Office (School of Engineering)

(Number)

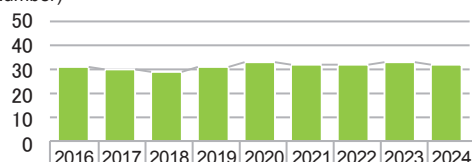


Administrative Staff	58	68	65	68	68	69	70	70	70
Other Technical Staff, etc.	0	0	82	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	58	68	147	68	68	69	70	70	70

(FY)

Administrative Office (School of Design)

(Number)



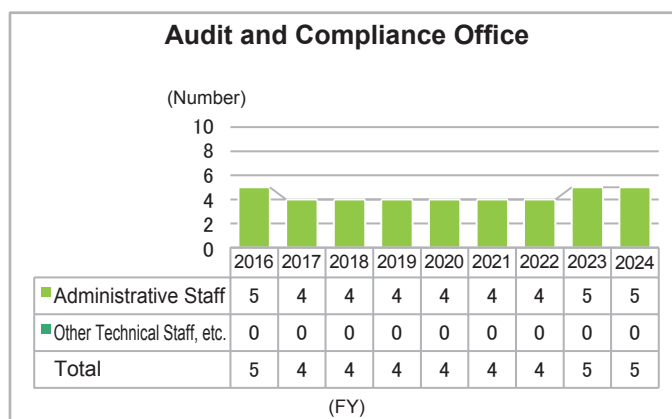
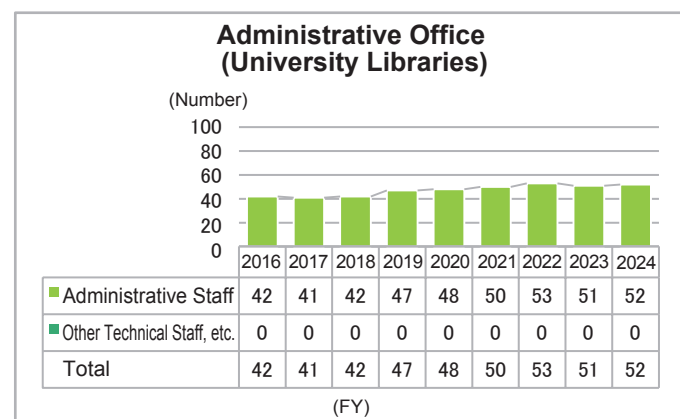
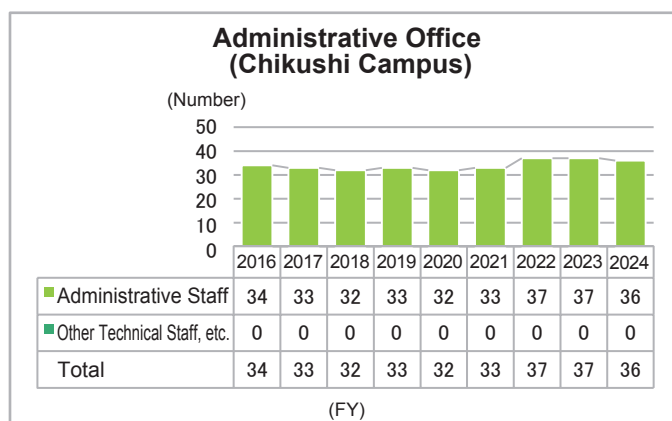
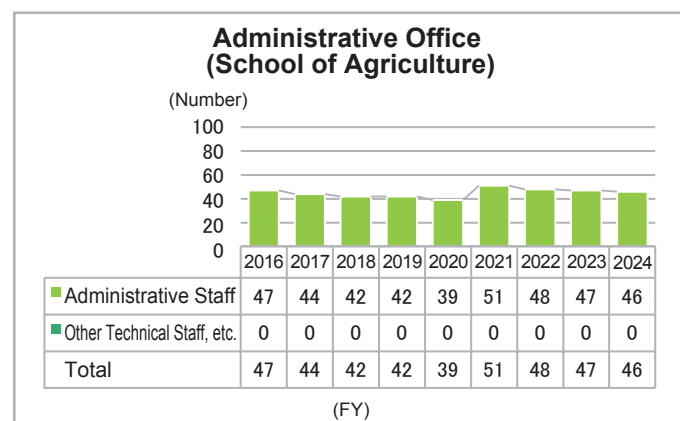
Administrative Staff	31	30	29	31	33	32	32	33	32
Other Technical Staff, etc.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	31	30	29	31	33	32	32	33	32

(FY)

- The figures exclude staff on administrative or childcare leave, but include staff hired as administrative leave substitutes.
- The figures include re-employed staff.
- The figures for FY2019 onward list only primary roles.
- Until FY2020, staff of Acceptance Inspection Center were listed under Administration Bureau.
- Until FY2018, Administrative Office (Humanities and Social Sciences) was listed under Kaizuka District Office.
- Some other technical staff, etc. members of Administrative Office (School of Engineering) were listed under Graduate School of Engineering and Graduate School of Information Science and Electrical Engineering for the period between FY2016 and FY2017. For FY2018 were listed under Administrative Office (School of Engineering), and figures for FY2019 onward are listed under School of Engineering (including Technical Division).

Source: Kyushu University Information

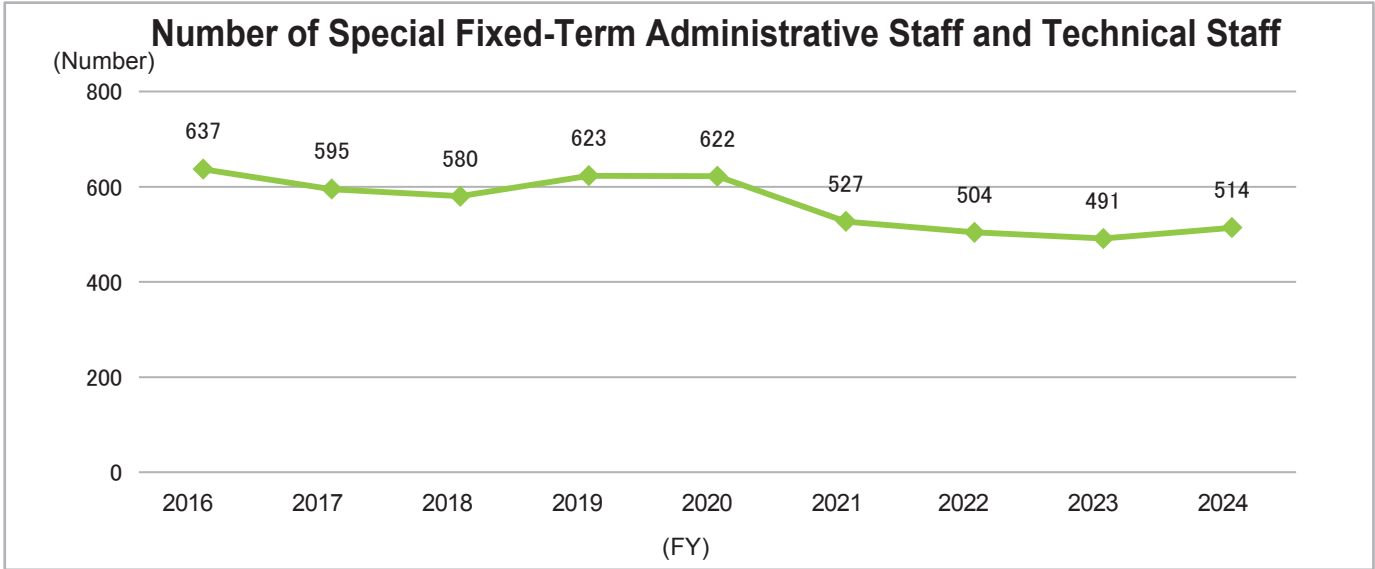
2-8-3. Number of Administrative Staff and Technical Staff (by School/Institute/Faculty) (Continued)



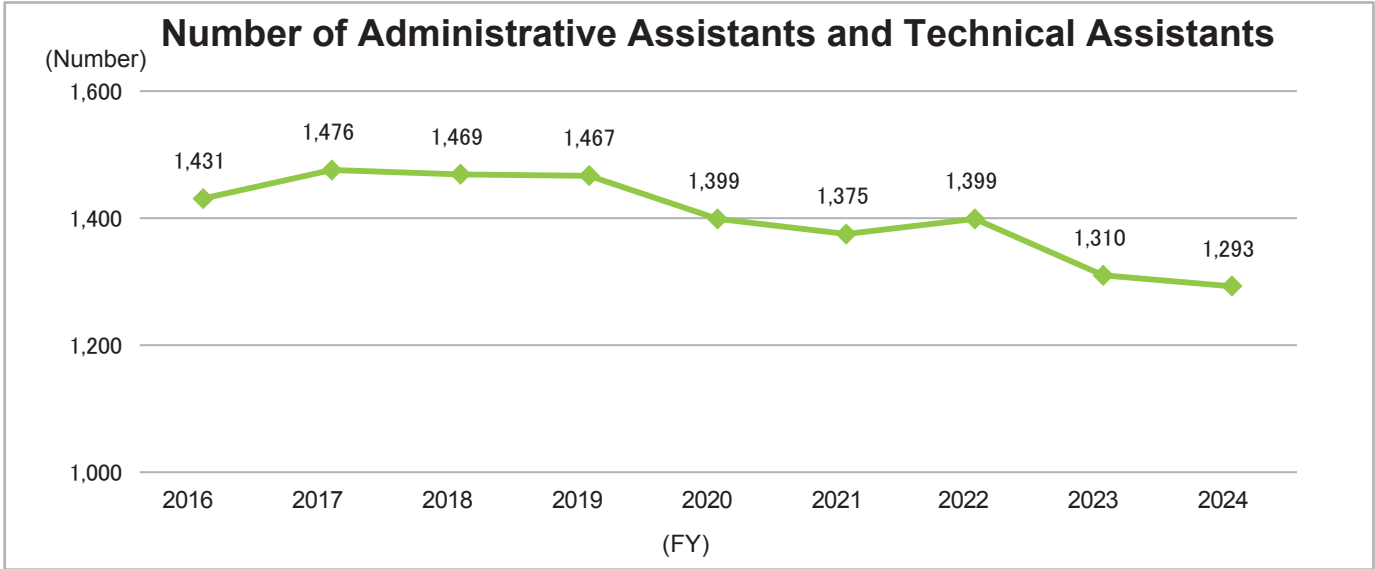
- The figures exclude staff on administrative or childcare leave, but include staff hired as administrative leave substitutes.
- The figures include re-employed staff.
- The figures for FY2019 onward list only primary roles.
- Until FY2022, Audit and Compliance Office were listed under Audit Office.

Source: Kyushu University Information

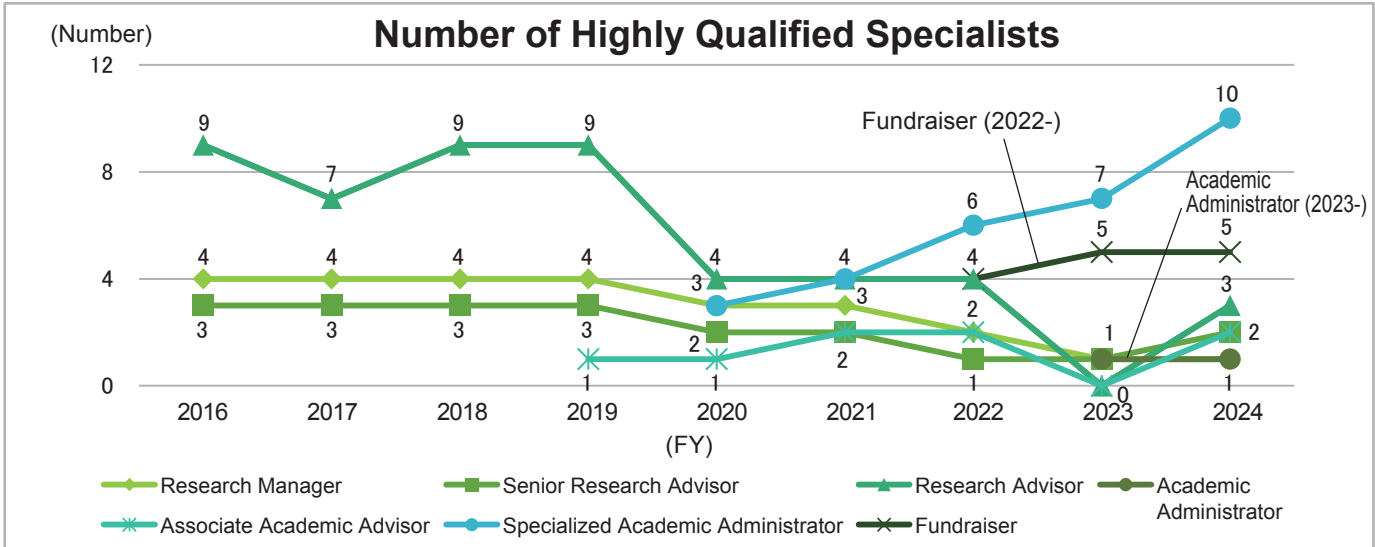
2-9. Number of Special Fixed-Term Administrative Staff and Technical Staff



2-10. Number of Administrative Assistants and Technical Assistants



2-11. Number of Highly Qualified Specialists (*1)



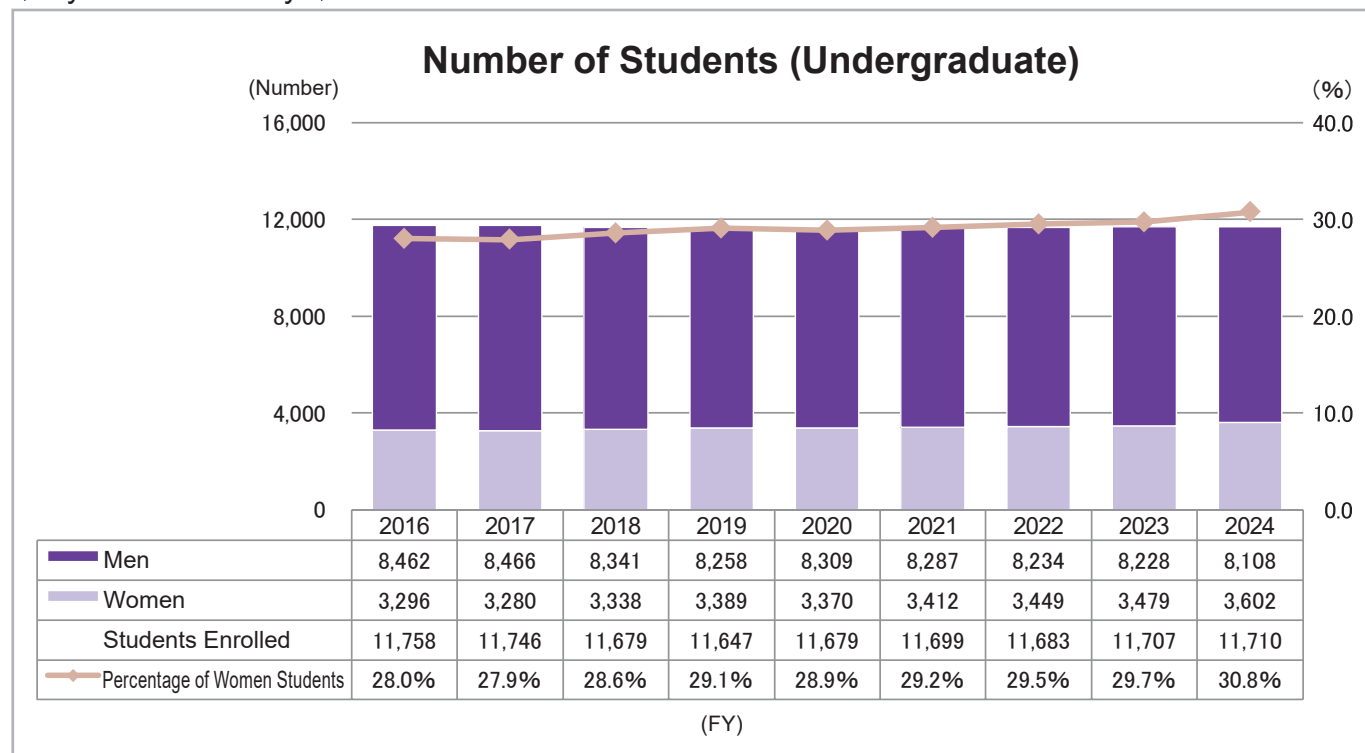
Source: Kyushu University Information

3. Number of Students (as of June 1 each fiscal year)

3-1. Number of Students (Undergraduate)

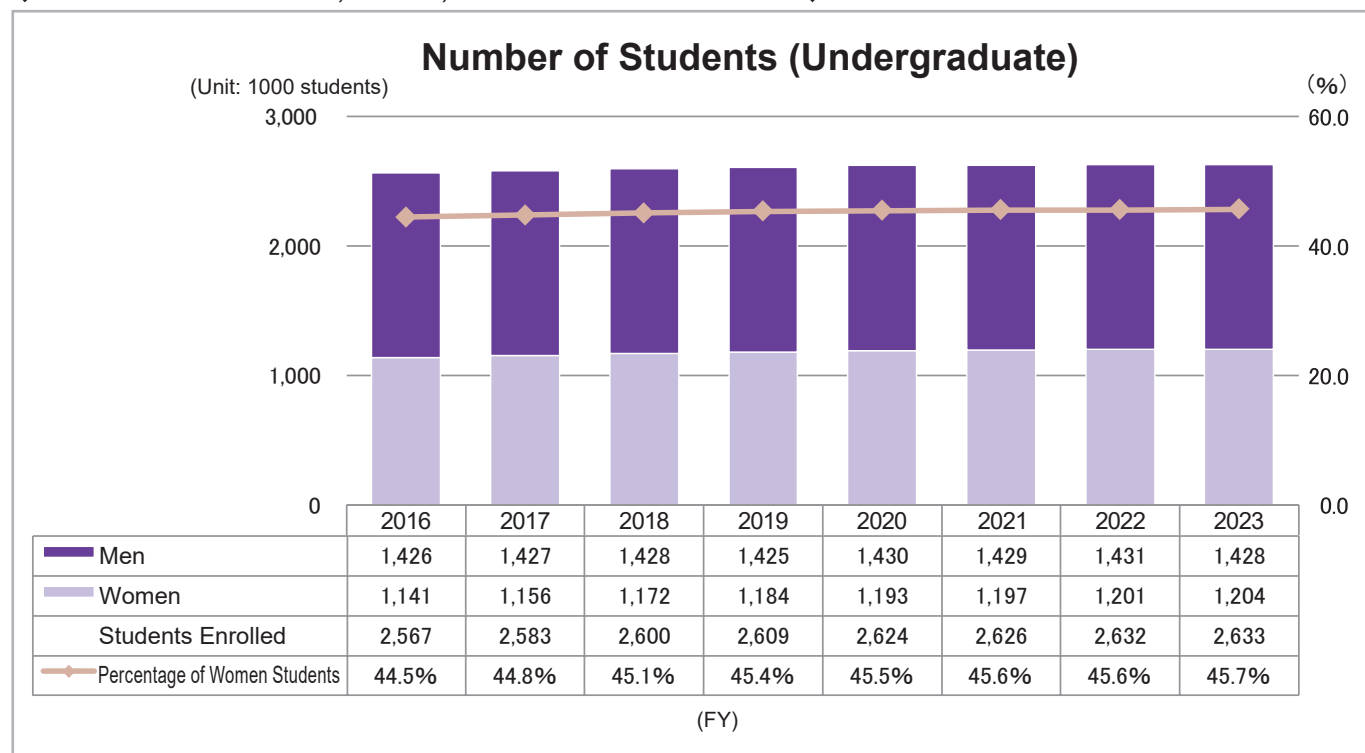
3-1-1. Number of Students (Undergraduate: Overall)

◆ Kyushu University ◆



Source: Kyushu University Information

◆ Nationwide: National, Public, and Private Universities ◆

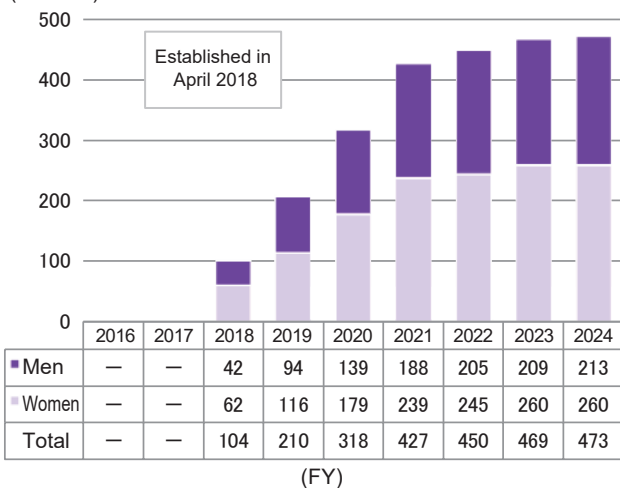


Source: MEXT, Basic School Survey, Number of Students by Day and Night

3-1-2. Number of Students (Undergraduate: by School)

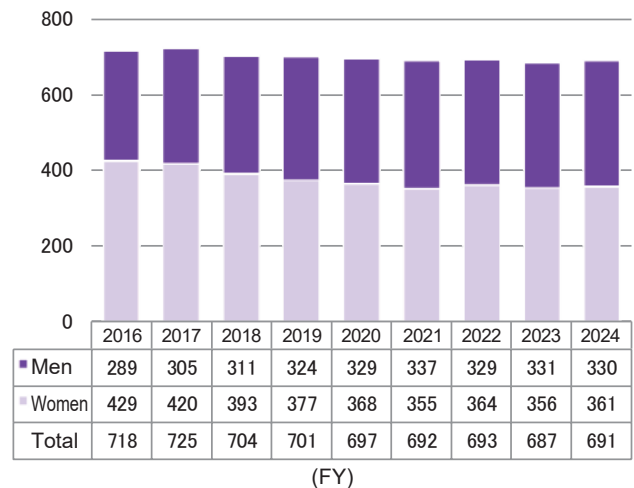
School of Interdisciplinary Science and Innovation

(Number)



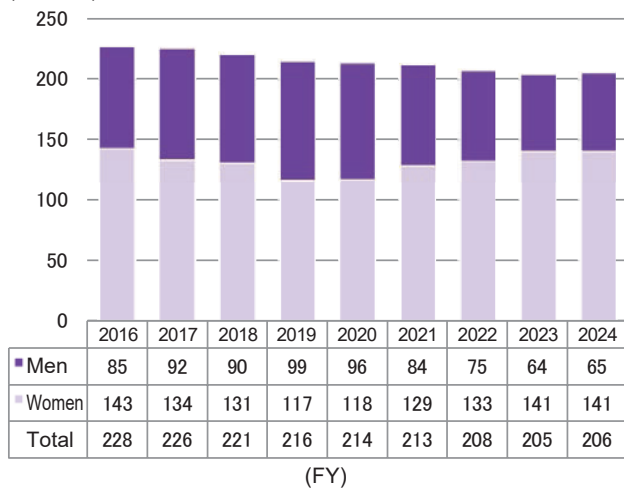
School of Letters

(Number)



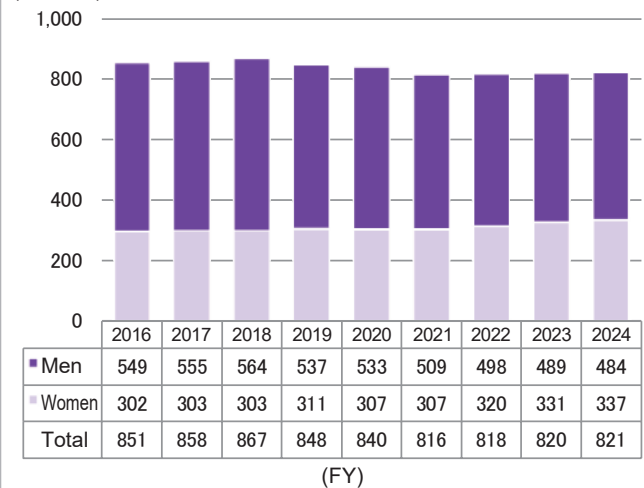
School of Education

(Number)



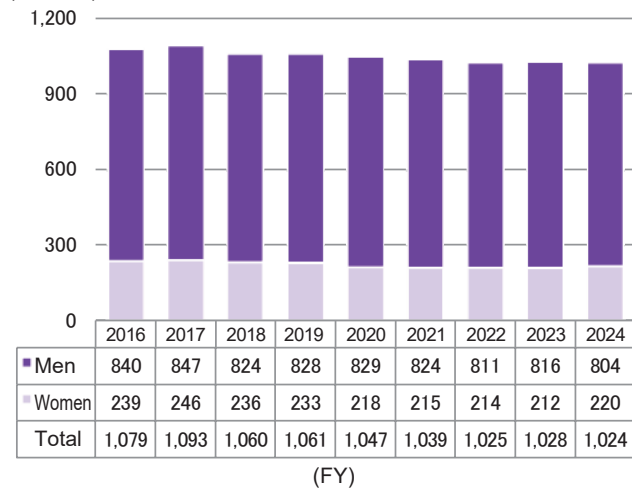
School of Law

(Number)



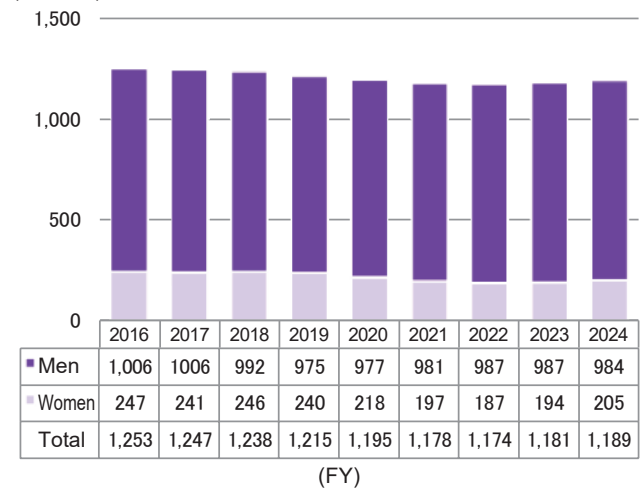
School of Economics

(Number)



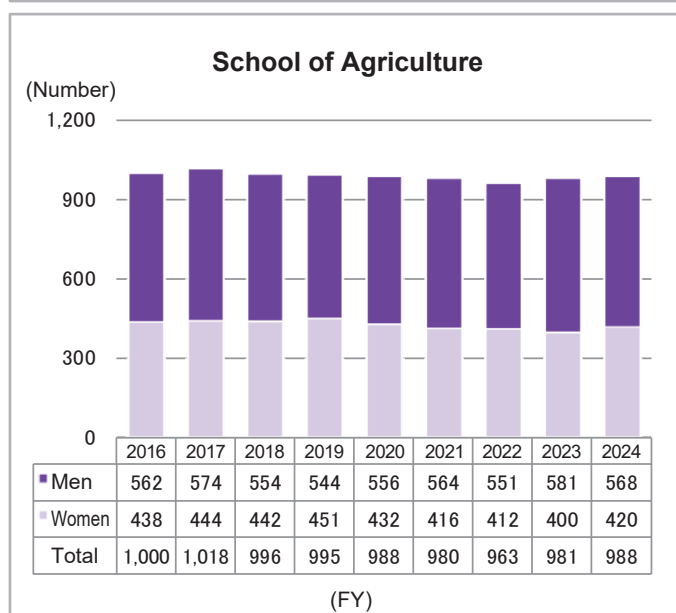
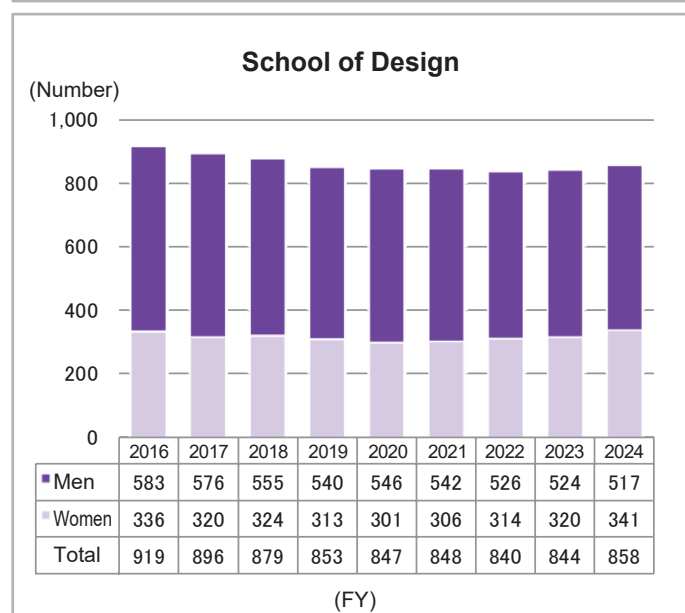
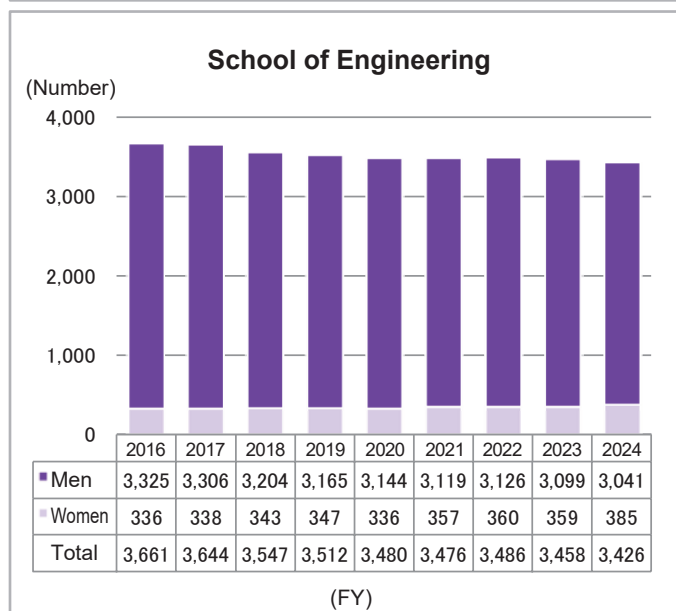
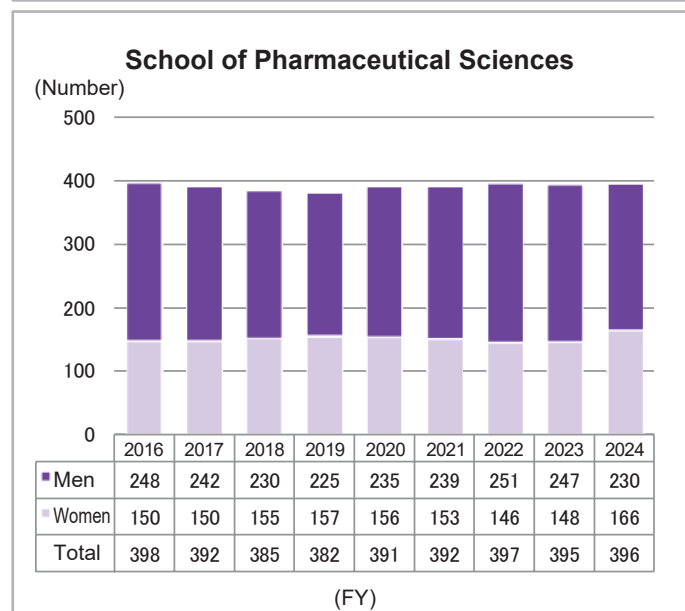
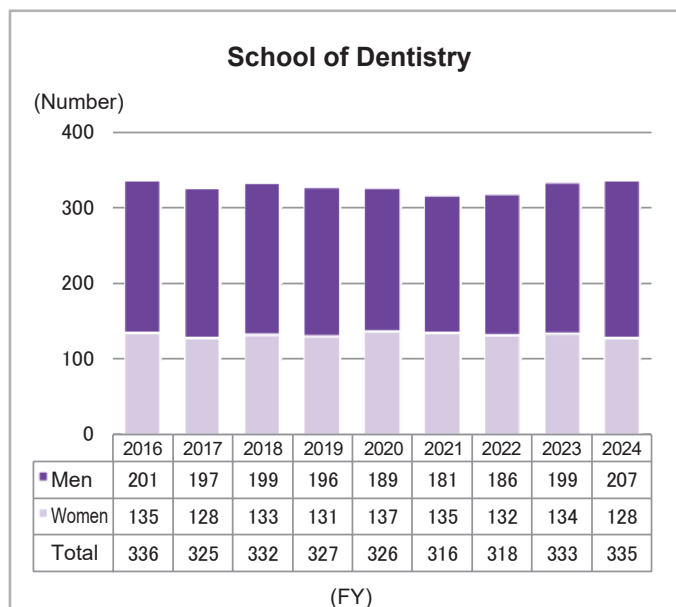
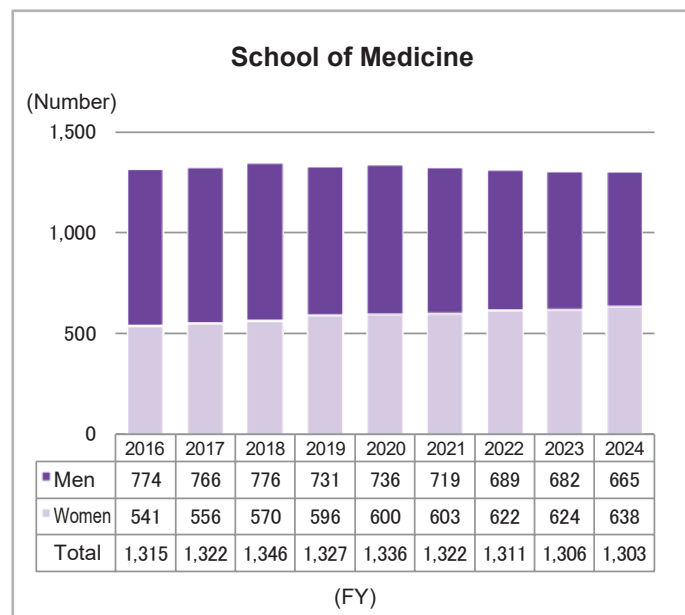
School of Science

(Number)



Source: Kyushu University Information

3-1-2. Number of Students (Undergraduate: by School) (Continued)

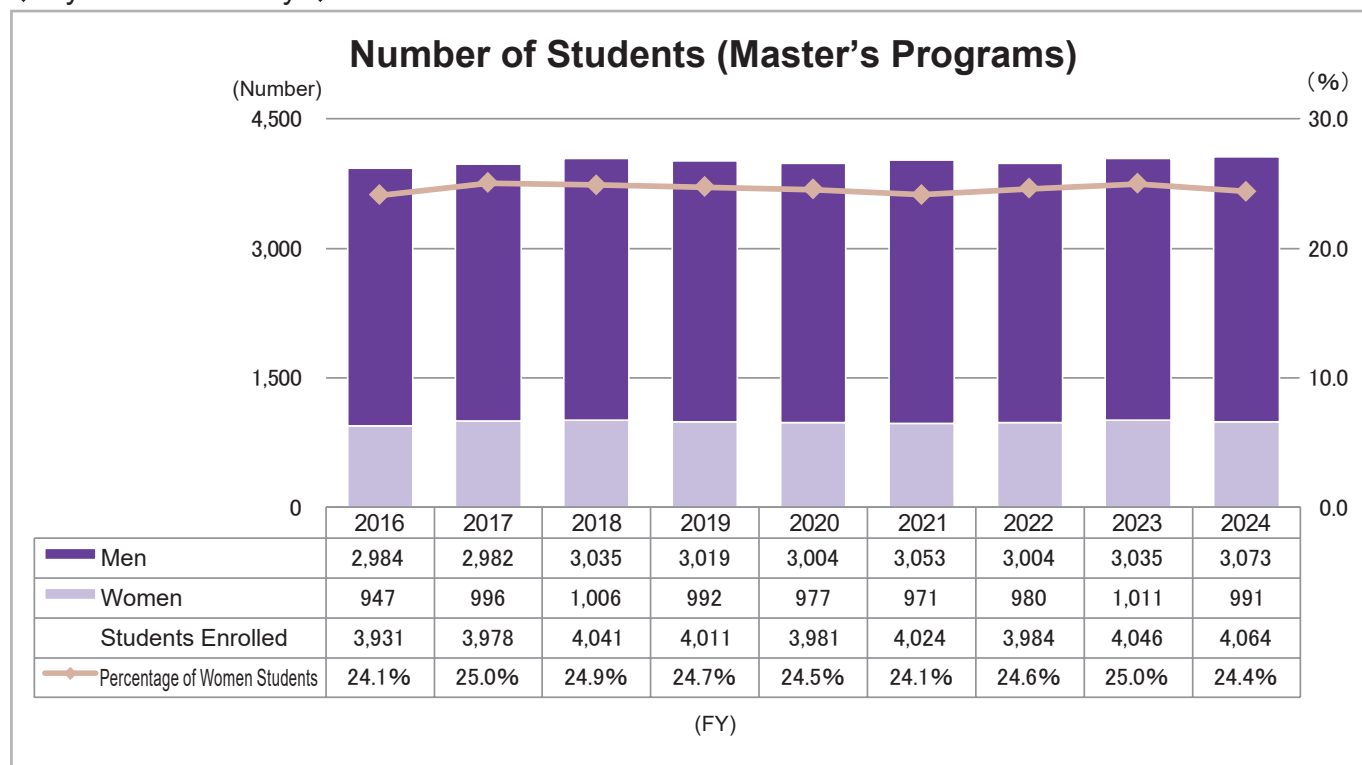


Source: Kyushu University Information

3-2. Number of Students (Master's Programs)

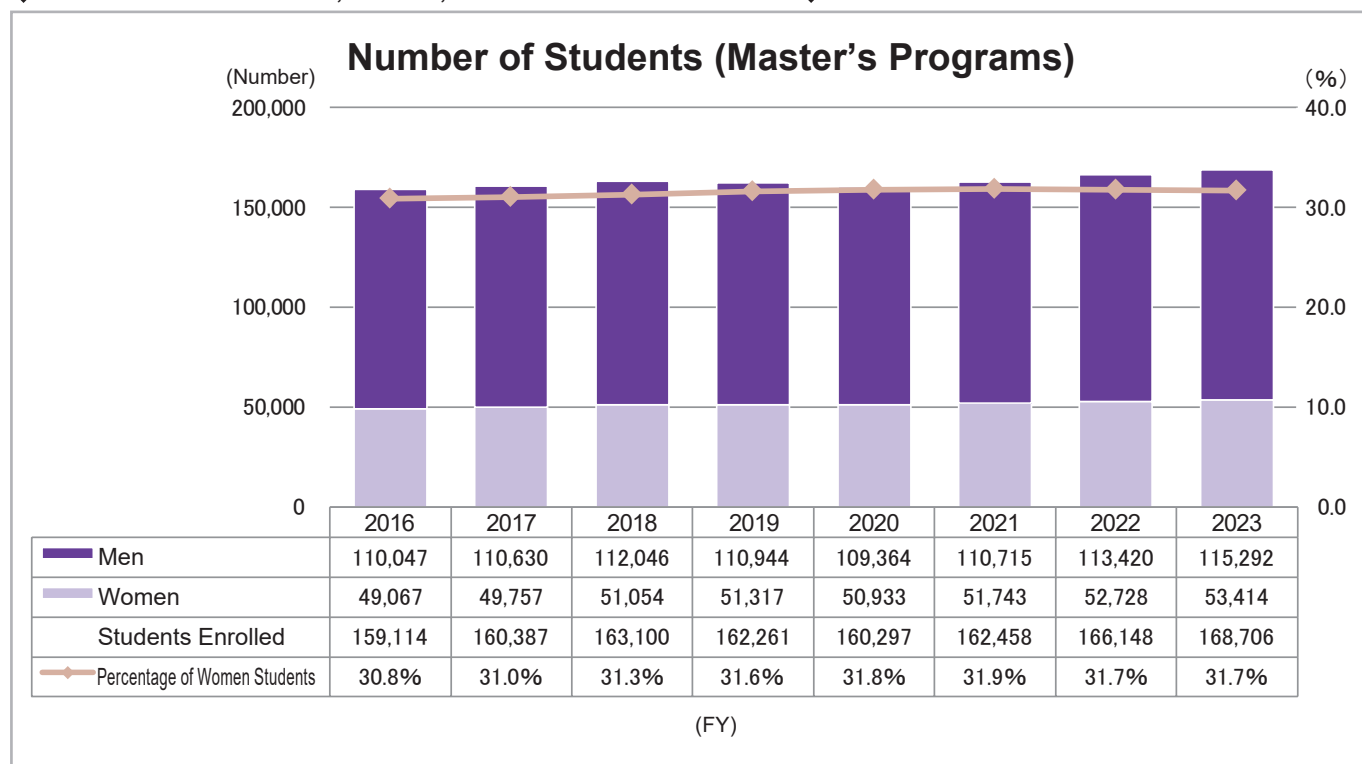
3-2-1. Number of Students (Master's Programs: Overall)

◆ Kyushu University ◆



Source: Kyushu University Information

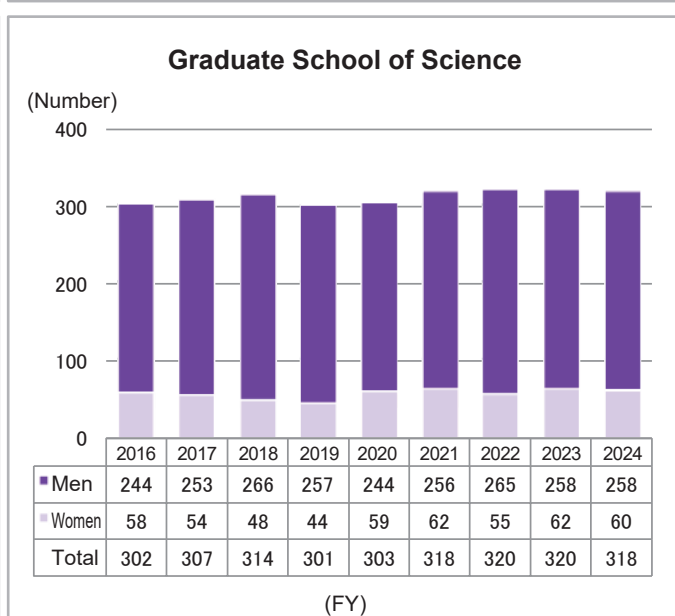
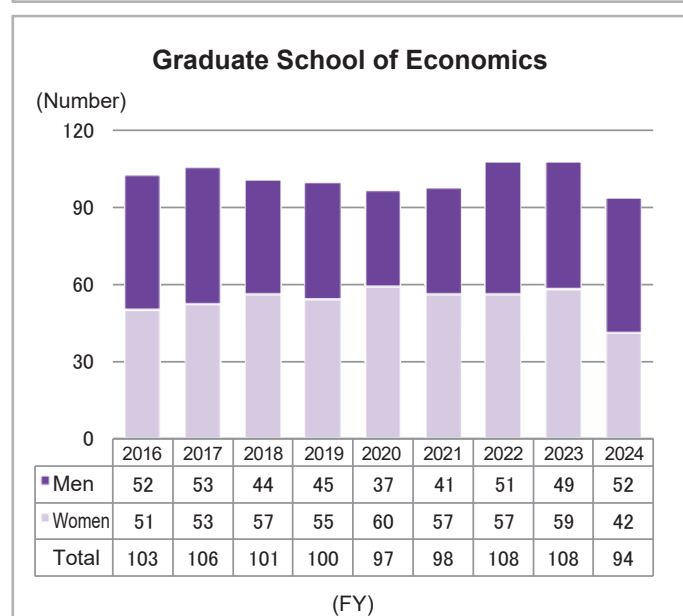
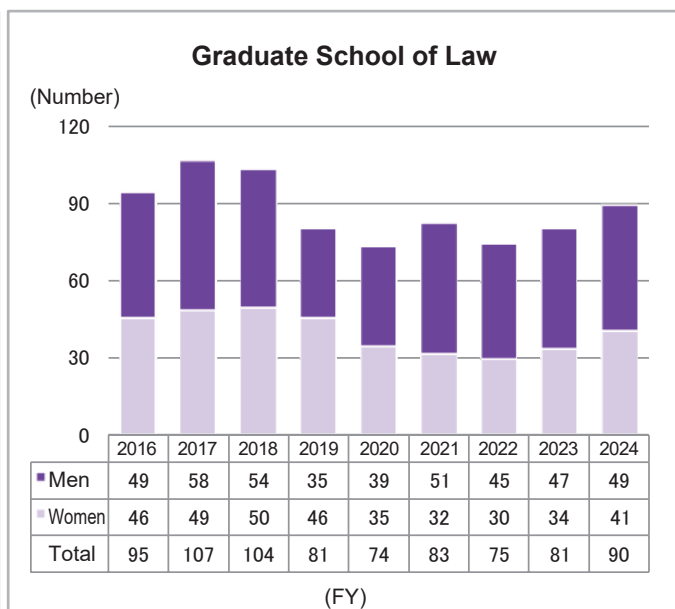
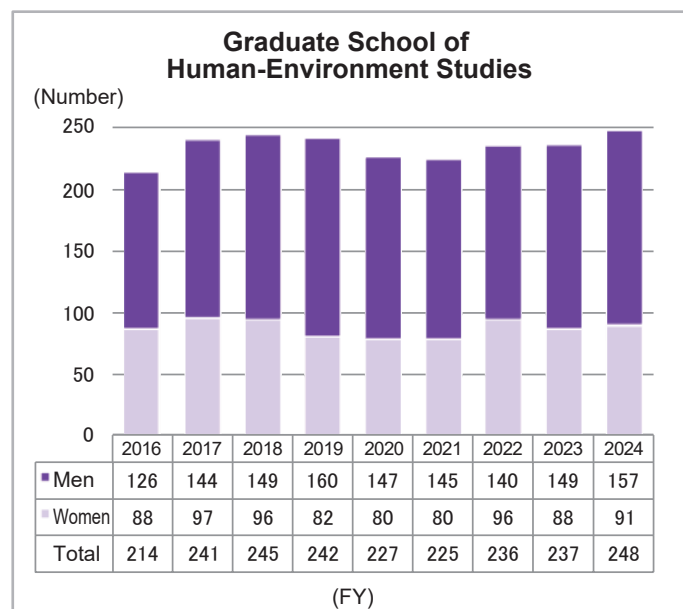
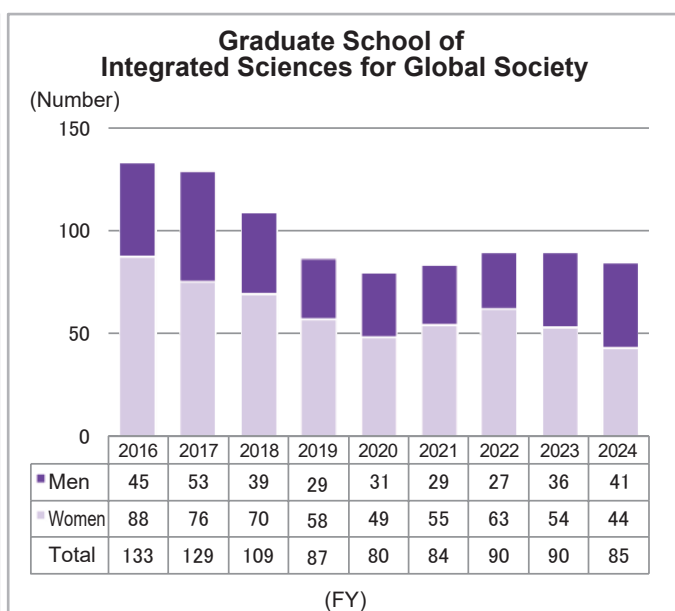
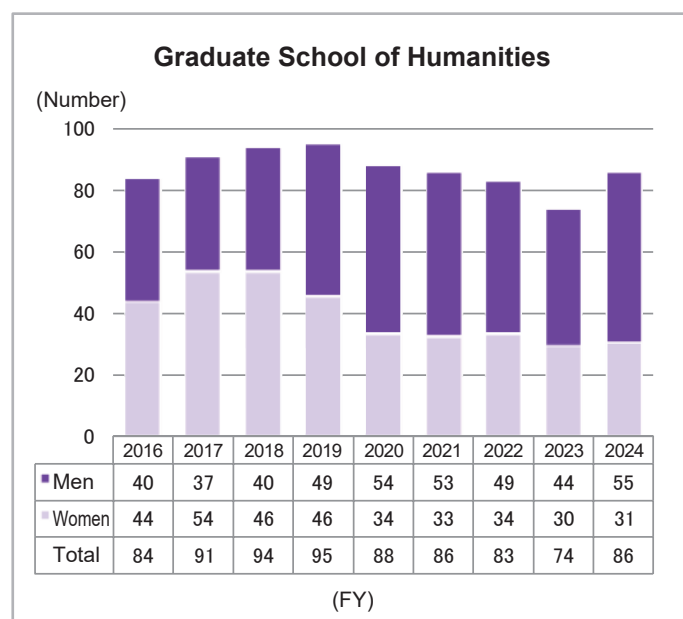
◆ Nationwide: National, Public, and Private Universities ◆



• Number of students includes those enrolled in Master's and Doctoral Programs, including 1st and 2nd year of integrated programs other than those related to medical, dental, pharmaceutical sciences (4-year) and veterinary-related medical sciences.

Source: MEXT, Basic School Survey, Number of students by Graduate School Major

3-2-2. Number of Students (Master's Programs: by Graduate School)



Source: Kyushu University Information

3-2-2. Number of Students (Master's Programs: by Graduate School) (Continued)

Graduate School of Mathematics

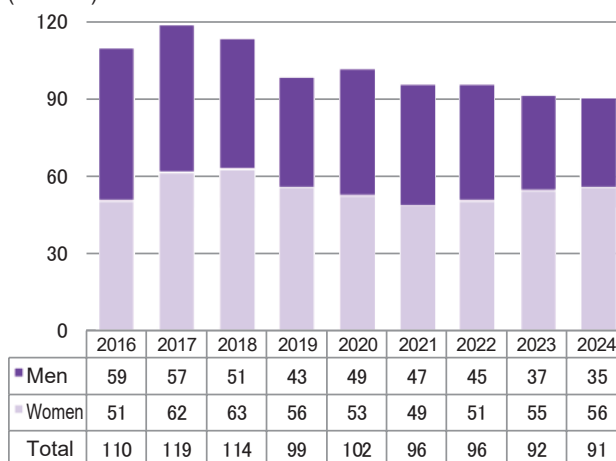
(Number)



(FY)

Graduate School of Medical Sciences

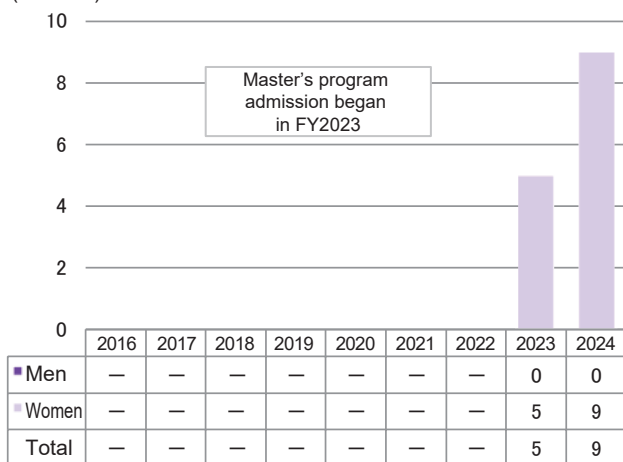
(Number)



(FY)

Graduate School of Dental Science

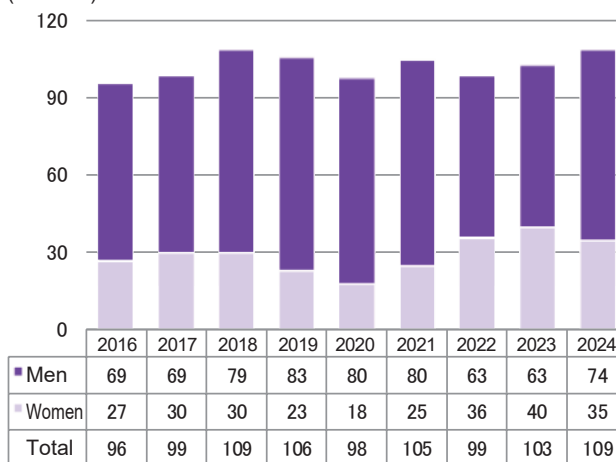
(Number)



(FY)

Graduate School of Pharmaceutical Sciences

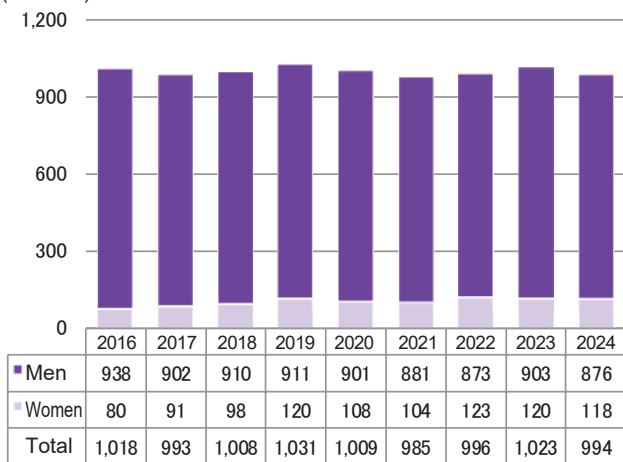
(Number)



(FY)

Graduate School of Engineering

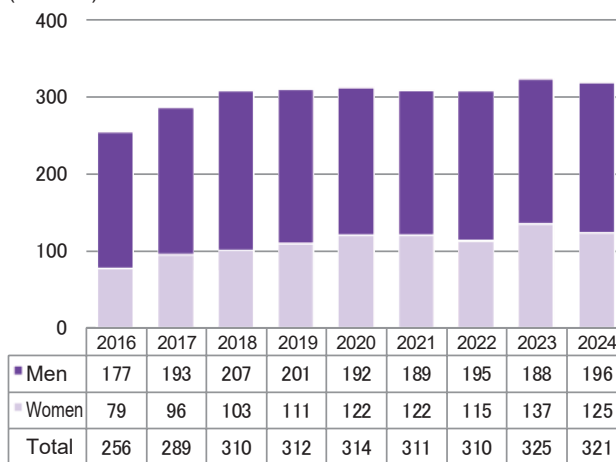
(Number)



(FY)

Graduate School of Design

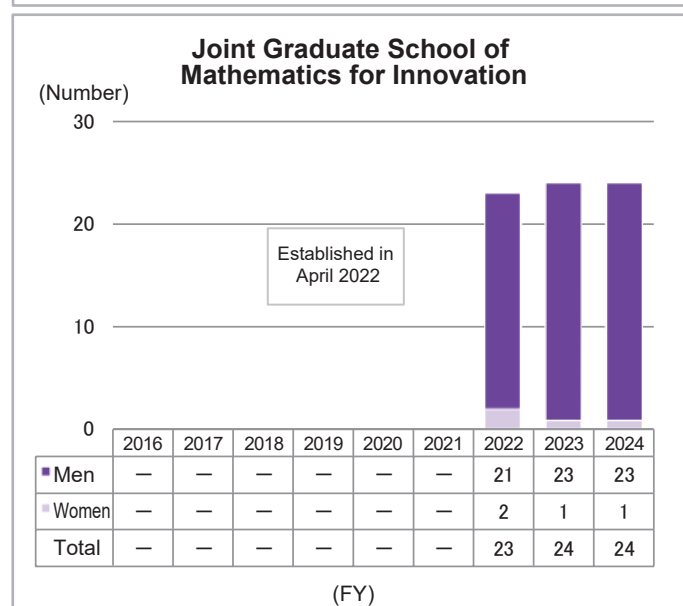
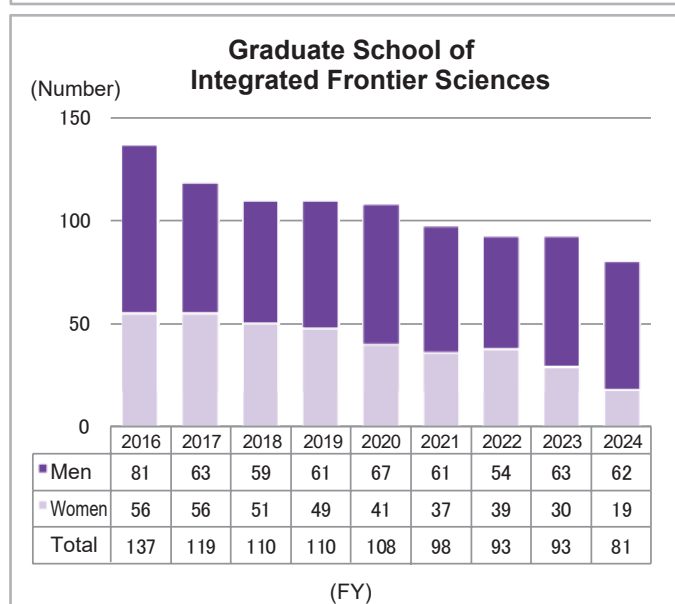
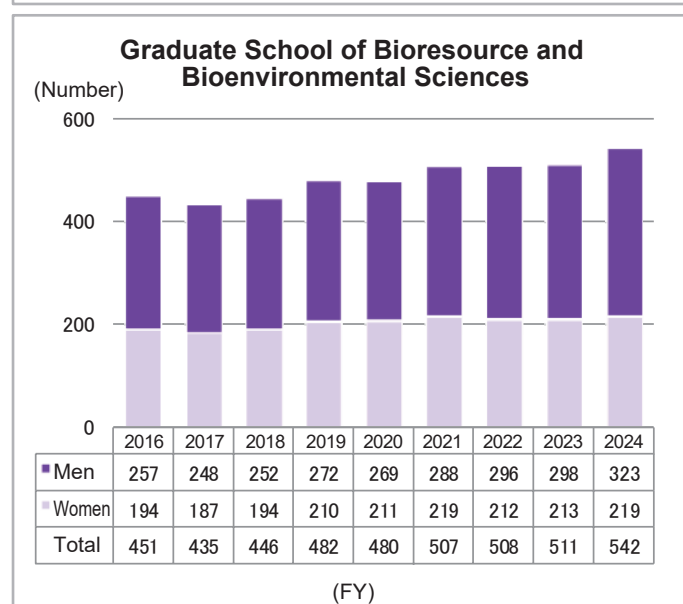
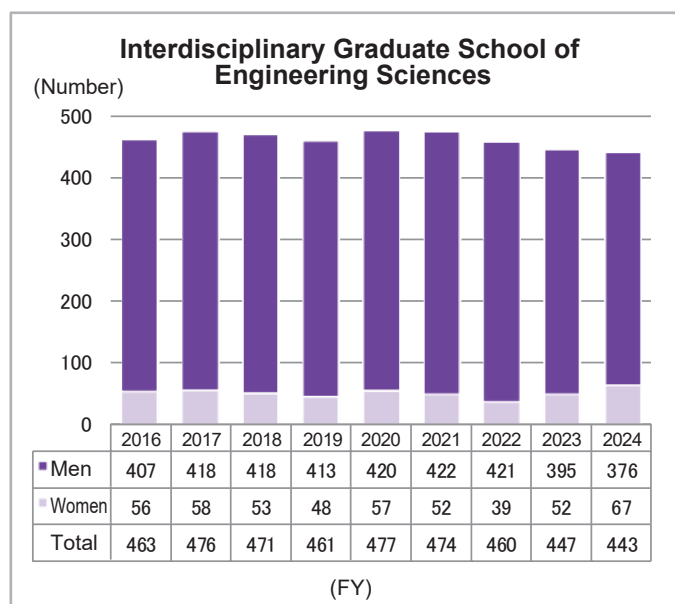
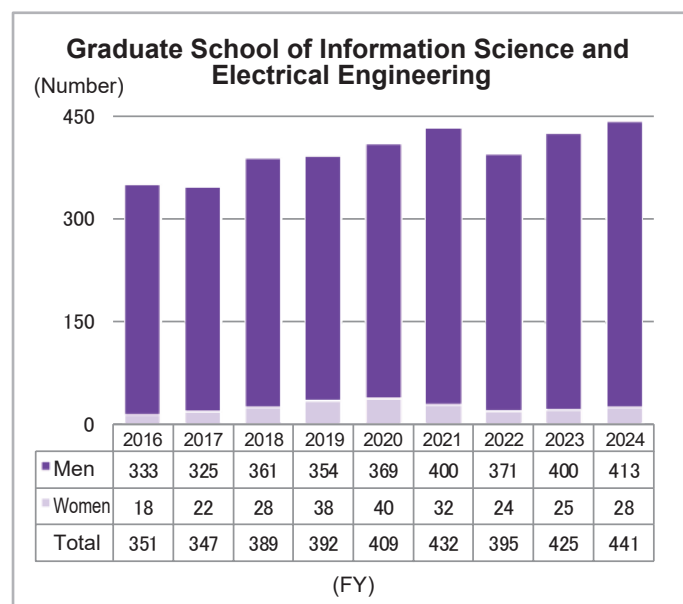
(Number)



(FY)

Source: Kyushu University Information

3-2-2. Number of Students (Undergraduate: by School) (Continued)



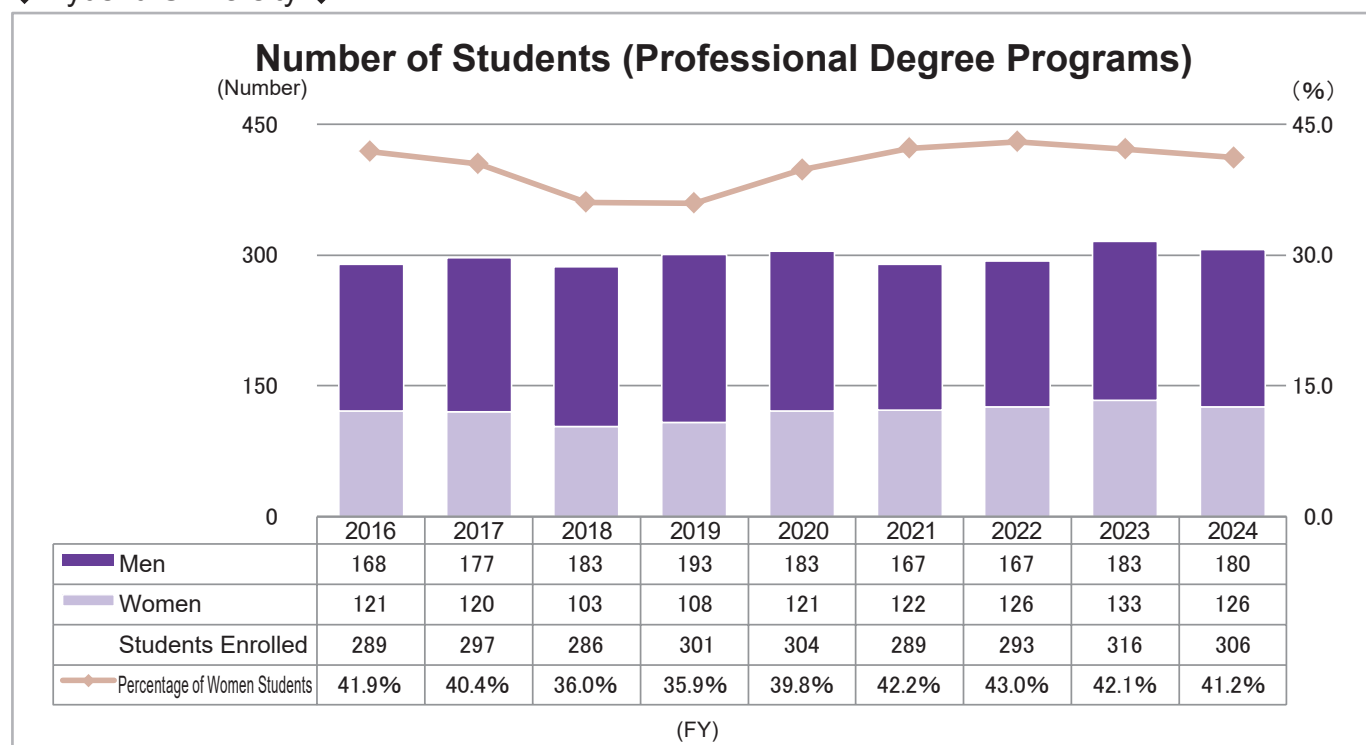
• Number of students in the Joint Graduate School of Mathematics for Innovation is included in the figures for each of the cooperating graduate schools (the Graduate Schools of Mathematics, Information Science and Electrical Engineering, and Economics).

Source: Kyushu University Information

3-3. Number of Students (Professional Degree Programs)

3-3-1. Number of Students (Professional Degree Programs: Overall)

◆ Kyushu University ◆



• Professional Degree Program:

Professional Graduate School of Applied Clinical Psychology: Department of Clinical Psychology Practice, Graduate School of Human-Environment Studies

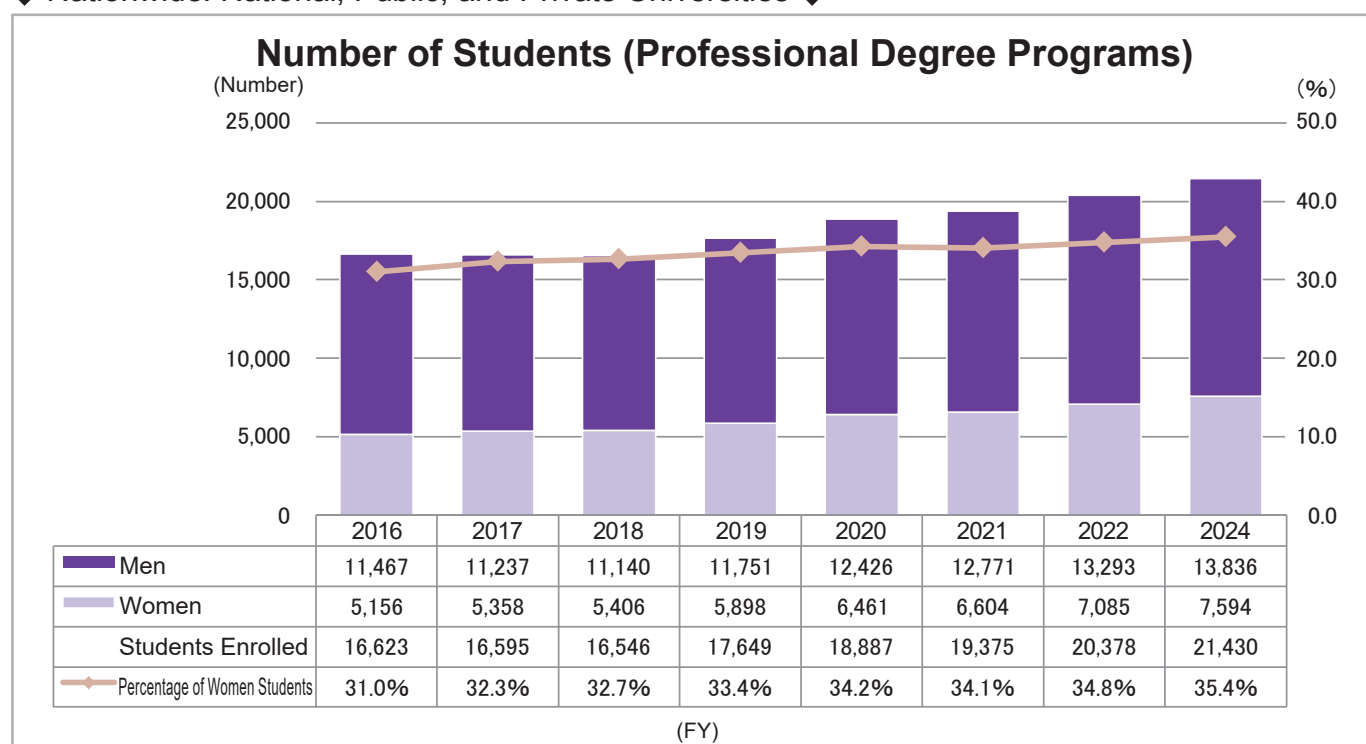
Law School: Department of Legal Practice, Graduate School of Law

Business School: Department of Business and Technology Management, Graduate School of Economics

Professional Graduate School of Public Health: Department of Health Care Administration and Management, Graduate School of Medical Sciences

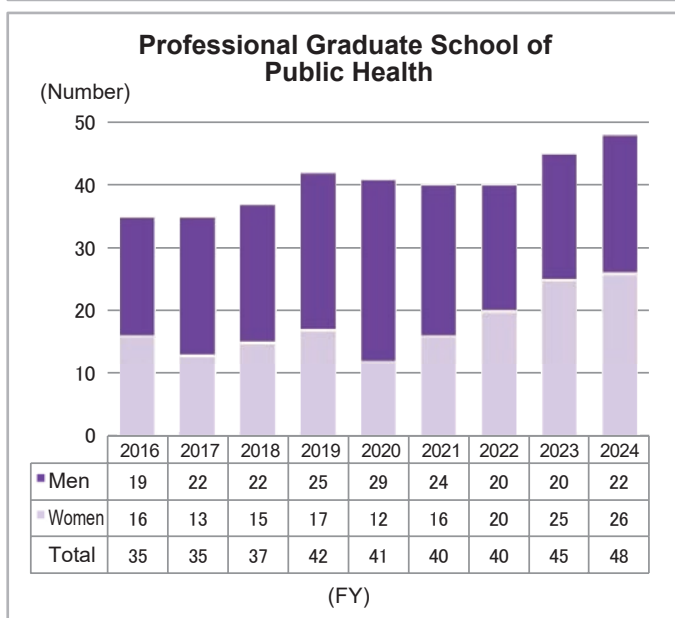
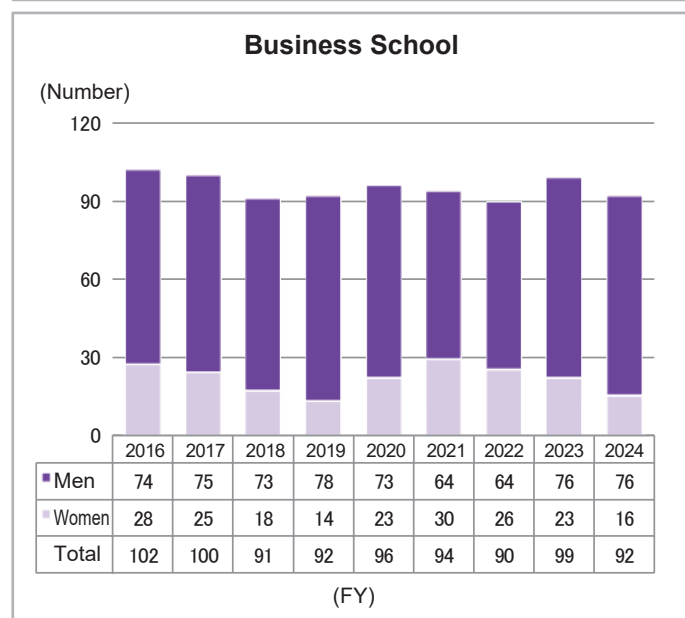
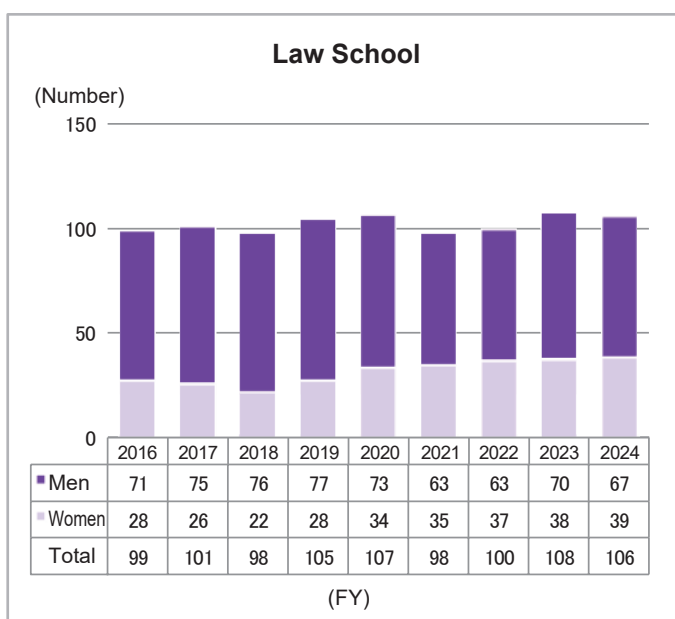
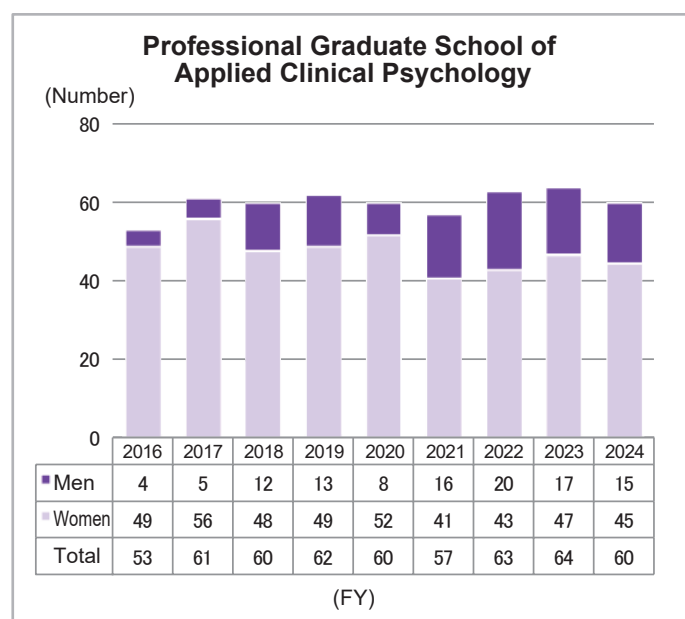
Source: *Kyushu University Information*

◆ Nationwide: National, Public, and Private Universities ◆



Source: MEXT, *Basic School Survey*, Number of students by Graduate School Major

3-3-2. Number of Students (Professional Degree Programs: by Graduate School)

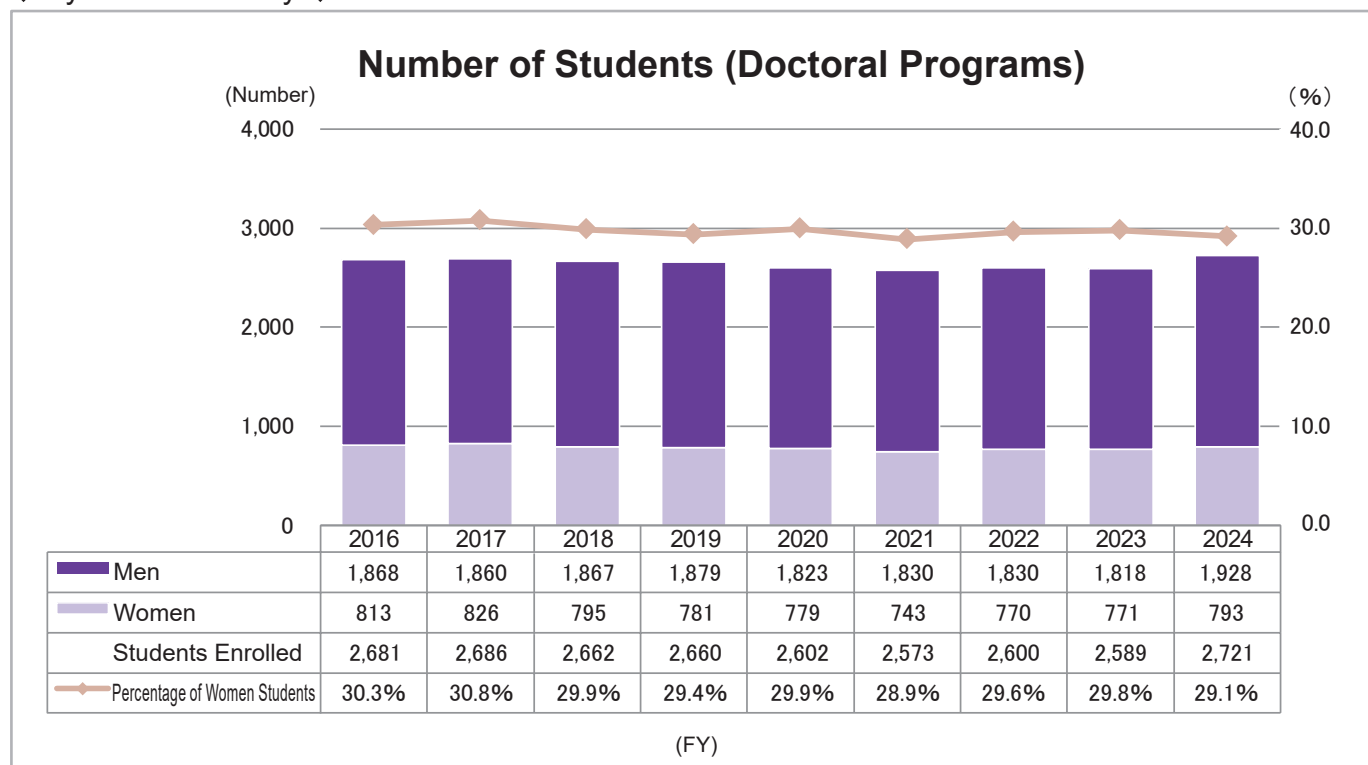


Source: Kyushu University Information

3-4. Number of Students (Doctoral Programs)

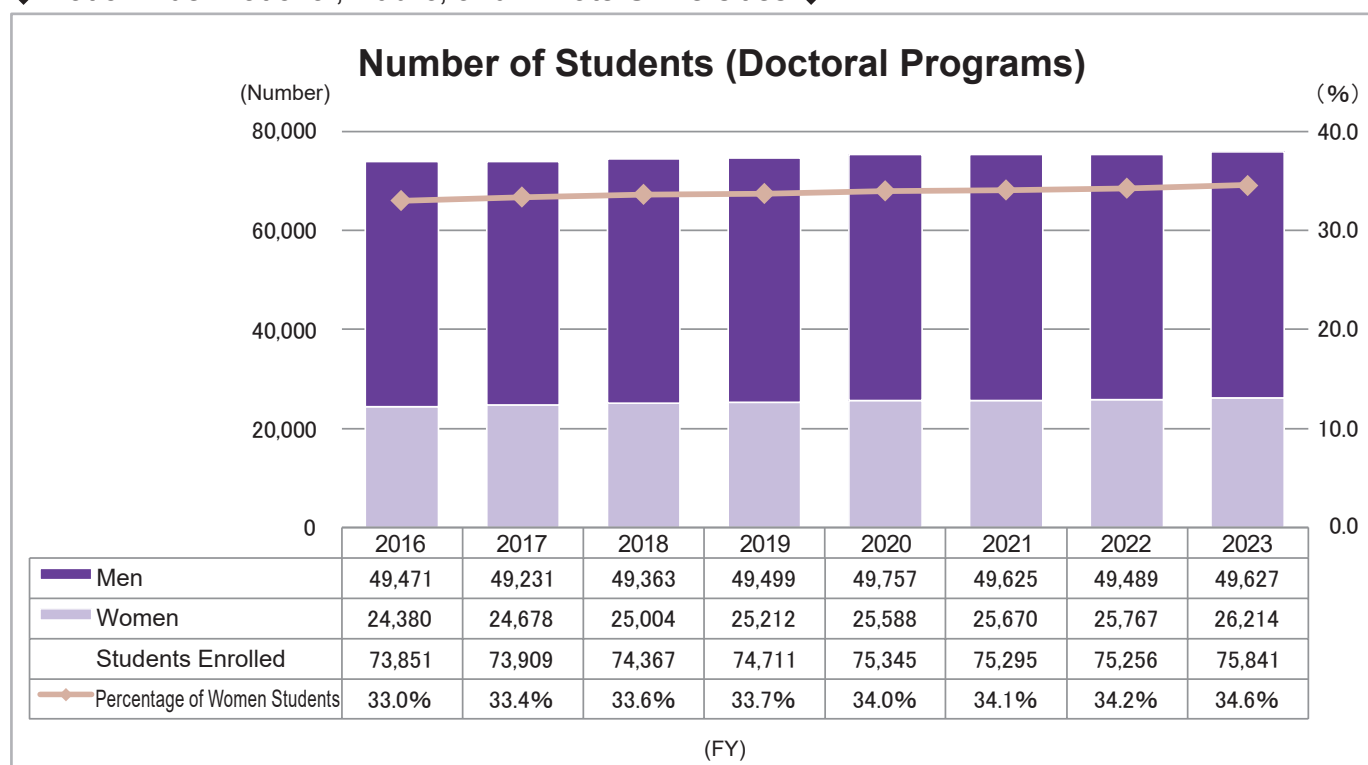
3-4-1. Number of Students (Doctoral Programs: Overall)

◆ Kyushu University ◆



Source: Kyushu University Information

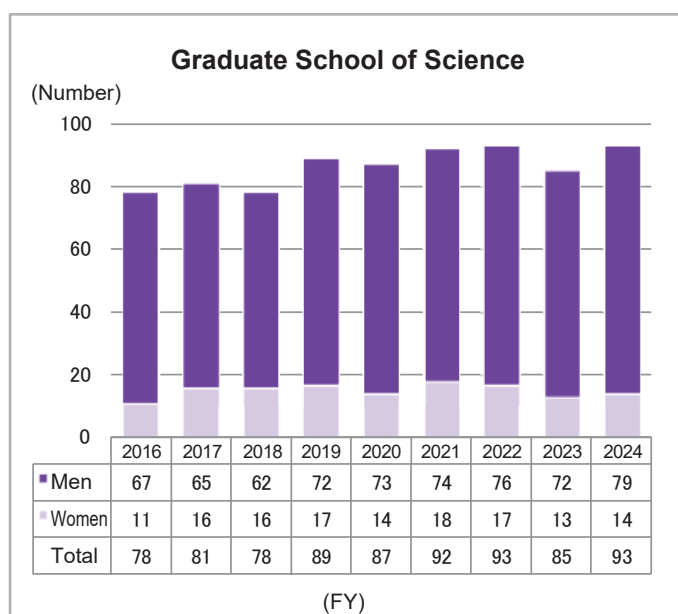
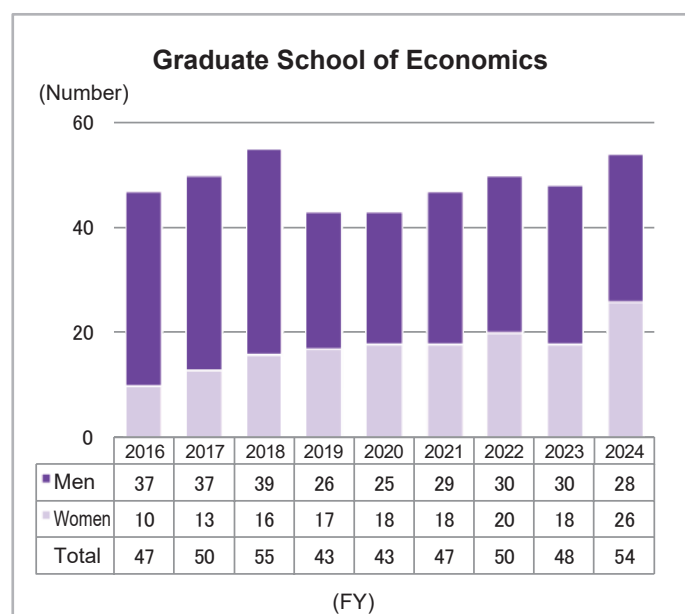
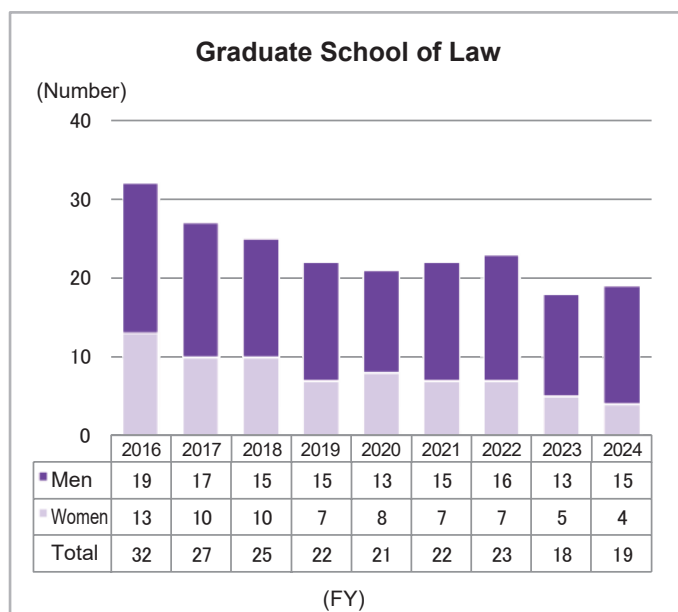
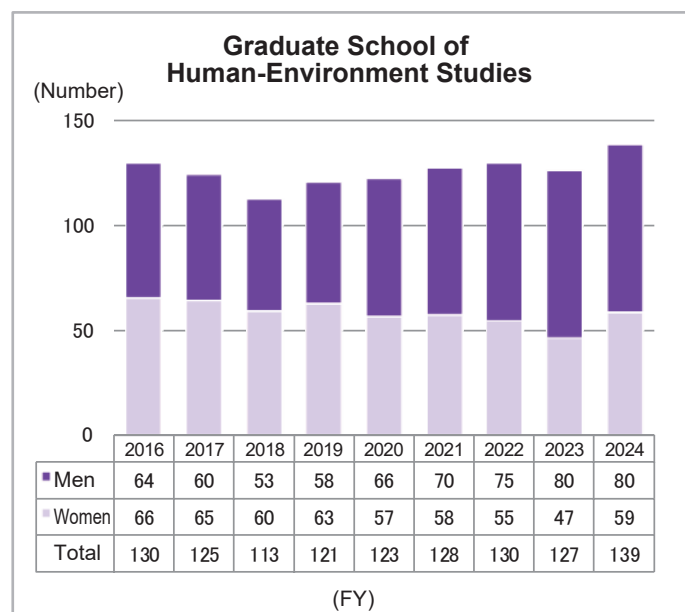
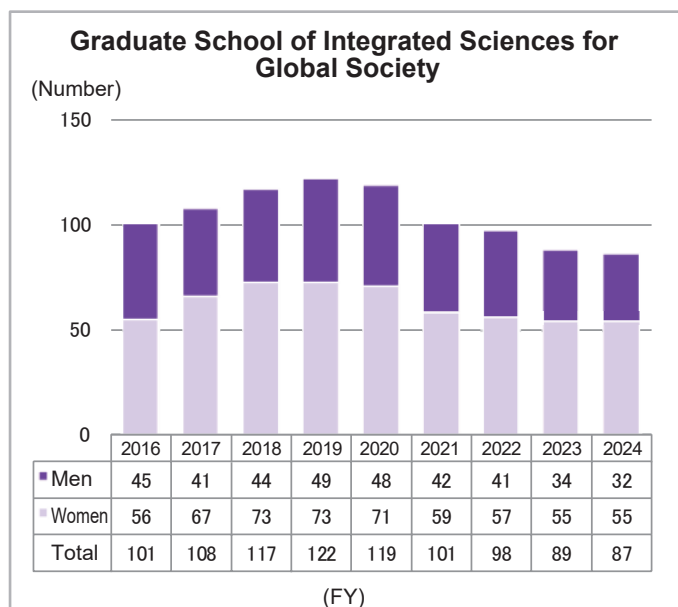
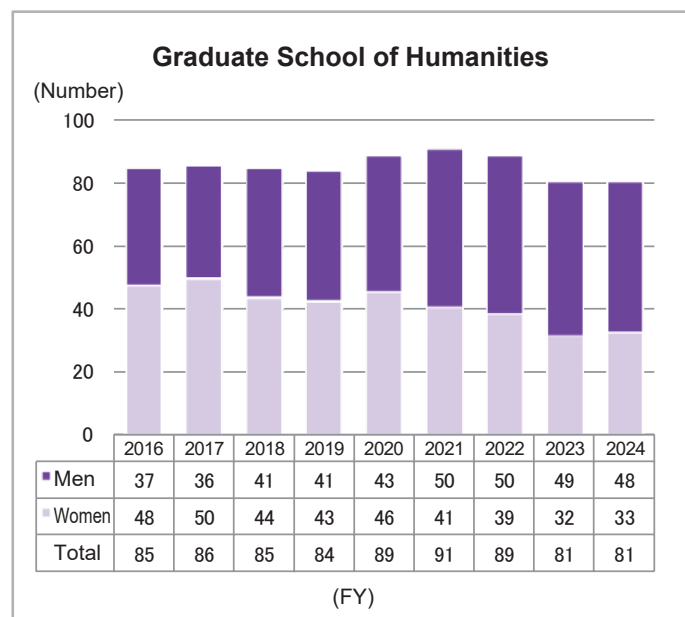
◆ Nationwide: National, Public, and Private Universities ◆



- Number of students includes Department of Multidisciplinary Medical and Dental Sciences.
- Number of students includes the 5th year of college students in a five-year program.

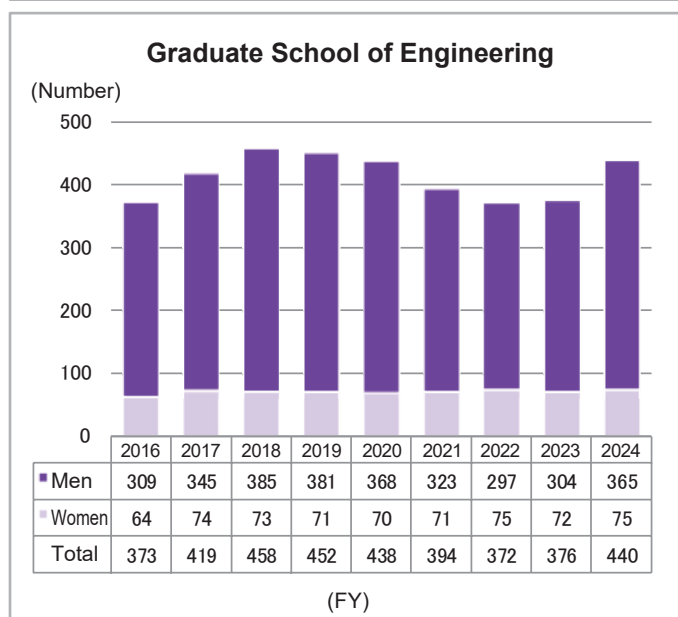
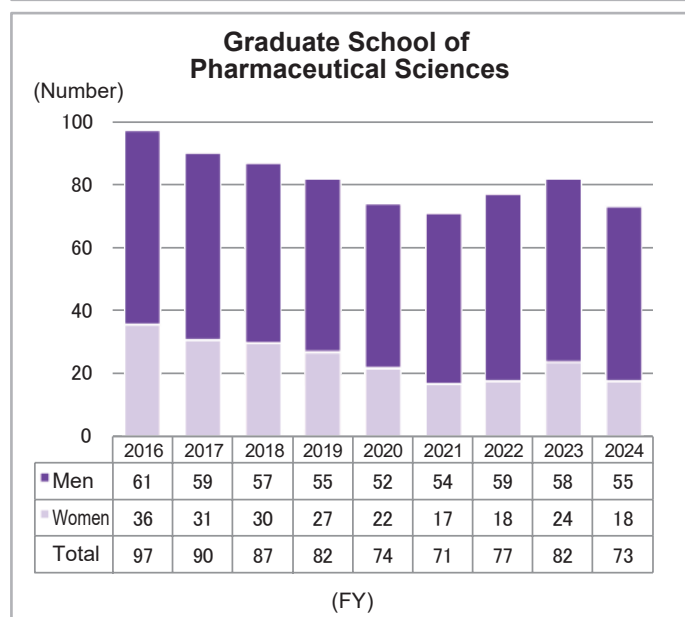
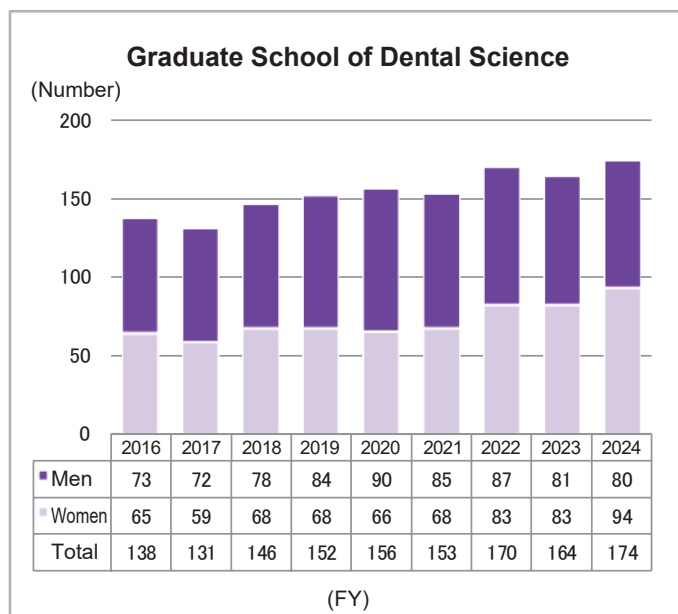
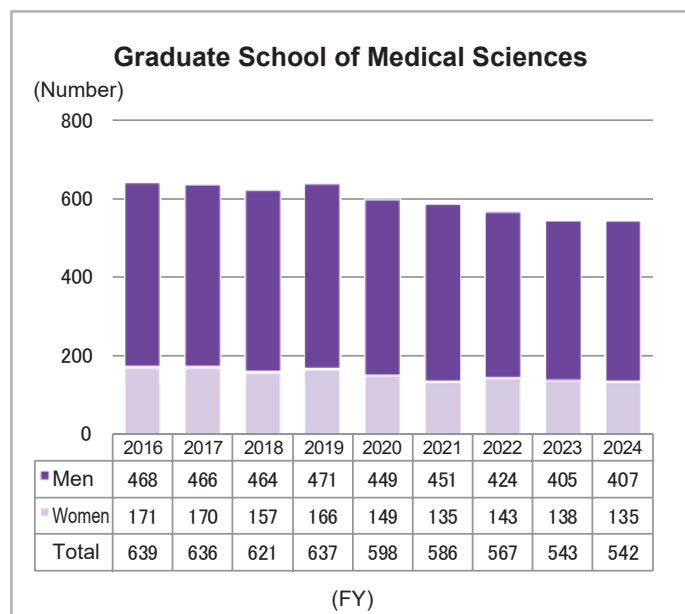
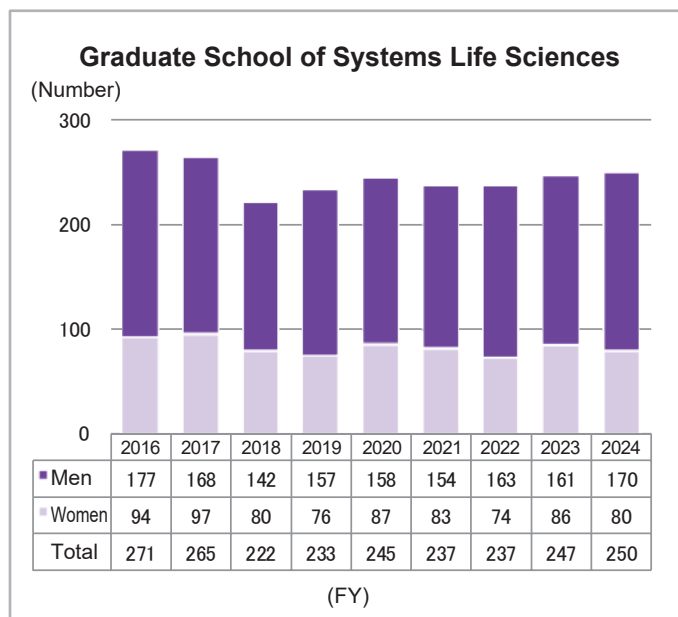
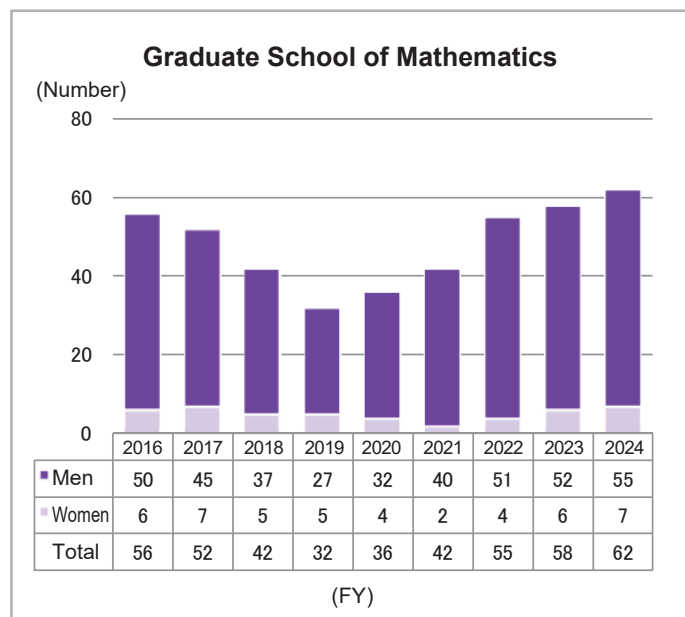
Source: MEXT, Basic School Survey, Number of students by Graduate School Major

3-4-2. Number of Students (Doctoral Programs: by Graduate School)



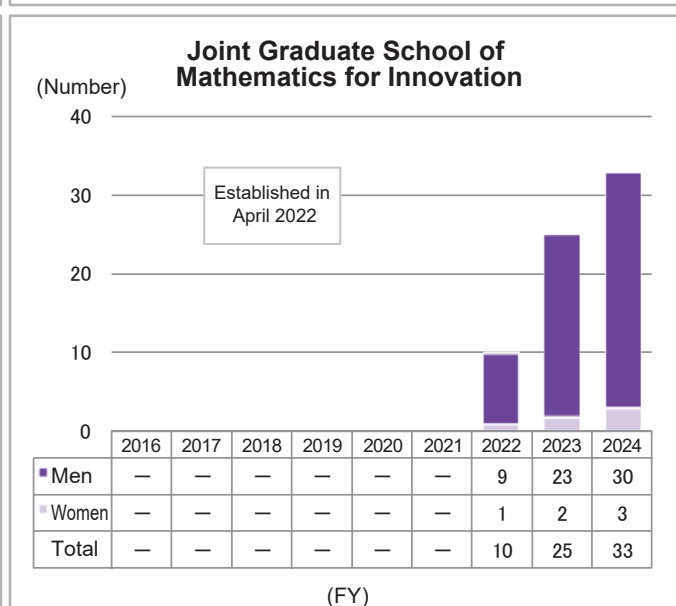
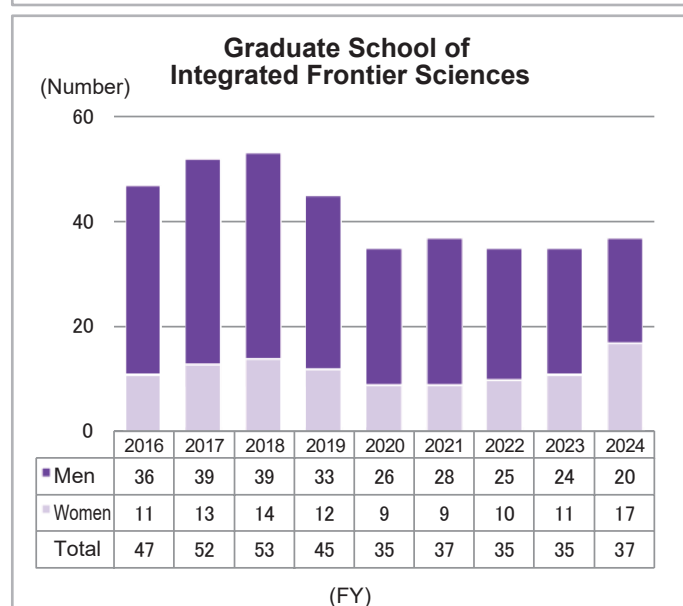
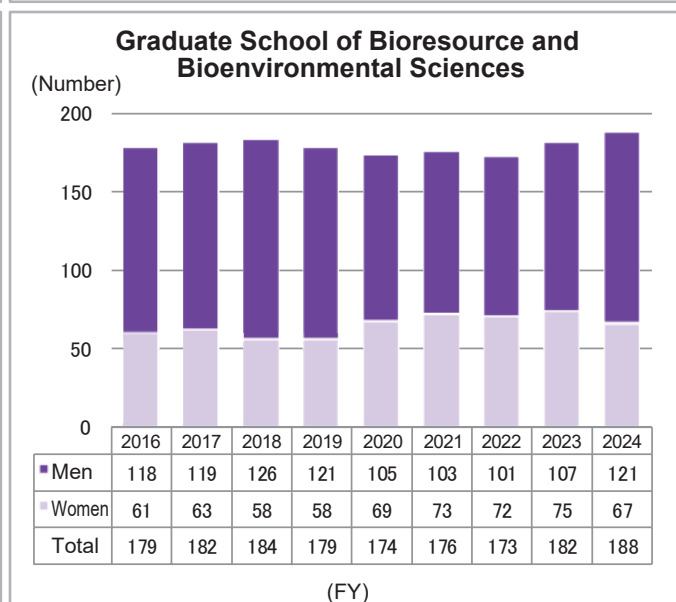
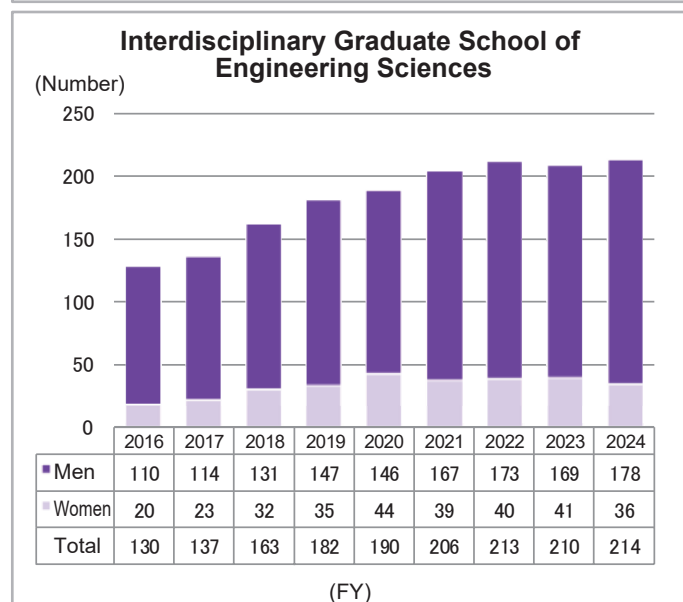
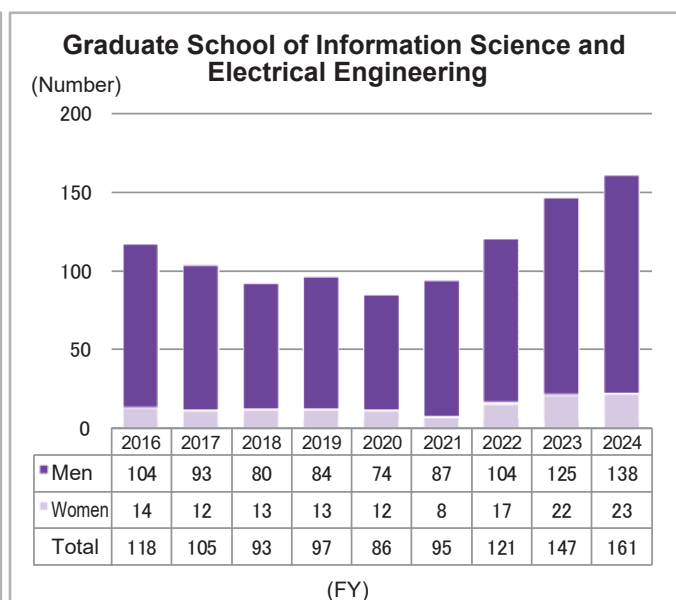
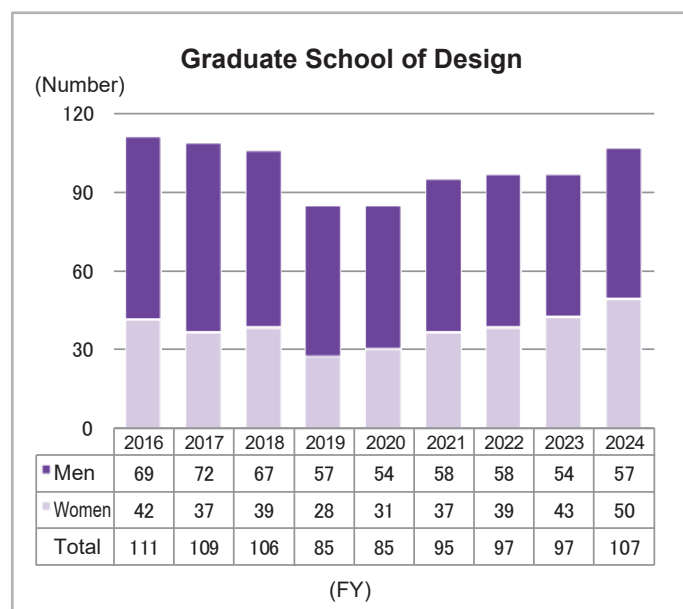
Source: Kyushu University Information

3-4-2. Number of Students (Doctoral Programs: by Graduate School) (Continued)



Source: Kyushu University Information

3-4-2. Number of Students (Doctoral Programs: by Graduate School) (Continued)



• Number of students in the Joint Graduate School of Mathematics for Innovation is included in the figures for each of the cooperating graduate schools (the Graduate Schools of Mathematics, Information Science and Electrical Engineering, and Economics).

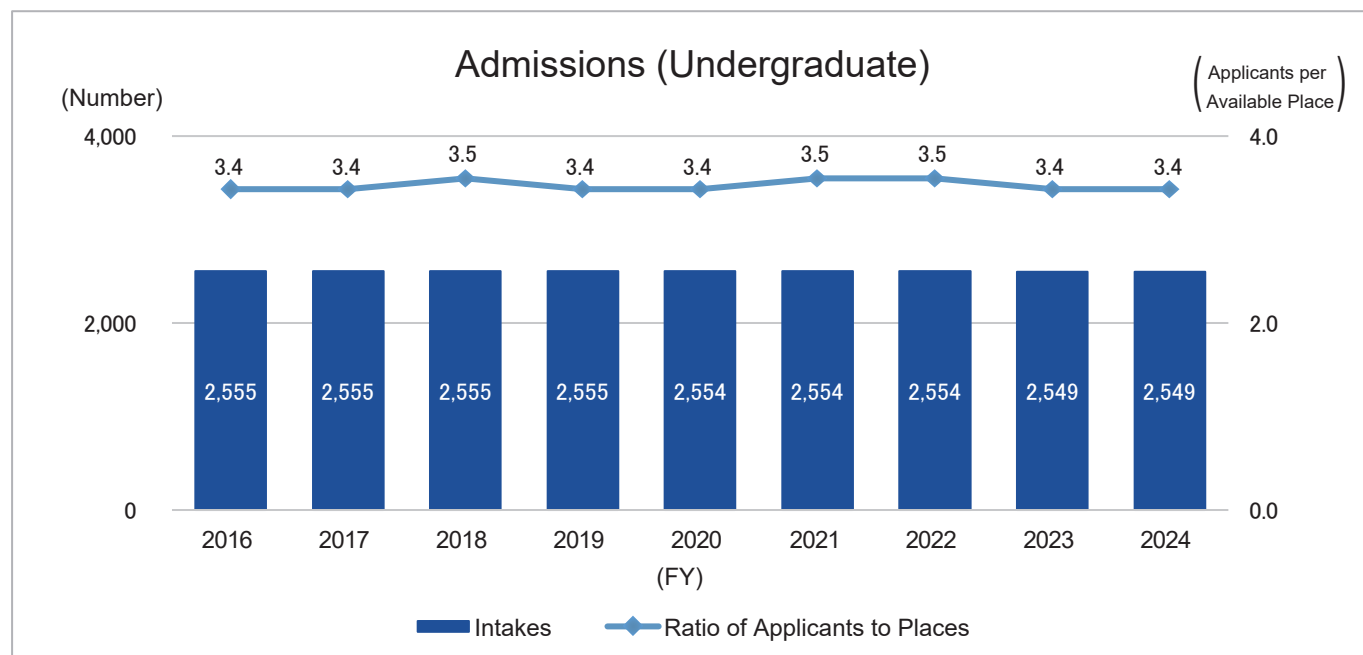
Source: Kyushu University Information

4. Admissions

4-1. Admissions (Undergraduate)

4-1-1. Admissions (Undergraduate: Overall)

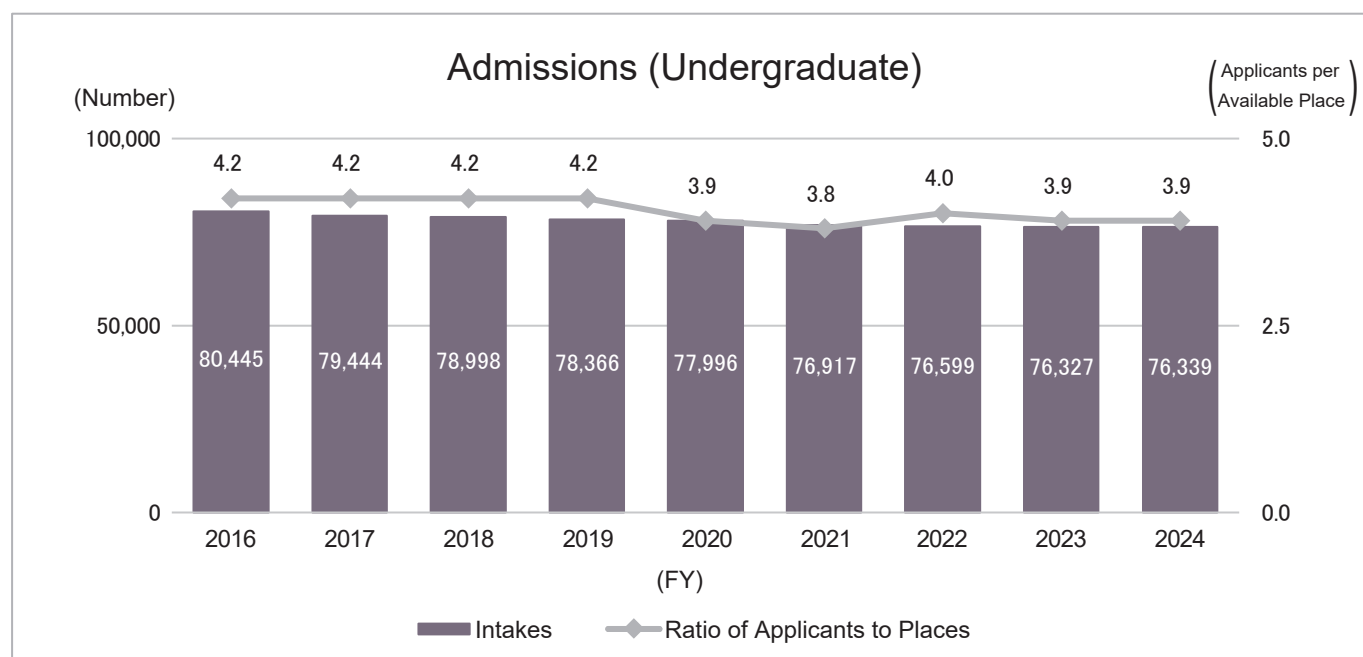
◆ Kyushu University ◆



- The figures include General Admission (First), General Admission (Second), Integrated Admission (A.O. entrance examination), Recommendation-Based Admission (examinations for recommended applicants), Returnee Students Admission, International Students Admission for April Entry and October Entry (including Japanese government scholarship students, etc.), International Admission (School of Education), re-examine.
- The ratio of applicants to places is calculated as the number of applicants divided by the places available.

Source: Student Affairs Department

◆ Nationwide: National Universities ◆

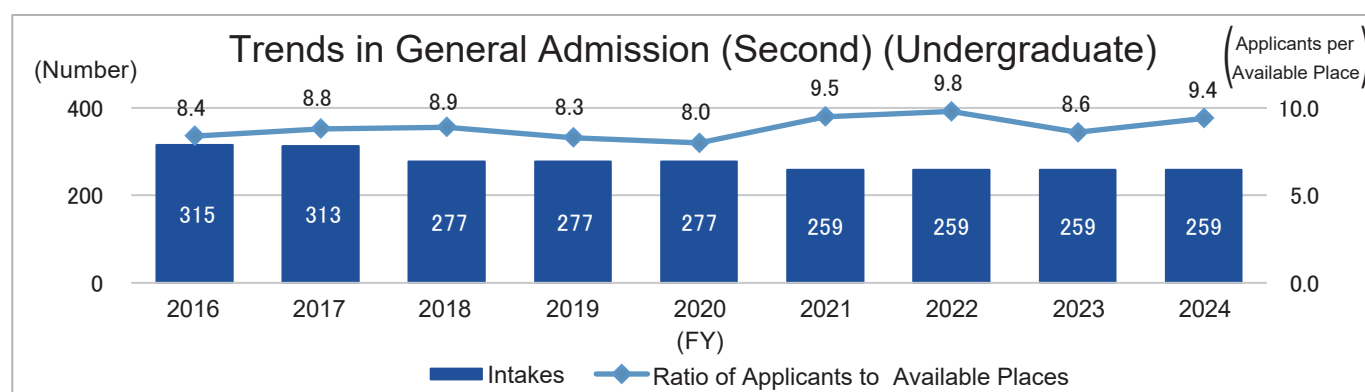
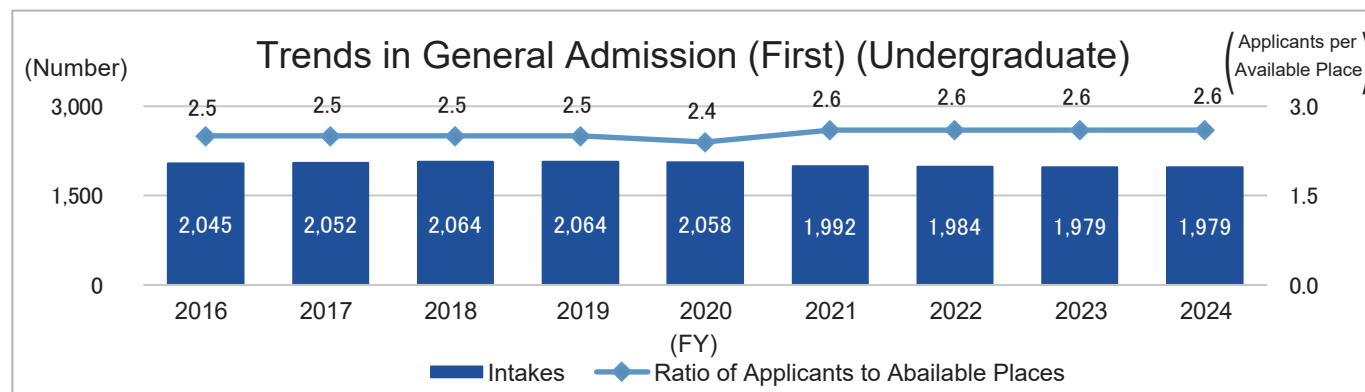


- Number of students recruited and the number of applicants relate to the general admission.
- The ratio of applicants to places is calculated as the number of applicants divided by the places available.

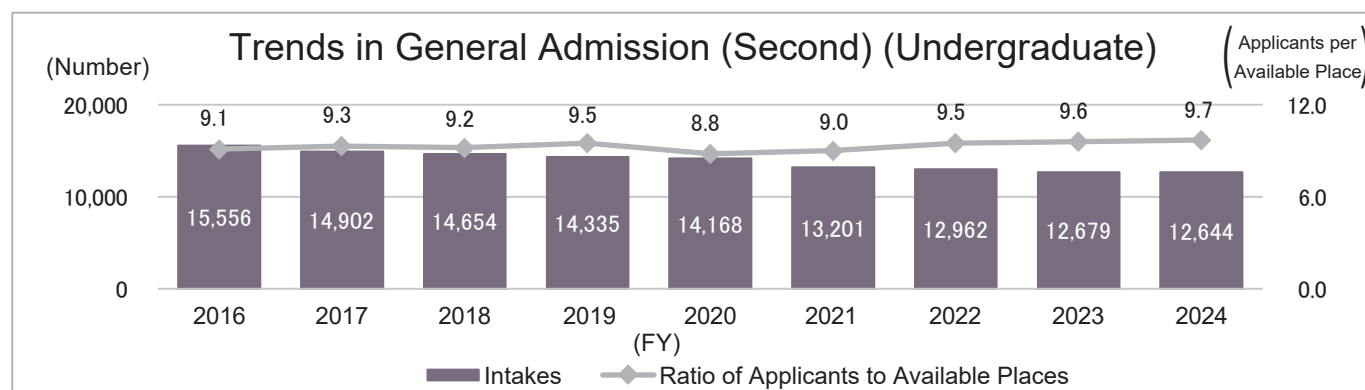
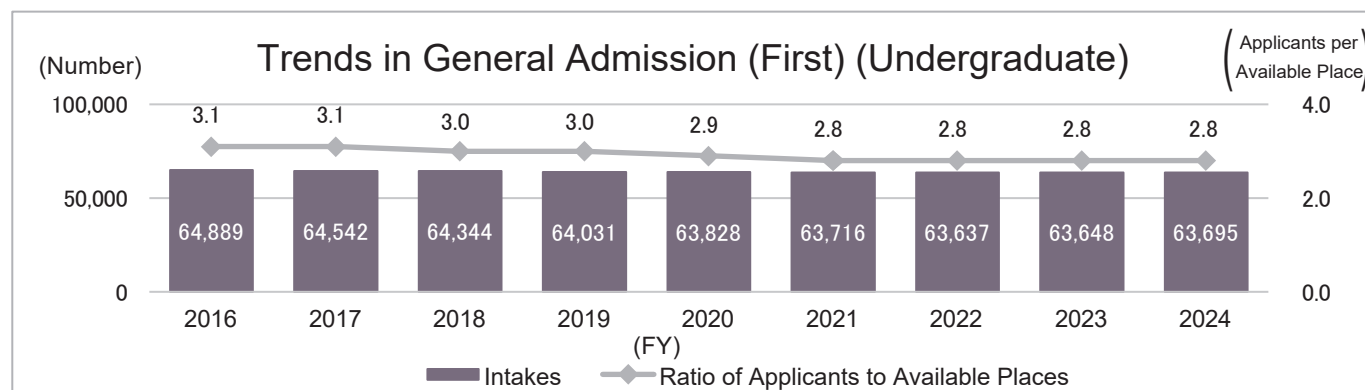
Source: MEXT, *Status of Applications for Selection of Entrants to National and Public Universities*

4-1-2. Admissions (Undergraduate: by Date)

◆ Kyushu University ◆



◆ Nationwide: National Universities ◆

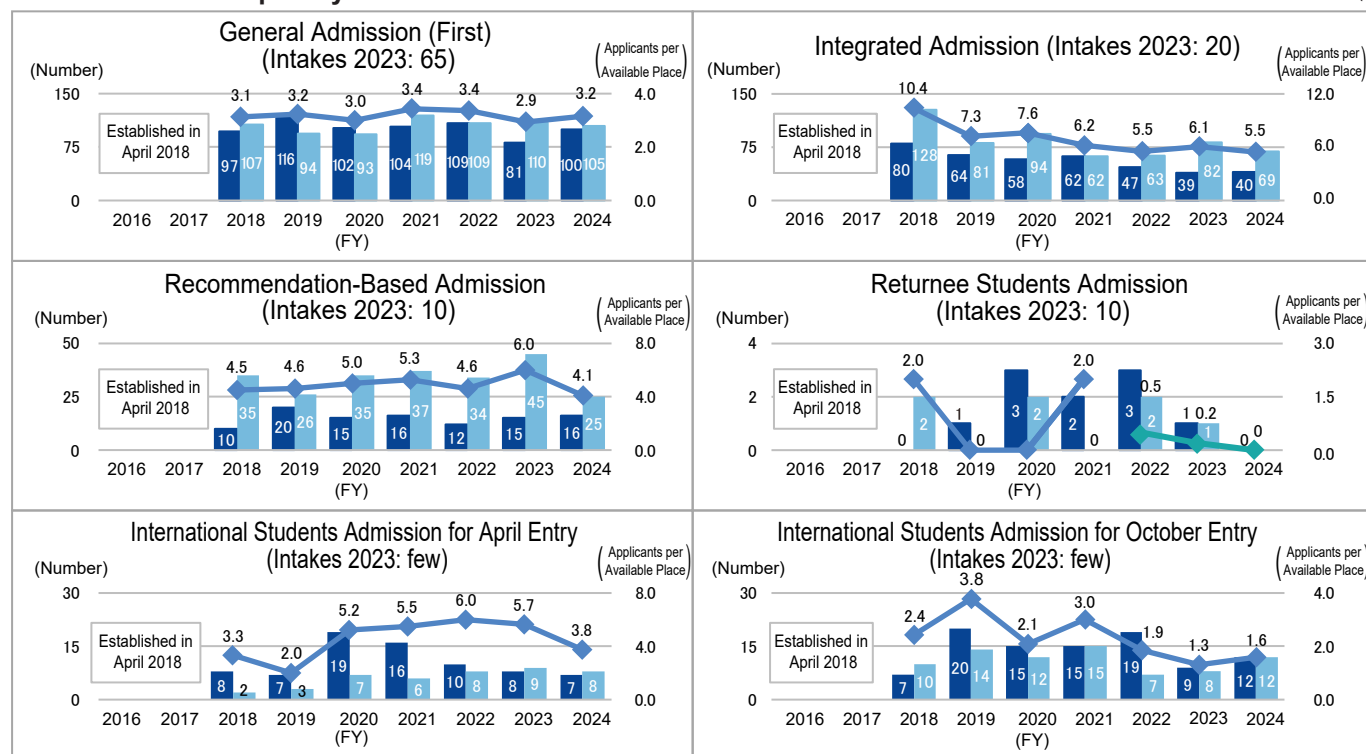


Source: MEXT, *Status of Applications for Selection of Entrants to National and Public Universities*

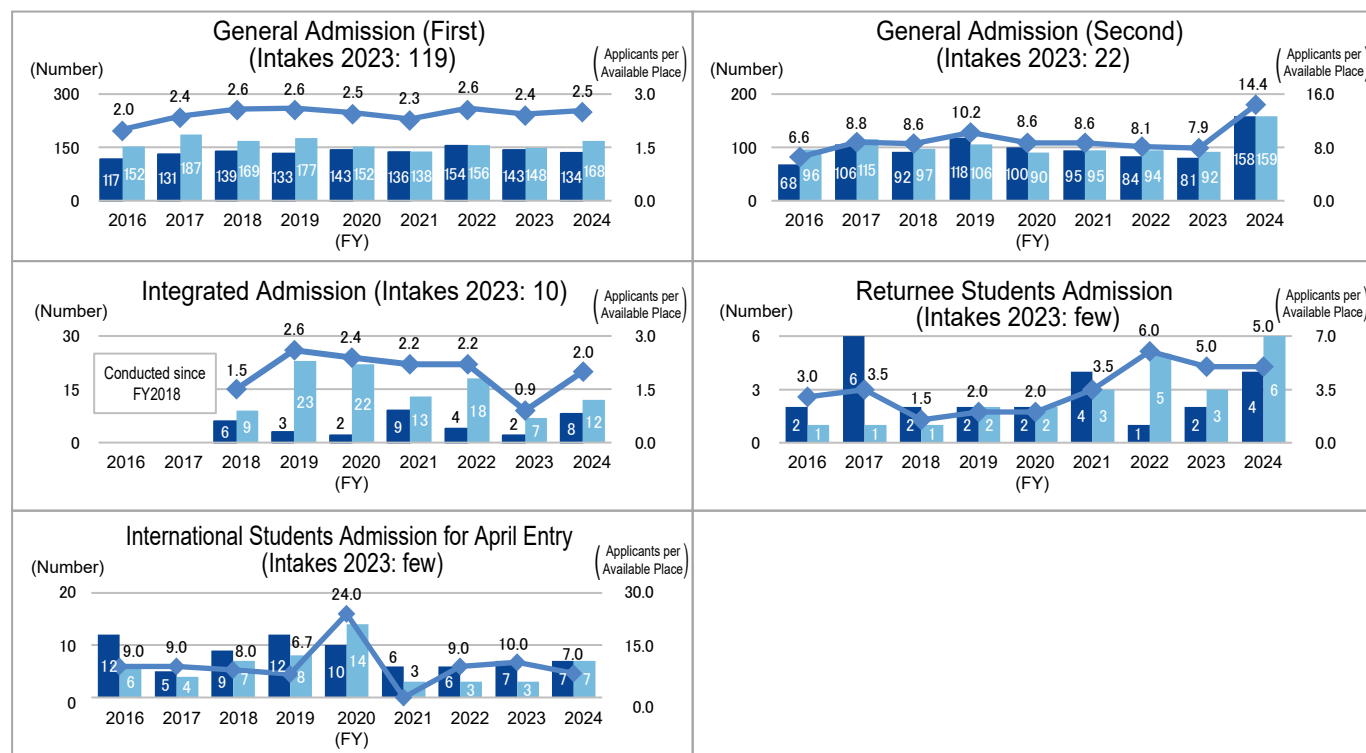
4-1-3. Admissions (Undergraduate: by School)

School of Interdisciplinary Science and Innovation

■ Men Applicants ■ Women Applicants ◆ Ratio of Applicants to Available Places (*1)



School of Letters

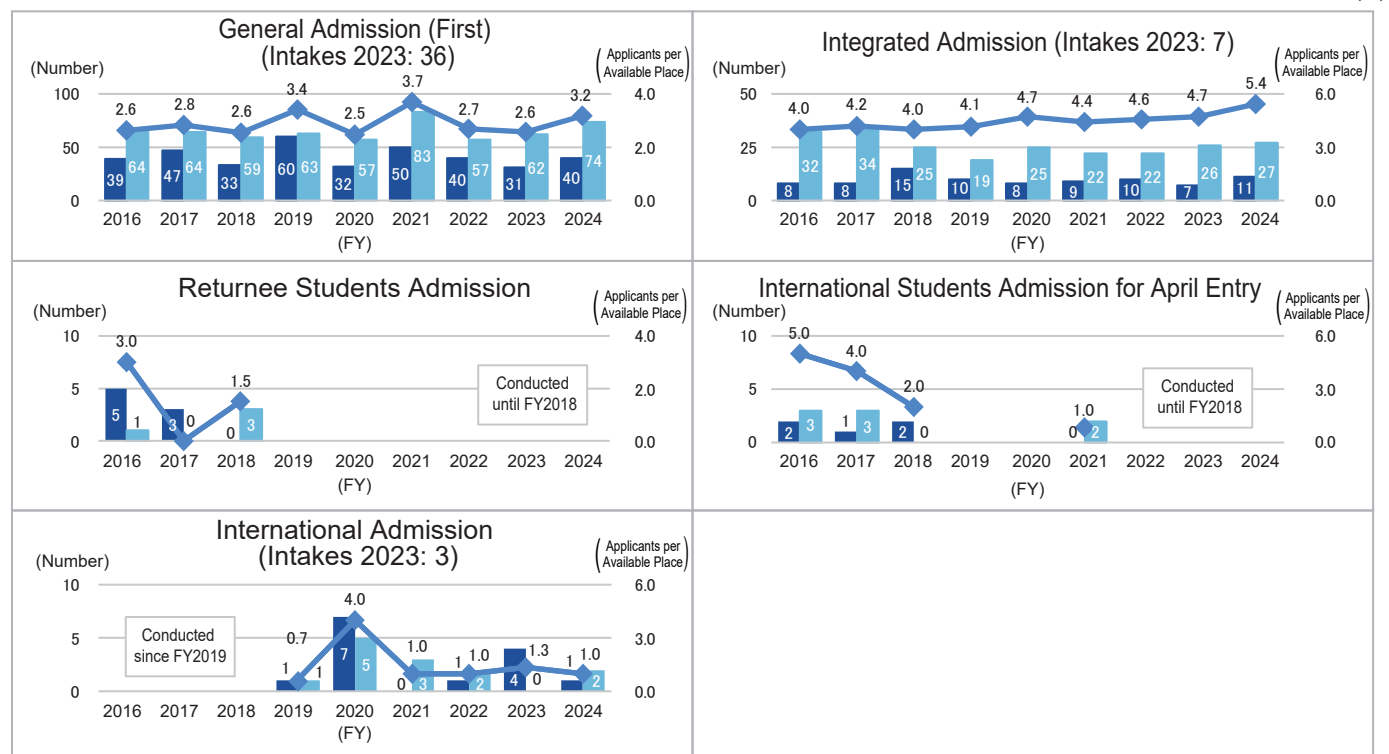


- Integrated Admission was renamed from A.O. Admission in FY2021.
 - Recommendation-Based Admission was renamed from Examinations for Recommended Applicants in FY2021.
 - "Recommendation-Based Admission" is only available for admission to the School of Interdisciplinary Science and Innovation, the School of Dentistry, and School of Design.
 - "International Students Admission for April Entry", includes examinations carried out by competent international students, whose admission is privately funded or paid for by the country / government, etc.
 - School of Interdisciplinary Science and Innovation: Until FY2021, the number of applicants taking the Returnee Students Admission was low, so the admission rate was calculated from the number of successful applicants; however, intake numbers have been clearly specified since FY2022.
- (*1) The ratio of applicants to places is calculated as the number of applicants divided by intakes. However, for entrance examinations with uncertain applicants, it is calculated from the number of applicants versus the number of successful applicants.

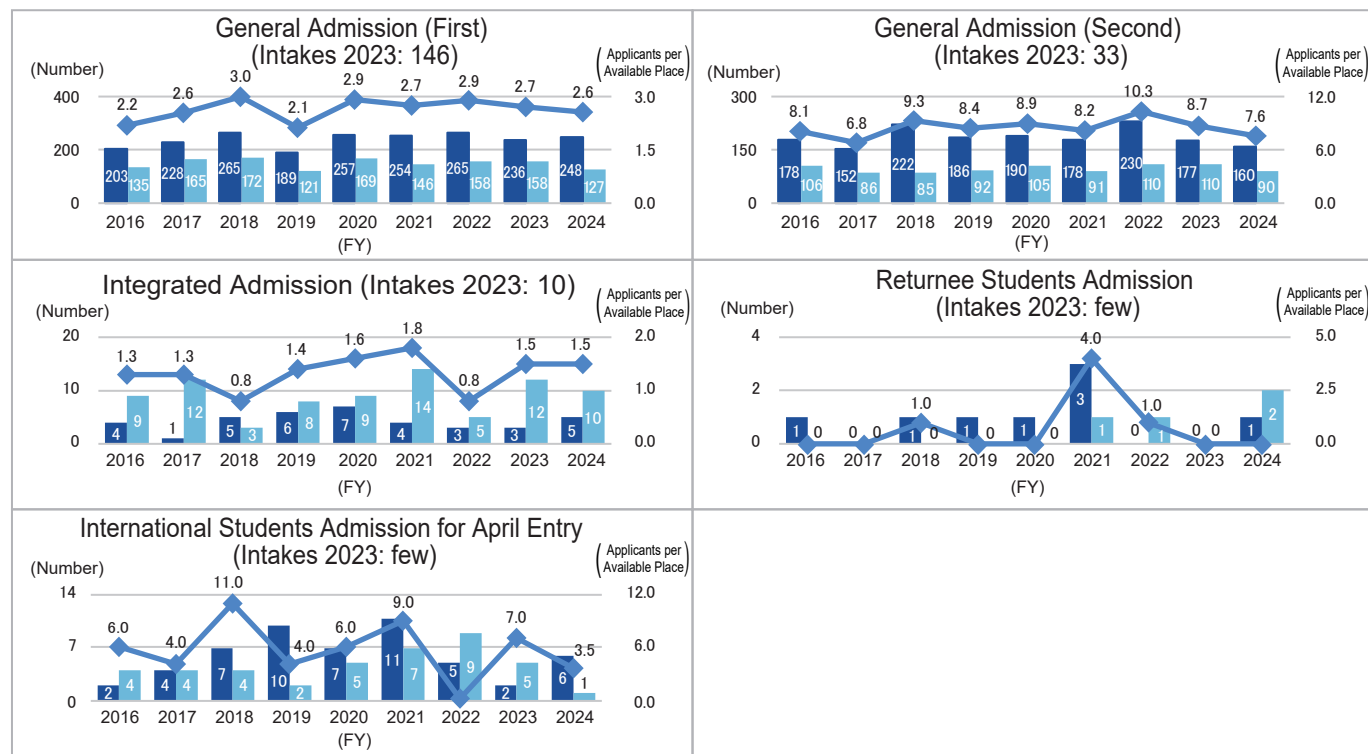
Source: Student Affairs Department

4-1-3. Admissions (Undergraduate: by School) (Continued)

School of Education



School of Law



• Integrated Admission was renamed from A.O. Admission in FY2021.

Recommendation-Based Admission was renamed from Examinations for Recommended Applicants in FY2021.

• “International Students Admission for April Entry”, includes examinations carried out by competent international students, whose admission is privately funded or paid for by the country / government, etc.

• “International Admission” is only carried out by the School of Education.

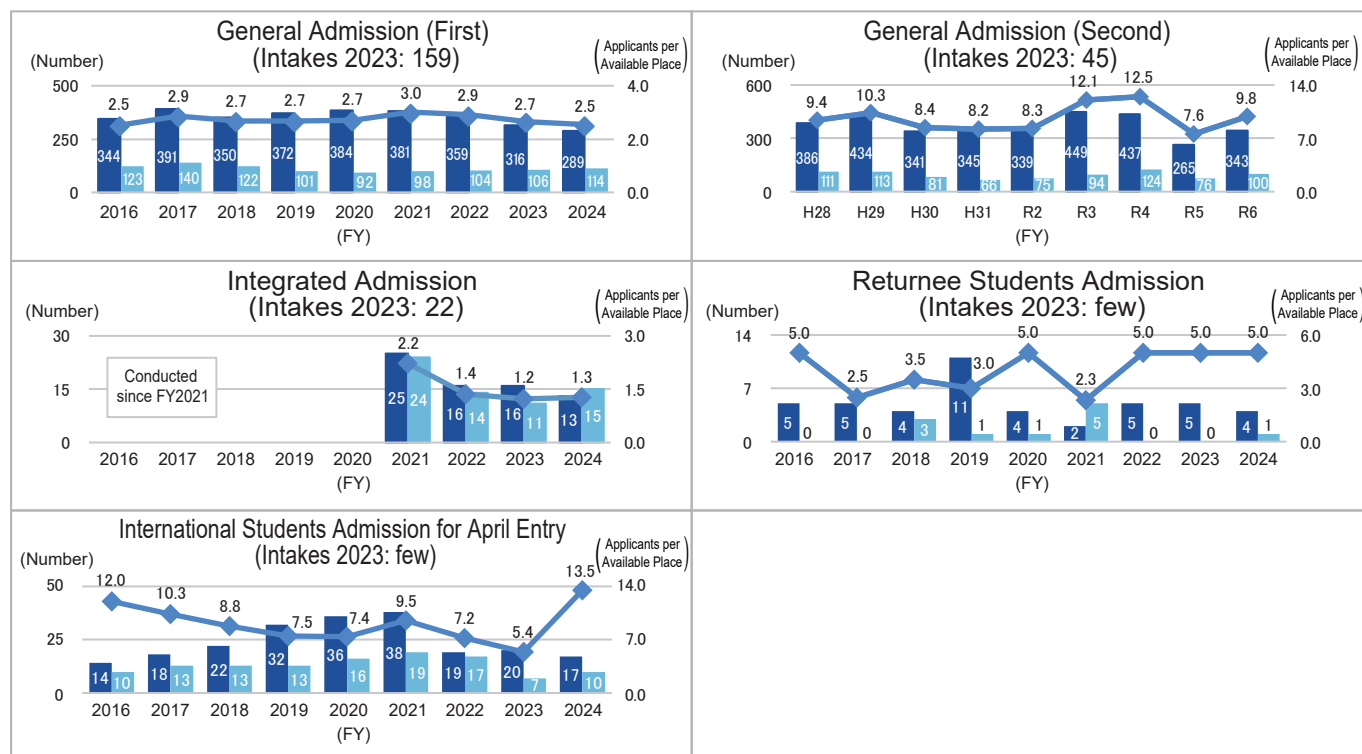
(*1) The ratio of applicants to places is calculated as the number of applicants divided by intakes. However, for entrance examinations with uncertain applicants, it is calculated from the number of applicants versus the number of successful applicants.

Source: Student Affairs Department

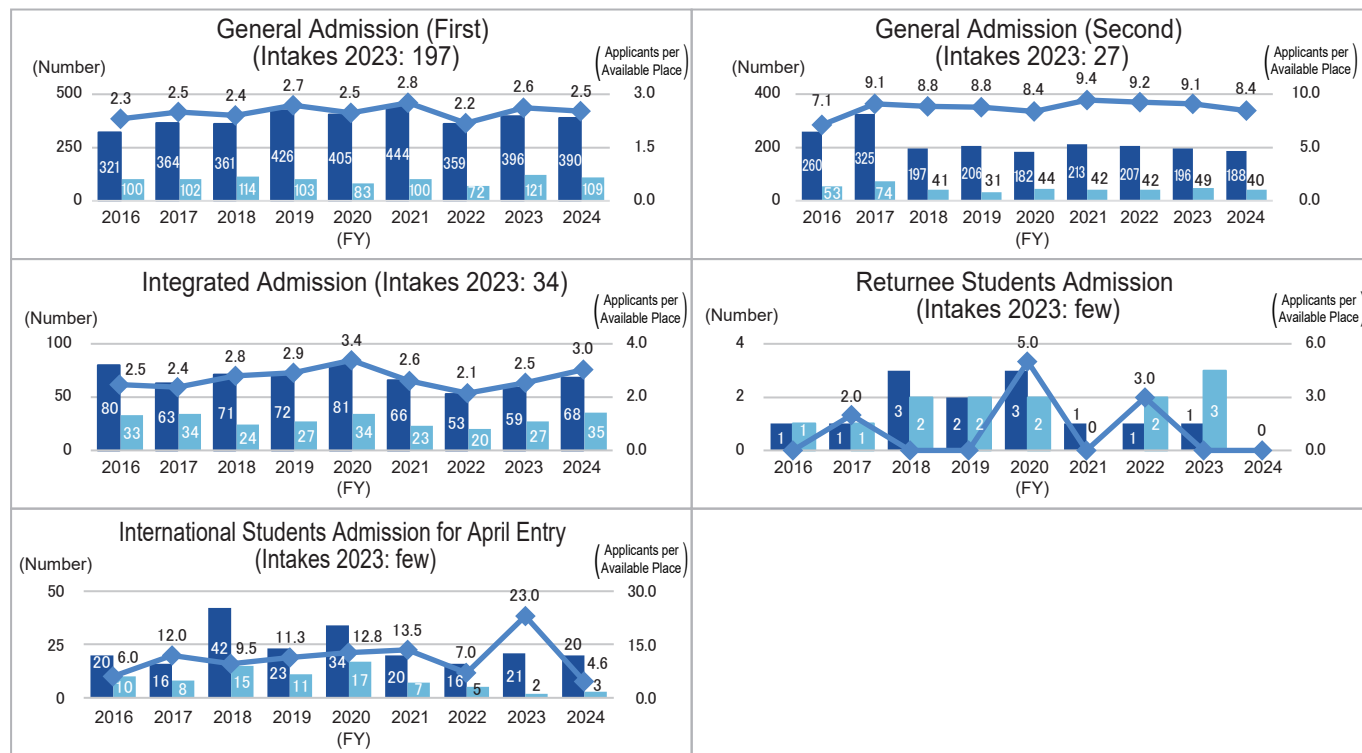
4-1-3. Admissions (Undergraduate: by School) (Continued)

School of Economics

■ Men Applicants ■ Women Applicants ◆ Ratio of Applicants to Available Places (*1)



School of Science



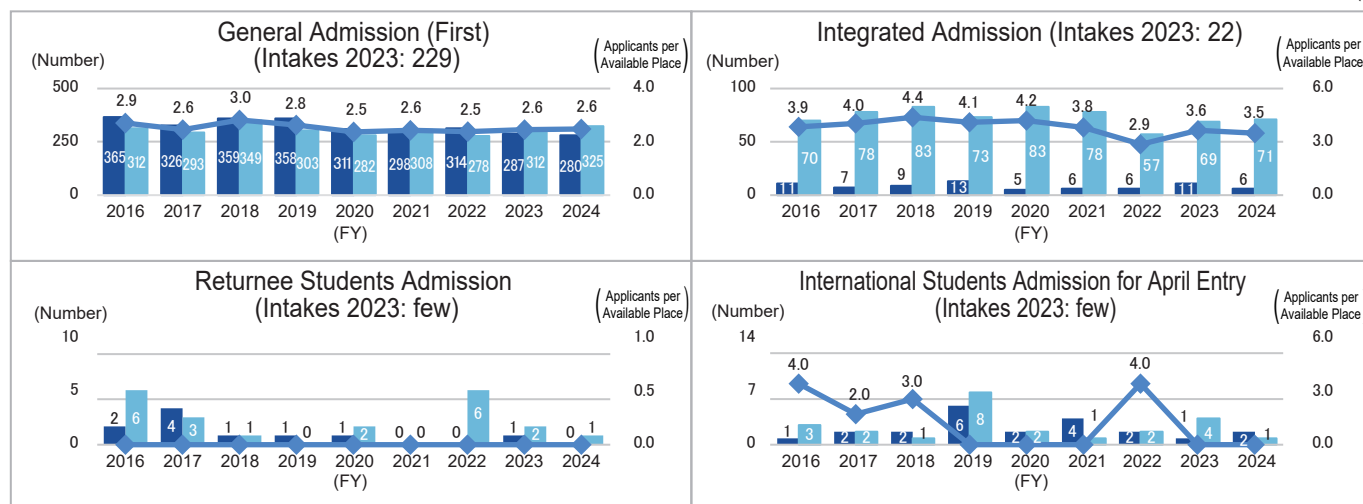
- Integrated Admission was renamed from A.O. Admission in FY2021.
 - Recommendation-Based Admission was renamed from Examinations for Recommended Applicants in FY2021.
 - "International Students Admission for April Entry", includes examinations carried out by competent international students, whose admission is privately funded or paid for by the country / government, etc.
- (*1) The ratio of applicants to places is calculated as the number of applicants divided by intakes. However, for entrance examinations with uncertain applicants, it is calculated from the number of applicants versus the number of successful applicants.

Source: Student Affairs Department

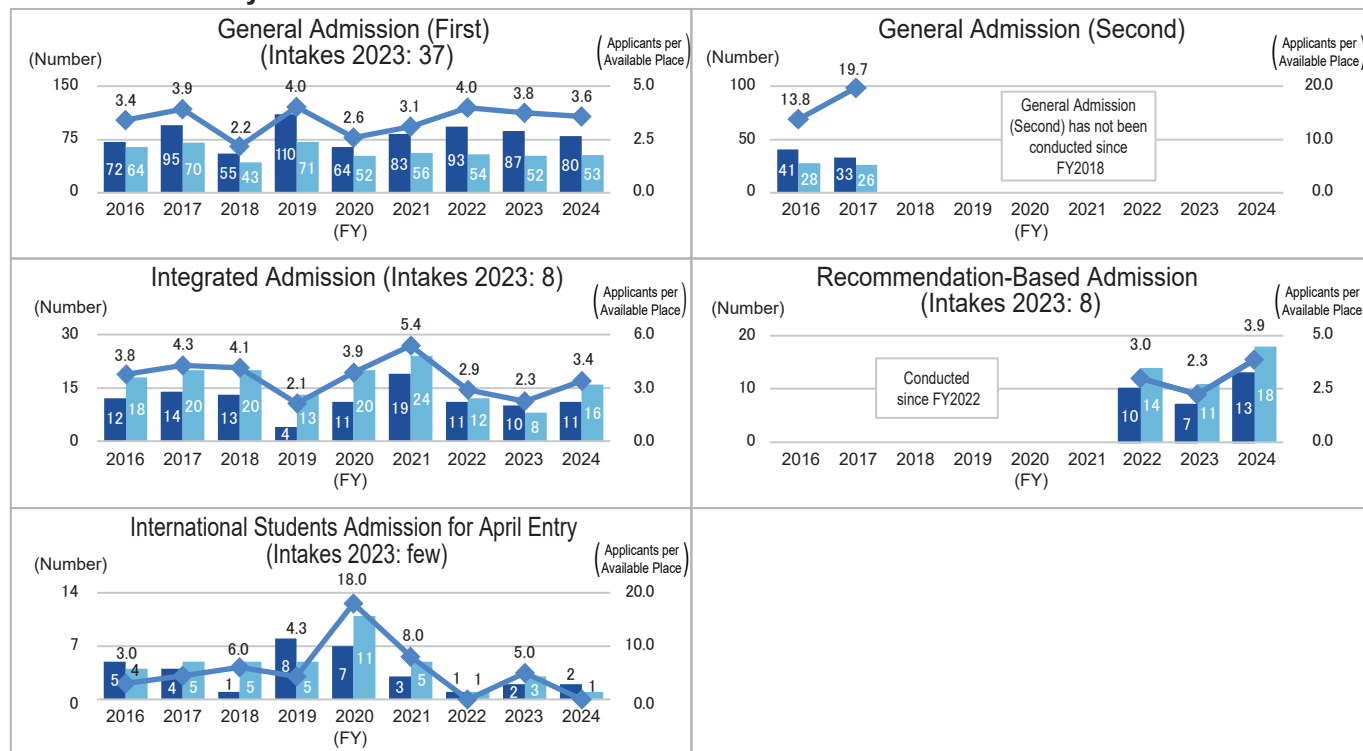
4-1-3. Admissions (Undergraduate: by School) (Continued)

School of Medicine

■ Men Applicants ■ Women Applicants ◆ Ratio of Applicants to Available Places (*1)



School of Dentistry



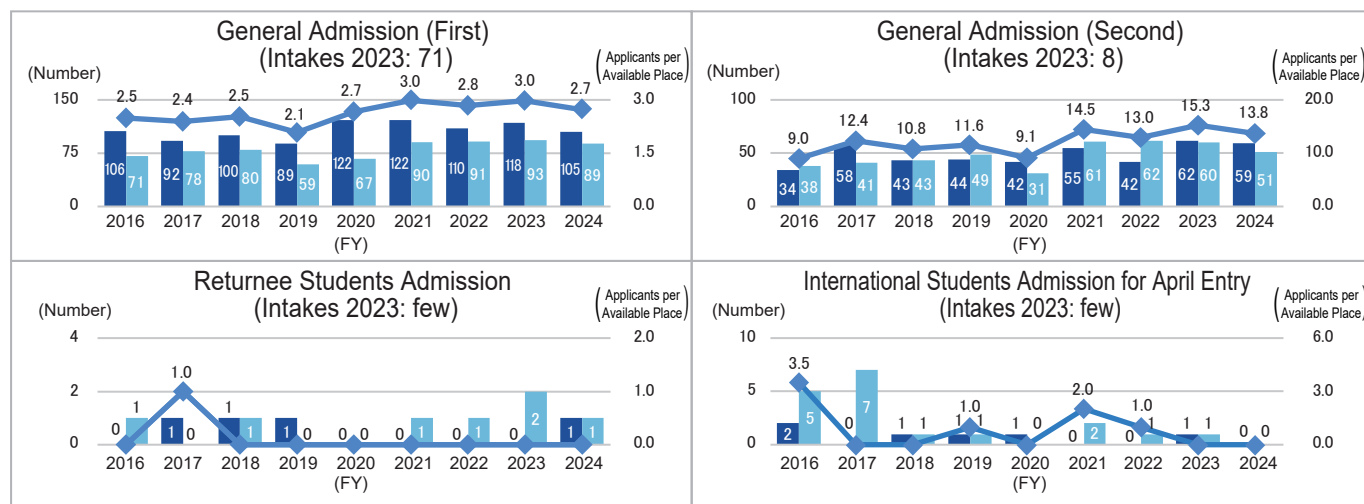
- Integrated Admission was renamed from A.O. Admission in FY2021.
 - Recommendation-Based Admission was renamed from Examinations for Recommended Applicants in FY2021.
 - "Recommendation-Based Admission" is only available for admission to the School of Interdisciplinary Science and Innovation, the School of Dentistry, and School of Design.
 - "International Students Admission for April Entry", includes examinations carried out by competent international students, whose admission is privately funded or paid for by the country / government, etc.
- (*1) The ratio of applicants to places is calculated as the number of applicants divided by intakes. However, for entrance examinations with uncertain applicants, it is calculated from the number of applicants versus the number of successful applicants.

Source: Student Affairs Department

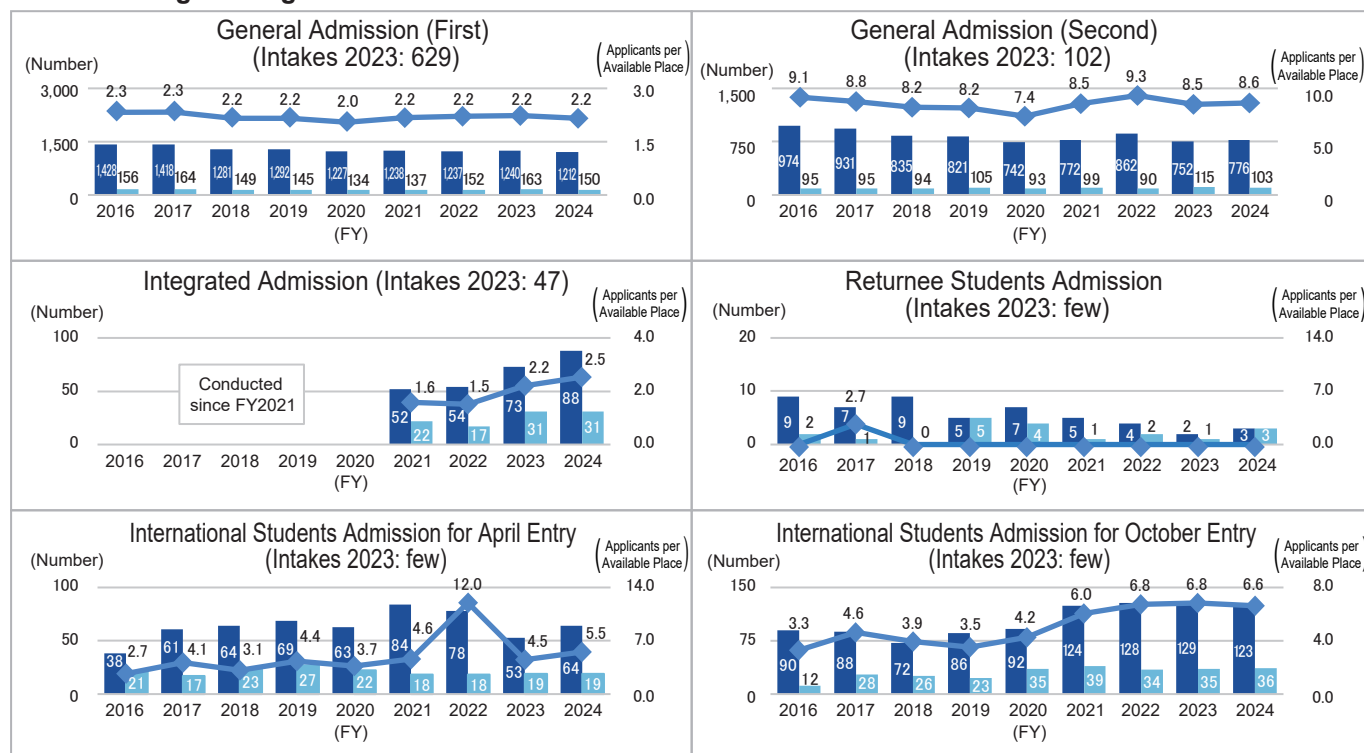
4-1-3. Admissions (Undergraduate: by School) (Continued)

School of Pharmaceutical Sciences

■ Men Applicants ■ Women Applicants ◆ Ratio of Applicants to Available Places (*1)



School of Engineering

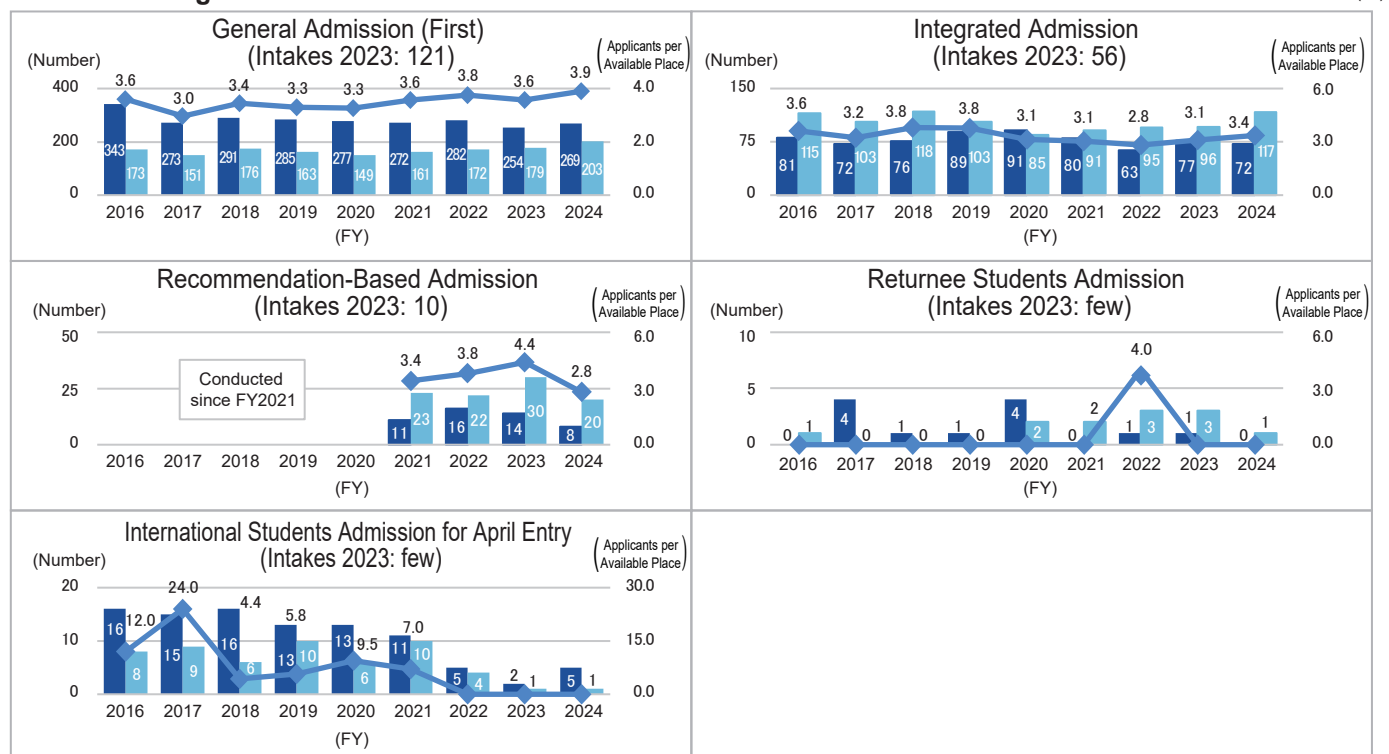


- Integrated Admission was renamed from A.O. Admission in FY2021.
 - Recommendation-Based Admission was renamed from Examinations for Recommended Applicants in FY2021.
 - "International Students Admission for April Entry", includes examinations carried out by competent international students, whose admission is privately funded or paid for by the country / government, etc.
- (*1) The ratio of applicants to places is calculated as the number of applicants divided by intakes. However, for entrance examinations with uncertain applicants, it is calculated from the number of applicants versus the number of successful applicants.

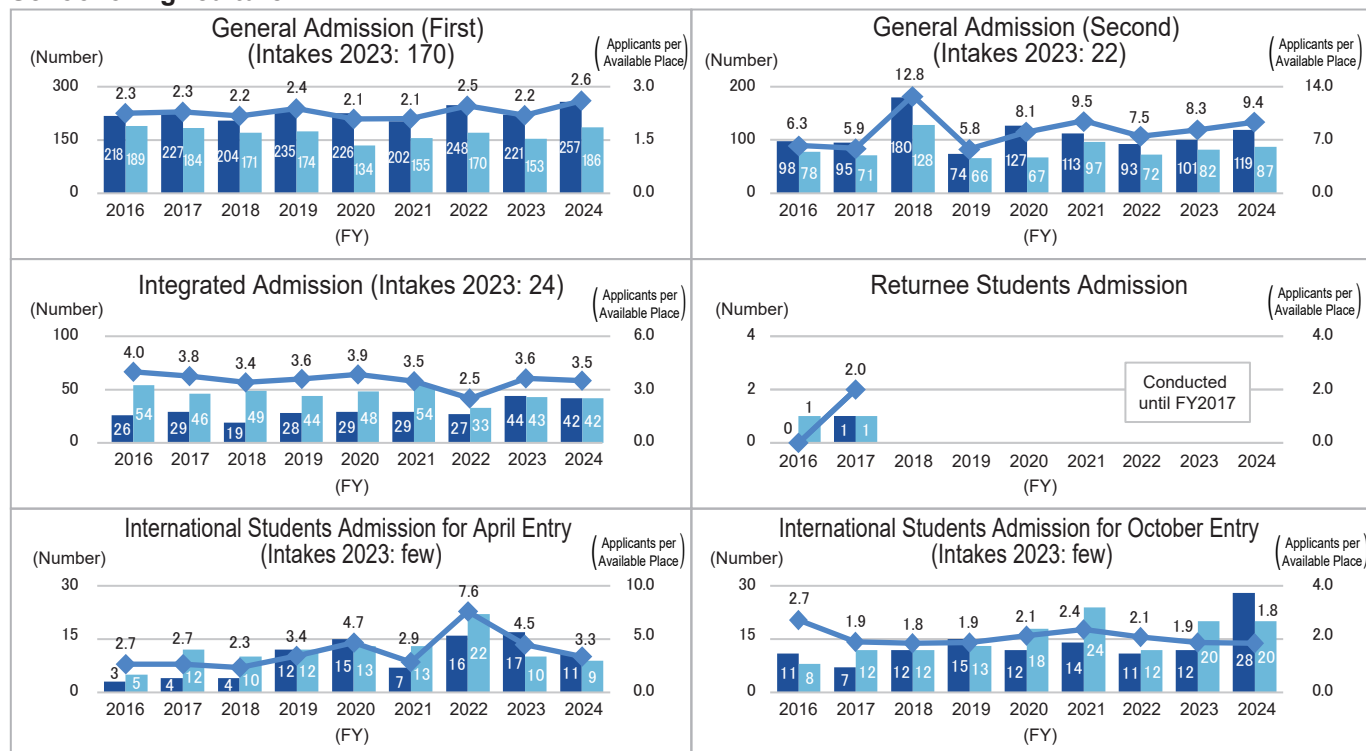
Source: Student Affairs Department

4-1-3. Admissions (Undergraduate: by School) (Continued)

School of Design



School of Agriculture

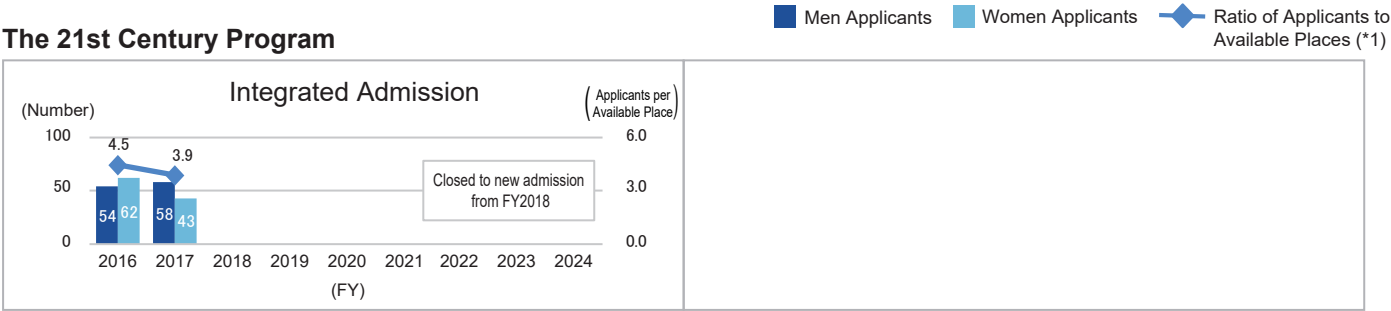


- Integrated Admission was renamed from A.O. Admission in FY2021.
 - Recommendation-Based Admission was renamed from Examinations for Recommended Applicants in FY2021.
 - “Recommendation-Based Admission” is only available for admission to the School of Interdisciplinary Science and Innovation, the School of Dentistry, and School of Design.
 - “International Students Admission for April Entry”, includes examinations carried out by competent international students, whose admission is privately funded or paid for by the country / government, etc.
- (*1) The ratio of applicants to places is calculated as the number of applicants divided by intakes. However, for entrance examinations with uncertain applicants, it is calculated from the number of applicants versus the number of successful applicants.

Source: Student Affairs Department

4-1-3. Admissions (Undergraduate: by School) (Continued)

The 21st Century Program

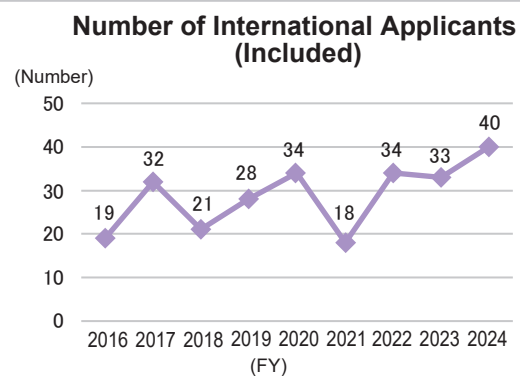
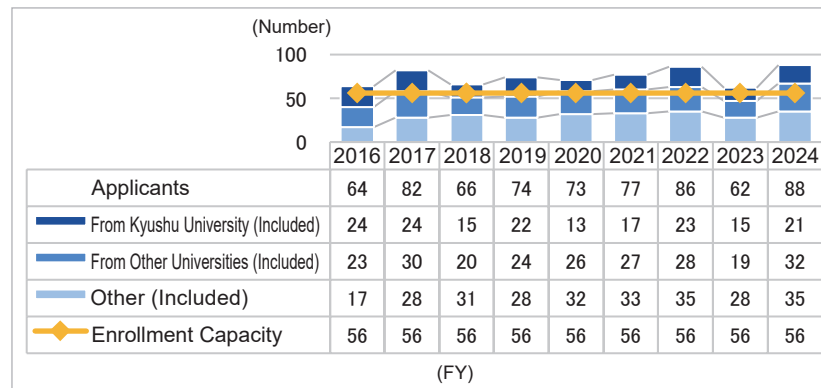


- Integrated Admission was renamed from A.O. Admission in FY2021.
 - Recommendation-Based Admission was renamed from Examinations for Recommended Applicants in FY2021.
 - “International Students Admission for April Entry”, includes examinations carried out by competent international students, whose admission is privately funded or paid for by the country / government, etc.
- (*1) The ratio of applicants to places is calculated as the number of applicants divided by intakes. However, for entrance examinations with uncertain applicants, it is calculated from the number of applicants versus the number of successful applicants.

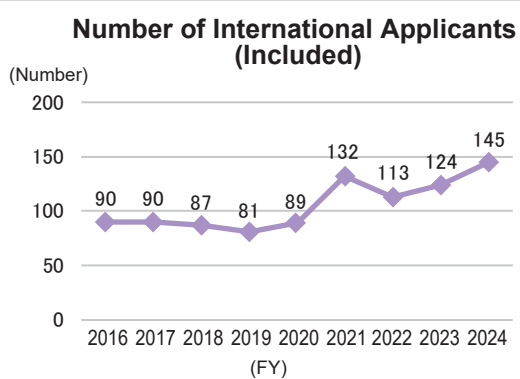
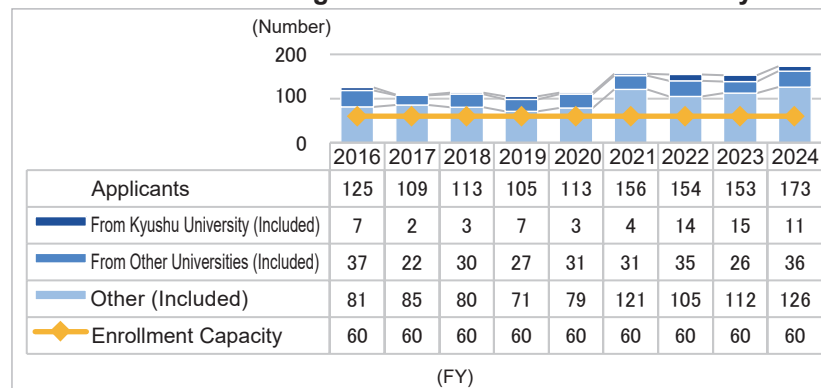
Source: Student Affairs Department

4-2. Admissions (Master's Programs)

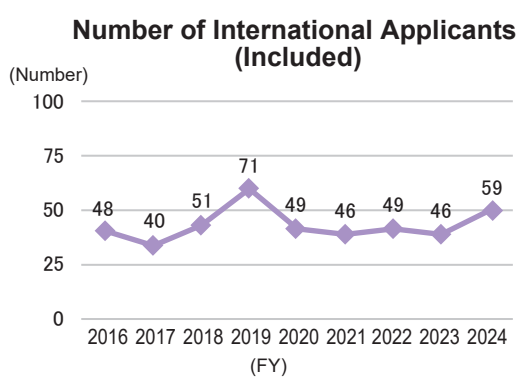
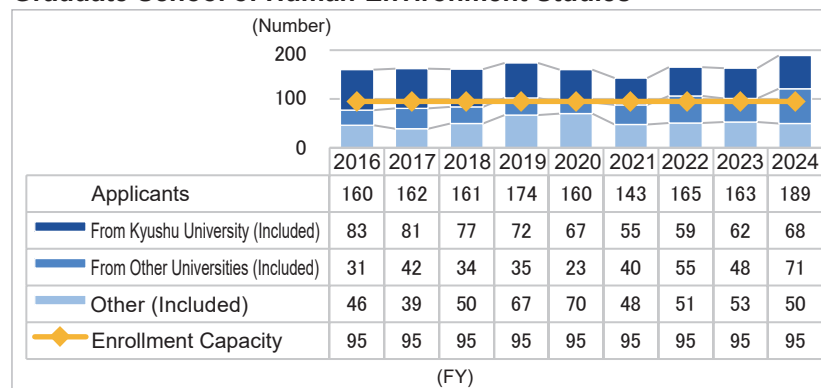
Graduate School of Humanities



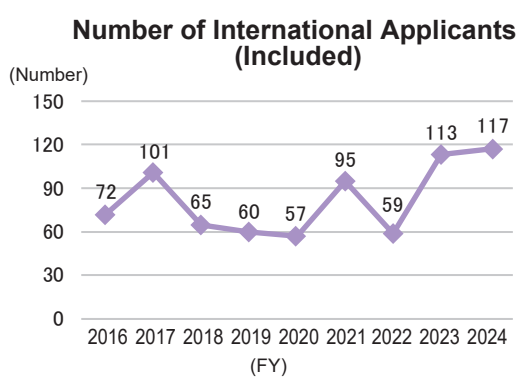
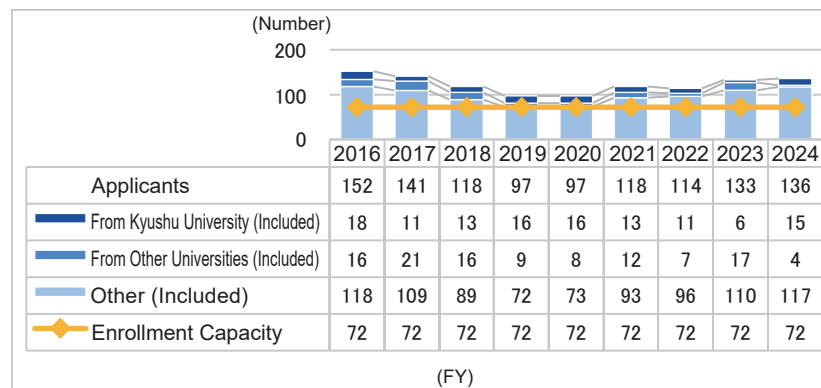
Graduate School of Integrated Sciences for Global Society



Graduate School of Human-Environment Studies



Graduate School of Law

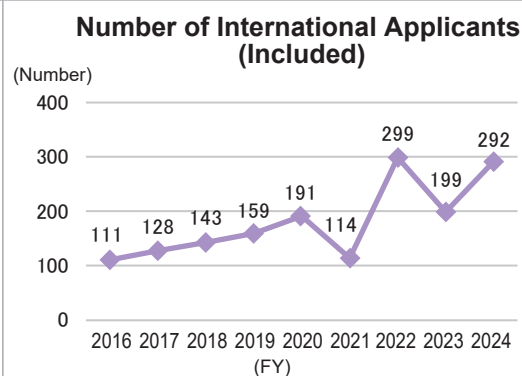
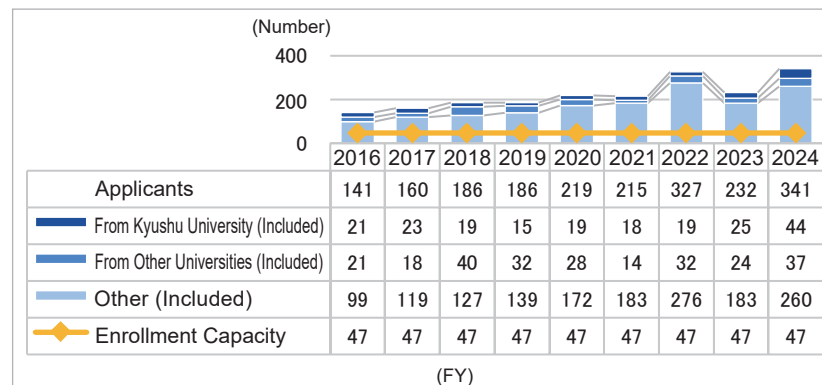


• Number of students enrolled in October is included.

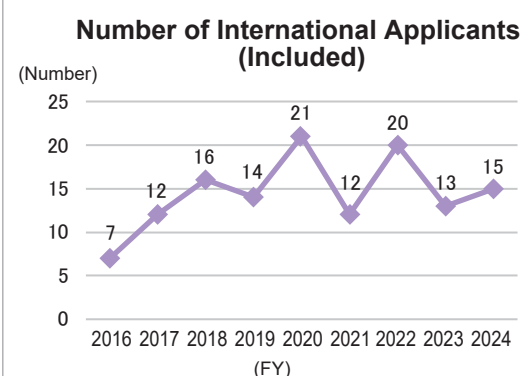
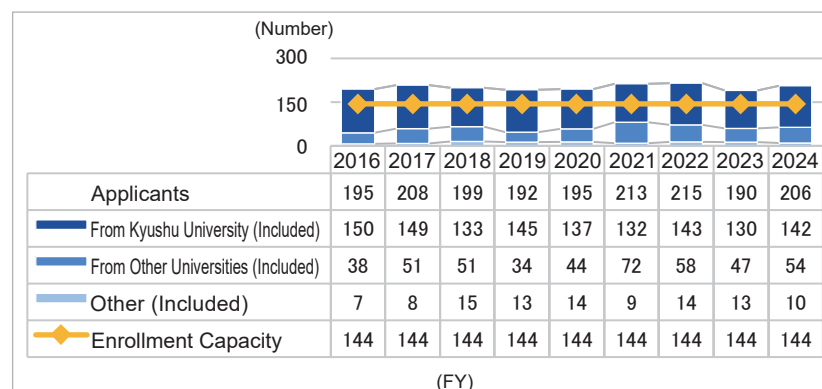
Source: Kyushu University Information, Student Affairs Department

4-2. Admissions (Master's Programs) (Continued)

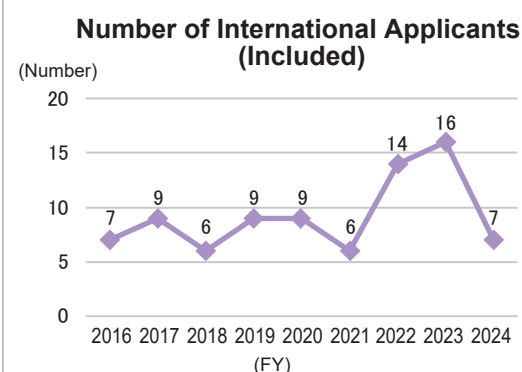
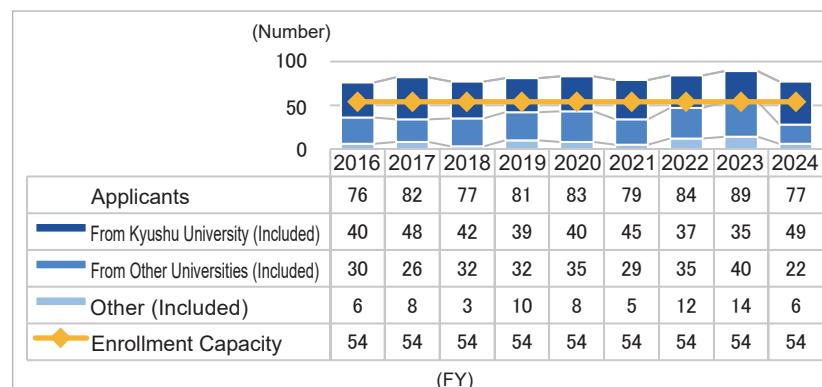
Graduate School of Economics



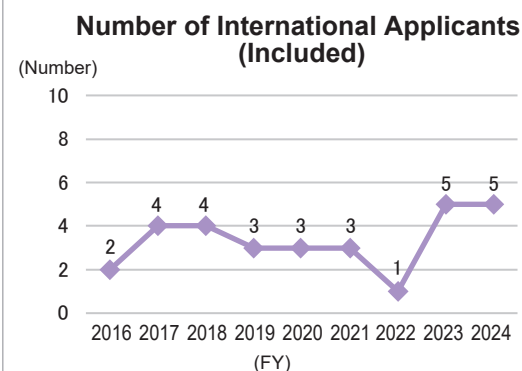
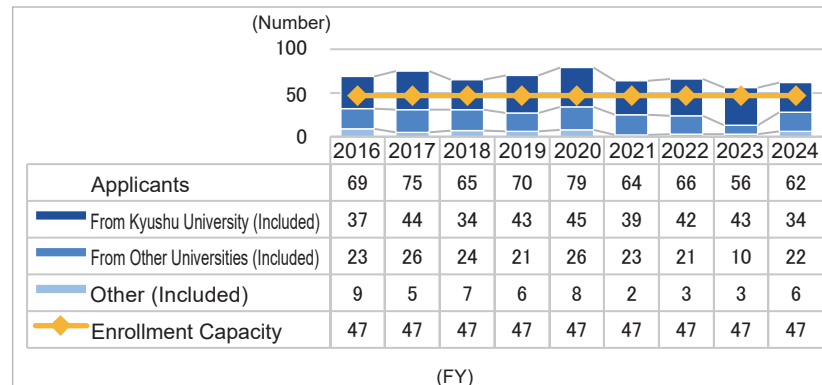
Graduate School of Science



Graduate School of Mathematics



Graduate School of Medical Sciences

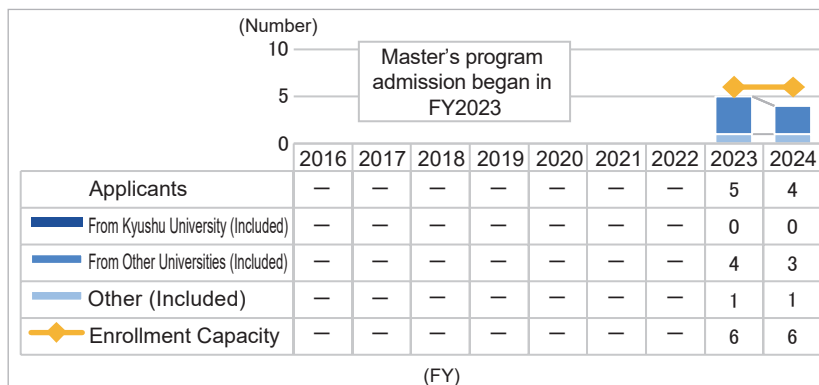


• Number of students enrolled in October is included.

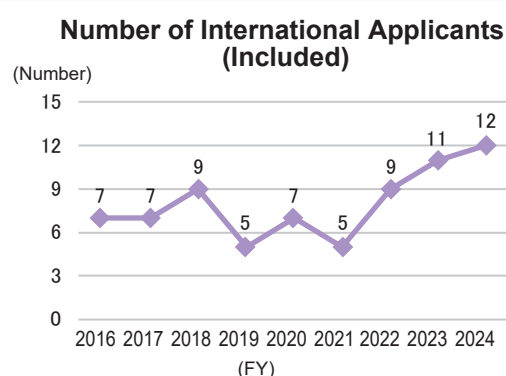
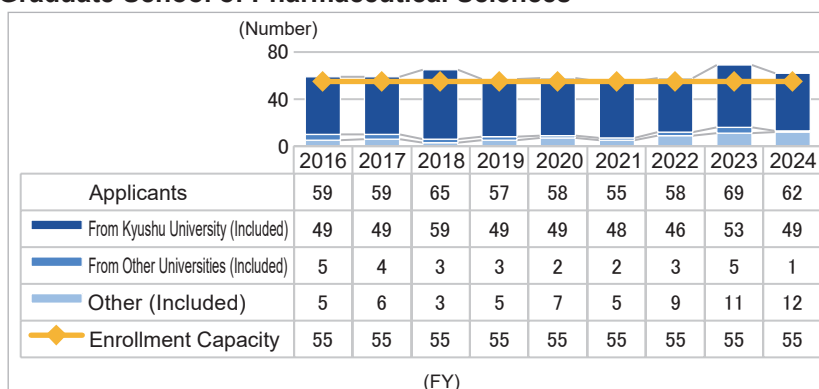
Source: Kyushu University Information, Student Affairs Department

4-2. Admissions (Master's Programs) (Continued)

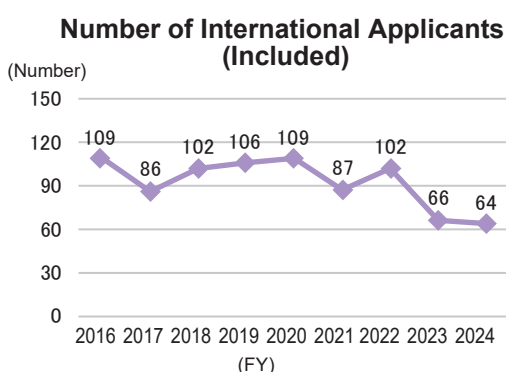
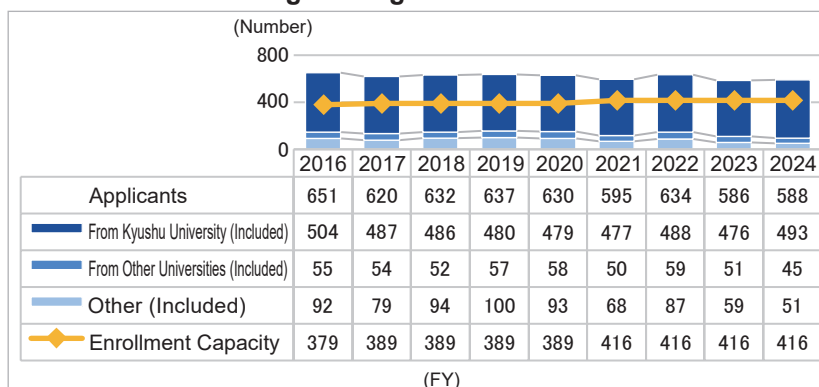
Graduate School of Dental Science



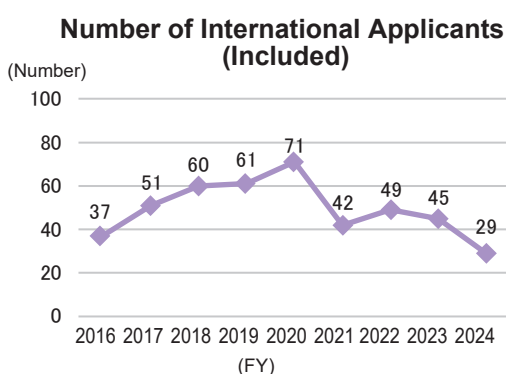
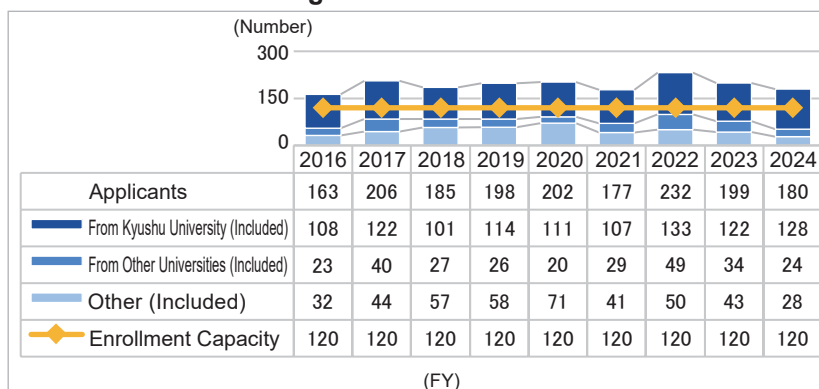
Graduate School of Pharmaceutical Sciences



Graduate School of Engineering



Graduate School of Design

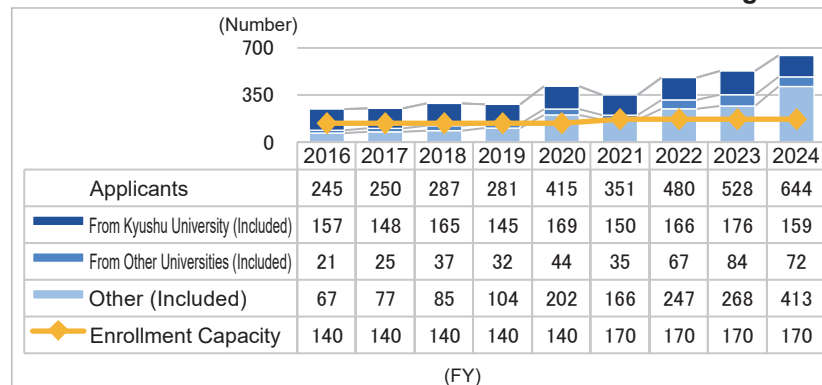


• Number of students enrolled in October is included.

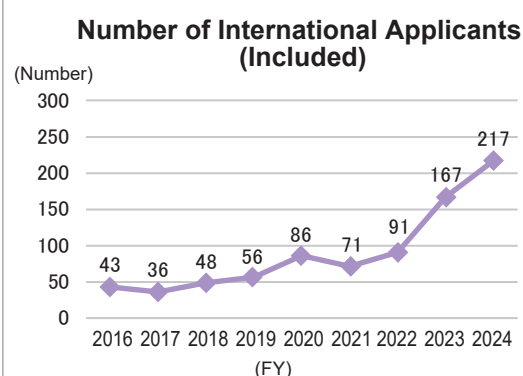
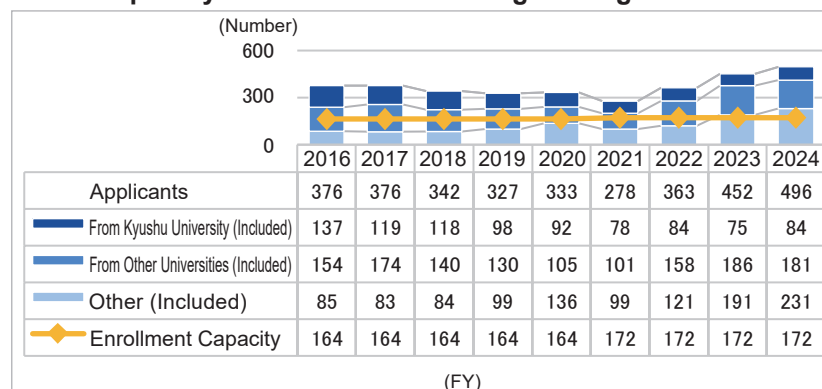
Source: Kyushu University Information, Student Affairs Department

4-2. Admissions (Master's Programs) (Continued)

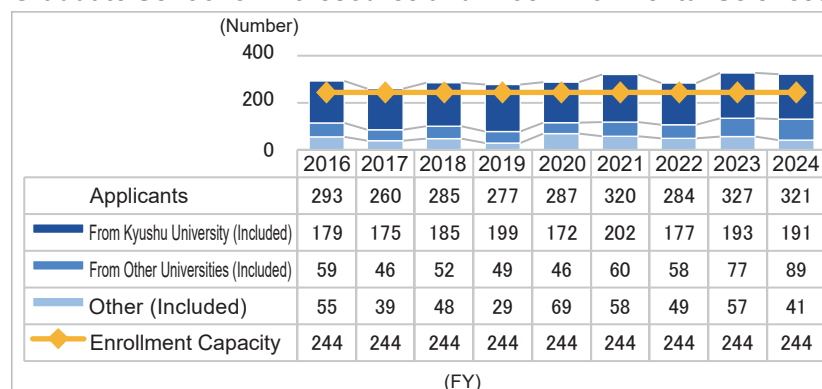
Graduate School of Information Science and Electrical Engineering



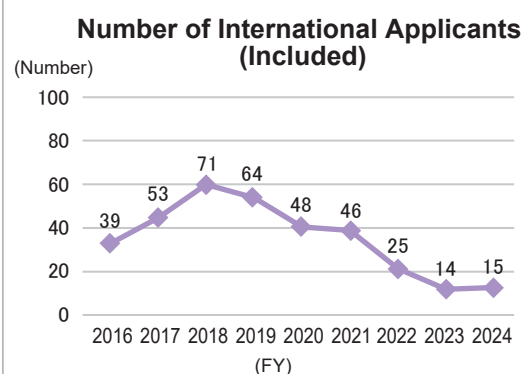
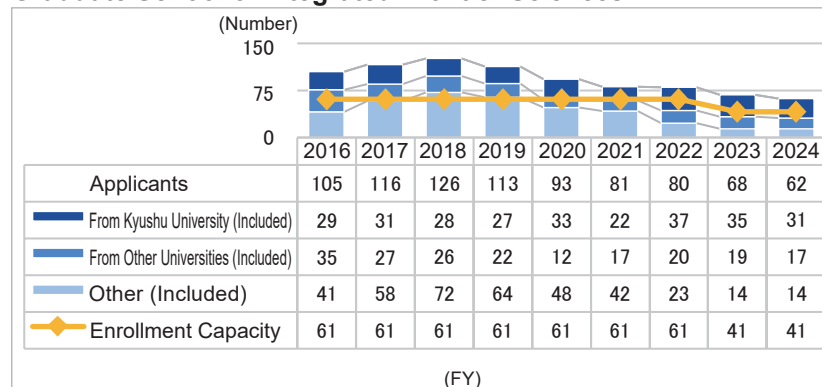
Interdisciplinary Graduate School of Engineering Sciences



Graduate School of Bioresource and Bioenvironmental Sciences



Graduate School of Integrated Frontier Sciences

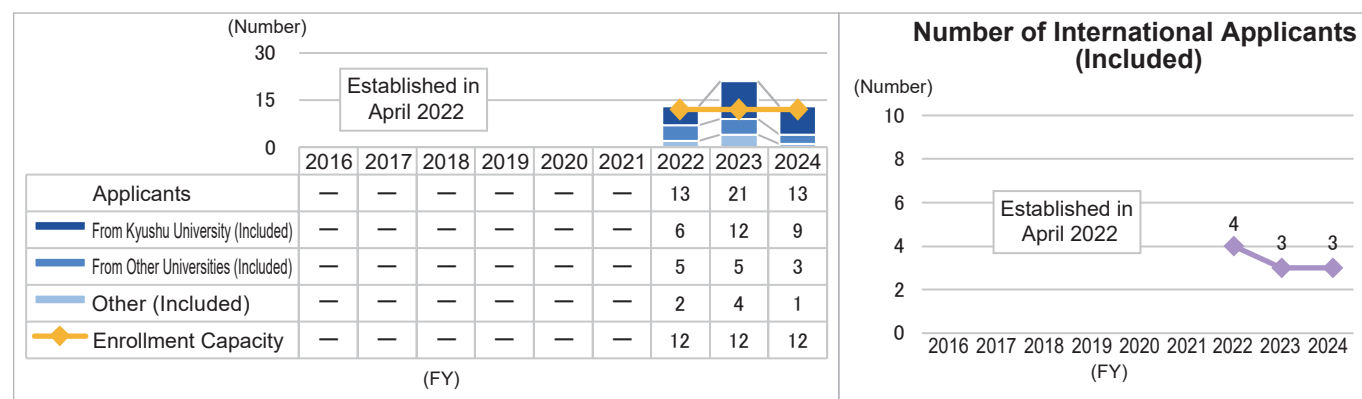


• Number of students enrolled in October is included.

Source: Kyushu University Information, Student Affairs Department

4-2. Admissions (Master's Programs) (Continued)

Joint Graduate School of Mathematics for Innovation

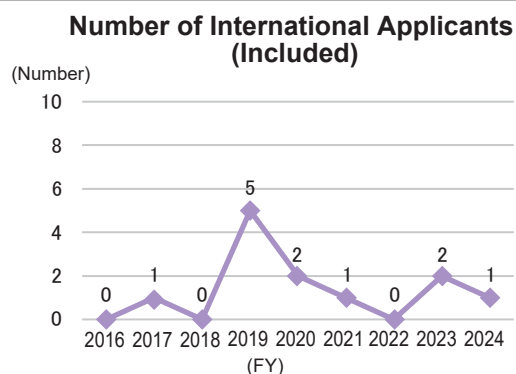
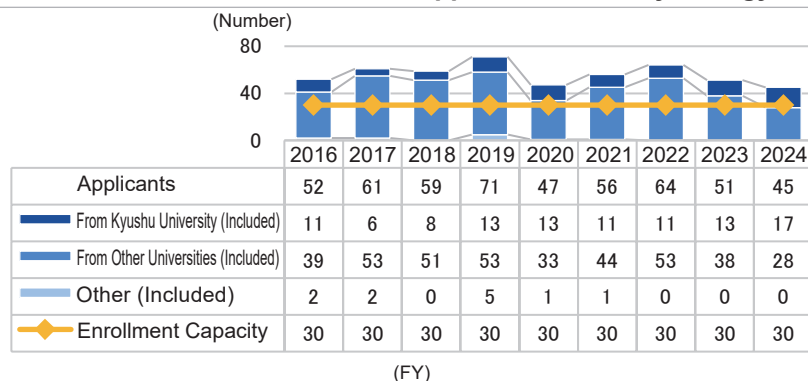


- Number of students enrolled in October is included.
- Number of students in the Joint Graduate School of Mathematics for Innovation is included in the figures for each of the cooperating graduate schools (the Graduate Schools of Mathematics, Information Science and Electrical Engineering, and Economics).

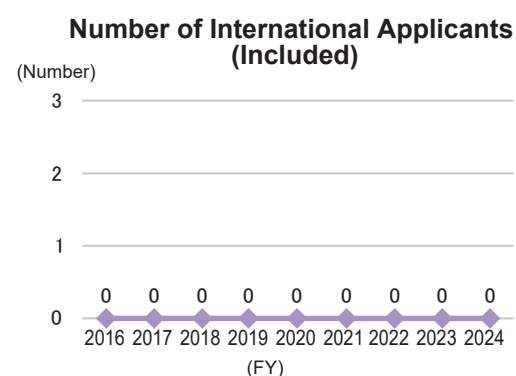
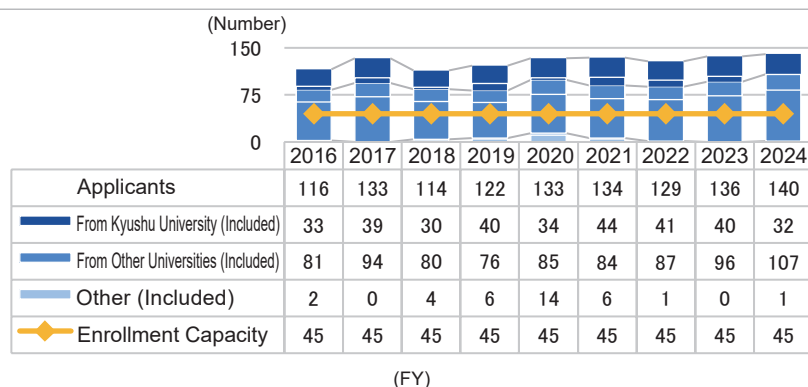
Source: *Kyushu University Information*, Student Affairs Department

4-3. Admissions (Professional Degree Programs)

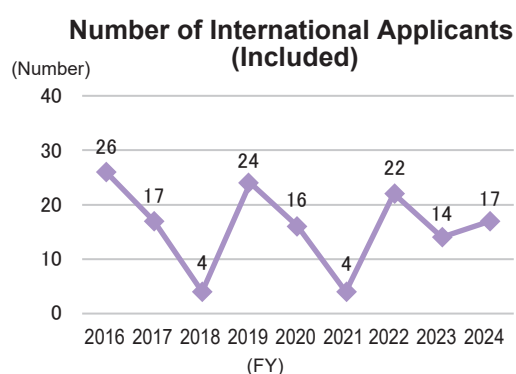
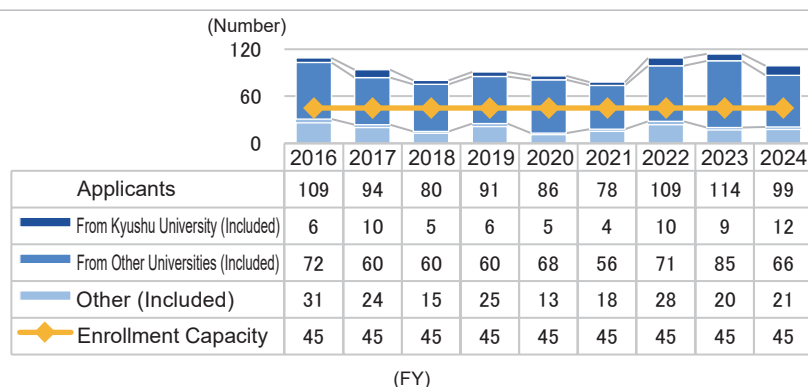
Professional Graduate School of Applied Clinical Psychology



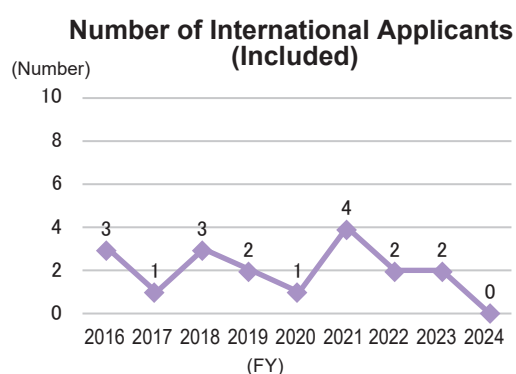
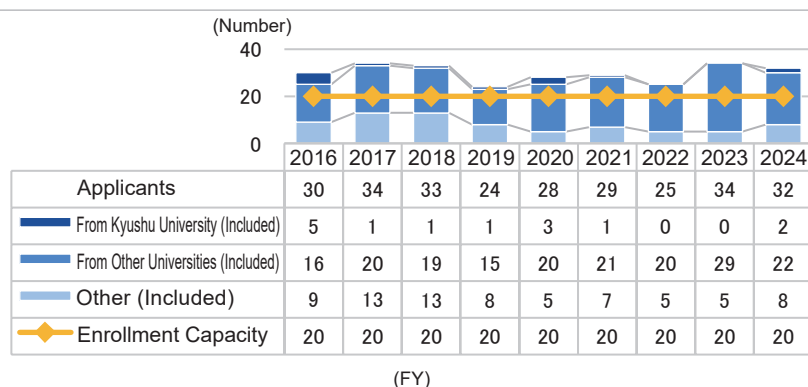
Law School



Business School



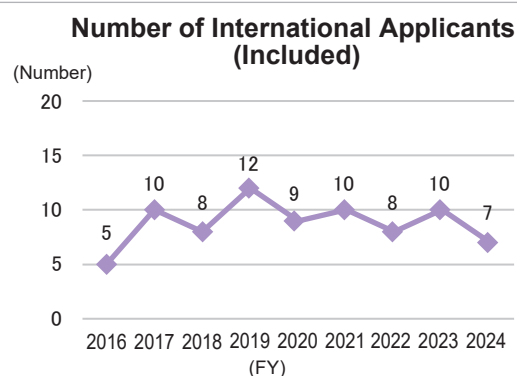
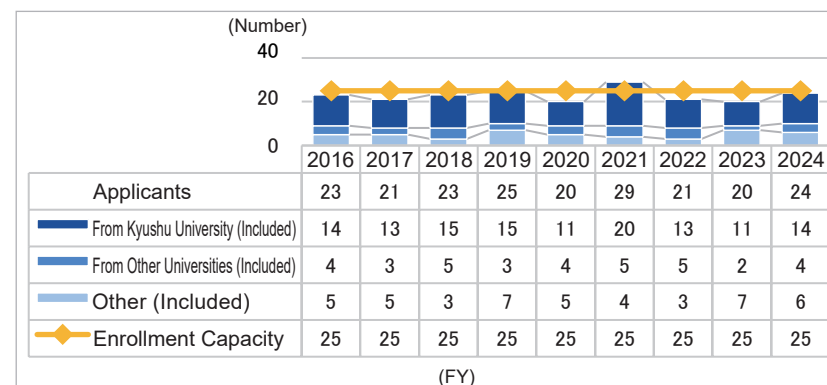
Professional Graduate School of Public Health



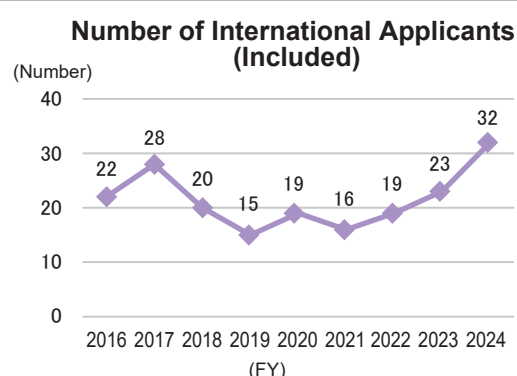
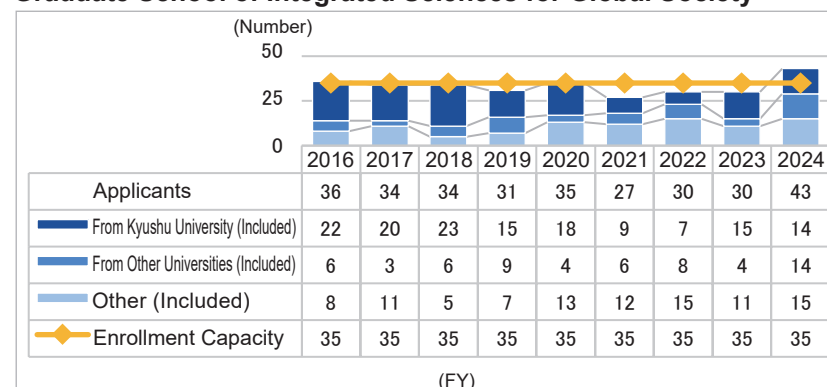
Source: Kyushu University Information

4-4. Admissions (Doctoral Programs)

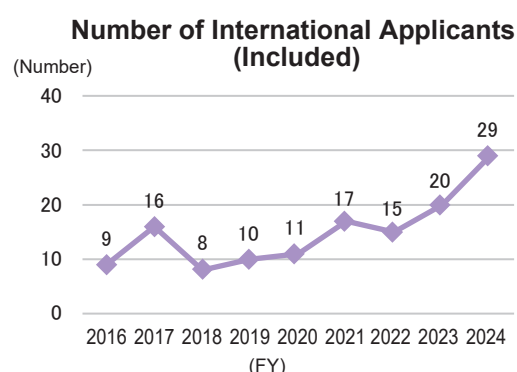
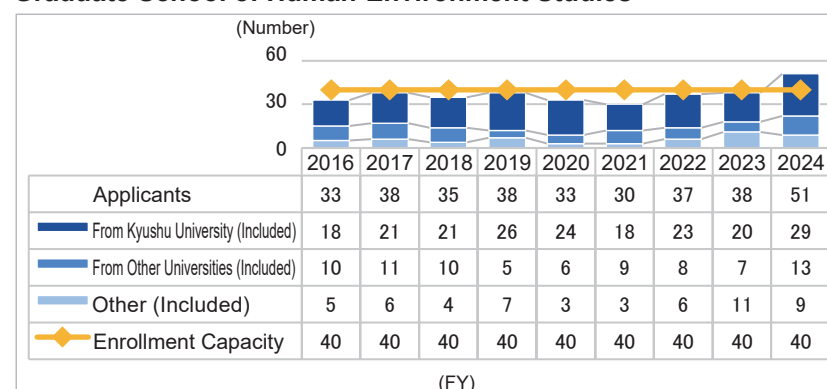
Graduate School of Humanities



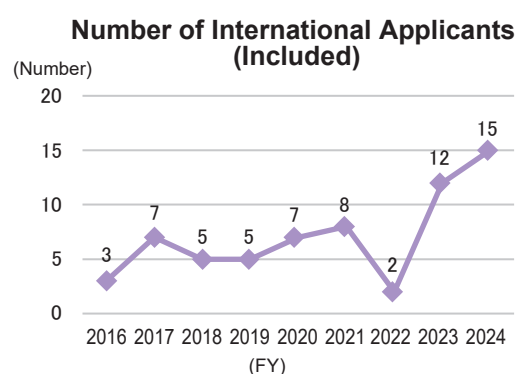
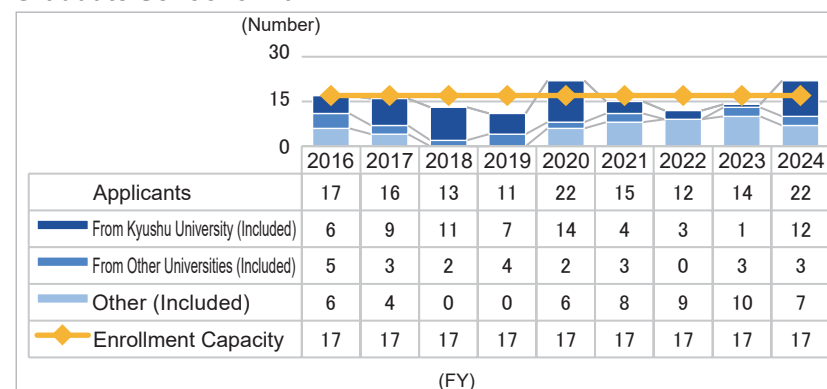
Graduate School of Integrated Sciences for Global Society



Graduate School of Human-Environment Studies



Graduate School of Law

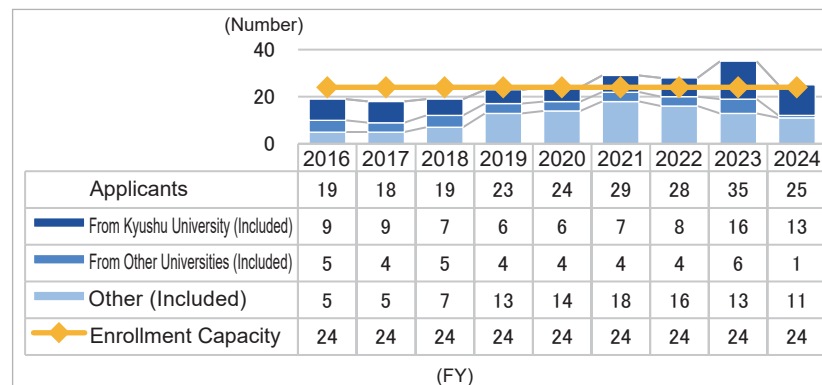


• Number of students enrolled in October is included.

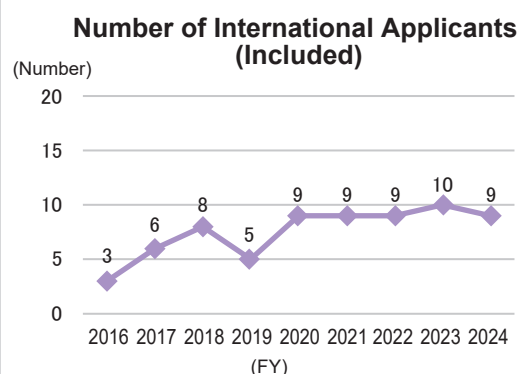
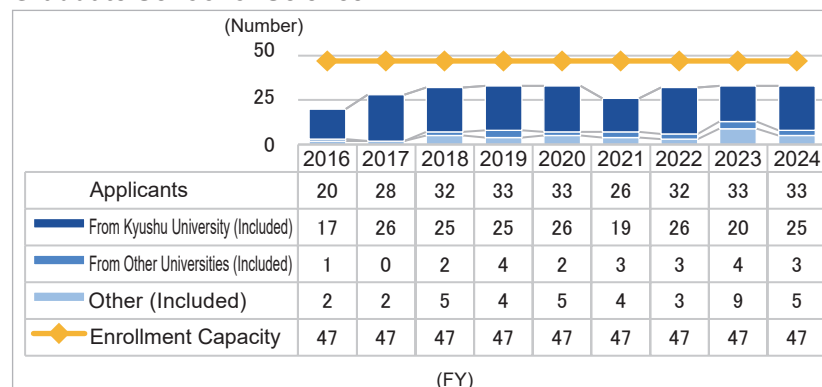
Source: Kyushu University Information, Student Affairs Department

4-4. Admissions (Doctoral Programs) (Continued)

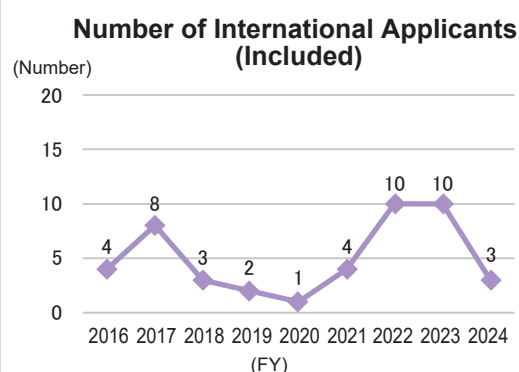
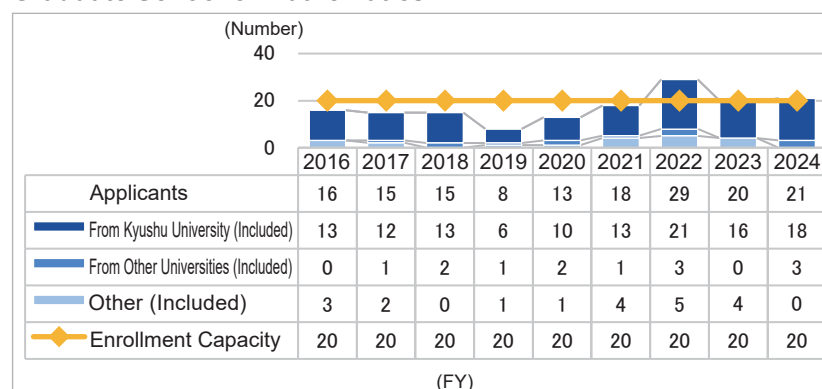
Graduate School of Economics



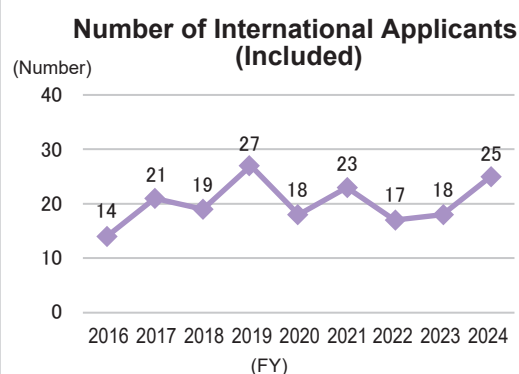
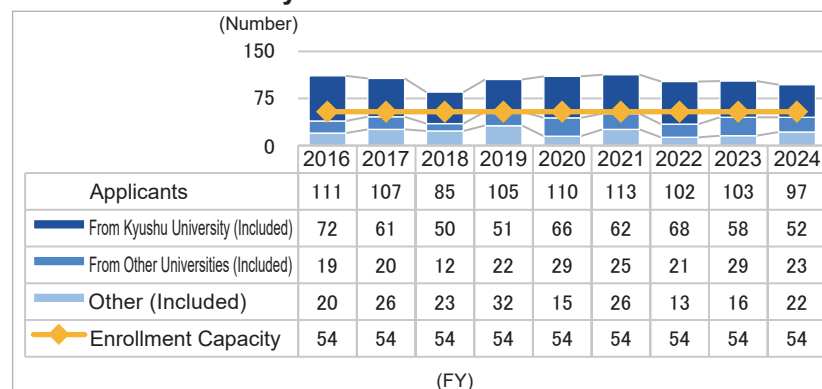
Graduate School of Science



Graduate School of Mathematics



Graduate School of Systems Life Sciences

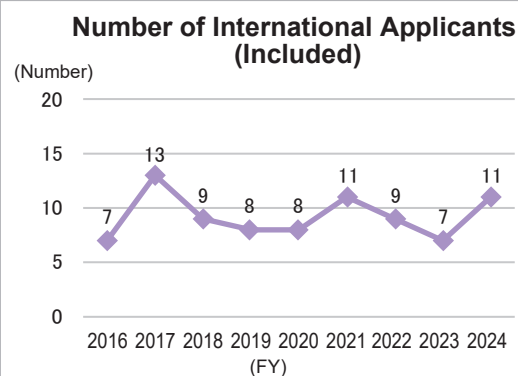
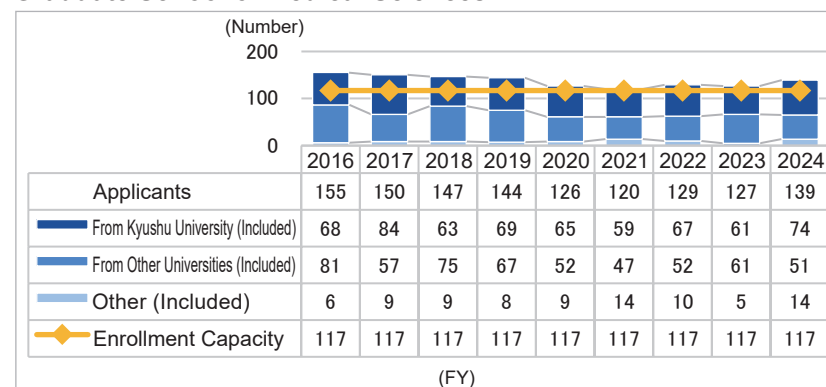


• Number of students enrolled in October is included.

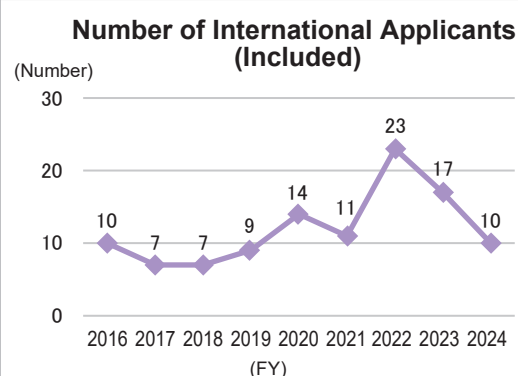
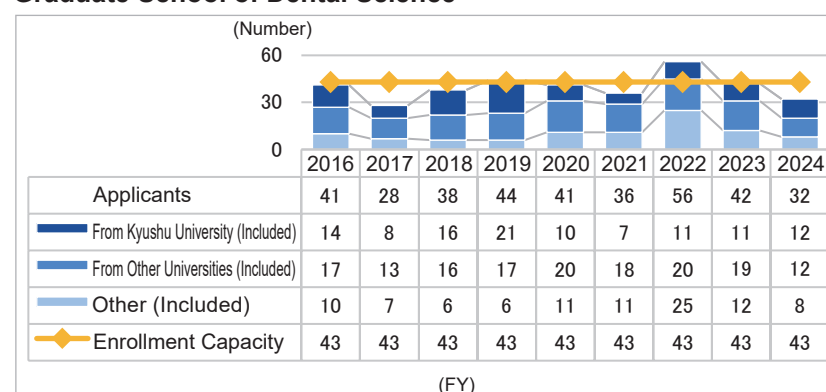
Source: Kyushu University Information, Student Affairs Department

4-4. Admissions (Doctoral Programs) (Continued)

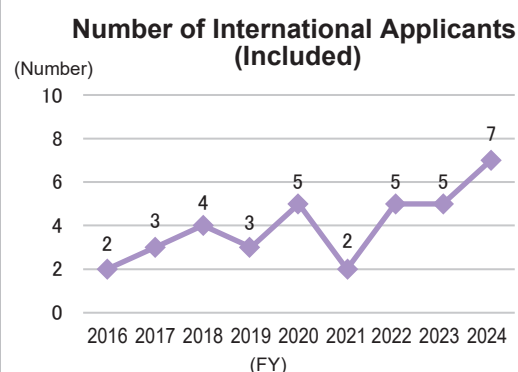
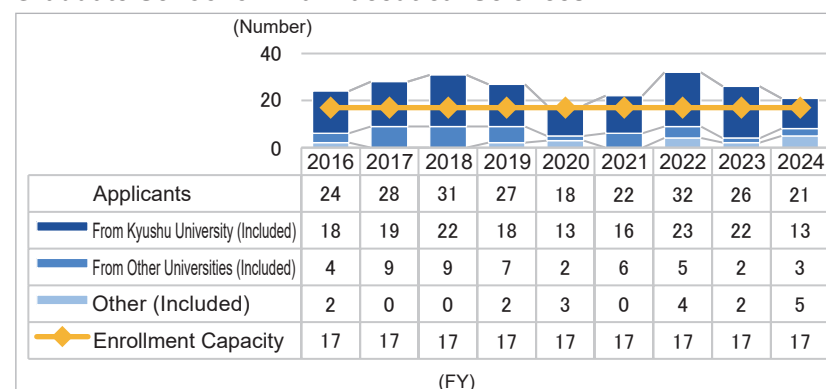
Graduate School of Medical Sciences



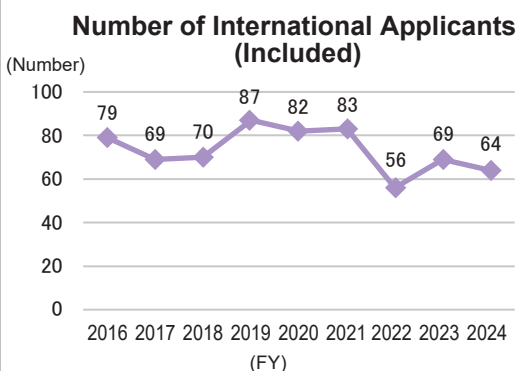
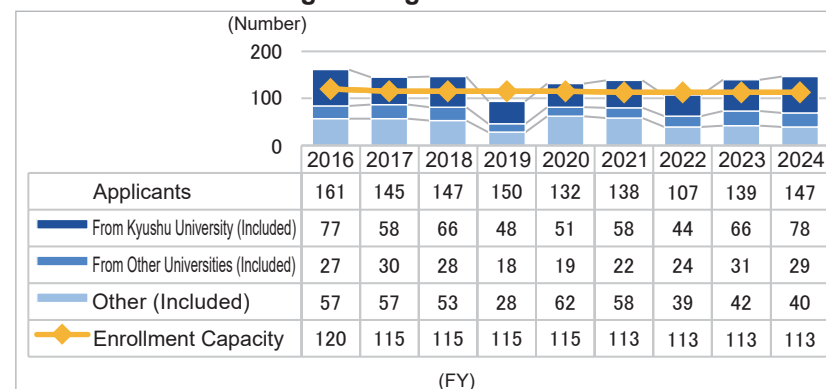
Graduate School of Dental Science



Graduate School of Pharmaceutical Sciences



Graduate School of Engineering

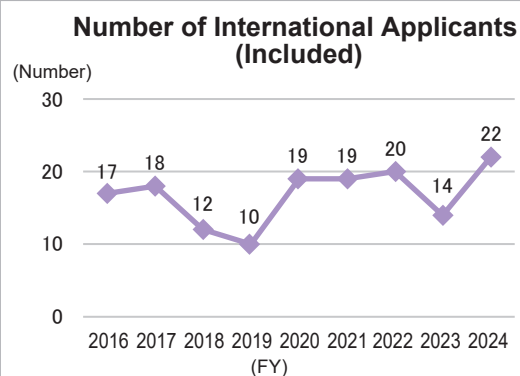
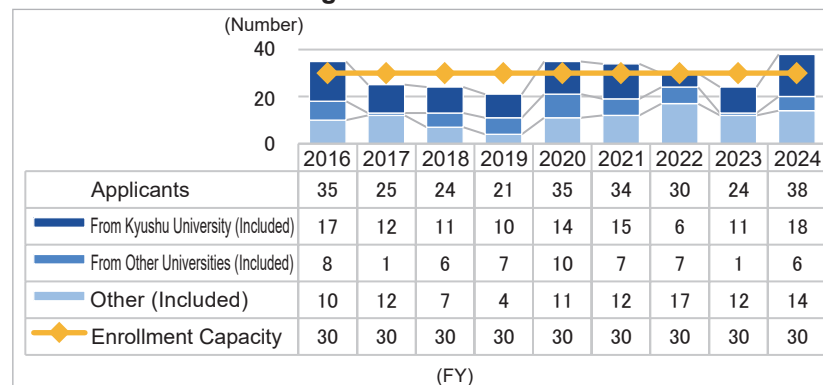


• Number of students enrolled in October is included.

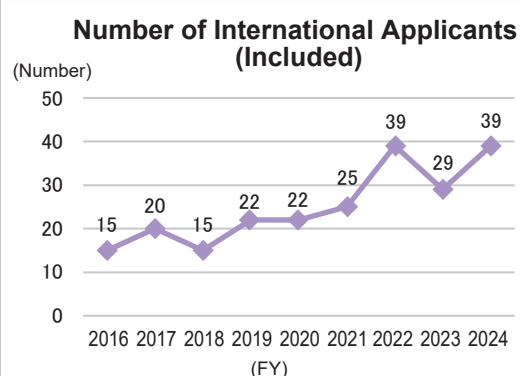
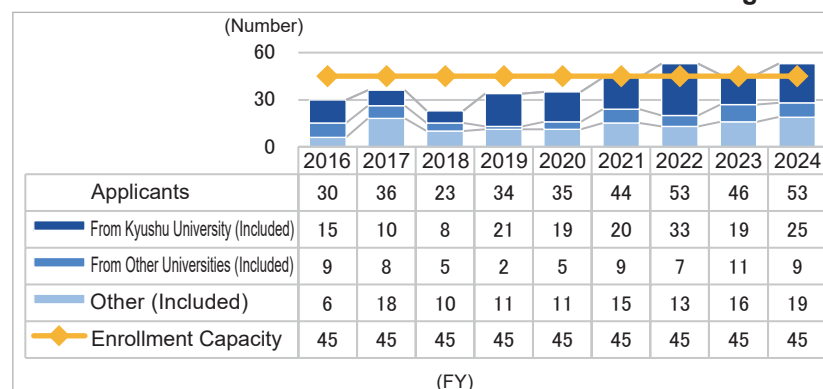
Source: Kyushu University Information, Student Affairs Department

4-4. Admissions (Doctoral Programs) (Continued)

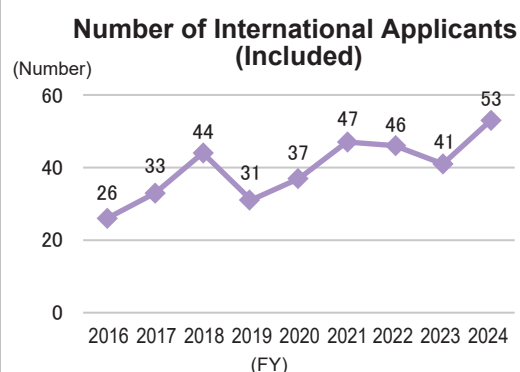
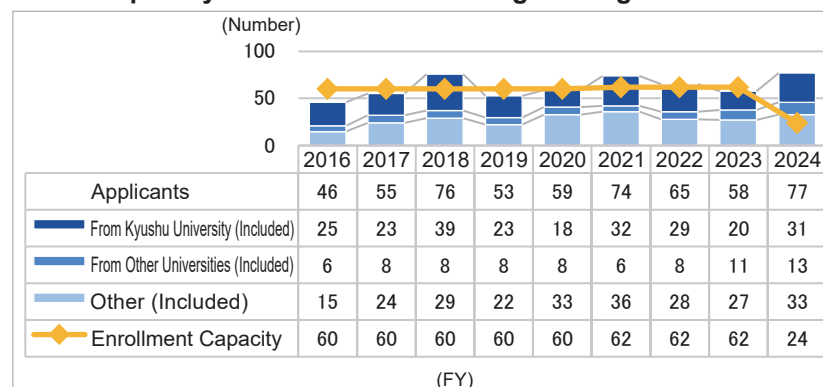
Graduate School of Design



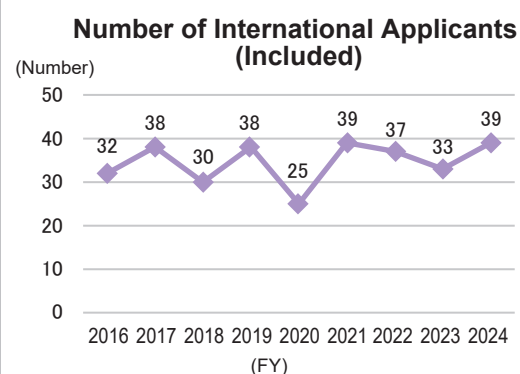
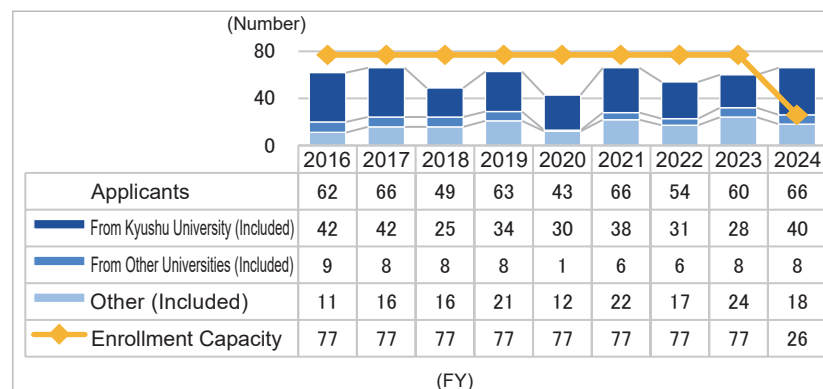
Graduate School of Information Science and Electrical Engineering



Interdisciplinary Graduate School of Engineering Sciences



Graduate School of Bioresource and Bioenvironmental Sciences

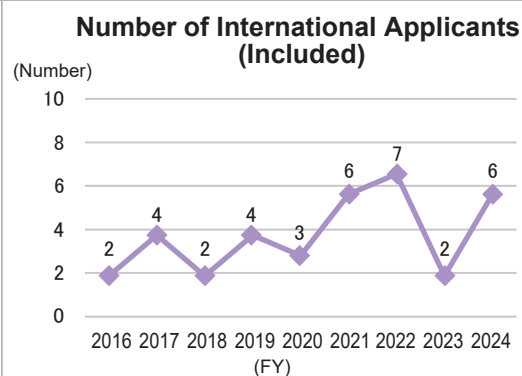
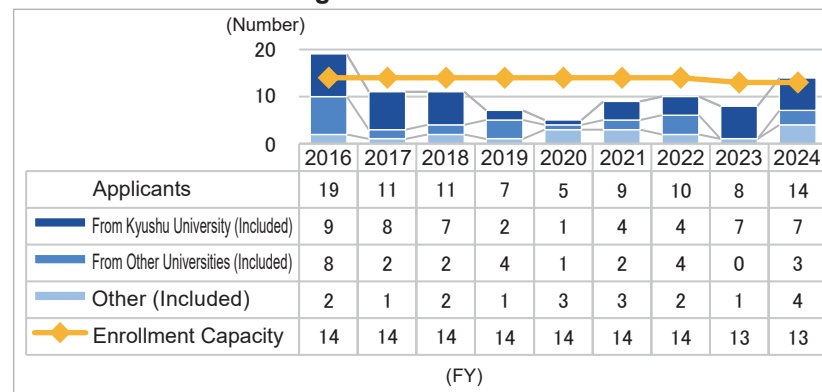


• Number of students enrolled in October is included.

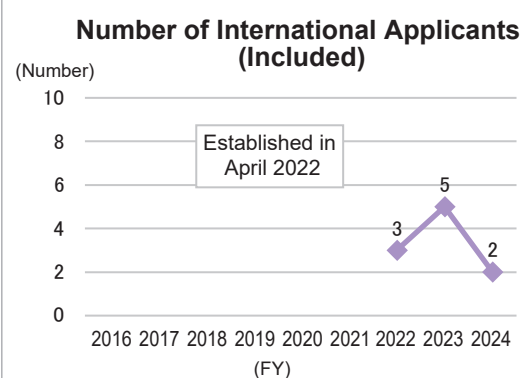
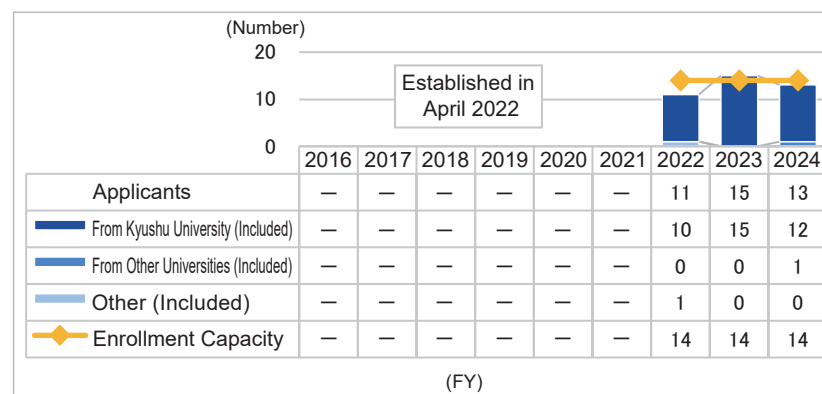
Source: Kyushu University Information, Student Affairs Department

4-4. Admissions (Doctoral Programs) (Continued)

Graduate School of Integrated Frontier Sciences



Joint Graduate School of Mathematics for Innovation



- Number of students enrolled in October is included.
- Number of students in the Joint Graduate School of Mathematics for Innovation is included in the figures for each of the cooperating graduate schools (the Graduate Schools of Mathematics, Information Science and Electrical Engineering, and Economics).

Source: *Kyushu University Information*, Student Affairs Department

5. Enrollment

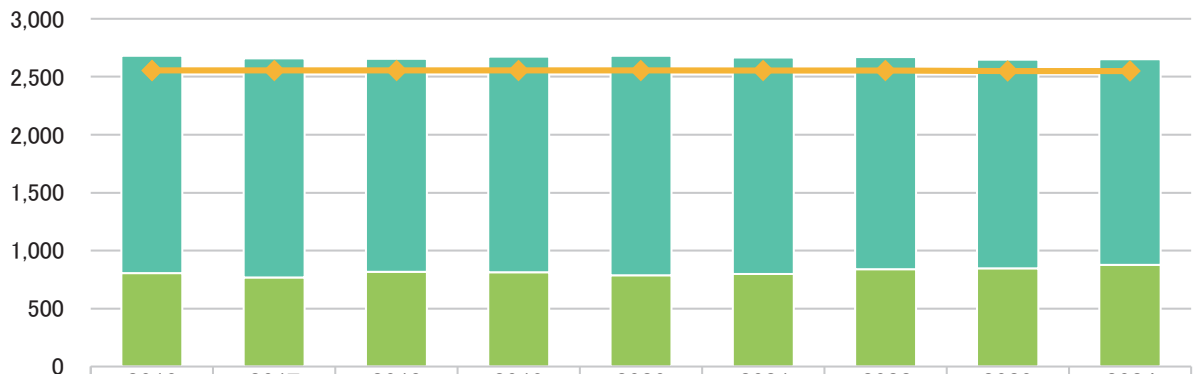
5-1. Enrollment (Undergraduate)

5-1-1. Enrollment (Undergraduate: Overall)

◆ Kyushu University ◆

Number of Entrants (Undergraduate)

(Number)



	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Men (Included)	1,875	1,892	1,837	1,862	1,892	1,868	1,829	1,798	1,773
Women (Included)	805	768	818	813	788	798	839	848	878
Entrants	2,680	2,660	2,655	2,675	2,680	2,666	2,668	2,646	2,652
Intakes	2,555	2,555	2,555	2,555	2,555	2,554	2,554	2,549	2,549

(FY)

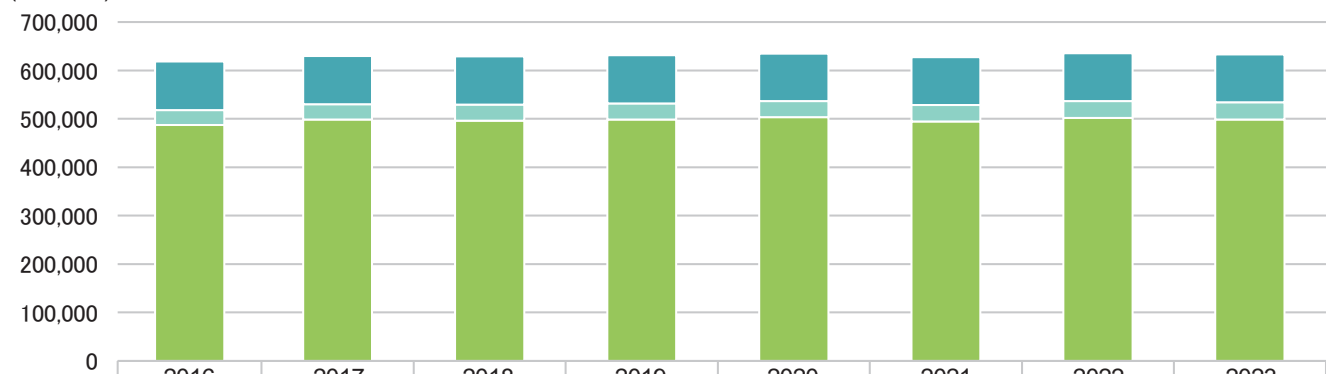
- Number of students enrolled in October is included.
- Number of entrants includes international students like Japanese government funded and foreign government-sponsored international students etc.

Source: Kyushu University Information, Student Affairs Department

◆ Nationwide: National, Public, and Private Universities ◆

Number of Entrants (Undergraduate)

(Number)



	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
National	100,146	99,462	99,371	99,136	98,365	98,156	98,471	98,757
Public	31,307	31,979	33,073	33,712	33,439	33,967	34,679	35,260
Private	486,970	498,292	496,377	498,425	503,199	494,917	502,006	498,885
Total	618,423	629,733	628,821	631,273	635,003	627,040	635,156	632,902

(FY)

- Number of entrants does not include those not enrolled as of May 1 each year.

Source: MEXT, Basic School Survey, Number of University Entrants by Department and Status

5-1-2. Enrollment (Undergraduate: by School)

School of Interdisciplinary Science and Innovation

(Number)

150

Established in
April 2018

100

50

0

2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021 2022 2023 2024

Men (Included)	—	—	42	58	44	51	54	40	46
Women (Included)	—	—	66	53	68	57	56	65	64
Entrants	—	—	108	111	112	108	110	105	110
Intakes	—	—	105	105	105	105	105	105	105

(FY)

School of Letters

(Number)

200

150

100

50

0

2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021 2022 2023 2024

Men (Included)	71	74	75	78	68	76	72	79	73
Women (Included)	95	98	82	82	86	84	90	83	88
Entrants	166	172	157	160	154	160	162	162	161
Intakes	159	159	151	151	151	151	151	151	151

(FY)

School of Education

(Number)

60

40

20

0

2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021 2022 2023 2024

Men (Included)	20	27	21	22	17	14	16	12	17
Women (Included)	34	24	28	28	33	36	34	36	32
Entrants	54	51	49	50	50	50	50	48	49
Intakes	49	49	46	46	46	46	46	46	46

(FY)

School of Law

(Number)

250

200

150

100

50

0

2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021 2022 2023 2024

Men (Included)	123	129	135	119	125	118	113	113	118
Women (Included)	79	78	70	78	77	78	86	85	82
Entrants	202	207	205	197	202	196	199	198	200
Intakes	199	199	189	189	189	189	189	189	189

(FY)

School of Economics

(Number)

300

200

100

0

2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021 2022 2023 2024

Men (Included)	187	188	182	190	191	186	182	192	173
Women (Included)	63	58	55	48	50	51	55	48	60
Entrants	250	246	237	238	241	237	237	240	233
Intakes	238	238	226	226	226	226	226	226	226

(FY)

School of Science

(Number)

300

200

100

0

2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021 2022 2023 2024

Men (Included)	223	233	218	219	233	242	224	212	230
Women (Included)	62	54	57	55	45	35	49	61	53
Entrants	285	287	275	274	278	277	273	273	283
Intakes	272	272	258	258	258	258	258	258	258

(FY)

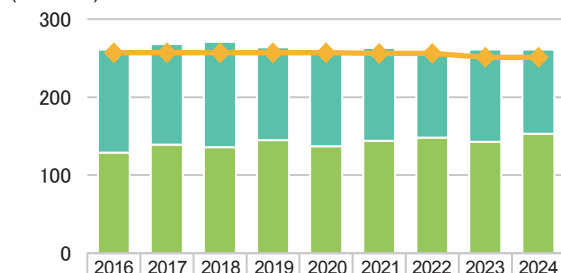
- Number of students enrolled in October is included.
- Number of entrants includes international students like Japanese government funded and foreign government-sponsored international students etc.

Source: Kyushu University Information, Student Affairs Department

5-1-2. Enrollment (Undergraduate: by School) (Continued)

School of Medicine

(Number)

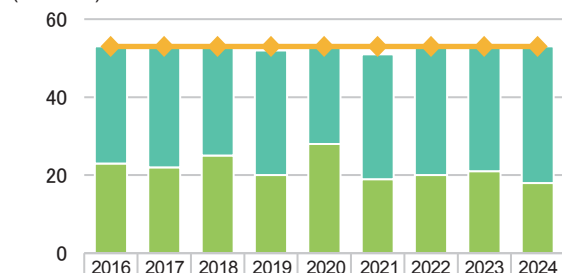


	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Men (Included)	132	129	135	119	123	119	111	118	108
Women (Included)	129	139	136	145	137	144	148	143	153
Entrants	261	268	271	264	260	263	259	261	261
Intakes	257	257	257	257	257	256	256	251	251

(FY)

School of Dentistry

(Number)

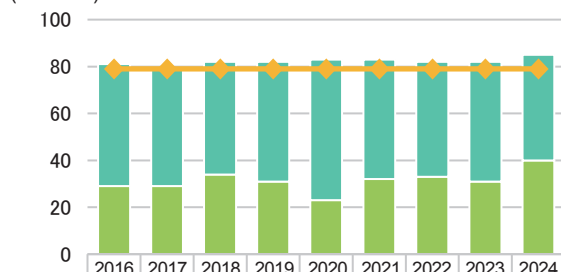


	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Men (Included)	30	31	28	32	25	32	33	32	35
Women (Included)	23	22	25	20	28	19	20	21	18
Entrants	53	53	53	52	53	51	53	53	53
Intakes	53	53	53	53	53	53	53	53	53

(FY)

School of Pharmaceutical Sciences

(Number)

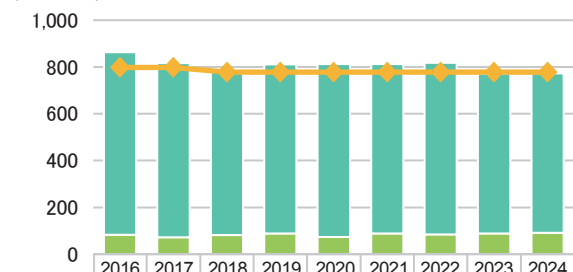


	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Men (Included)	52	50	48	51	60	51	49	51	45
Women (Included)	29	29	34	31	23	32	33	31	40
Entrants	81	79	82	82	83	83	82	82	85
Intakes	79	79	79	79	79	79	79	79	79

(FY)

School of Engineering

(Number)

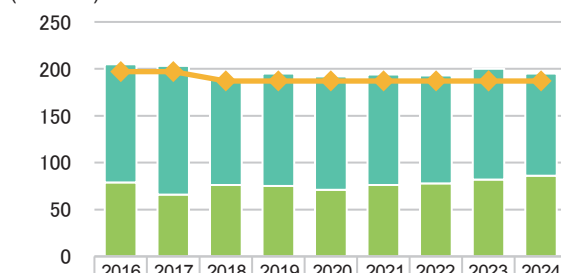


	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Men (Included)	780	745	707	723	739	724	733	682	681
Women (Included)	83	72	82	88	74	89	85	89	91
Entrants	863	817	789	811	813	813	818	771	772
Intakes	798	798	778	778	778	778	778	778	778

(FY)

School of Design

(Number)

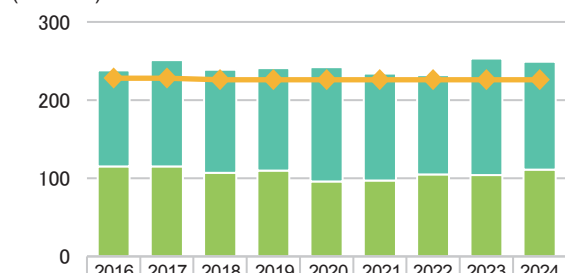


	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Men (Included)	126	137	114	120	121	118	115	118	109
Women (Included)	79	66	76	75	71	76	78	82	86
Entrants	205	203	190	195	192	194	193	200	195
Intakes	197	197	187	187	187	187	187	187	187

(FY)

School of Agriculture

(Number)



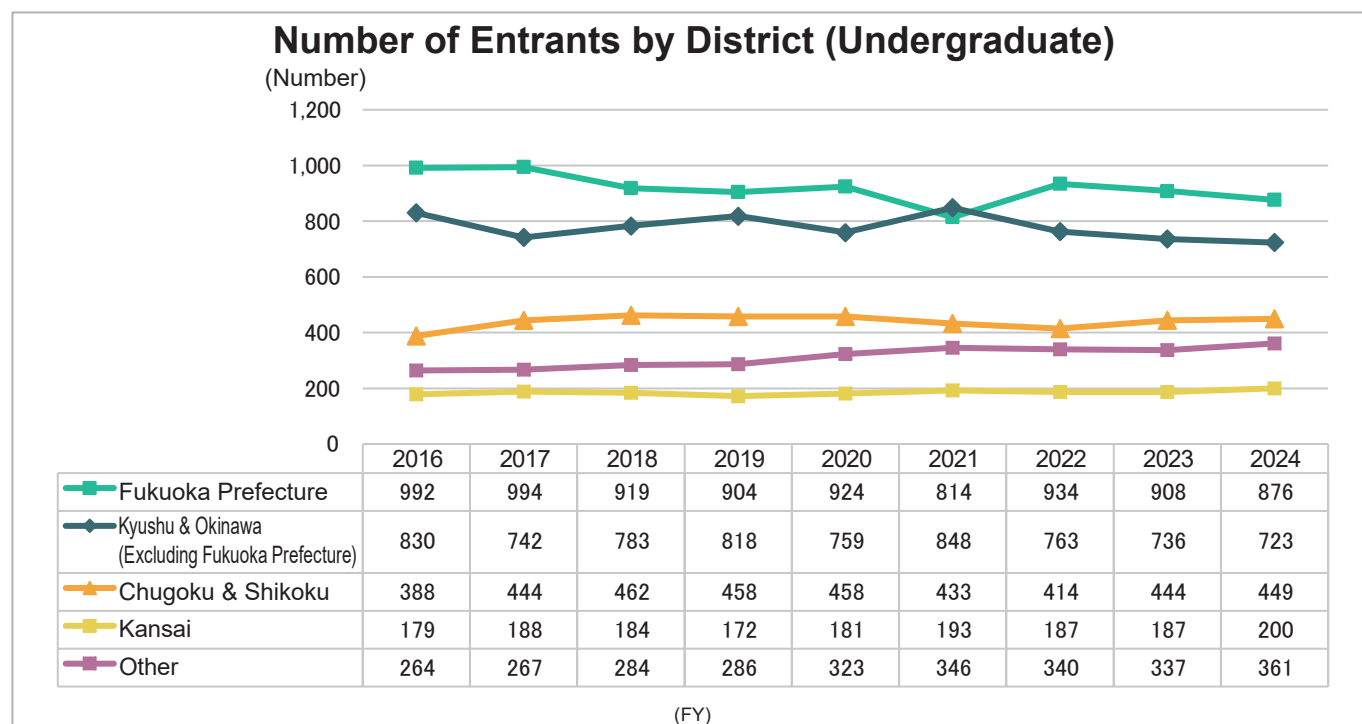
	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Men (Included)	123	136	132	131	146	137	127	149	138
Women (Included)	115	115	107	110	96	97	105	104	111
Entrants	238	251	239	241	242	234	232	253	249
Intakes	228	228	226	226	226	226	226	226	226

(FY)

- Number of students enrolled in October is included.
- Number of entrants includes international students like Japanese government funded and foreign government-sponsored international students etc.

Source: Kyushu University Information, Student Affairs Department

5-1-3. Enrollment (Undergraduate: by District)



• Number of students enrolled in October is included.

Source: *Kyushu University Information* (as of April 1 each year)

Reference: ◆ Comparisons With Other Universities ◆

Desirable Universities for Parents

Rank	University	Points
1	The University of Tokyo	890
2	Kyoto University	570
3	Waseda University	337
4	Keio University	331
5	Osaka University	173
6	Kyushu University	127
7	Nagoya University	110
8	Tohoku University	102
9	Hokkaido University	97
10	Tokyo Institute of Technology	58

(2023)

Percentage of Enrollment Among Successful General Admission (National Universities)

Rank	University	%
1	Tsukuba University of Technology	100.0
2	Kyoto University	99.7
3	The University of Tokyo	99.5
4	National Institute of Fitness and Sports in KANOYA	99.0
4	Hitotsubashi University	99.0
6	Tokyo Institute of Technology	98.7
7	Osaka University	98.6
8	Okayama University	98.2
9	Nagoya University	97.9
10	Miyagi University of Education	97.8
11	Kumamoto University	96.9
12	Kyushu University	96.6

(2023)

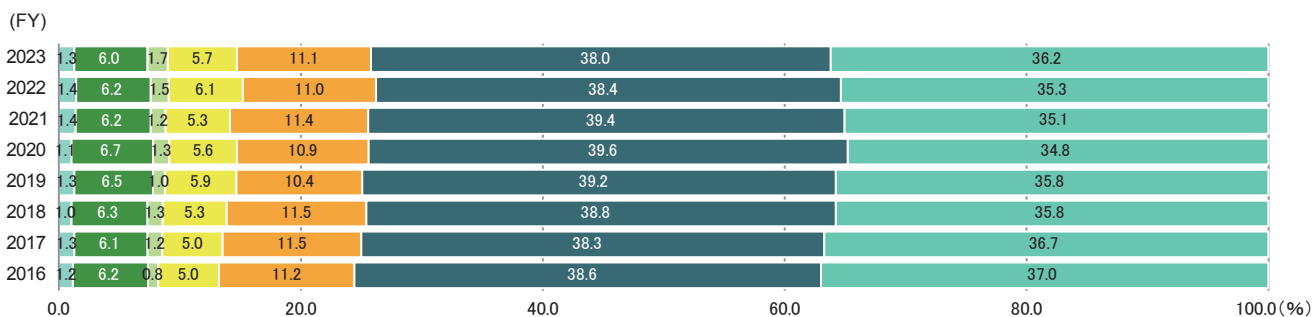
• How to Read the Rankings (Quoted from the Source) Desirable Universities for Parents

Daigaku Tsushin conducted an online survey among members of the public nationwide and ranked universities by topic. The survey period was in 2023. There were 1,000 respondents and the survey targeted company employees and public officials who had graduated from university. The survey was conducted without any regional bias and the ratio of men to women respondents was roughly 1 to 1. Respondents were requested to rank 3 universities, with 3 points given to the top-ranked university, 2 points to the second, and 1 point to the third, for each of the following lists: 3 Universities Throughout Japan and 3 Universities in Local or Surrounding Areas.

Source: Asahi Shimbun Publications, *2025 University Rankings*

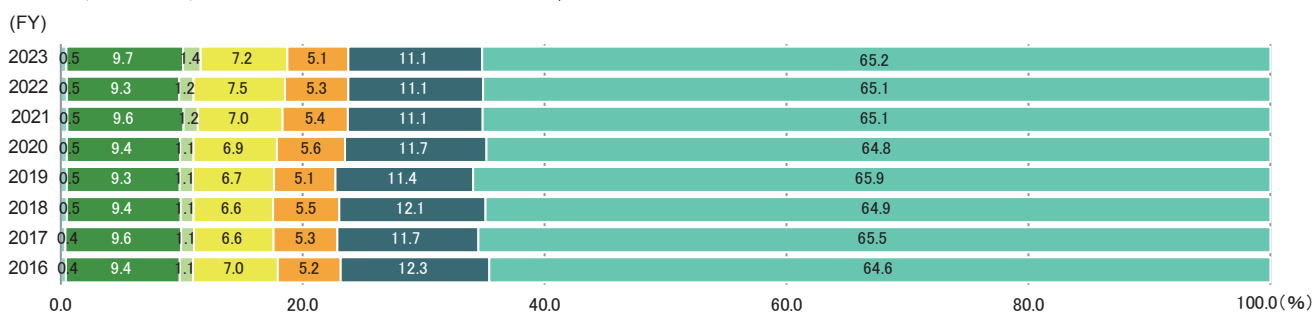
Reference: Number of Entrants to National, Public, and Private Universities by Region/Prefecture

◆ National Universities ◆



	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
■ Hokkaido & Tohoku	57	61	49	59	50	61	66	60
■ Kanto	299	292	297	297	319	269	289	284
■ Chubu	41	58	59	46	63	53	69	79
■ Kansai	243	239	250	270	265	232	285	269
■ Chugoku & Shikoku	542	550	542	476	514	495	514	520
■ Kyushu & Okinawa (Excluding Fukuoka Prefecture)	1,866	1,839	1,830	1,792	1,873	1,709	1,791	1,783
■ Fukuoka Prefecture	1,788	1,763	1,685	1,637	1,645	1,522	1,648	1,700
Total	4,836	4,802	4,712	4,577	4,729	4,341	4,662	4,695

◆ National, Public, and Private Universities ◆



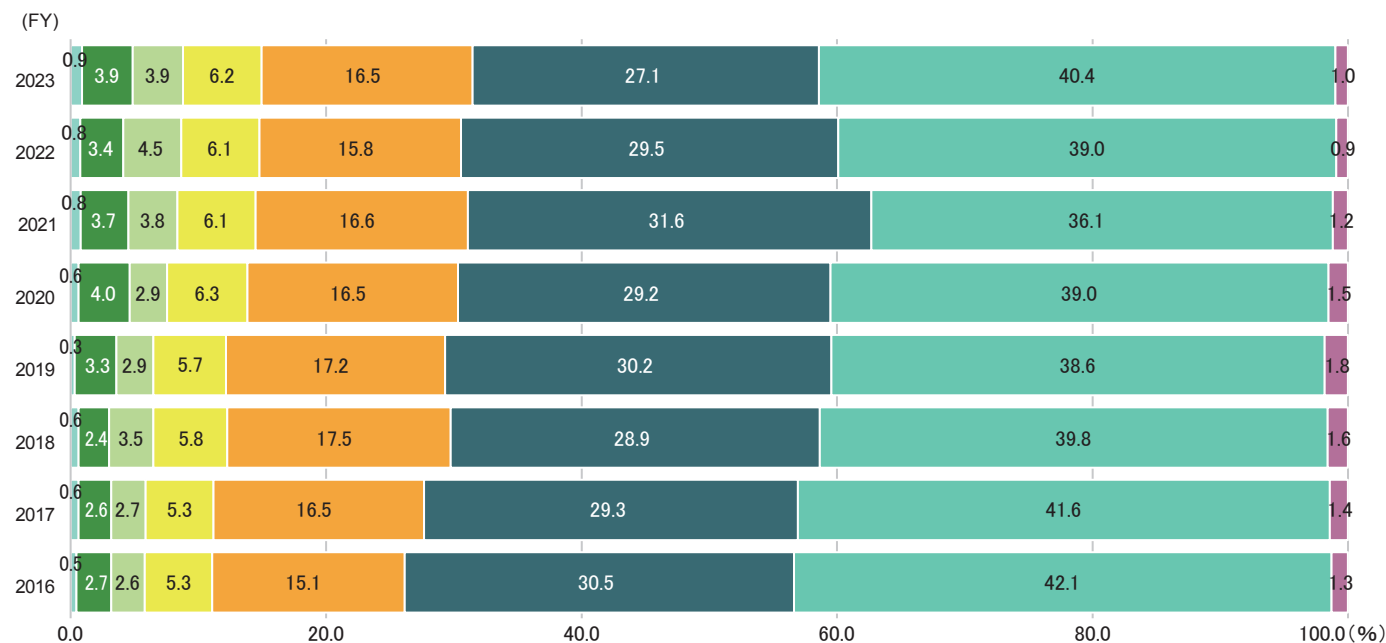
	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
■ Hokkaido & Tohoku	94	92	112	113	114	118	113	108
■ Kanto	2,153	2,212	2,122	2,145	2,142	2,145	2,131	2,227
■ Chubu	249	246	242	256	253	266	277	330
■ Kansai	1,597	1,525	1,485	1,535	1,576	1,566	1,729	1,651
■ Chugoku & Shikoku	1,188	1,219	1,242	1,166	1,282	1,209	1,206	1,171
■ Kyushu & Okinawa (Excluding Fukuoka Prefecture)	2,807	2,701	2,728	2,613	2,677	2,488	2,557	2,551
■ Fukuoka Prefecture	14,741	15,162	14,652	15,138	14,817	14,541	14,928	15,028
Total	22,829	23,157	22,583	22,966	22,861	22,333	22,941	23,066



- The above graph shows who graduates high school in Fukuoka enrolled which prefecture's universities.
- Number of entrants does not include those not enrolled as of May 1 each year.
- The location of the university depends on the location of the undergraduate school entered.

Source: MEXT, *Basic School Survey*, Number of University Entrants by Prefecture of High School of Graduation

Reference: Number of Entrants to National Universities Located in Fukuoka Prefecture



	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
■ Hokkaido & Tohoku	20	26	26	14	27	33	32	38
■ Kanto	115	108	102	138	168	158	142	166
■ Chubu	112	114	147	123	124	161	192	166
■ Kansai	224	225	245	240	265	259	259	259
■ Chugoku & Shikoku	640	699	740	727	696	699	667	695
■ Kyushu & Okinawa (Excluding Fukuoka Prefecture)	1,295	1,239	1,224	1,281	1,231	1,332	1,248	1,140
■ Fukuoka Prefecture	1,788	1,763	1,685	1,637	1,645	1,522	1,648	1,700
■ Other	55	60	67	77	65	50	39	41
Total	4,249	4,234	4,236	4,237	4,221	4,214	4,227	4,205



- Number of entrants does not include those not enrolled as of May 1 each year.
- The location of the university depends on the location of the undergraduate school entered.
- “Other” means the following persons: “completed 12 years of school education overseas”; “completed the upper secondary course of specialized training colleges”; obtained the Certificate for Students Achieving the Proficiency Level of Upper Secondary School Graduates in accordance with a regulation of Certificate for Students Achieving the Proficiency Level of Upper Secondary School Graduates (No.1, The Ministerial Ordinance, 2005 by MEXT), (Art.150, School Education Act Enforcement Regulation).

Source: MEXT, *Basic School Survey*, Number of University Entrants by Prefecture of High School of Graduation

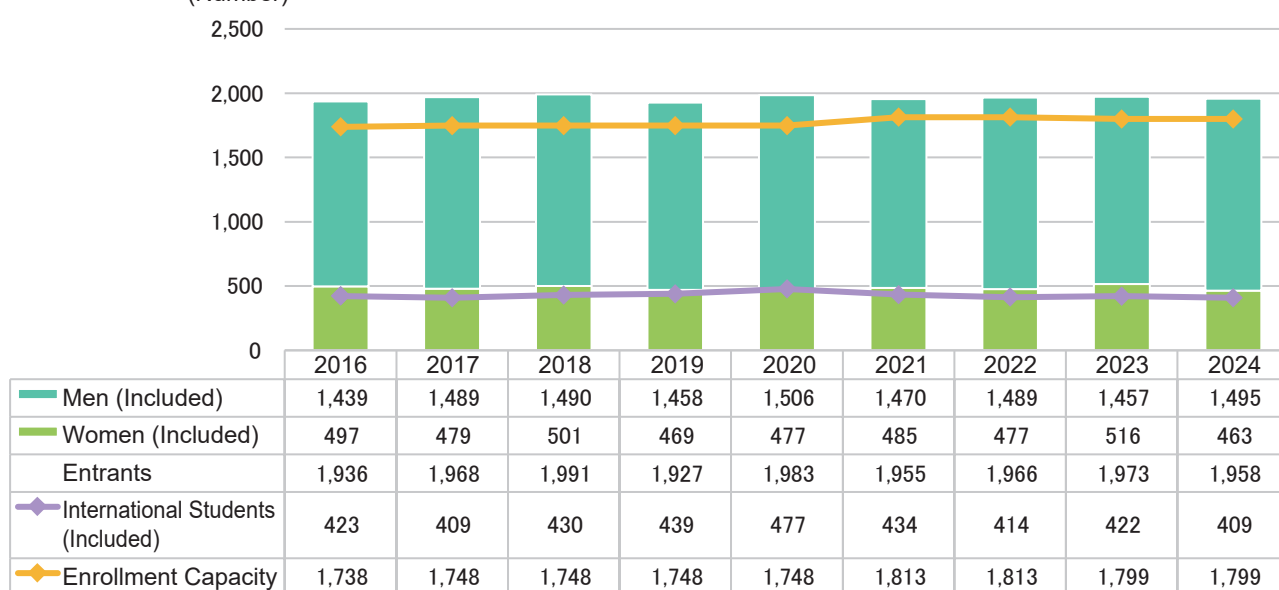
5-2. Enrollment (Master's Programs)

5-2-1. Enrollment (Master's Programs: Overall)

◆ Kyushu University ◆

Number of Entrants (Master's Programs)

(Number)



(FY)

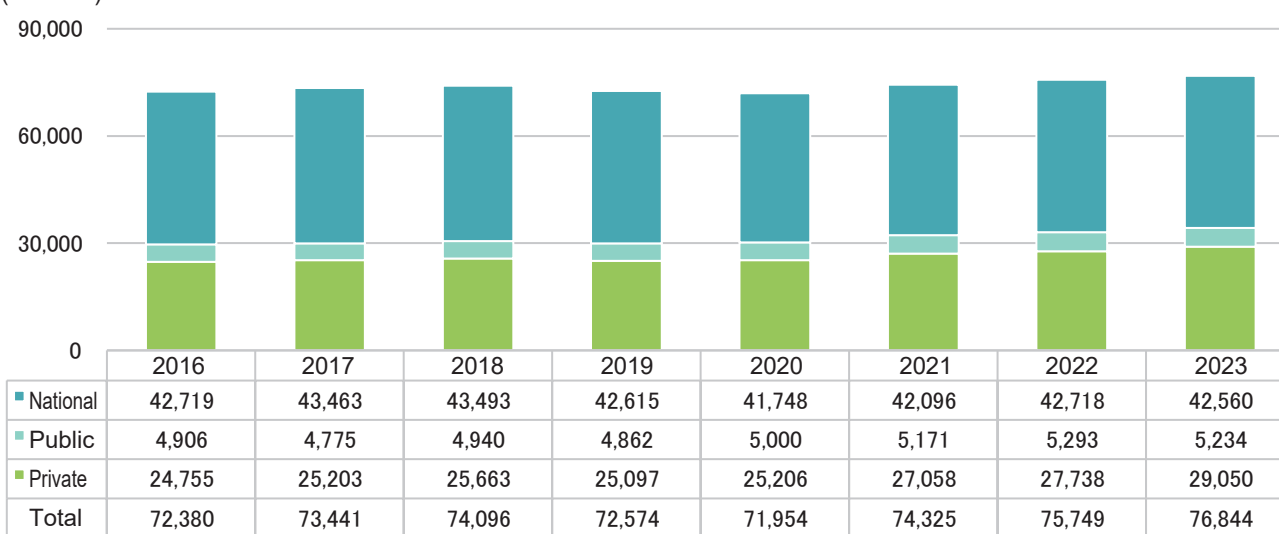
• Number of students enrolled in October is included.

Source: Kyushu University Information, Student Affairs Department

◆ Nationwide: National, Public, and Private Universities ◆

Number of Entrants (Master's Programs)

(Number)



(FY)

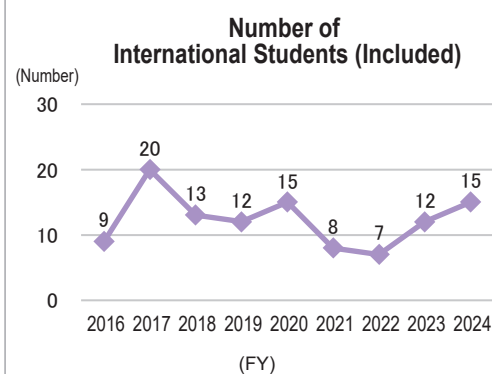
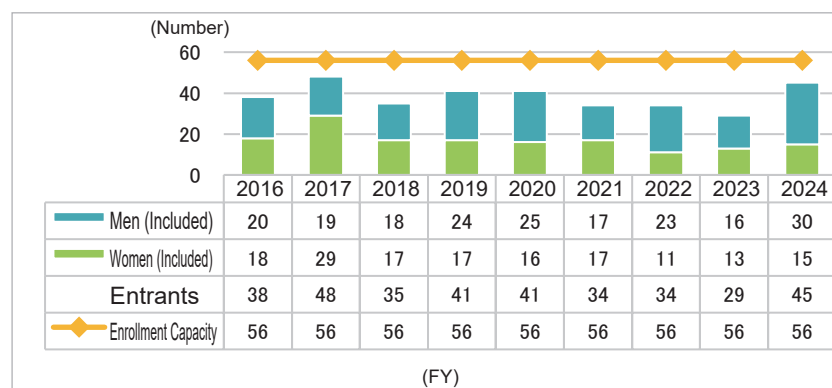
• Number of entrants does not include those not enrolled as of May 1 each year.

• Number of entrants includes those enrolled in Master's and Doctoral Programs, including 1st and 2nd year of integrated programs other than those related to medical, dental, pharmaceutical sciences (4-year) and veterinary-related medical sciences.

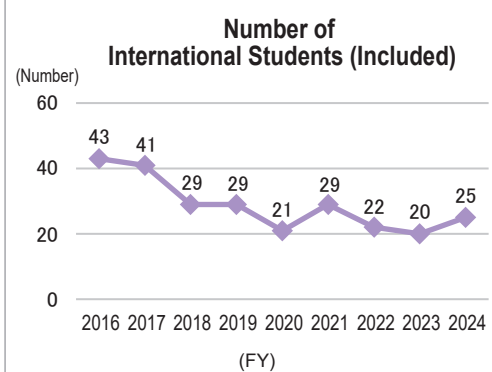
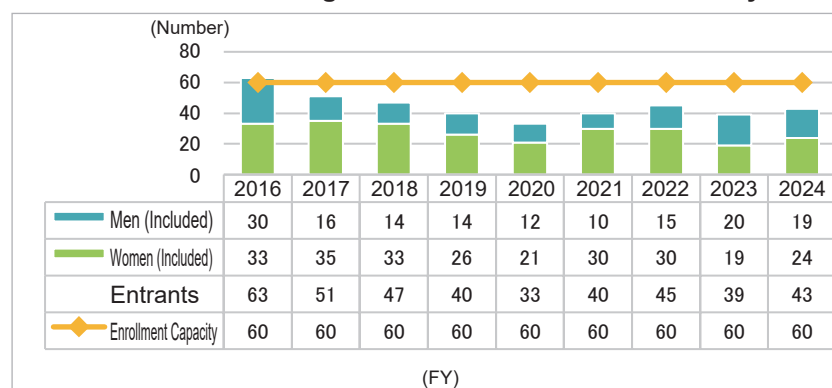
Source: MEXT, Basic School Survey, Number of University Entrants by Graduate School Major

5-2-2. Enrollment (Master's Programs: by Graduate School)

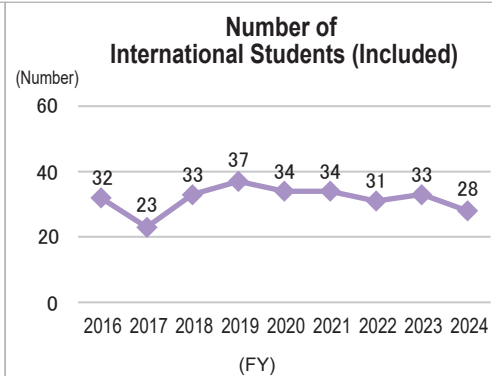
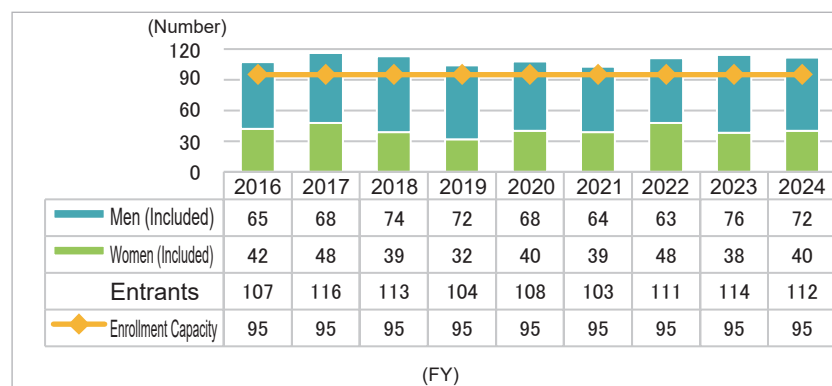
Graduate School of Humanities



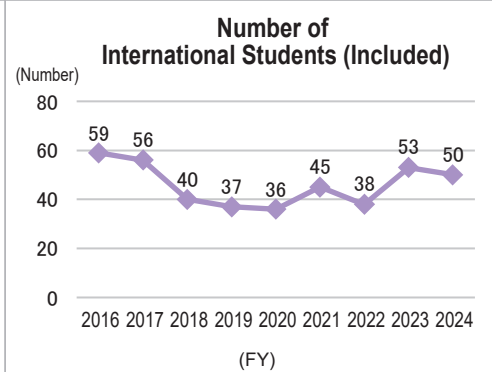
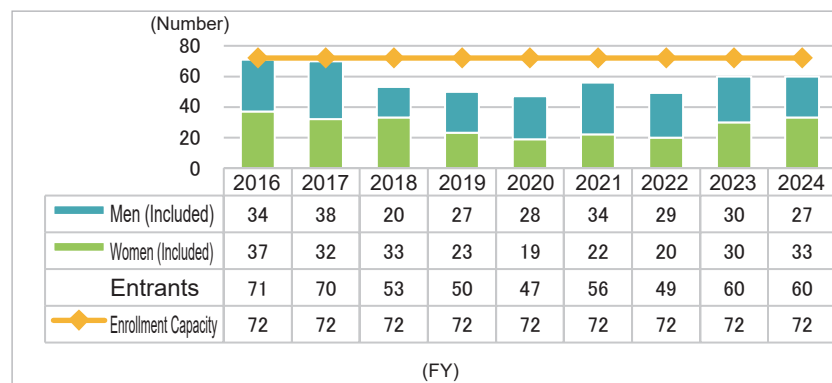
Graduate School of Integrated Sciences for Global Society



Graduate School of Human-Environment Studies



Graduate School of Law

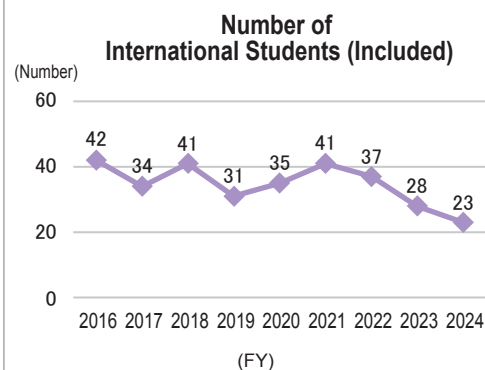
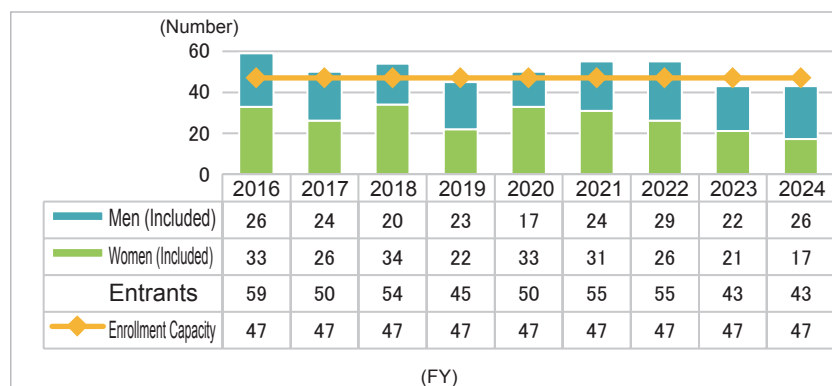


• Number of students enrolled in October is included.

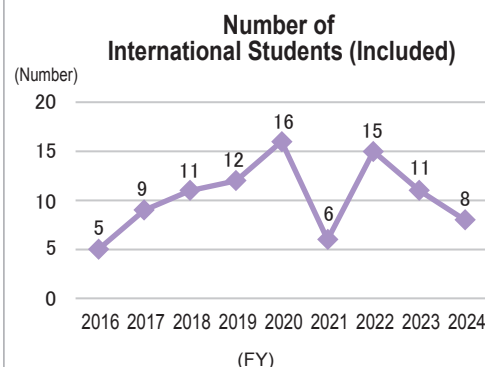
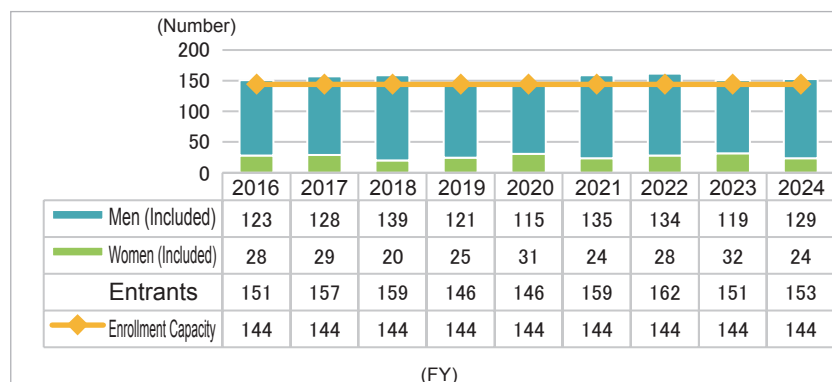
Source: Kyushu University Information, Student Affairs Department

5-2-2. Enrollment (Master's Programs: by Graduate School) (Continued)

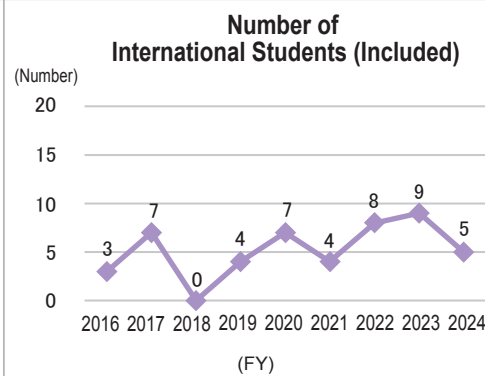
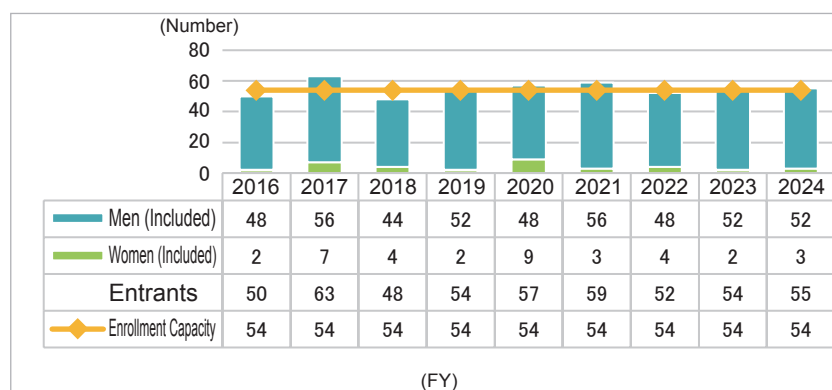
Graduate School of Economics



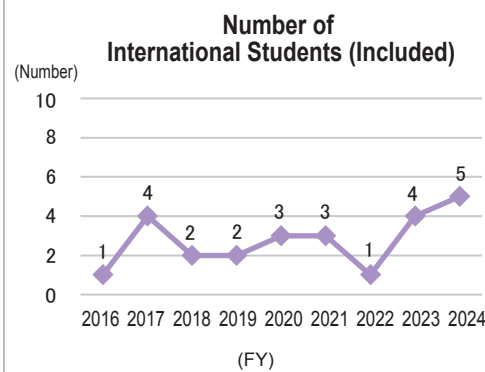
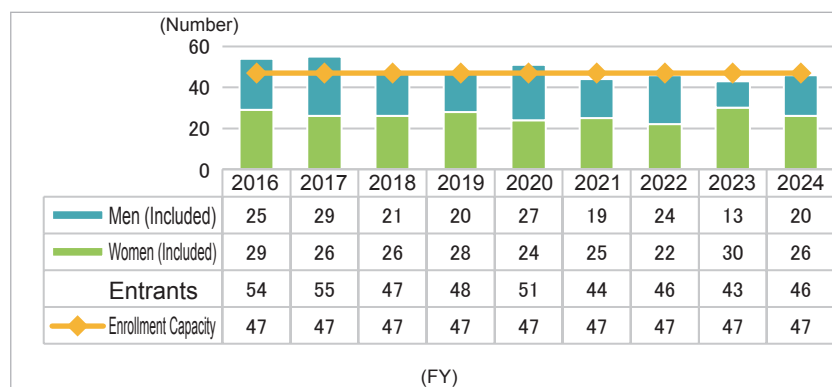
Graduate School of Science



Graduate School of Mathematics



Graduate School of Medical Sciences

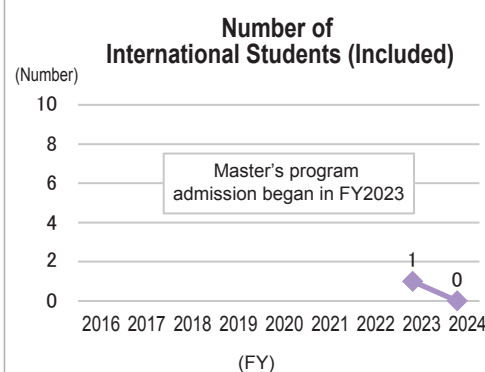
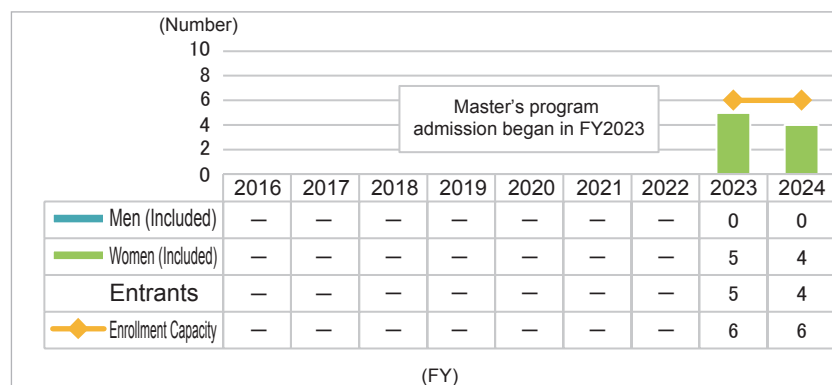


• Number of students enrolled in October is included.

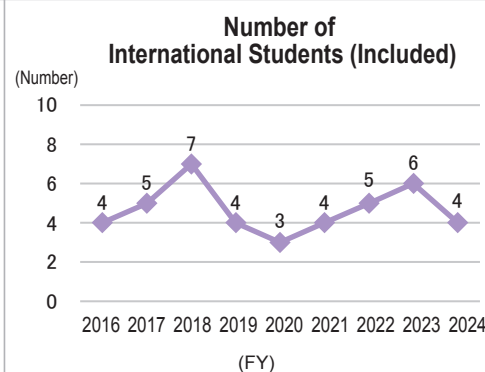
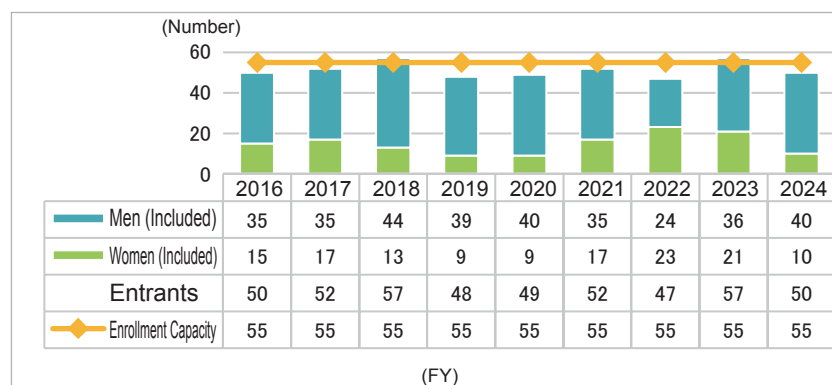
Source: Kyushu University Information, Student Affairs Department

5-2-2. Enrollment (Master's Programs: by Graduate School) (Continued)

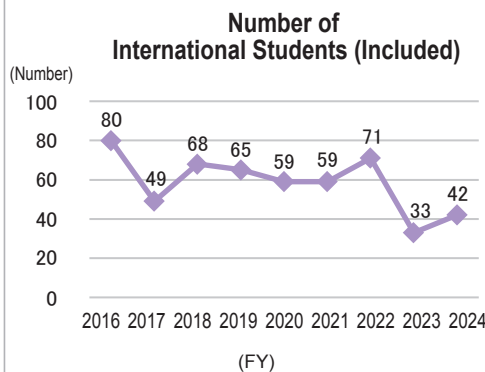
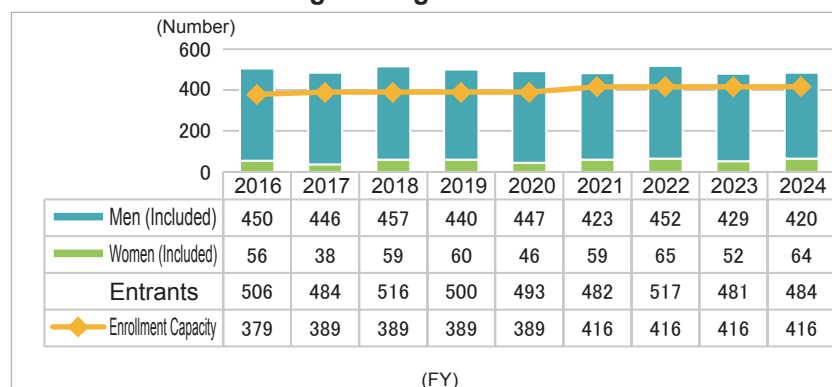
Graduate School of Dental Science



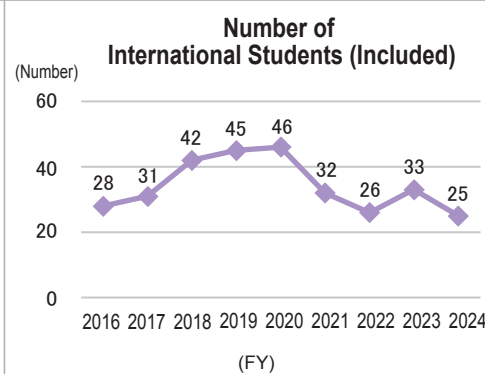
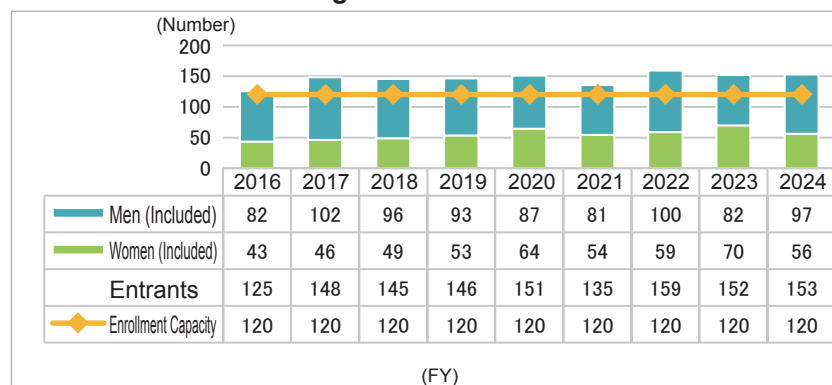
Graduate School of Pharmaceutical Sciences



Graduate School of Engineering



Graduate School of Design

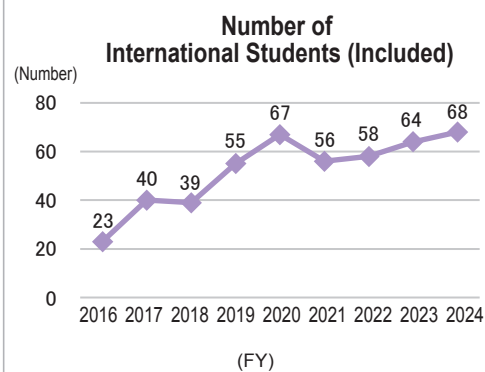
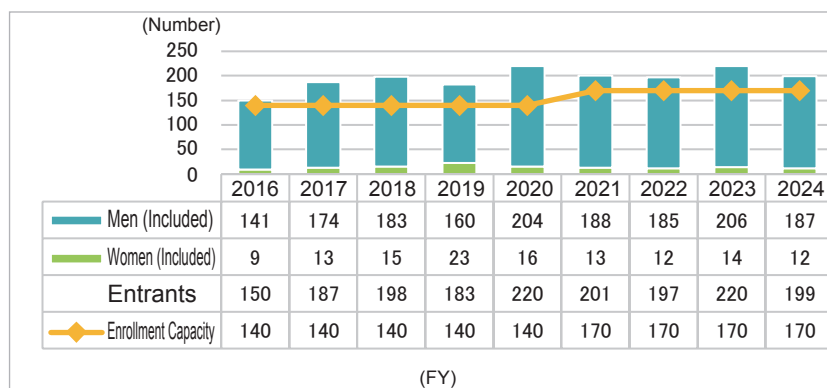


• Number of students enrolled in October is included.

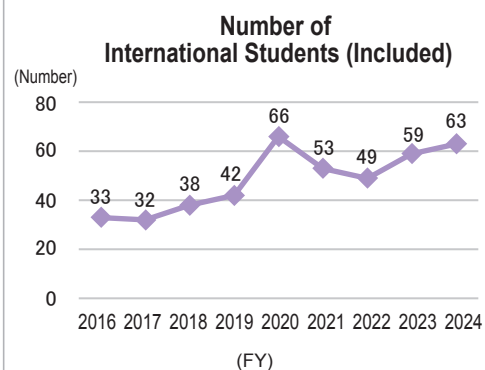
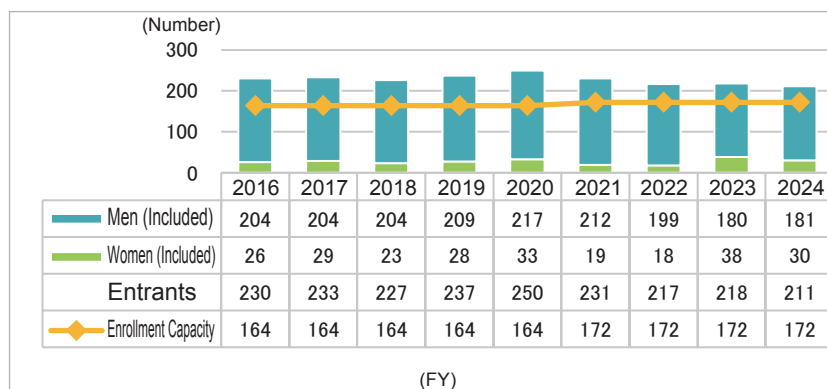
Source: Kyushu University Information, Student Affairs Department

5-2-2. Enrollment (Master's Programs: by Graduate School) (Continued)

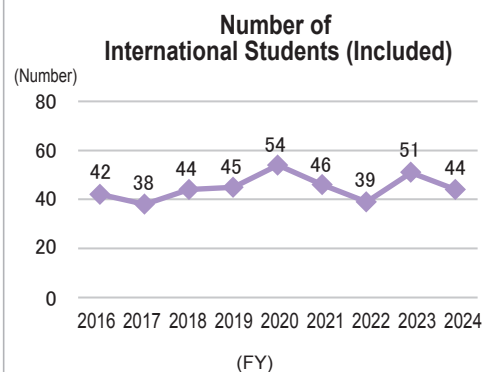
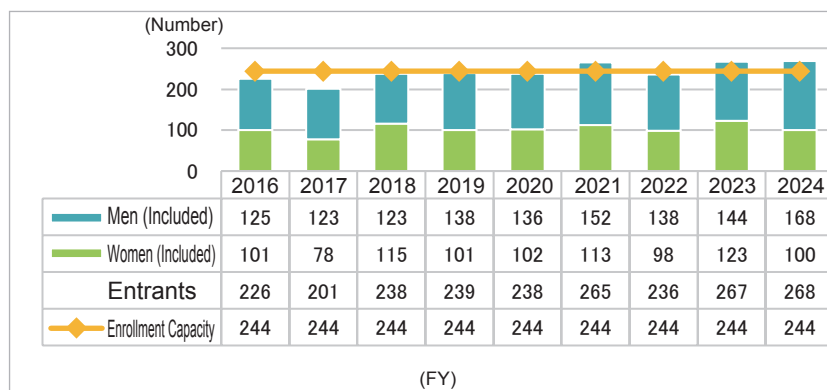
Graduate School of Information Science and Electrical Engineering



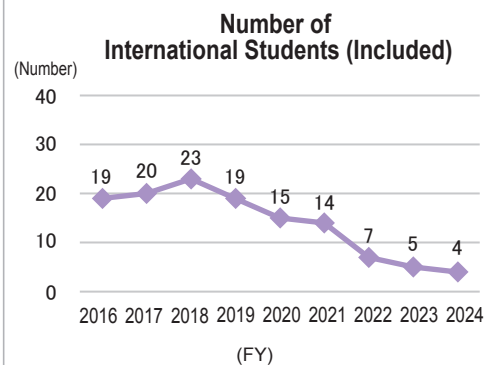
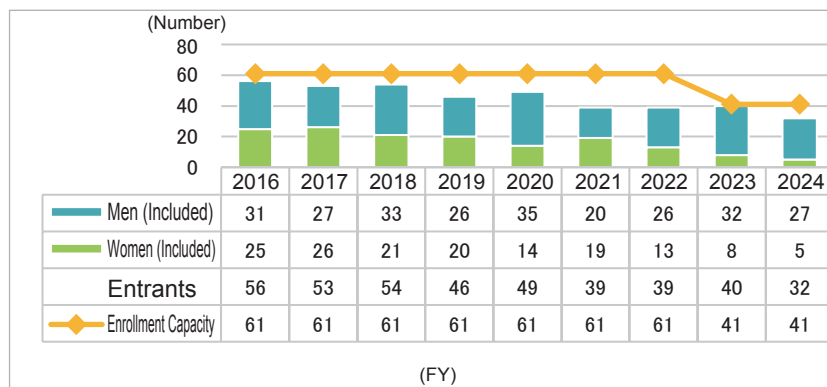
Interdisciplinary Graduate School of Engineering Sciences



Graduate School of Bioresource and Bioenvironmental Sciences



Graduate School of Integrated Frontier Sciences

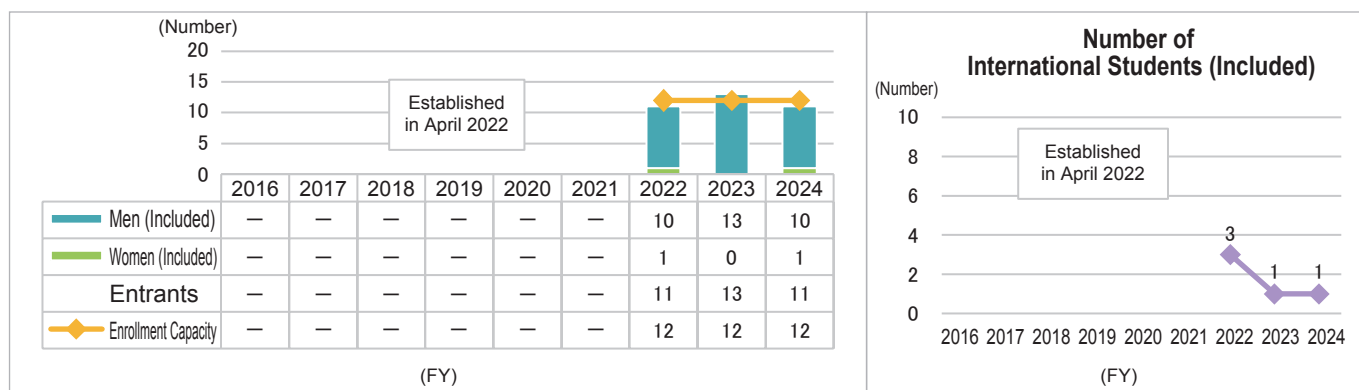


• Number of students enrolled in October is included.

Source: Kyushu University Information, Student Affairs Department

5-2-2. Enrollment (Master's Programs: by Graduate School) (Continued)

Joint Graduate School of Mathematics for Innovation



- Number of students enrolled in October is included.
- Number of students in the Joint Graduate School of Mathematics for Innovation is included in the figures for each of the cooperating graduate schools (the Graduate Schools of Mathematics, Information Science and Electrical Engineering, and Economics).

Source: *Kyushu University Information*, Student Affairs Department

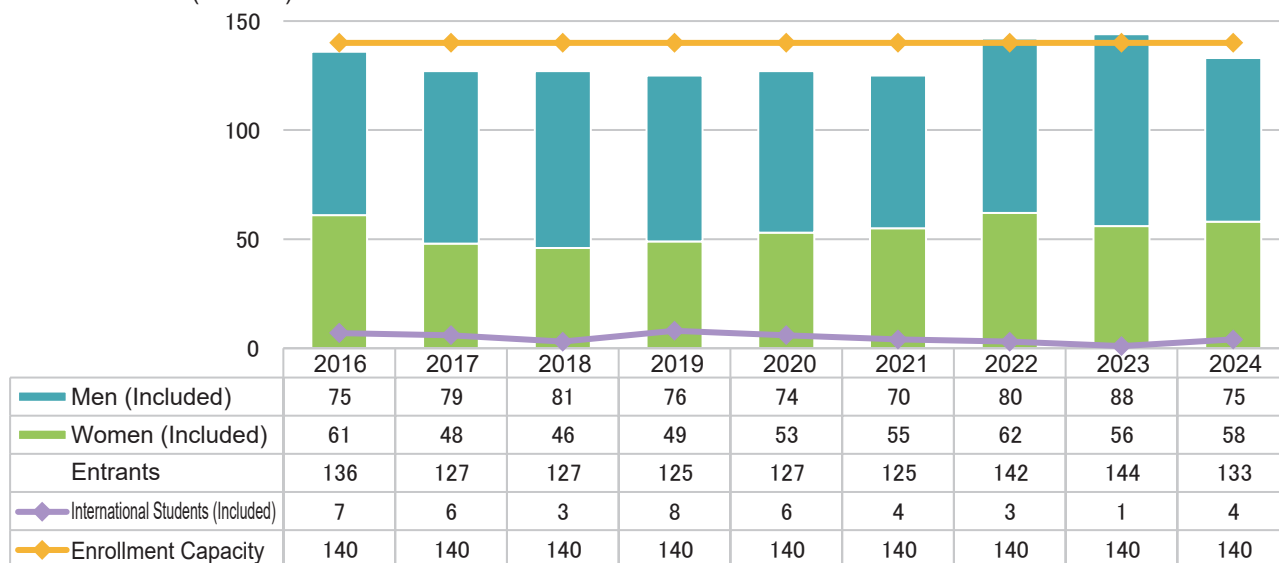
5-3. Enrollment (Professional Degree Programs)

5-3-1. Enrollment (Professional Degree Programs: Overall)

◆ Kyushu University ◆

Number of Entrants (Professional Degree Programs)

(Number)



(FY)

• Professional Degree Program:

Professional Graduate School of Applied Clinical Psychology: Department of Clinical Psychology Practice, Graduate School of Human-Environment Studies

Law School: Department of Legal Practice, Graduate School of Law

Business School: Department of Business and Technology Management, Graduate School of Economics

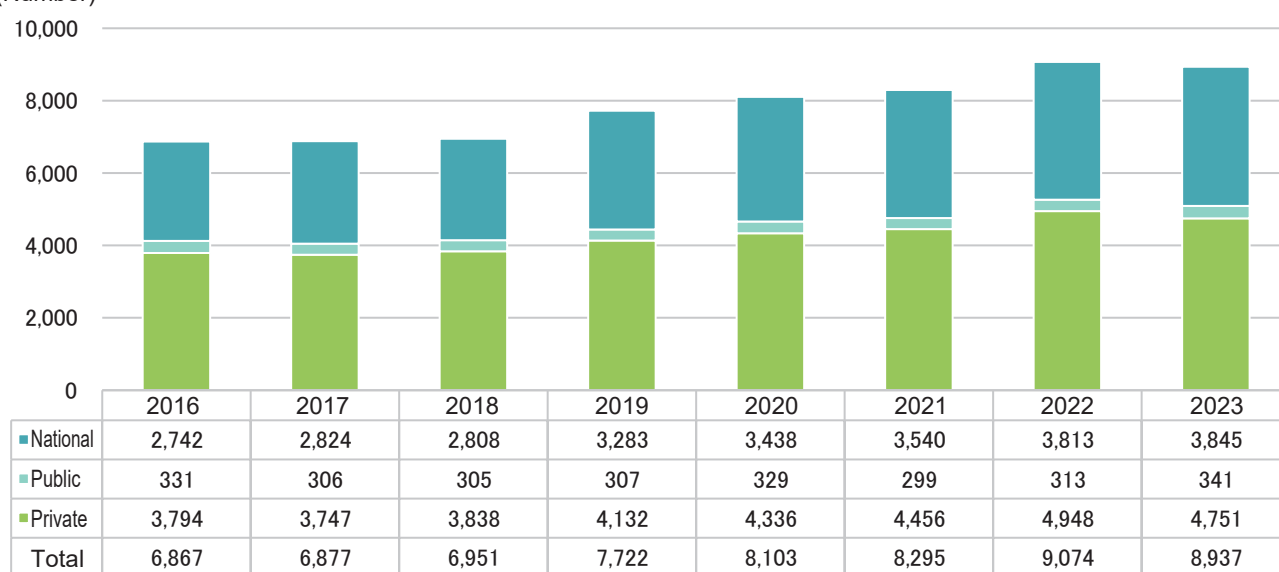
Professional Graduate School of Public Health: Department of Health Care Administration and Management, Graduate School of Medical Sciences

Source: Kyushu University Information

◆ Nationwide: National, Public, and Private Universities ◆

Number of Entrants (Professional Degree Programs)

(Number)

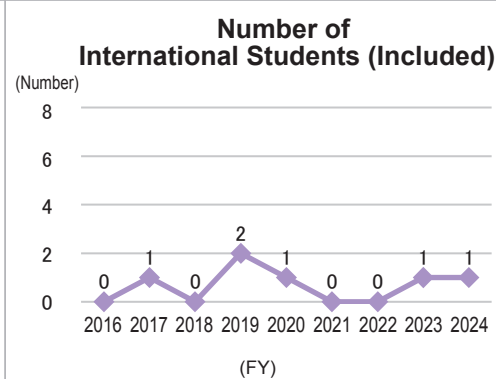
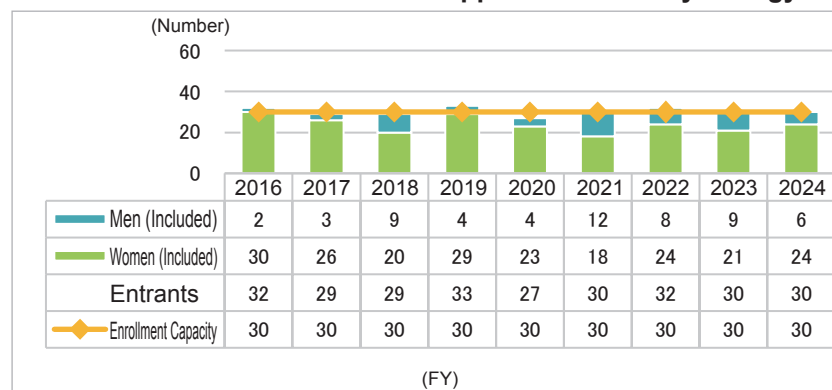


(FY)

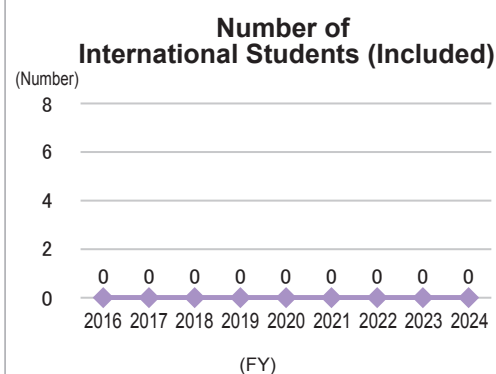
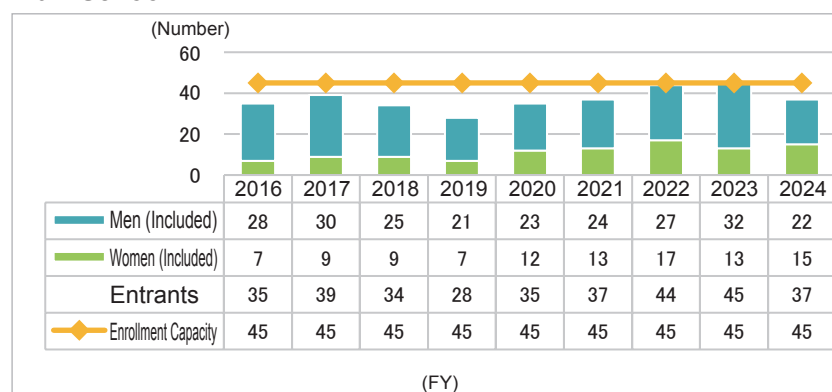
Source: MEXT, Basic School Survey, Number of University Entrants by Graduate School Major

5-3-2. Enrollment (Professional Degree Programs: by Graduate School)

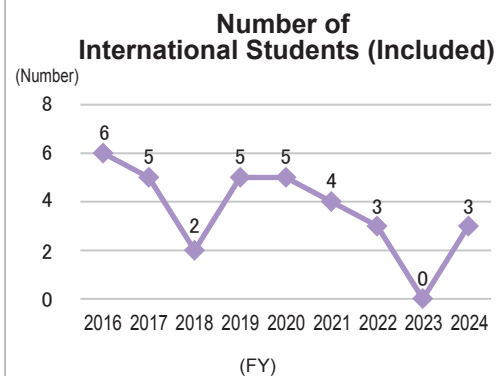
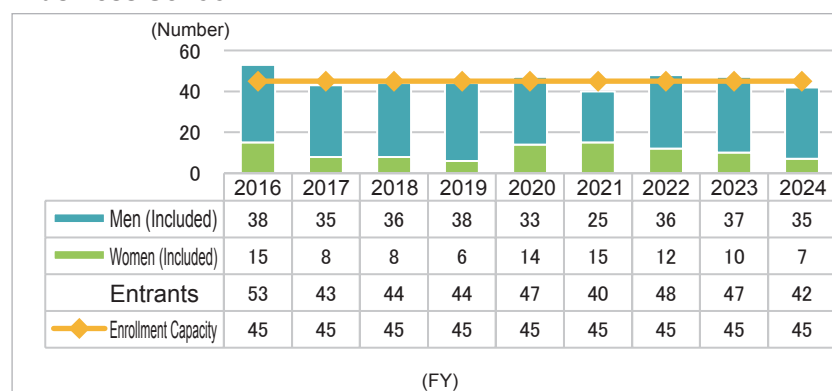
Professional Graduate School of Applied Clinical Psychology



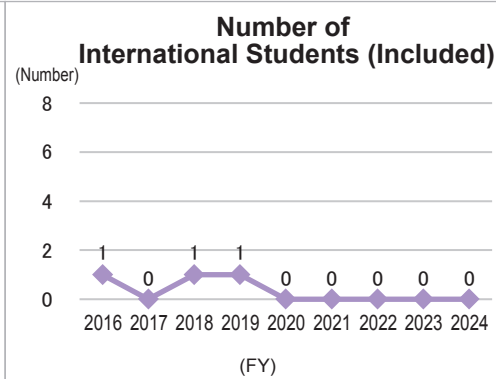
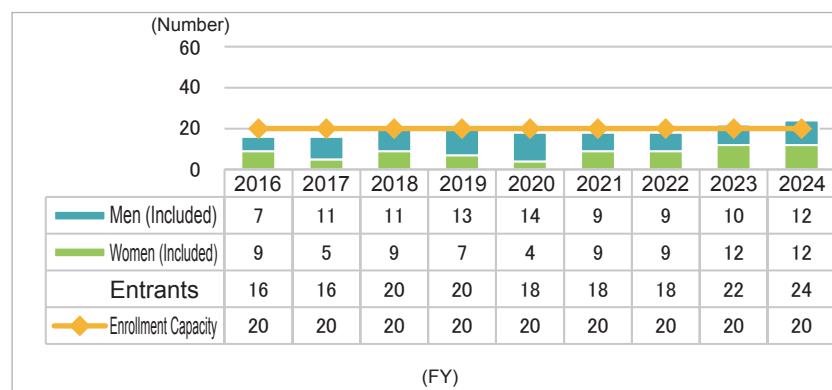
Law School



Business School



Professional Graduate School of Public Health



Source: Kyushu University Information

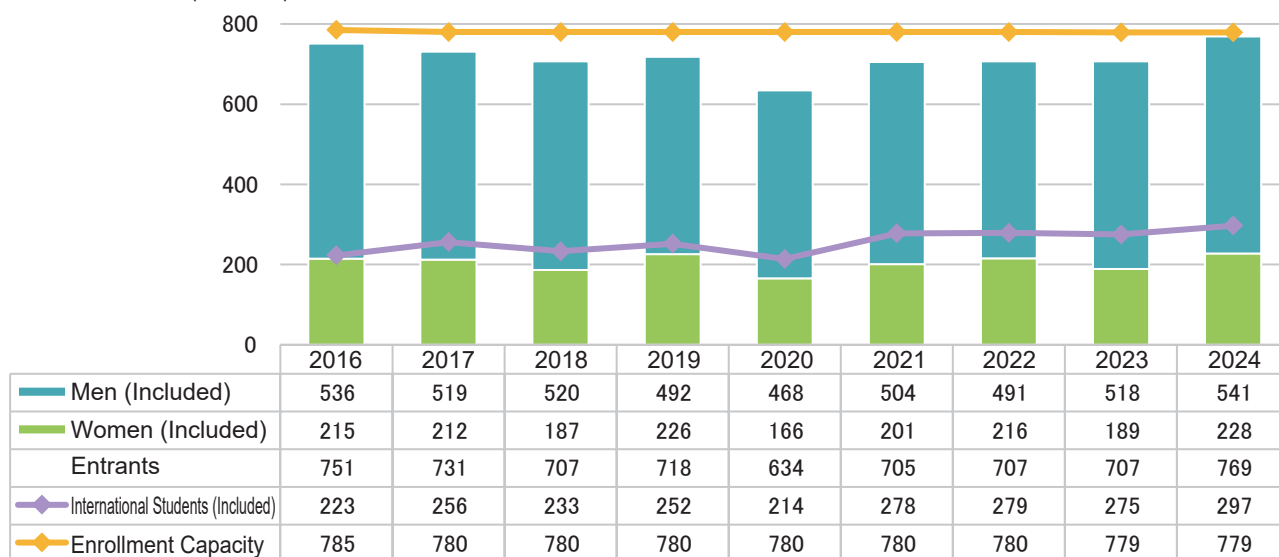
5-4. Enrollment (Doctoral Programs)

5-4-1. Enrollment (Doctoral Programs: Overall)

◆ Kyushu University ◆

Number of Entrants (Doctoral Programs)

(Number)



(FY)

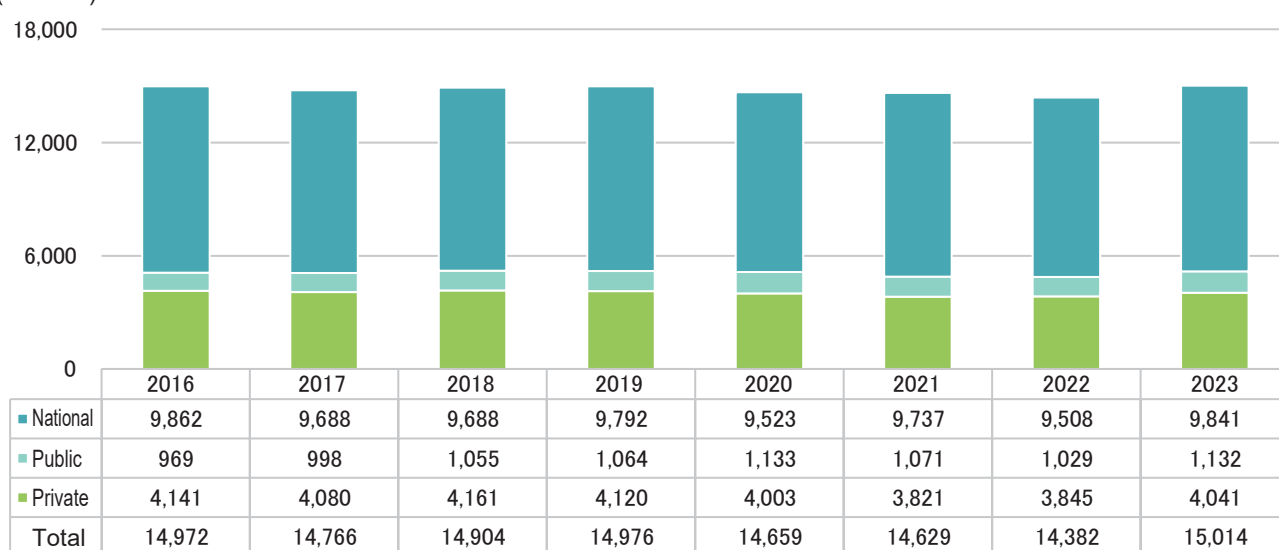
• Number of students enrolled in October is included.

Source: *Kyushu University Information*, Student Affairs Department

◆ Nationwide: National, Public, and Private Universities ◆

Number of Entrants (Doctoral Programs)

(Number)

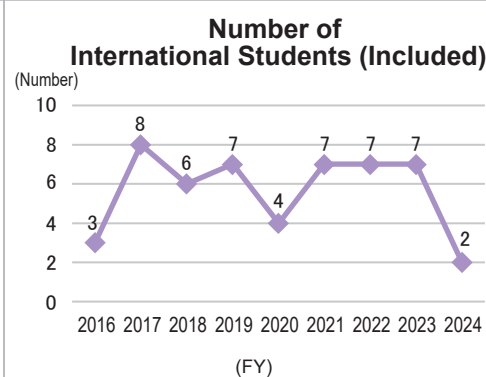
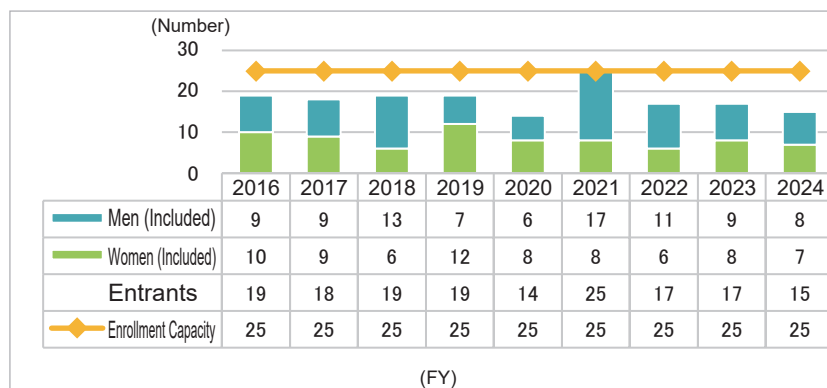


(FY)

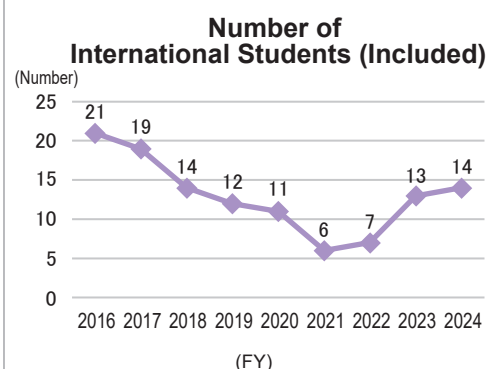
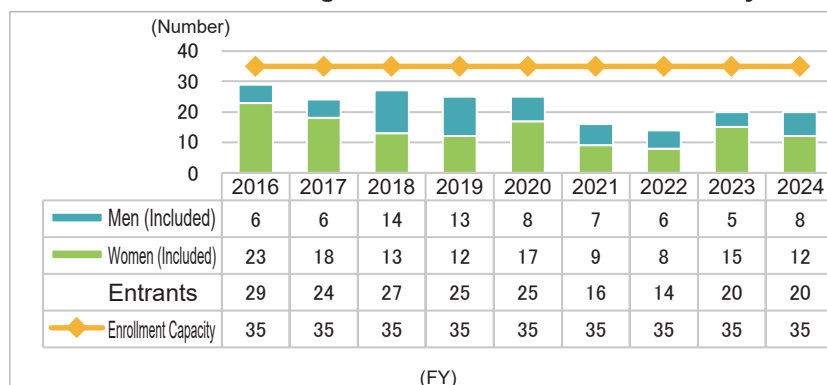
Source: MEXT, *Basic School Survey*, Number of University Entrants by Graduate School Major

5-4-2. Enrollment (Doctoral Programs: by Graduate School)

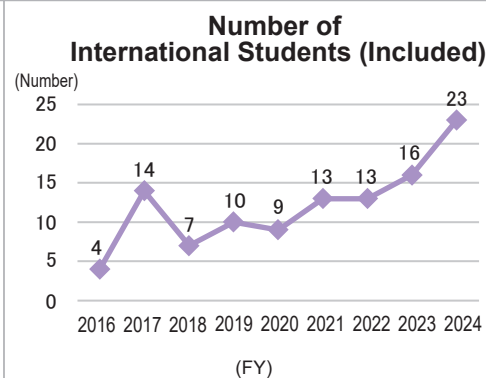
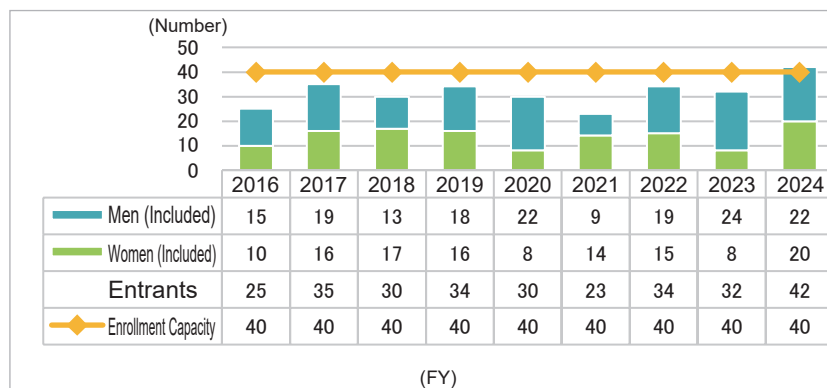
Graduate School of Humanities



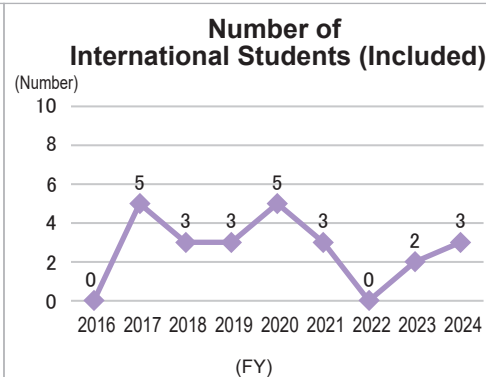
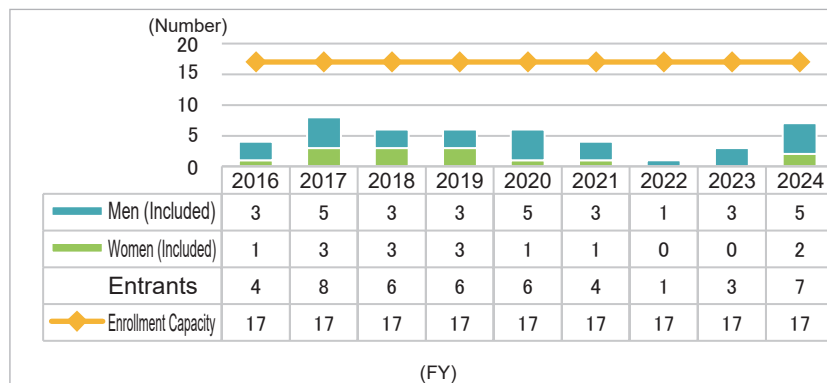
Graduate School of Integrated Sciences for Global Society



Graduate School of Human-Environment Studies



Graduate School of Law

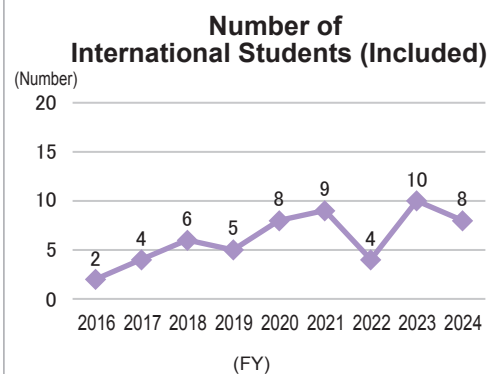
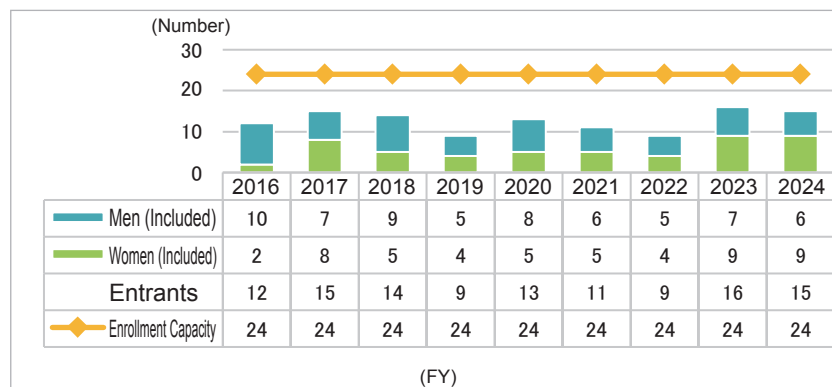


• Number of students enrolled in October is included.

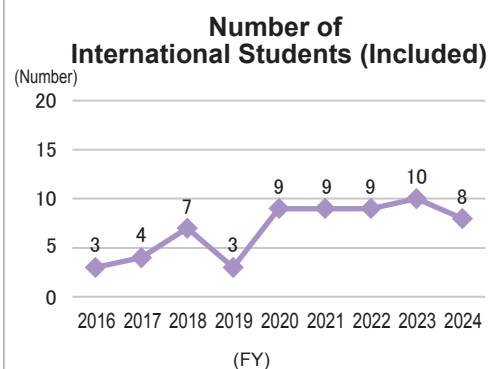
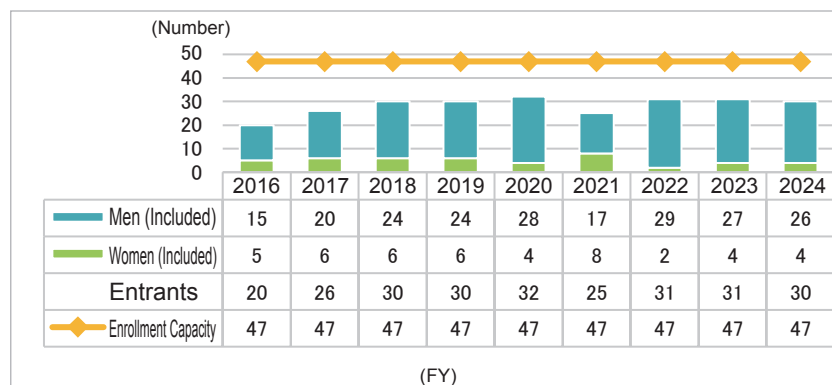
Source: Kyushu University Information, Student Affairs Department

5-4-2. Enrollment (Doctoral Programs: by Graduate School) (Continued)

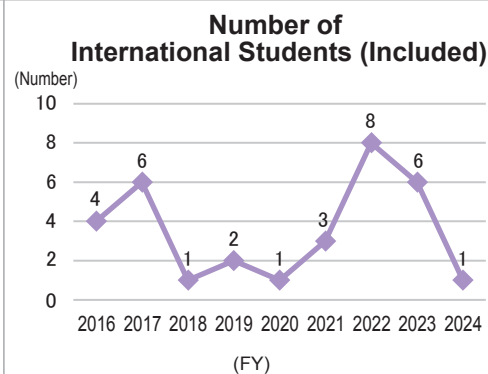
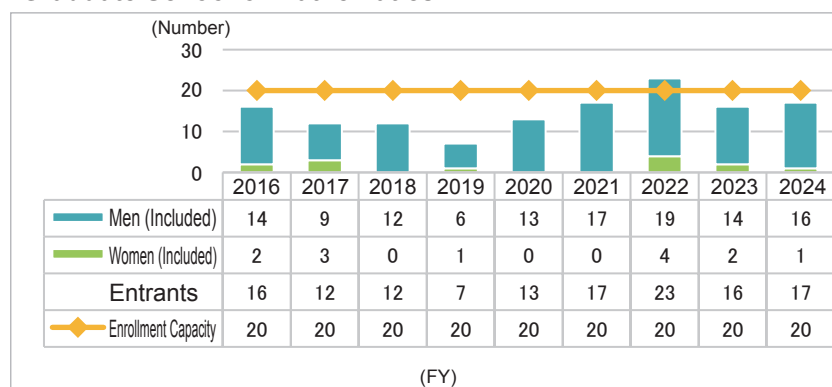
Graduate School of Economics



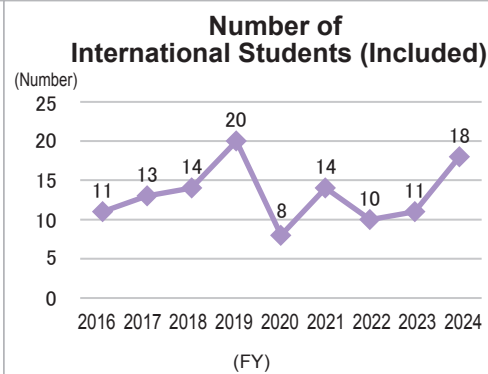
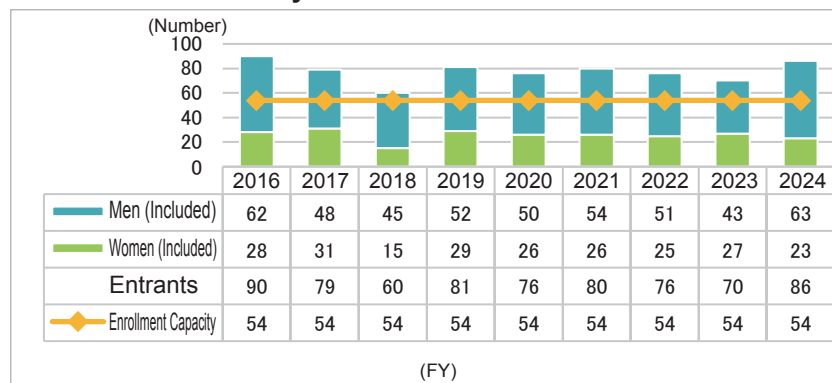
Graduate School of Science



Graduate School of Mathematics



Graduate School of Systems Life Sciences

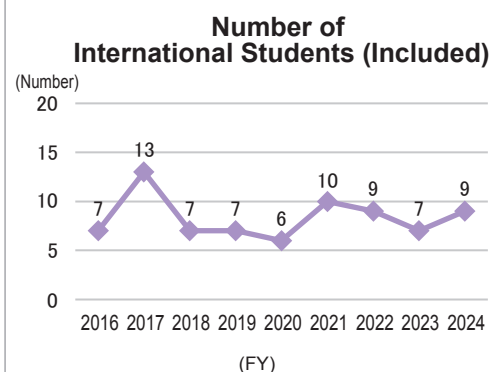
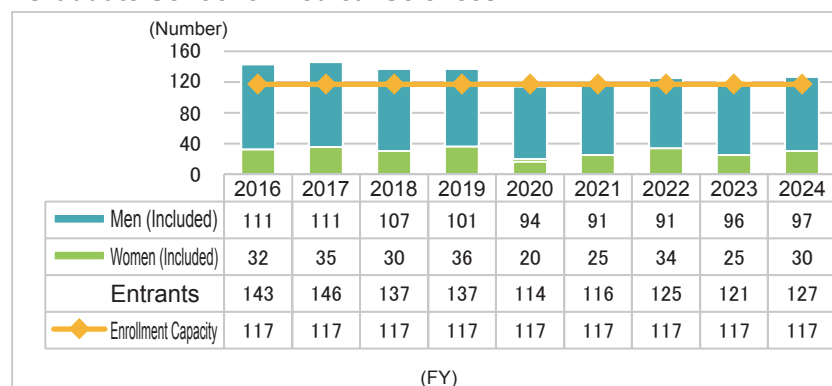


• Number of students enrolled in October is included.

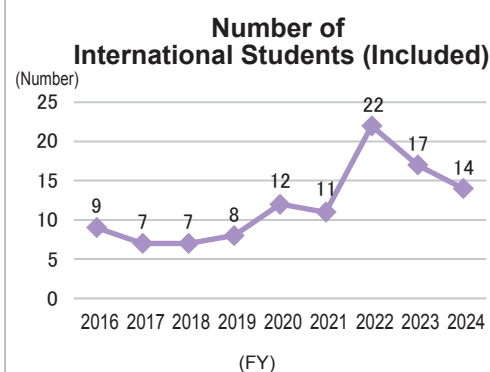
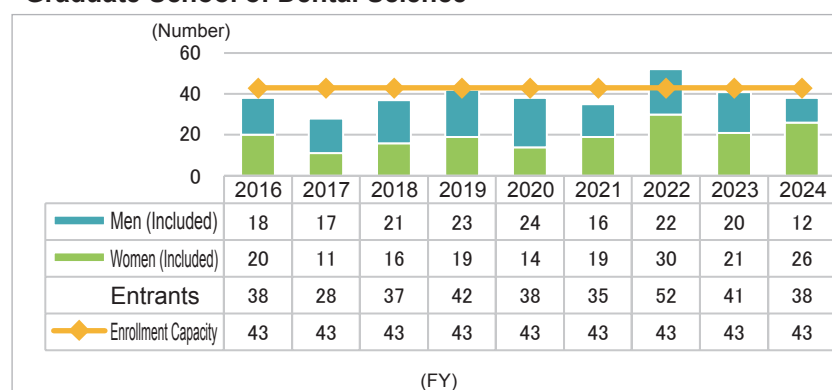
Source: Kyushu University Information, Student Affairs Department

5-4-2. Enrollment (Doctoral Programs: by Graduate School) (Continued)

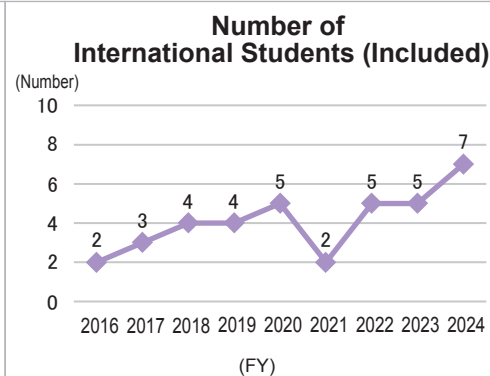
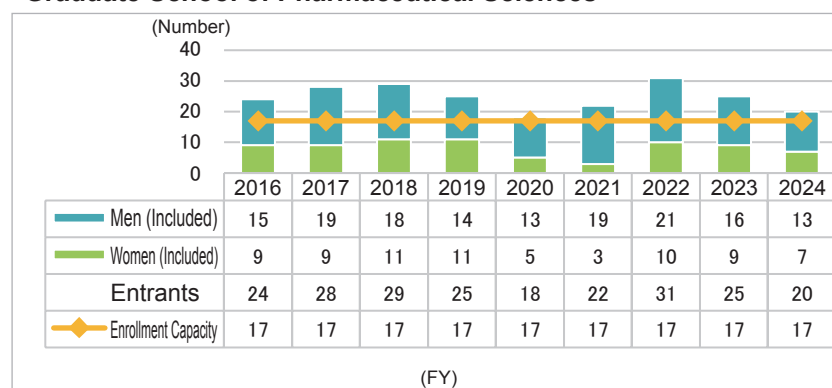
Graduate School of Medical Sciences



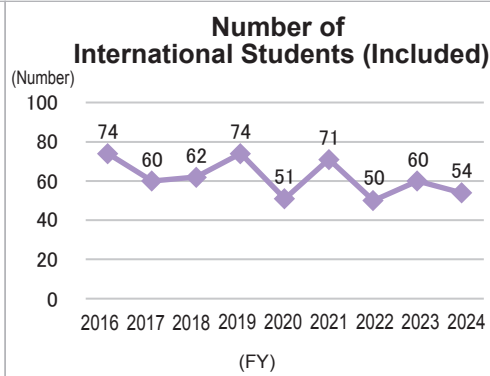
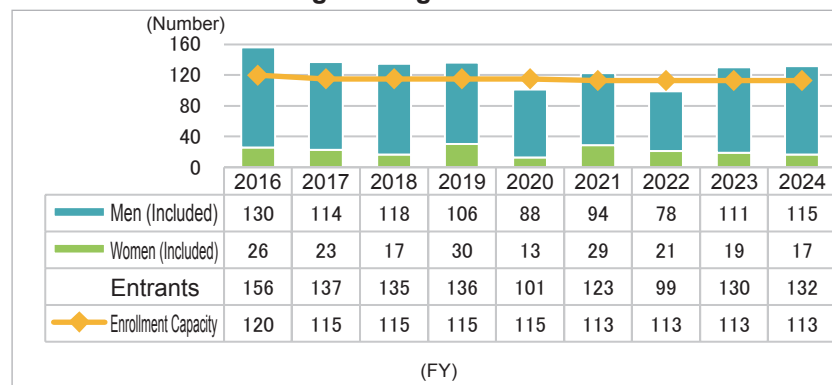
Graduate School of Dental Science



Graduate School of Pharmaceutical Sciences



Graduate School of Engineering

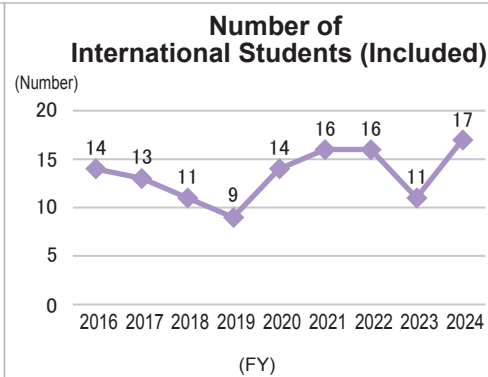
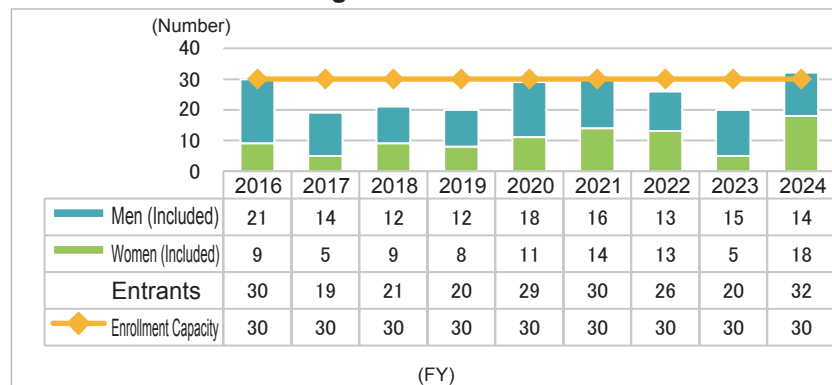


• Number of students enrolled in October is included.

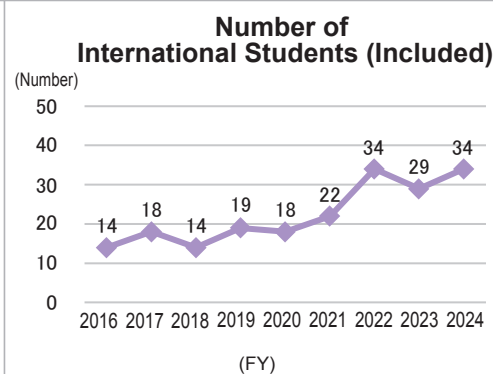
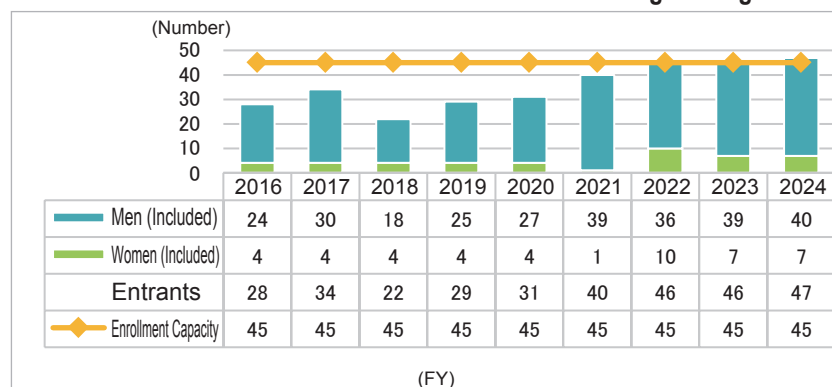
Source: Kyushu University Information, Student Affairs Department

5-4-2. Enrollment (Doctoral Programs: by Graduate School) (Continued)

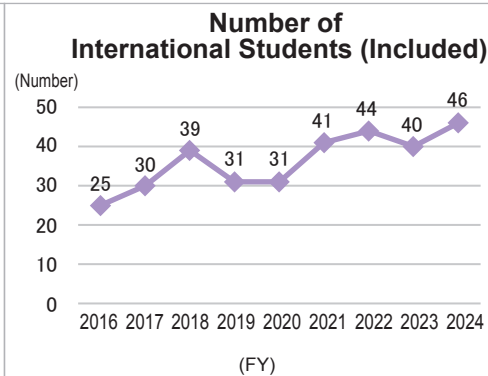
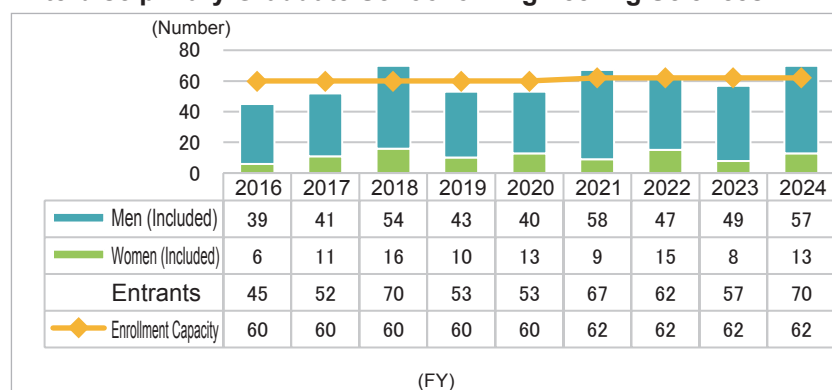
Graduate School of Design



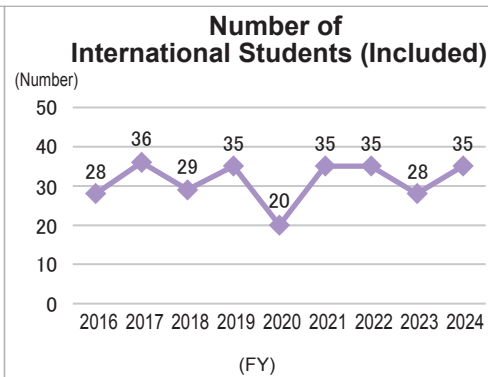
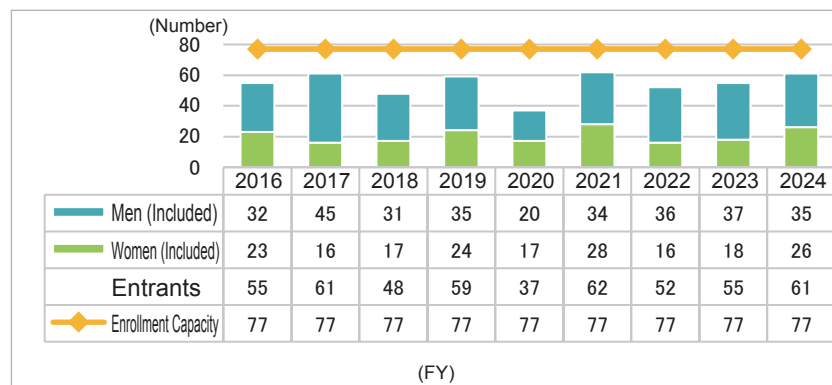
Graduate School of Information Science and Electrical Engineering



Interdisciplinary Graduate School of Engineering Sciences



Graduate School of Bioresource and Bioenvironmental Sciences

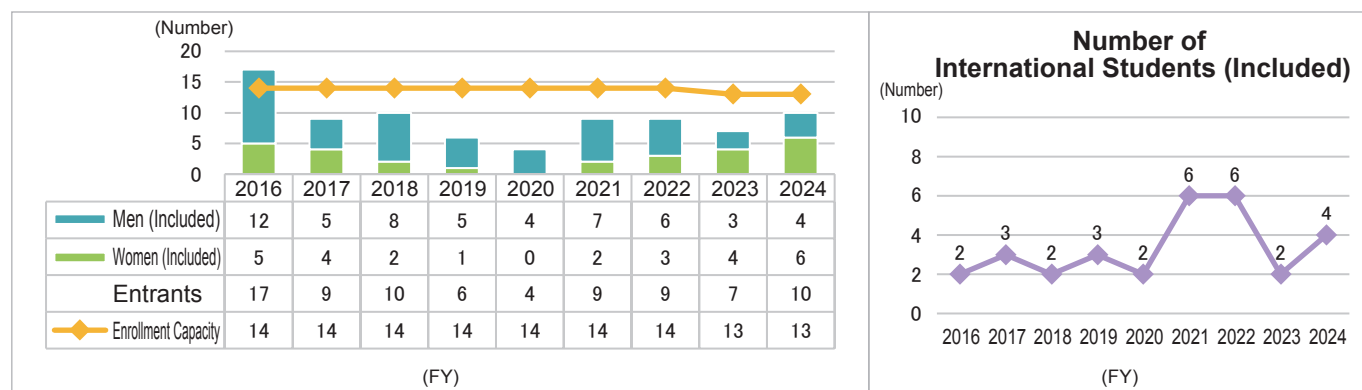


• Number of students enrolled in October is included.

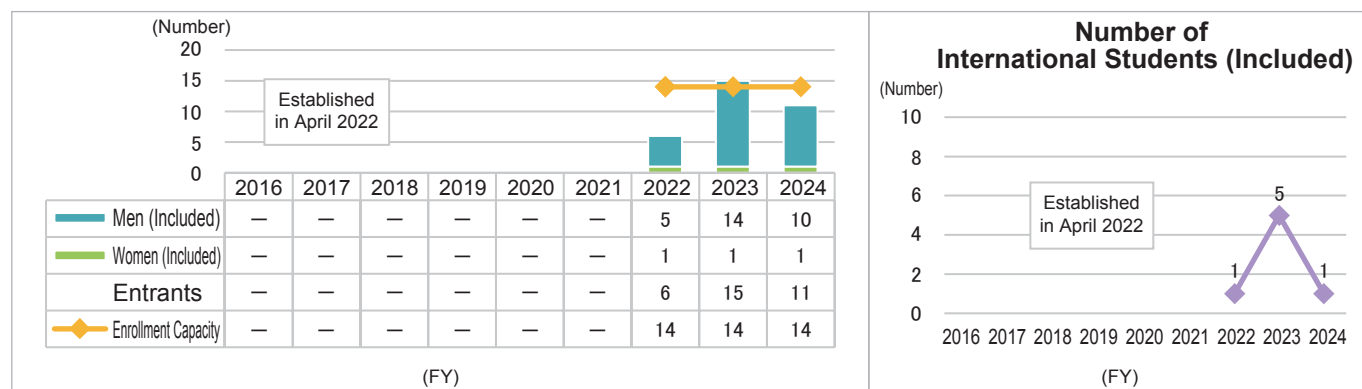
Source: Kyushu University Information, Student Affairs Department

5-4-2. Enrollment (Doctoral Programs: by Graduate School) (Continued)

Graduate School of Integrated Frontier Sciences



Joint Graduate School of Mathematics for Innovation



- Number of students enrolled in October is included.
- Number of students in the Joint Graduate School of Mathematics for Innovation is included in the figures for each of the cooperating graduate schools (the Graduate Schools of Mathematics, Information Science and Electrical Engineering, and Economics).

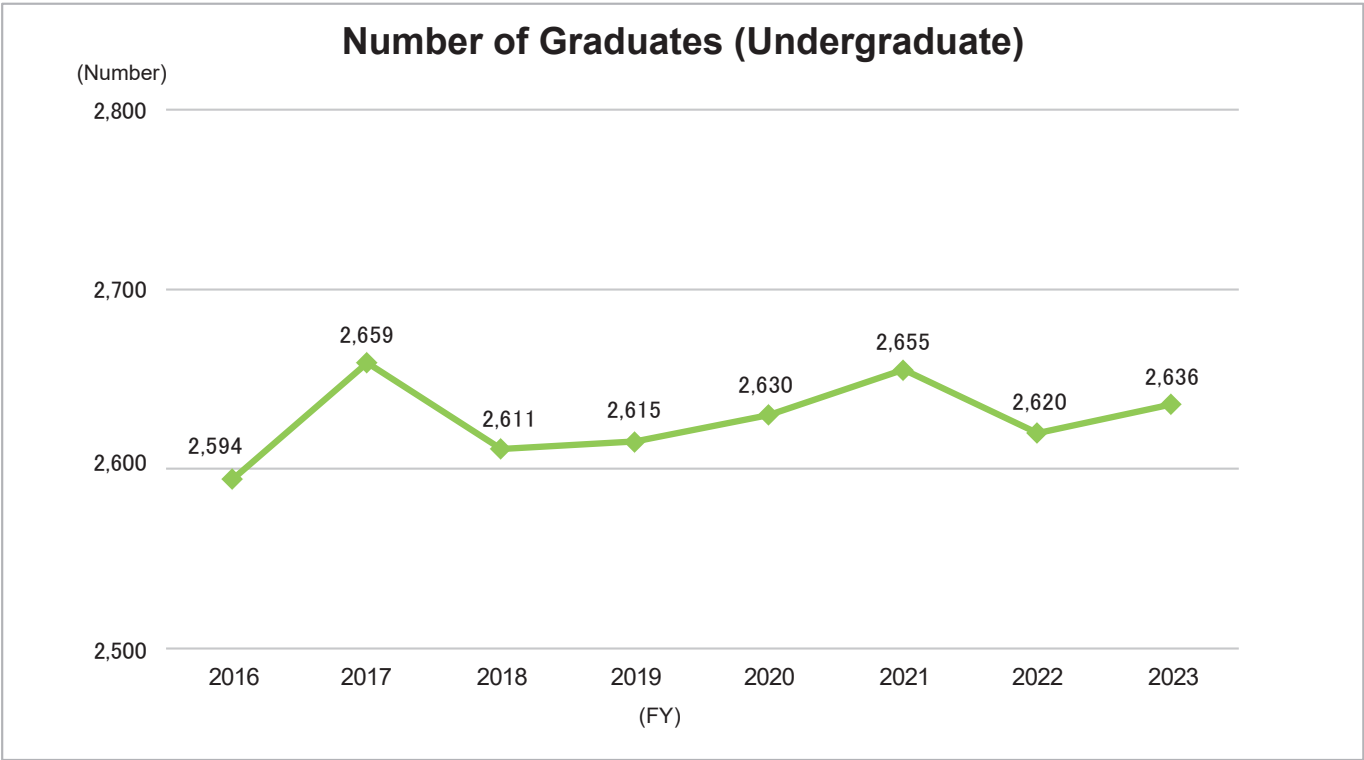
Source: Kyushu University Information, Student Affairs Department

6. Graduate Degrees Conferred (as of April 1 each fiscal year)

6-1. Number of Graduates (Undergraduate)

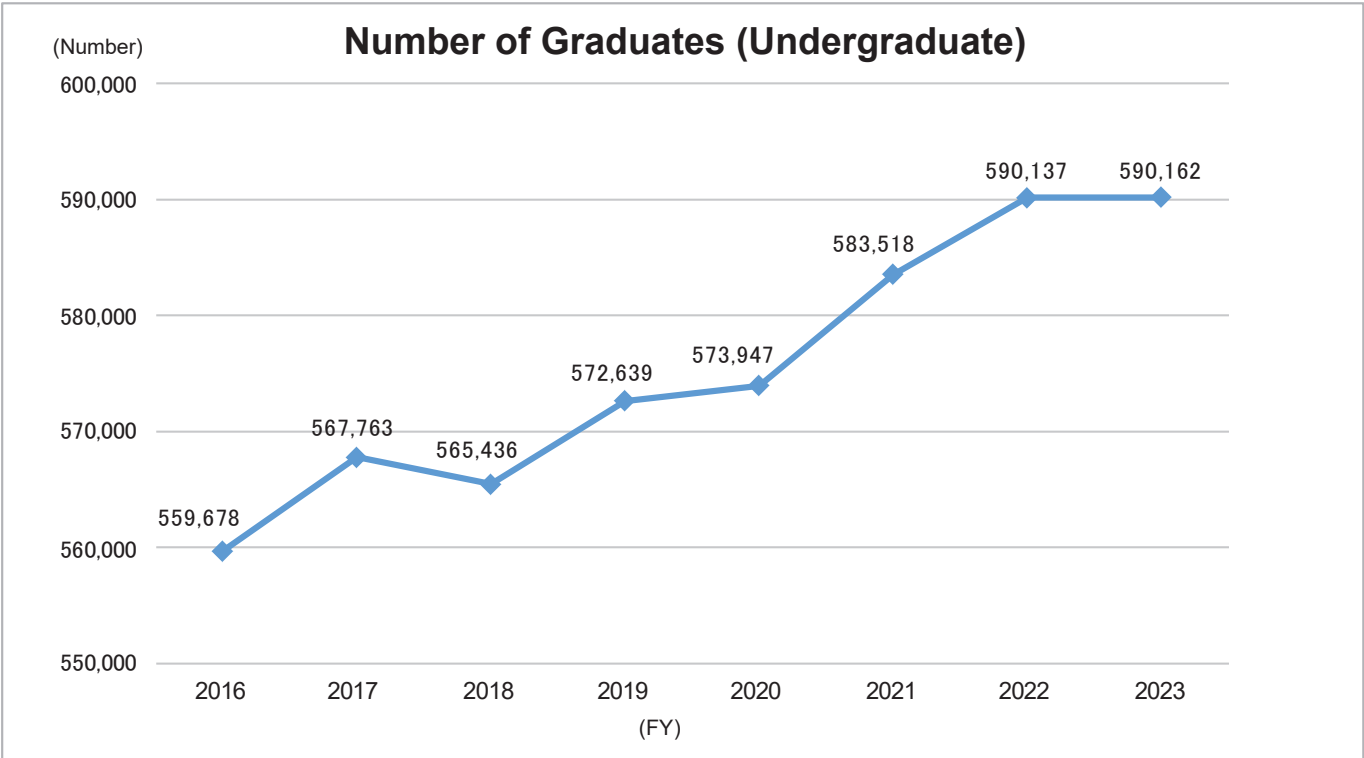
6-1-1. Number of Graduates (Undergraduate: Overall)

◆ Kyushu University ◆



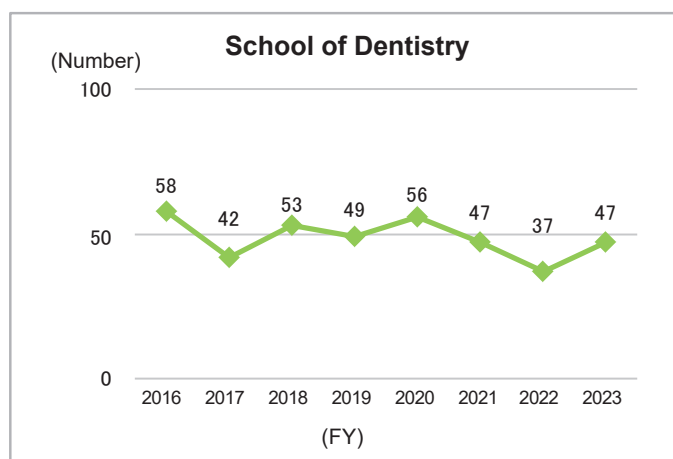
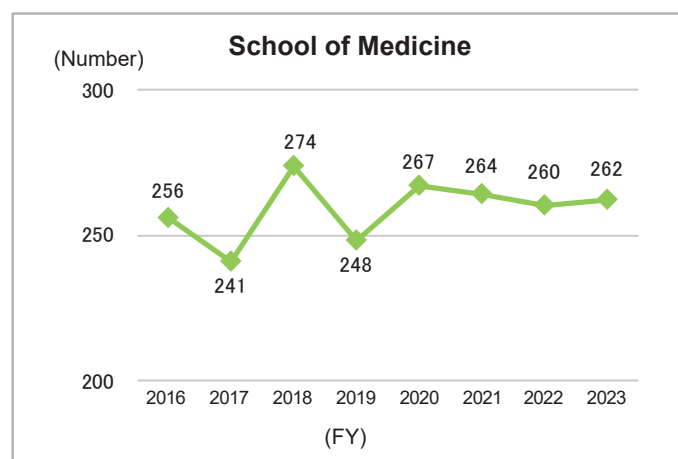
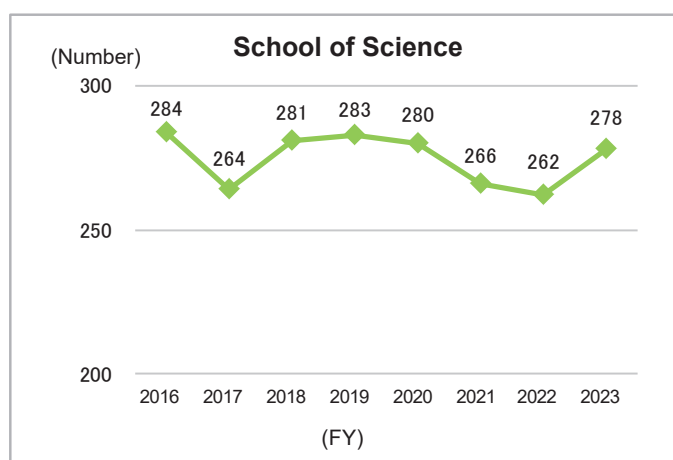
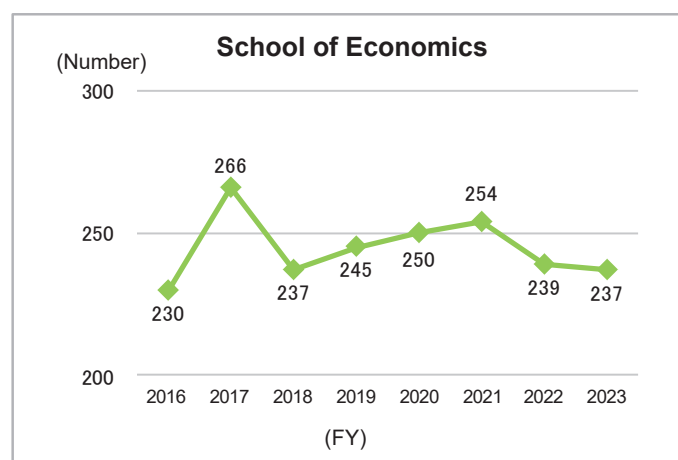
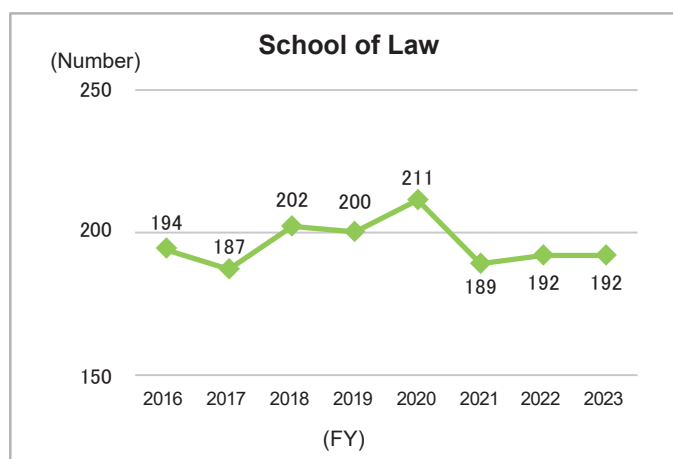
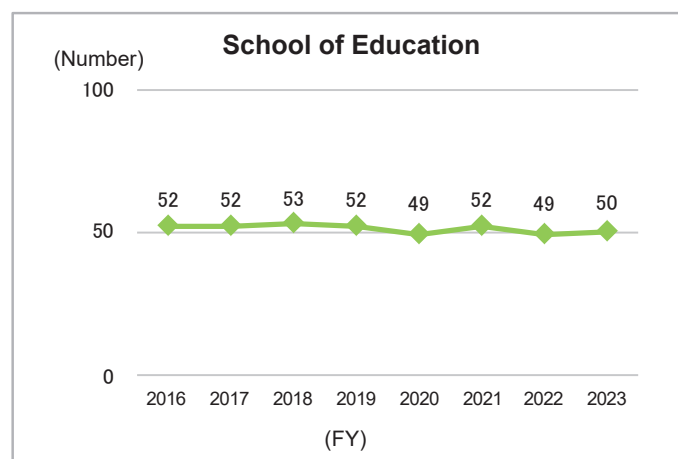
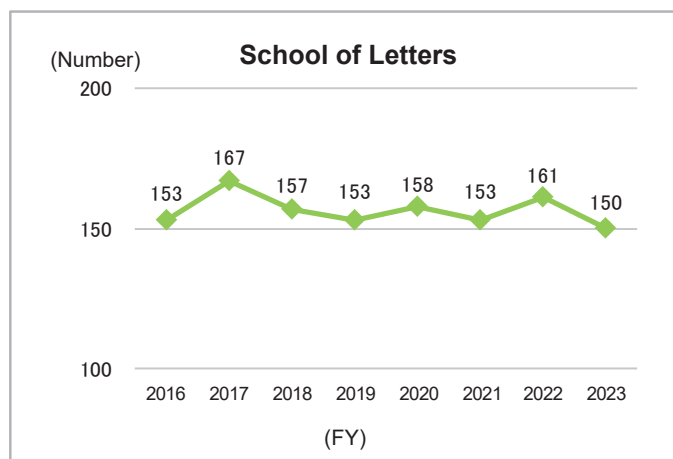
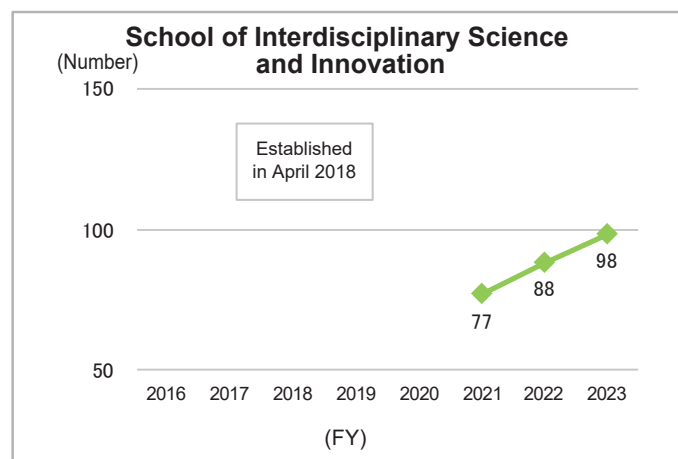
Source: *Kyushu University Information*

◆ Nationwide: National, Public, and Private Universities ◆



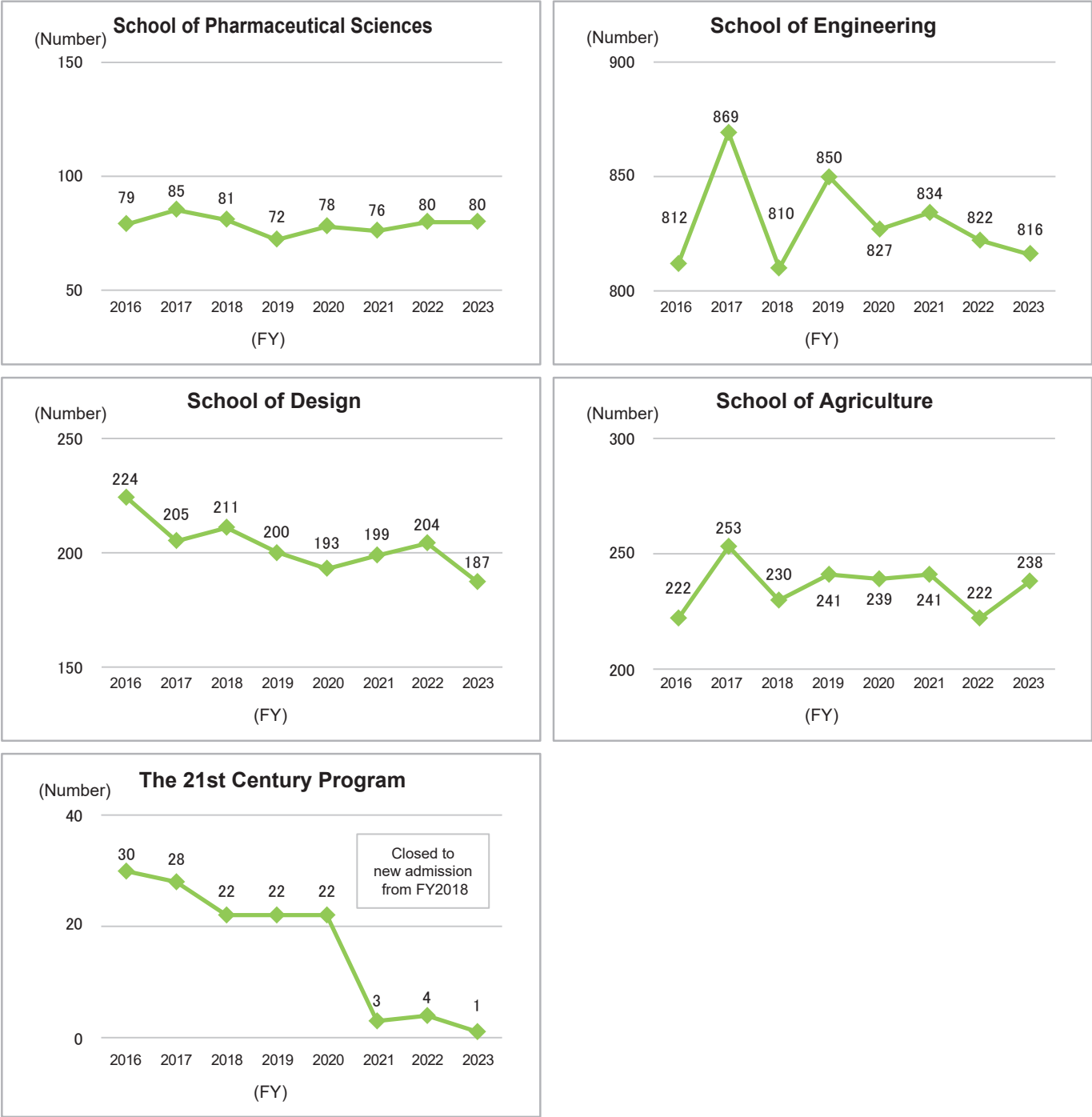
Source: MEXT, *Basic School Survey*, Number of students by Graduate School Major

6-1-2. Number of Graduates (Undergraduate: by School)



Source: Kyushu University Information

6-1-2. Number of Graduates (Undergraduate: by School) (Continued)

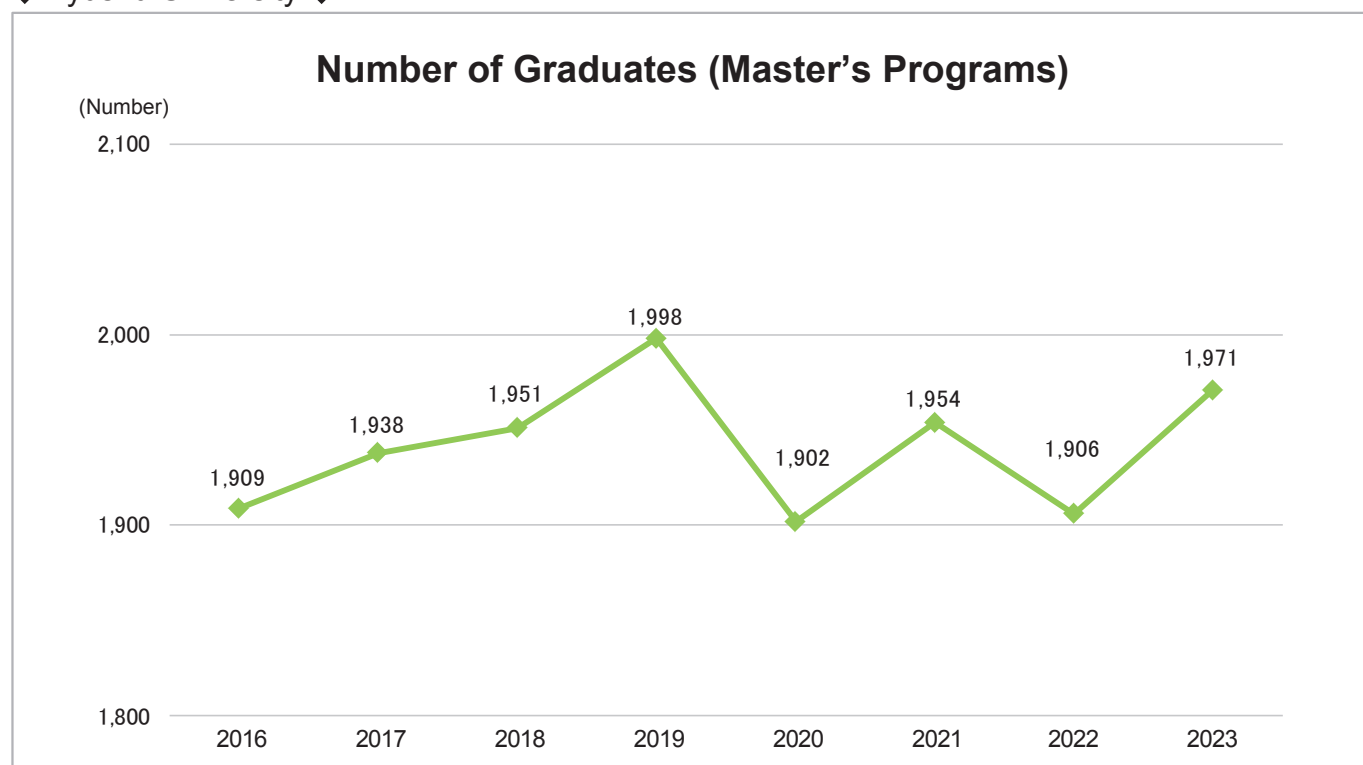


Source: Kyushu University Information

6-2. Number of Graduates and Degree Awards (Master's Programs)

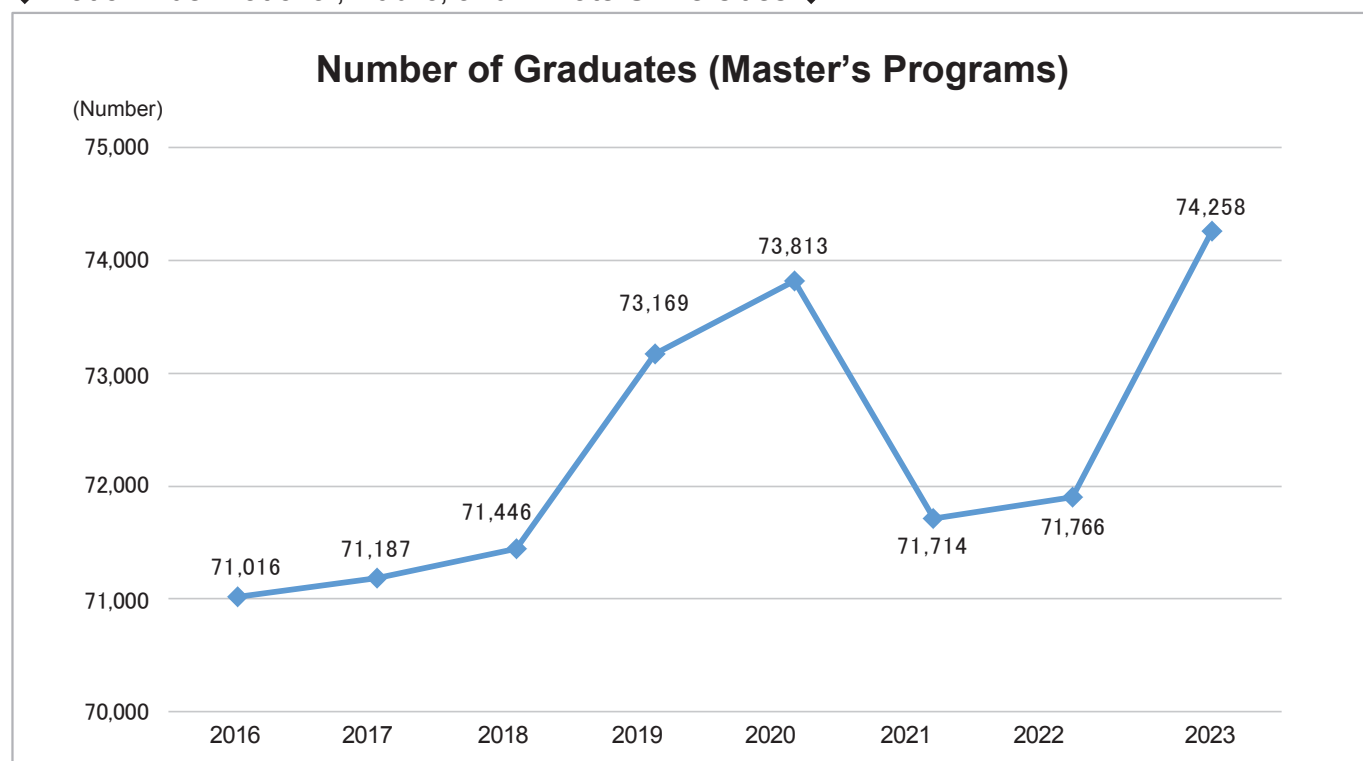
6-2-1. Number of Graduates and Degree Awards (Master's Programs: Overall)

◆ Kyushu University ◆



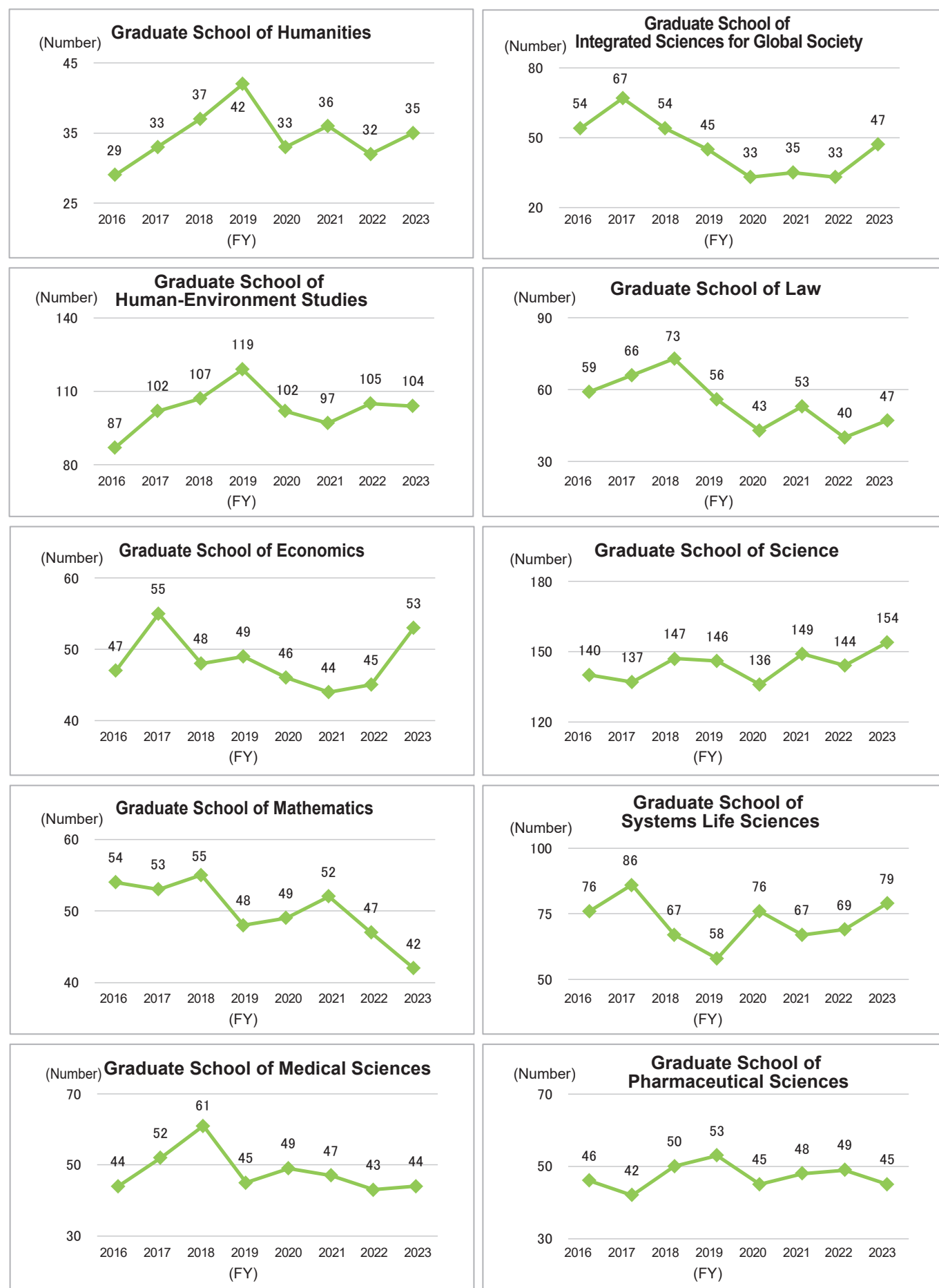
Source: Kyushu University Information

◆ Nationwide: National, Public, and Private Universities ◆



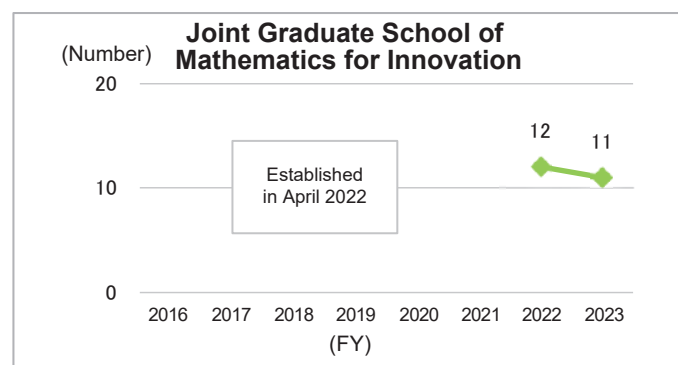
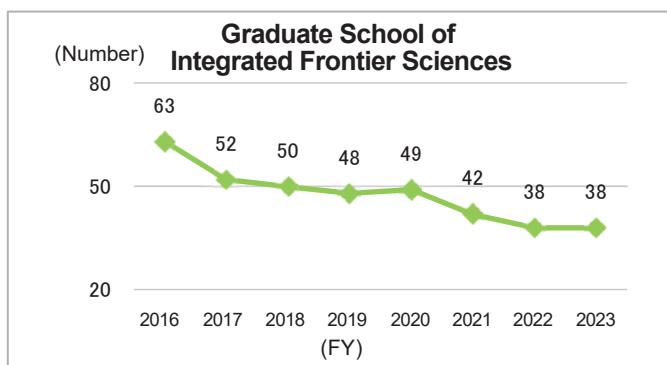
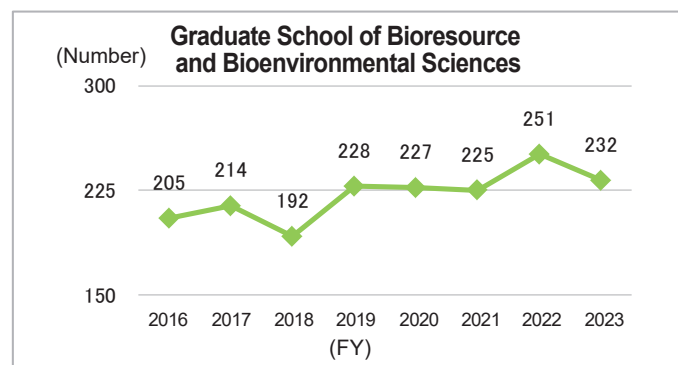
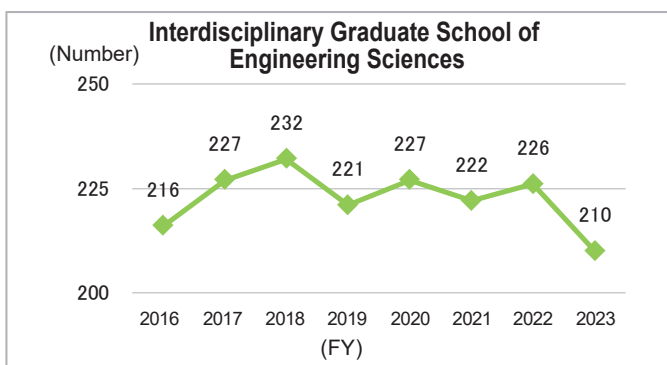
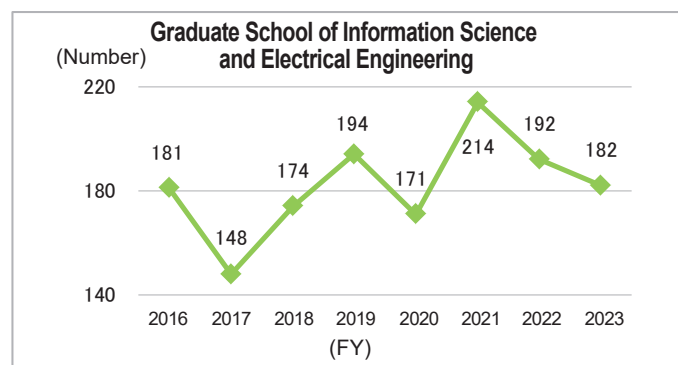
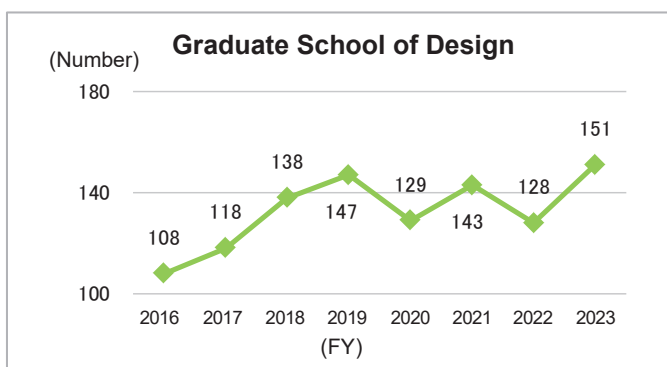
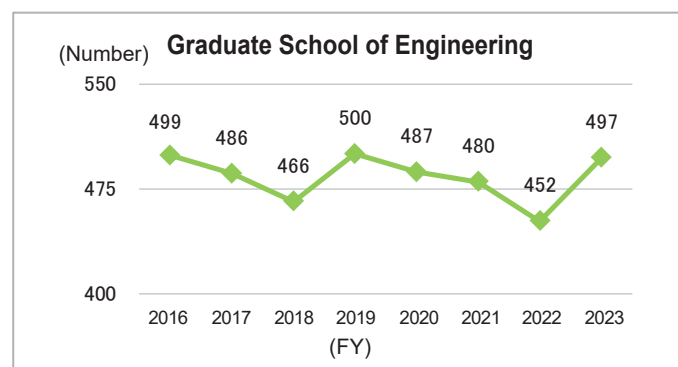
Source: MEXT, Basic School Survey, Number of Graduates by Master's Program

6-2-2. Number of Graduates and Degree Awards (Master's Programs: by Graduate School)



Source: Kyushu University Information

6-2-2. Number of Graduates and Degree Awards (Master's Programs: by Graduate School) (Continued)

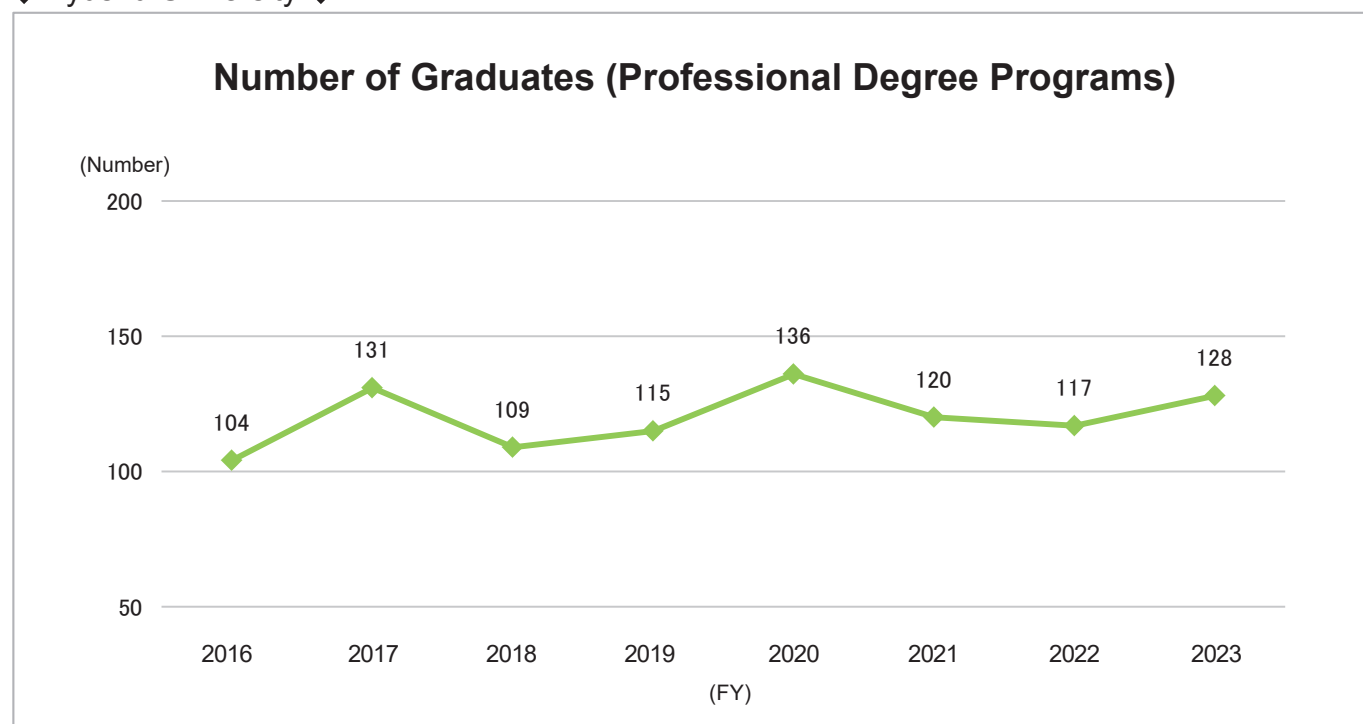


Source: Kyushu University Information

6-3. Number of Graduates (Professional Degree Programs)

6-3-1. Number of Graduates (Professional Degree Programs: Overall)

◆ Kyushu University ◆



• Professional Degree Program:

Professional Graduate School of Applied Clinical Psychology: Department of Clinical Psychology Practice, Graduate School of Human-Environment Studies

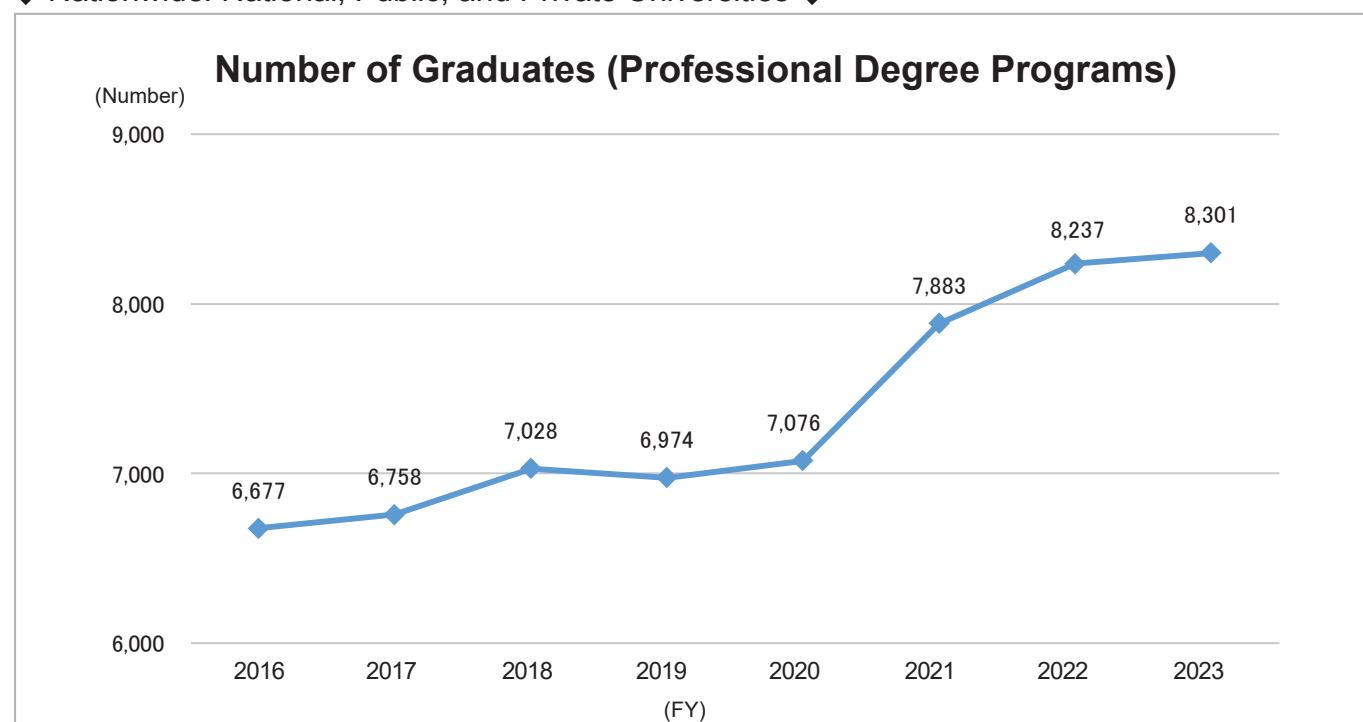
Law School: Department of Legal Practice, Graduate School of Law

Business School: Department of Business and Technology Management, Graduate School of Economics

Professional Graduate School of Public Health: Department of Health Care Administration and Management, Graduate School of Medical Sciences

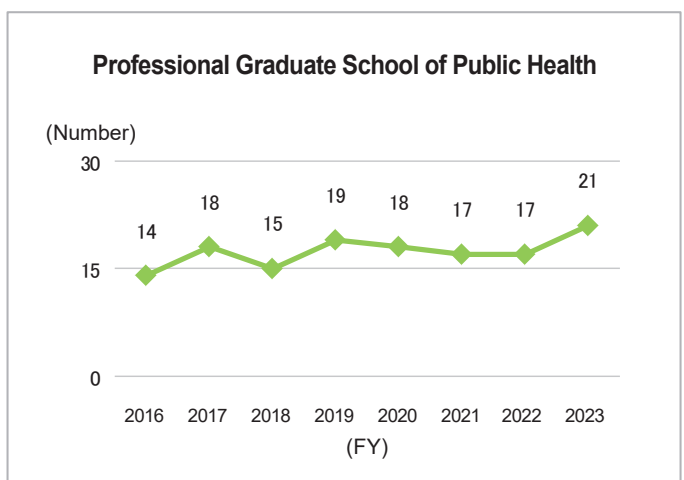
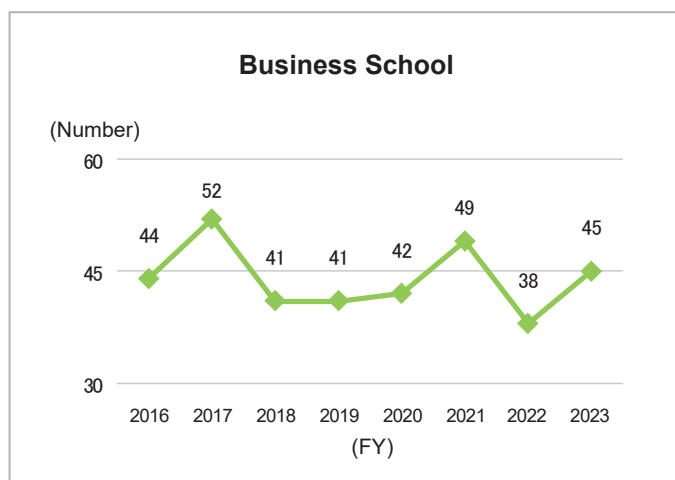
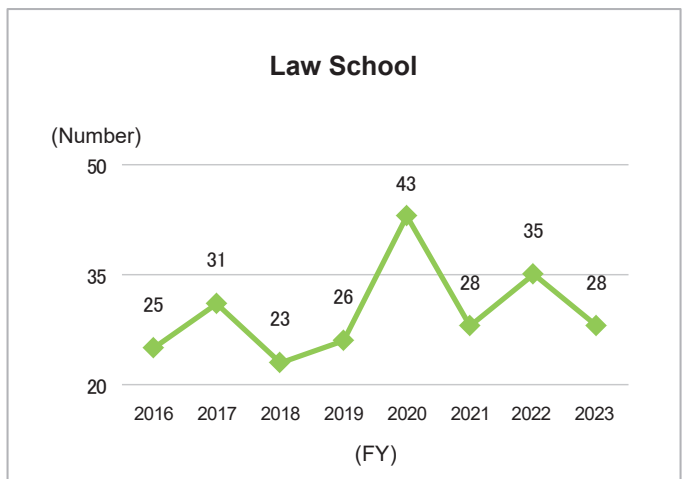
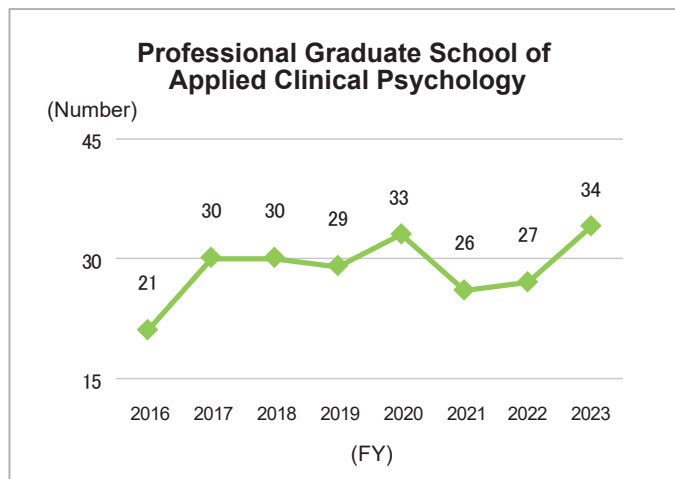
Source: *Kyushu University Information*

◆ Nationwide: National, Public, and Private Universities ◆



Source: MEXT, *Basic School Survey*, Number of Graduates by Professional Degree Program

6-3-2. Number of Graduates (Professional Degree Programs: by Graduate School)

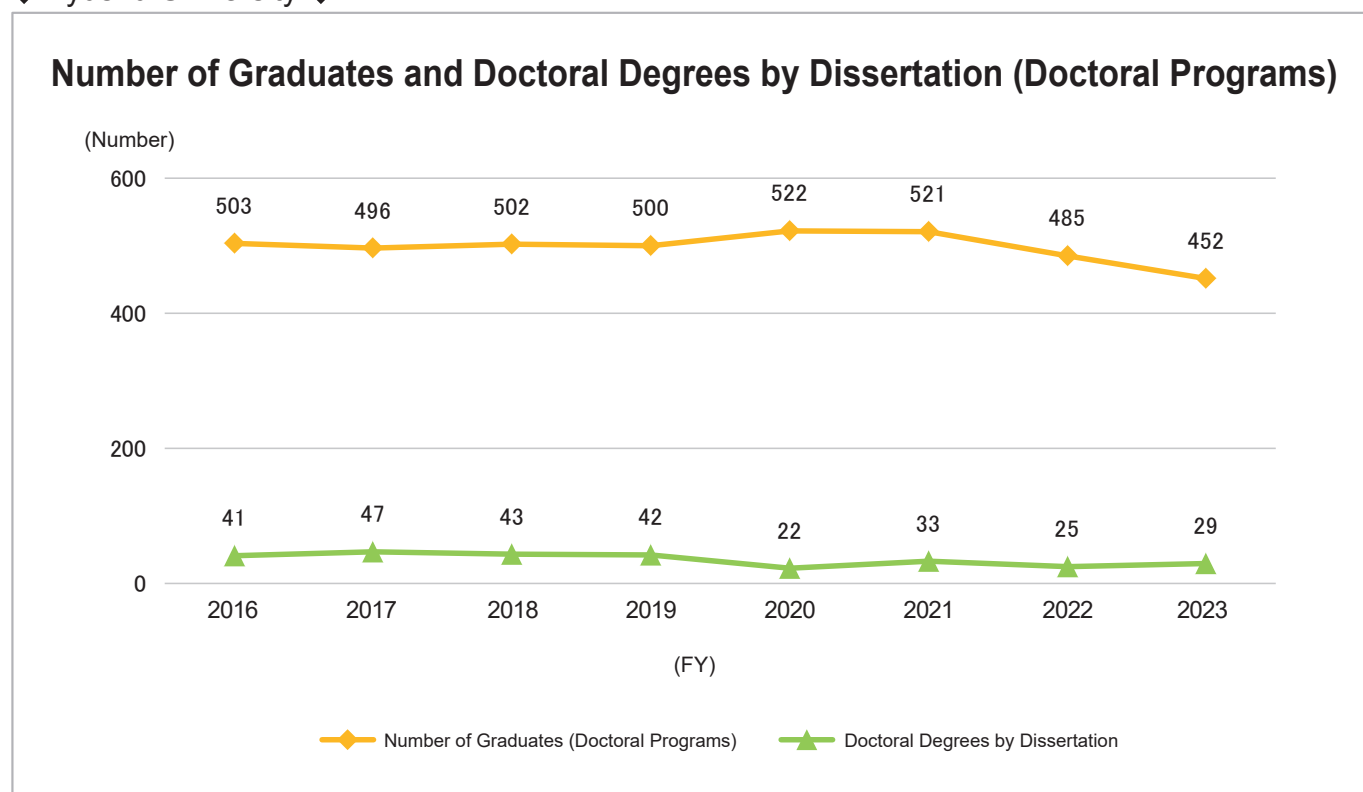


Source: Kyushu University Information

6-4. Number of Graduates and Doctoral Degrees by Dissertation (Doctoral Programs)

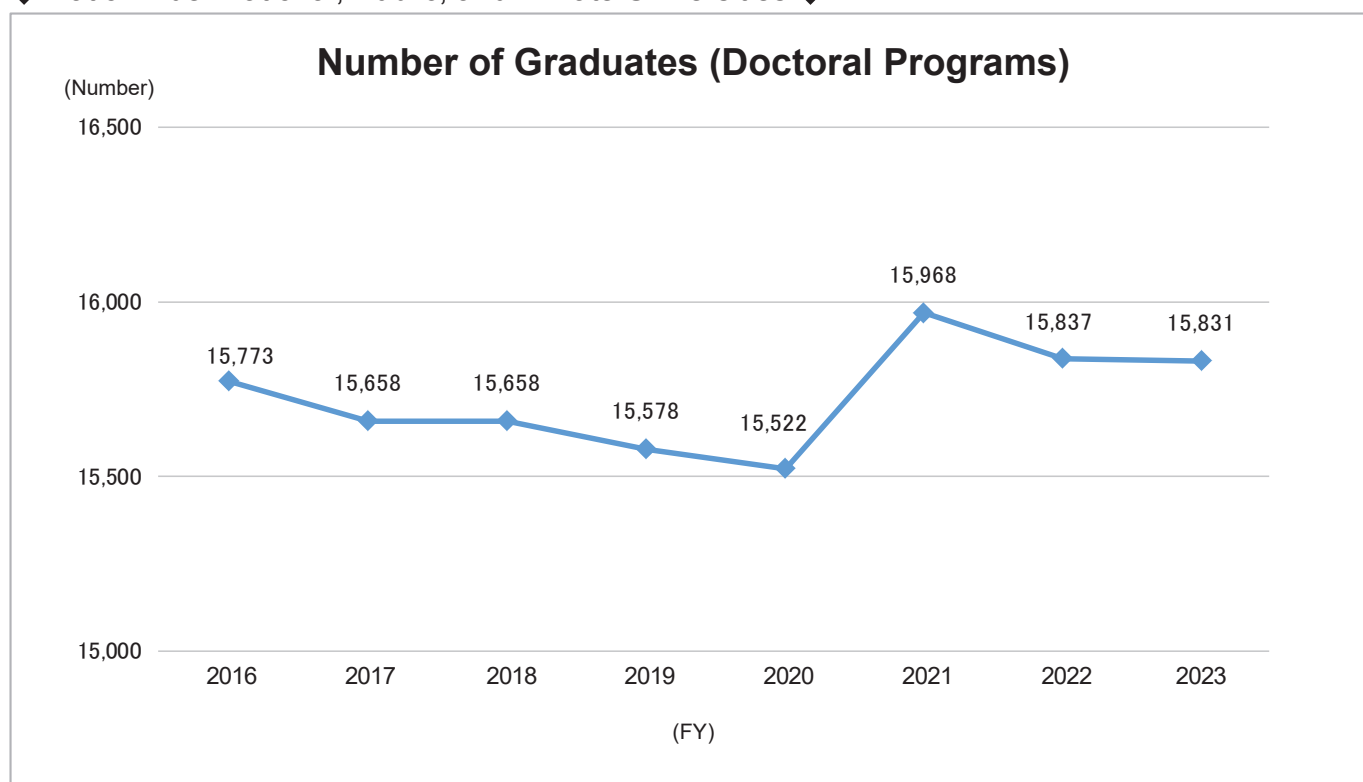
6-4-1. Number of Graduates and Doctoral Degrees by Dissertation (Doctoral Programs: Overall)

◆ Kyushu University ◆



Source: Kyushu University Information

◆ Nationwide: National, Public, and Private Universities ◆



Source: MEXT, Basic School Survey, Number of Graduates by Doctoral Program

6-4-2. Number of Graduates and Doctoral Degrees by Dissertation (Doctoral Programs: by Graduate School)

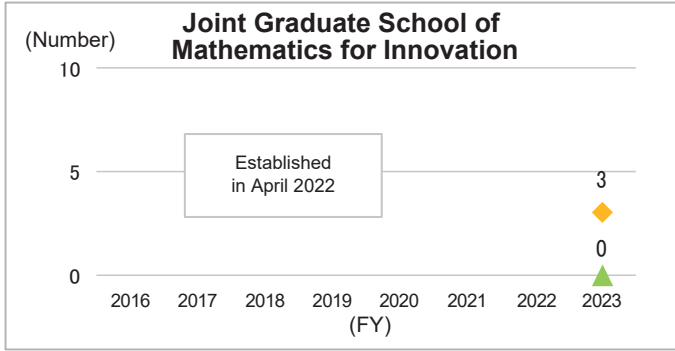
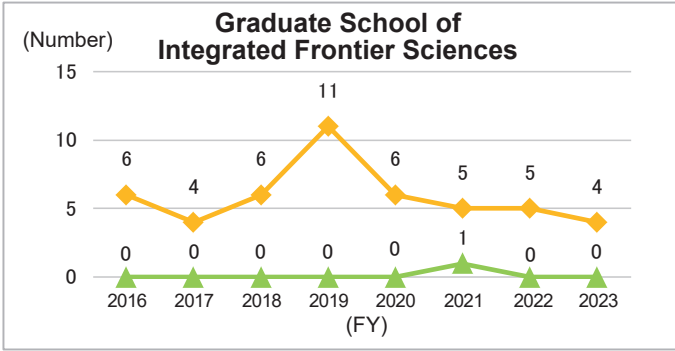
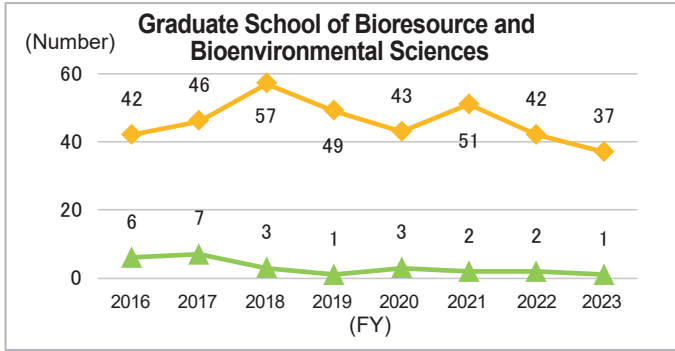
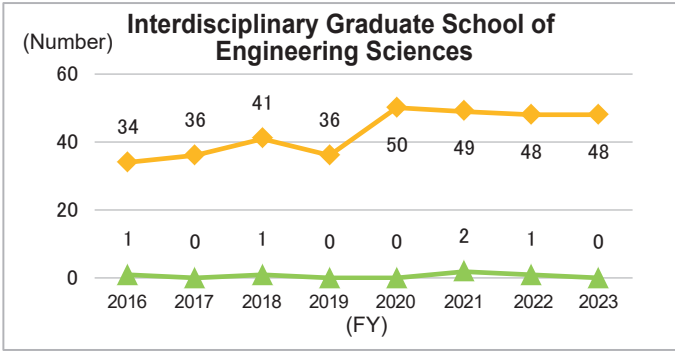
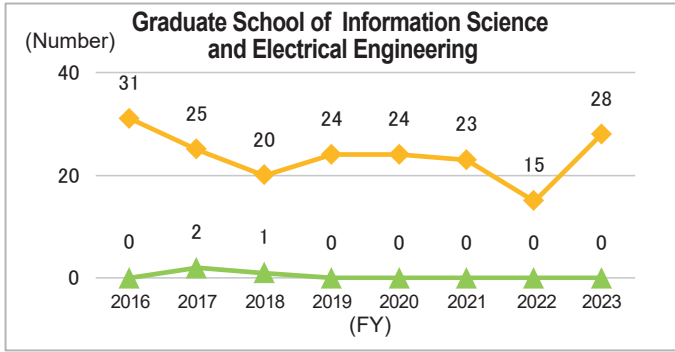
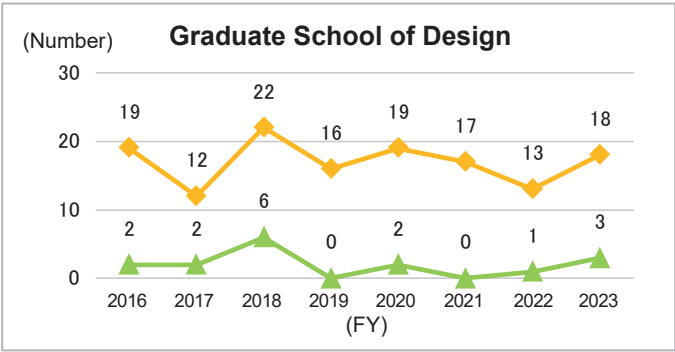
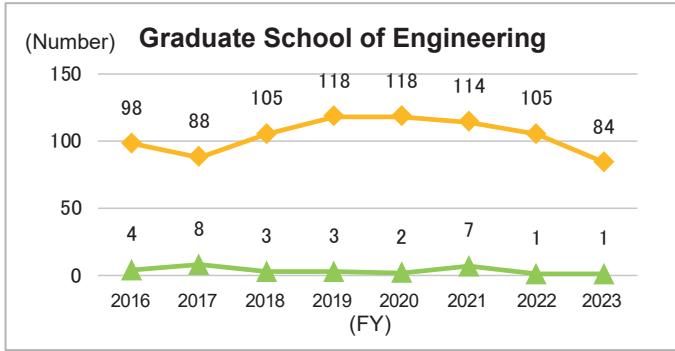
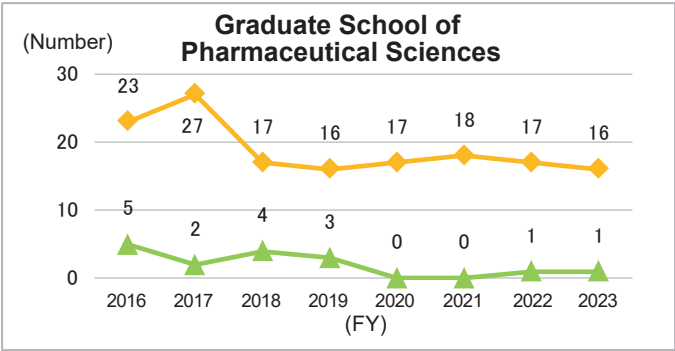
◆ Number of Graduates (Doctoral Programs)
▲ Doctoral Degrees by Dissertation



Source: Kyushu University Information

6-4-2. Number of Graduates and Doctoral Degrees by Dissertation
(Doctoral Programs: by Graduate School) (Continued)

◆ Number of Graduates (Doctoral Programs)
▲ Doctoral Degrees by Dissertation



Source: Kyushu University Information

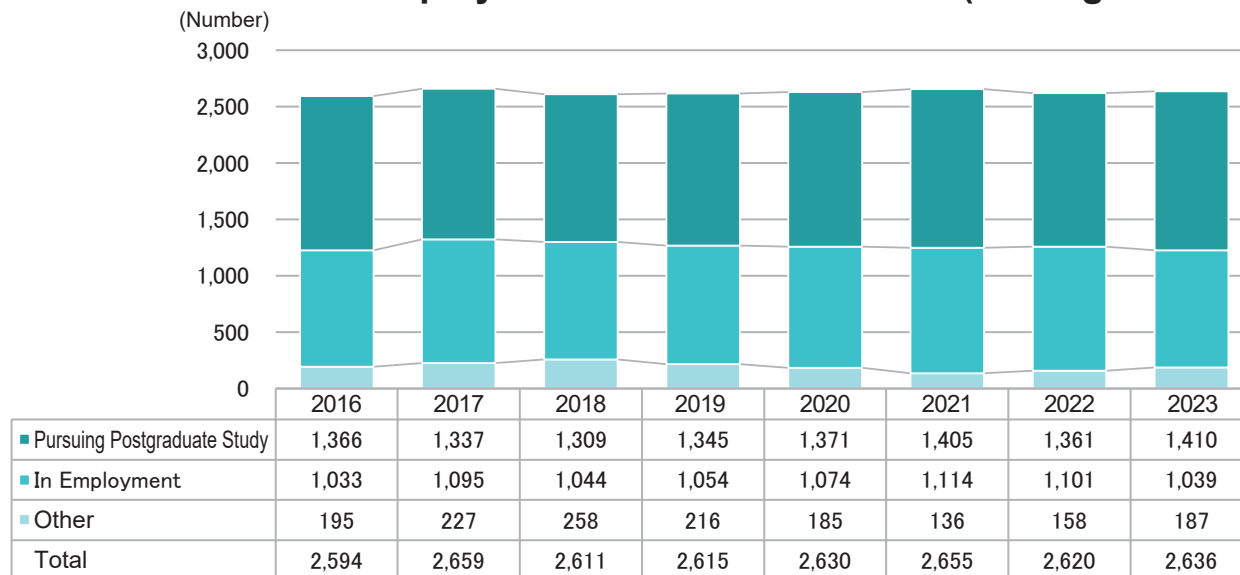
7. Career Paths and Employment Status (as of May 1 each fiscal year)

7-1. Career Paths and Employment Status of Graduates (Undergraduate)

7-1-1. Career Paths and Employment Status of Graduates (Undergraduate: Overall)

◆ Kyushu University ◆

Career Paths and Employment Status of Graduates (Undergraduate)



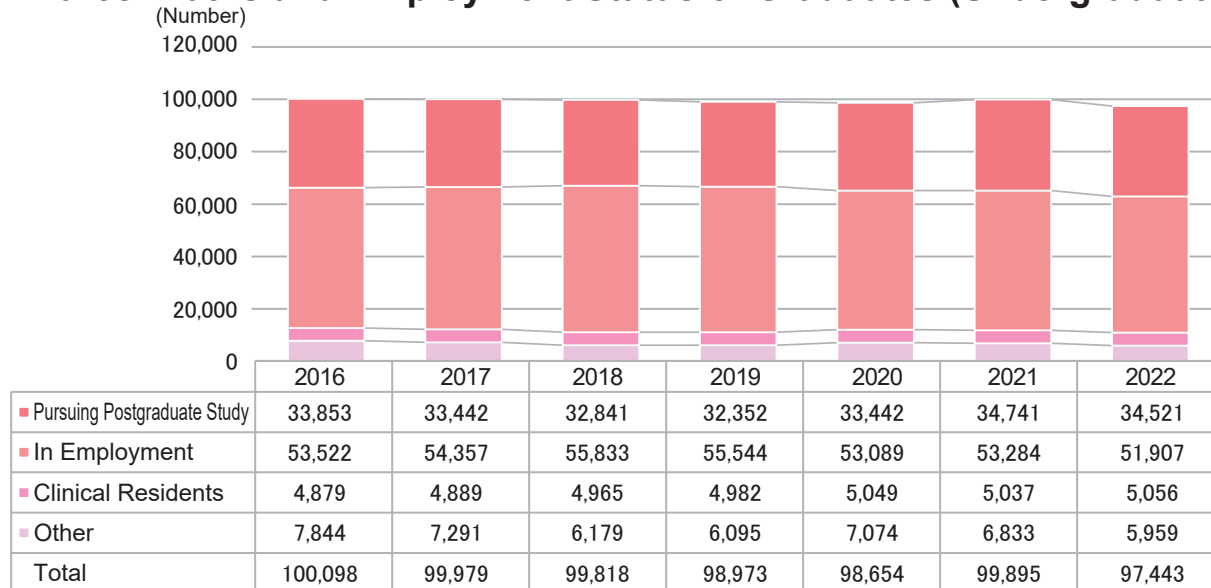
(Academic year of graduation)

- “In employment” includes employment at a company or as a teacher, civil servant, medical resident, or other employment.
- “Other” includes those preparing for national exams and those not yet in employment, etc.

Source: Kyushu University Information

◆ Nationwide: National Universities ◆

Career Paths and Employment Status of Graduates (Undergraduate)



(Academic year of graduation)

- “Clinical residents” include incoming students.
- “Other” includes those who had entered specialized training schools, overseas schools, and those missing and deceased.

Source: MEXT, Basic School Survey, Number of Graduates by School and Status

7-1-2. Career Paths and Employment Status of Graduates (Undergraduate: by School)

School of Interdisciplinary Science and Innovation

(Number)

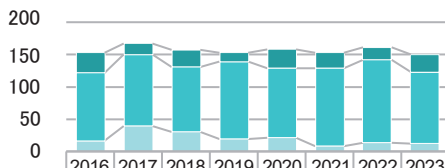


	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Pursuing Postgraduate Study	—	—	—	—	—	24	22	22
In Employment	—	—	—	—	—	49	62	69
Other	—	—	—	—	—	4	4	7
Total	—	—	—	—	—	77	88	98

(Academic year of graduation)

School of Letters

(Number)

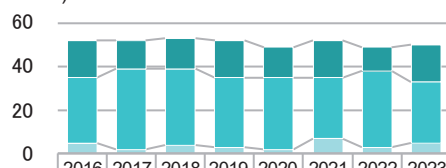


	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Pursuing Postgraduate Study	31	17	26	14	29	24	19	27
In Employment	105	110	100	119	107	120	128	110
Other	17	40	31	20	22	9	14	13
Total	153	167	157	153	158	153	161	150

(Academic year of graduation)

School of Education

(Number)

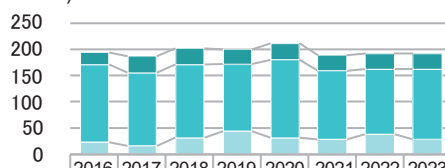


	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Pursuing Postgraduate Study	17	13	14	17	14	17	11	17
In Employment	30	37	35	32	33	28	35	28
Other	5	2	4	3	2	7	3	5
Total	52	52	53	52	49	52	49	50

(Academic year of graduation)

School of Law

(Number)

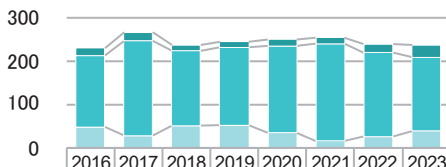


	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Pursuing Postgraduate Study	23	32	31	28	31	30	30	30
In Employment	148	139	140	128	149	131	124	134
Other	23	16	31	44	31	28	38	28
Total	194	187	202	200	211	189	192	192

(Academic year of graduation)

School of Economics

(Number)

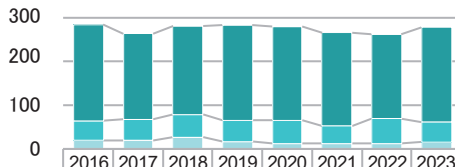


	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Pursuing Postgraduate Study	17	19	13	13	15	14	19	28
In Employment	164	218	172	179	199	223	193	169
Other	49	29	52	53	36	17	27	40
Total	230	266	237	245	250	254	239	237

(Academic year of graduation)

School of Science

(Number)

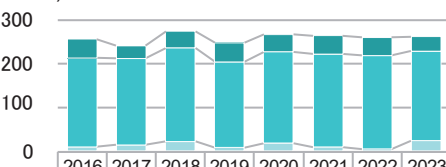


	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Pursuing Postgraduate Study	220	197	203	218	215	214	193	217
In Employment	45	48	52	49	53	40	57	46
Other	19	19	26	16	12	12	12	15
Total	284	264	281	283	280	266	262	278

(Academic year of graduation)

School of Medicine

(Number)

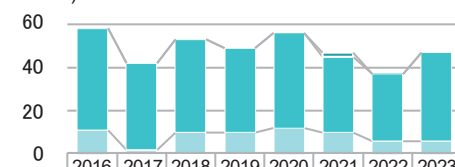


	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Pursuing Postgraduate Study	43	29	38	44	40	42	41	33
In Employment	203	198	214	196	209	213	214	205
Other	10	14	22	8	18	9	5	24
Total	256	241	274	248	267	264	260	262

(Academic year of graduation)

School of Dentistry

(Number)



	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Pursuing Postgraduate Study	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0
In Employment	47	40	43	39	44	35	31	41
Other	11	2	10	10	12	10	6	6
Total	58	42	53	49	56	47	37	47

(Academic year of graduation)

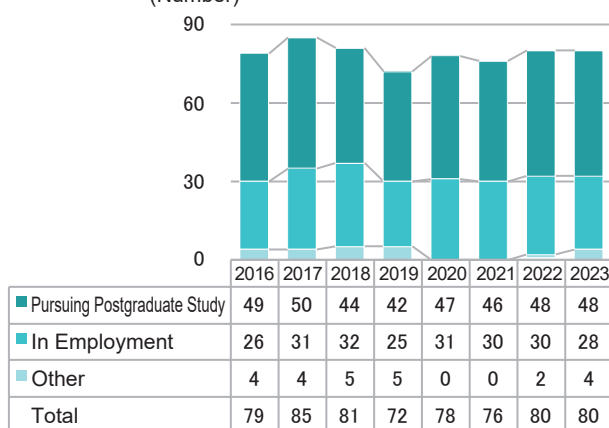
- "In employment" includes employment at a company or as a teacher, civil servant, medical resident, or other employment.
- "Other" includes those preparing for national exams and those not yet in employment, etc.

Source: Kyushu University Information

7-1-2. Career Paths and Employment Status of Graduates (Undergraduate: by School) (Continued)

School of Pharmaceutical Sciences

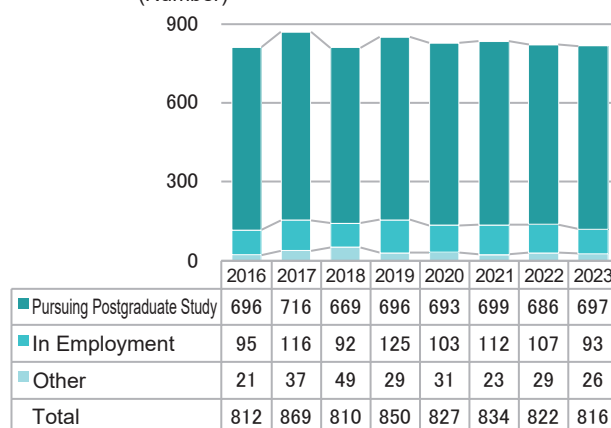
(Number)



(Academic year of graduation)

School of Engineering

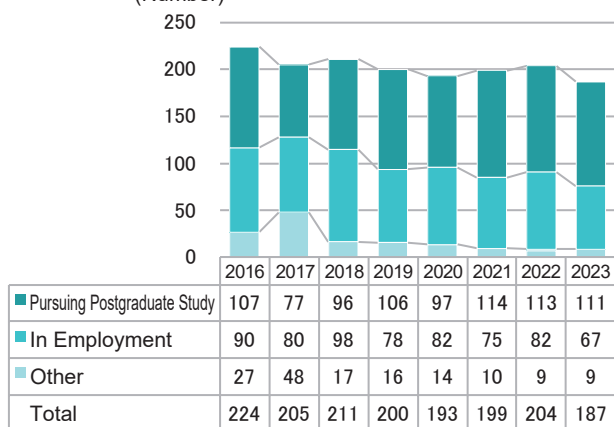
(Number)



(Academic year of graduation)

School of Design

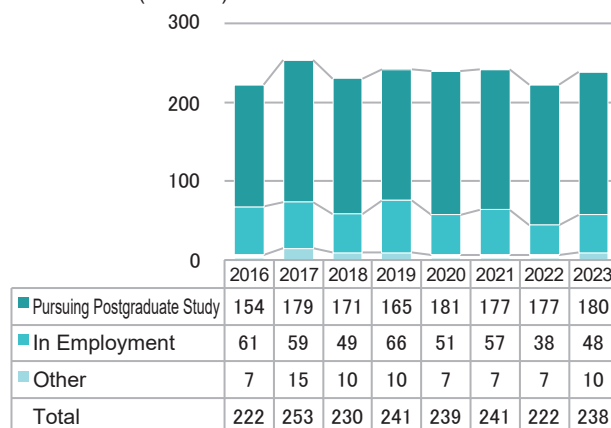
(Number)



(Academic year of graduation)

School of Agriculture

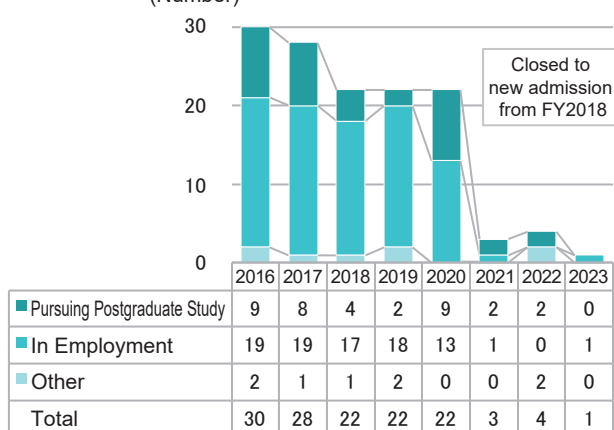
(Number)



(Academic year of graduation)

The 21st Century Program

(Number)



(Academic year of graduation)

- “In employment” includes employment at a company or as a teacher, civil servant, medical resident, or other employment.
- “Other” includes those preparing for national exams and those not yet in employment, etc.

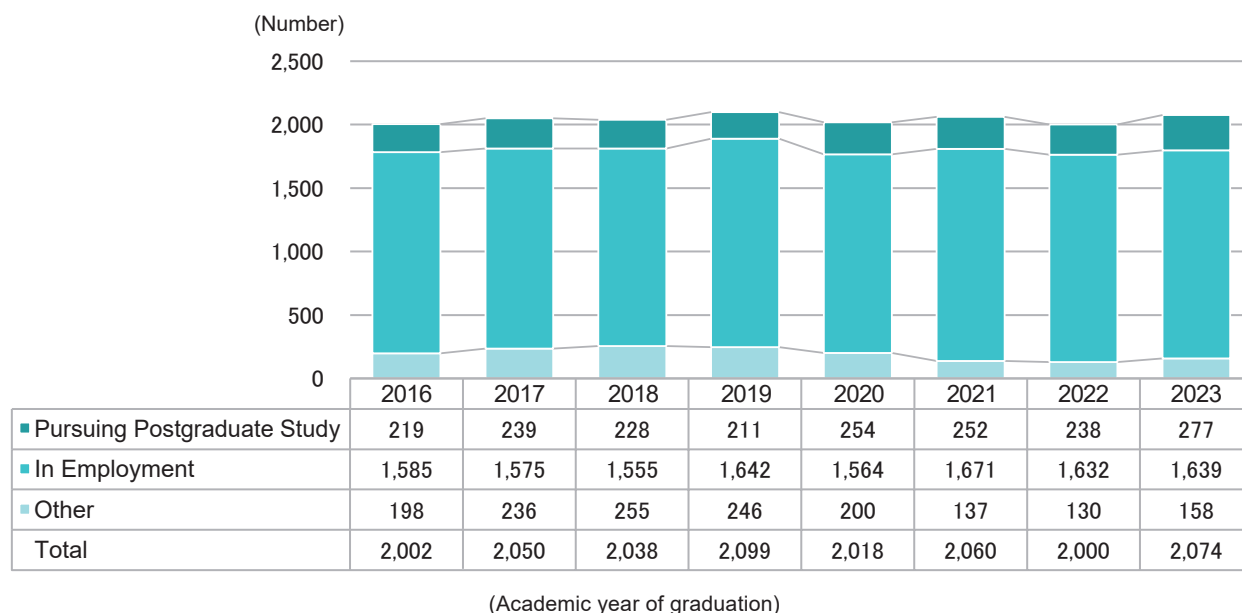
Source: Kyushu University Information

7-2. Career Paths and Employment Status of Graduates (Master's Programs)

7-2-1. Career Paths and Employment Status of Graduates (Master's Programs: Overall)

◆ Kyushu University ◆

Career Paths and Employment Status of Graduates (Master's Programs)

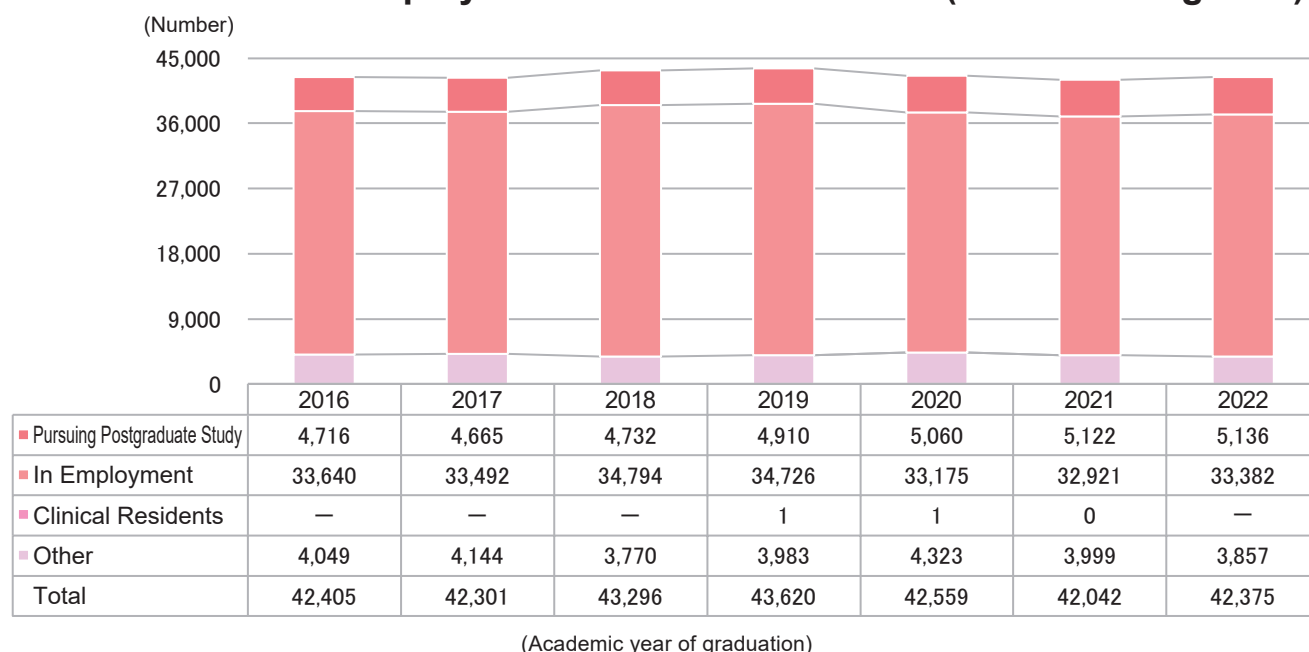


- This includes professional degree programs.
- "In employment" includes employment at a company or as a teacher or civil servant, or other employment.
- "Other" includes those preparing for national exams and those not yet in employment, etc.

Source: *Kyushu University Information*

◆ Nationwide: National Universities ◆

Career Paths and Employment Status of Graduates (Master's Programs)



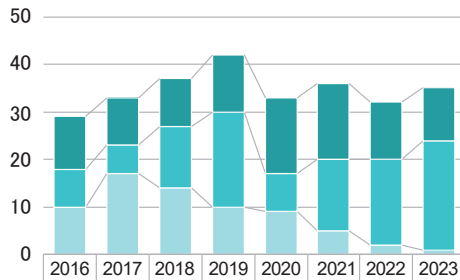
- "Clinical residents" include incoming students.
- "Other" includes those who had entered specialized training schools, overseas schools, and those missing and deceased.

Source: MEXT, *Basic School Survey*, Number of Graduates by Master's Program

7-2-2. Career Paths and Employment Status of Graduates (Master's Programs: by Graduate School)

Graduate School of Humanities

(Number)

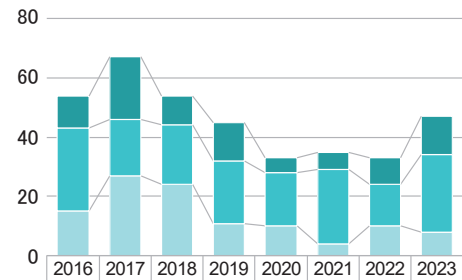


Pursuing Postgraduate Study	11	10	10	12	16	16	12	11
In Employment	8	6	13	20	8	15	18	23
Other	10	17	14	10	9	5	2	1
Total	29	33	37	42	33	36	32	35

(Academic year of graduation)

Graduate School of Integrated Sciences for Global Society

(Number)

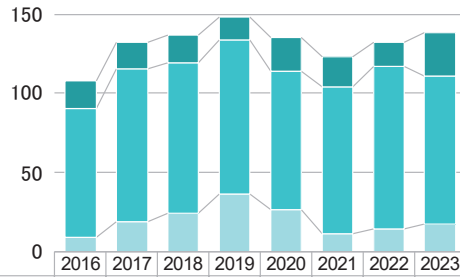


Pursuing Postgraduate Study	11	21	10	13	5	6	9	13
In Employment	28	19	20	21	18	25	14	26
Other	15	27	24	11	10	4	10	8
Total	54	67	54	45	33	35	33	47

(Academic year of graduation)

Graduate School of Human-Environment Studies

(Number)

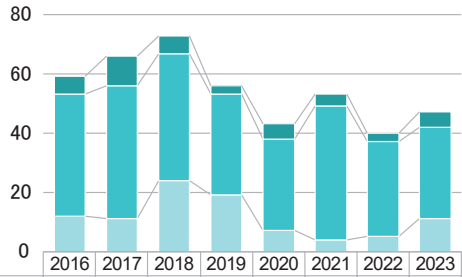


Pursuing Postgraduate Study	18	17	18	14	21	19	15	27
In Employment	81	96	95	98	88	93	103	94
Other	9	19	24	36	26	11	14	17
Total	108	132	137	148	135	123	132	138

(Academic year of graduation)

Graduate School of Law

(Number)

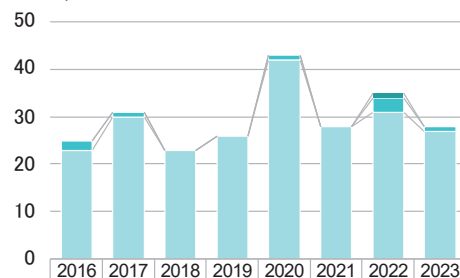


Pursuing Postgraduate Study	6	10	6	3	5	4	3	5
In Employment	41	45	43	34	31	45	32	31
Other	12	11	24	19	7	4	5	11
Total	59	66	73	56	43	53	40	47

(Academic year of graduation)

Law School

(Number)

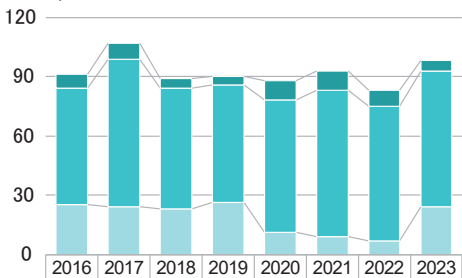


Pursuing Postgraduate Study	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
In Employment	2	1	0	0	1	0	3	1
Other	23	30	23	26	42	28	31	27
Total	25	31	23	26	43	28	35	28

(Academic year of graduation)

Graduate School of Economics

(Number)



Pursuing Postgraduate Study	7	8	5	4	10	10	8	5
In Employment	59	75	61	60	67	74	68	69
Other	25	24	23	26	11	9	7	24
Total	91	107	89	90	88	93	83	98

(Academic year of graduation)

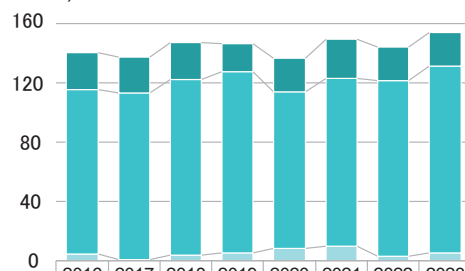
- This includes professional degree programs.
- "In employment" includes employment at a company or as a teacher or civil servant, or other employment.
- "Other" includes those preparing for national exams and those not yet in employment, etc.

Source: Kyushu University Information

7-2-2. Career Paths and Employment Status of Graduates (Master's Programs: by Graduate School) (Continued)

Graduate School of Science

(Number)

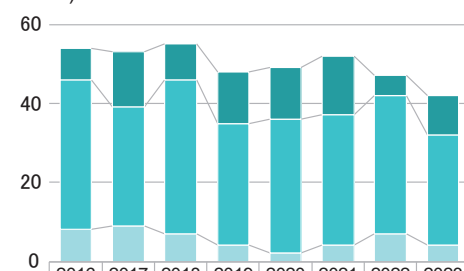


Pursuing Postgraduate Study	25	24	25	19	22	26	23	23
In Employment	110	112	118	121	105	113	118	125
Other	5	1	4	6	9	10	3	6
Total	140	137	147	146	136	149	144	154

(Academic year of graduation)

Graduate School of Mathematics

(Number)

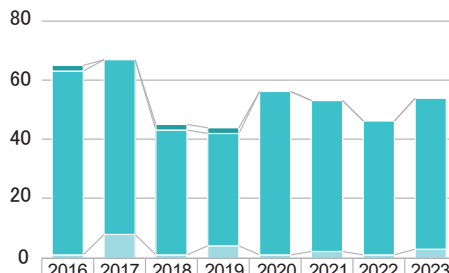


Pursuing Postgraduate Study	8	14	9	13	13	15	5	10
In Employment	38	30	39	31	34	33	35	28
Other	8	9	7	4	2	4	7	4
Total	54	53	55	48	49	52	47	42

(Academic year of graduation)

Graduate School of Systems Life Sciences

(Number)

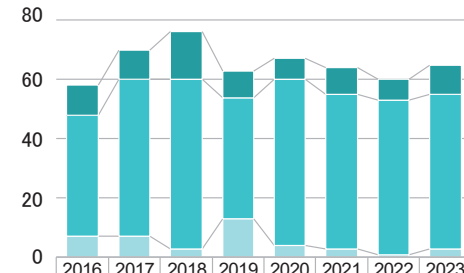


Pursuing Postgraduate Study	2	0	2	2	0	0	0	0
In Employment	62	59	42	38	55	51	45	51
Other	1	8	1	4	1	2	1	3
Total	65	67	45	44	56	53	46	54

(Academic year of graduation)

Graduate School of Medical Sciences

(Number)

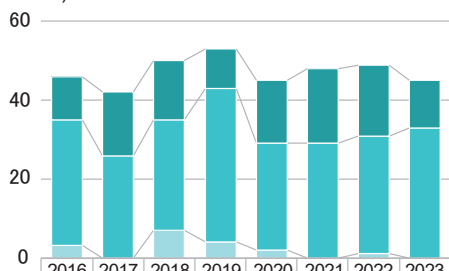


Pursuing Postgraduate Study	10	10	16	9	7	9	7	10
In Employment	41	53	57	41	56	52	52	52
Other	7	7	3	13	4	3	1	3
Total	58	70	76	63	67	64	60	65

(Academic year of graduation)

Graduate School of Pharmaceutical Sciences

(Number)

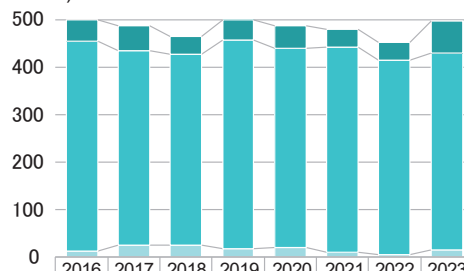


Pursuing Postgraduate Study	11	16	15	10	16	19	18	12
In Employment	32	26	28	39	27	29	30	33
Other	3	0	7	4	2	0	1	0
Total	46	42	50	53	45	48	49	45

(Academic year of graduation)

Graduate School of Engineering

(Number)



Pursuing Postgraduate Study	45	52	39	42	48	38	38	68
In Employment	440	407	402	439	417	430	407	412
Other	14	27	25	19	22	12	7	17
Total	499	486	466	500	487	480	452	497

(Academic year of graduation)

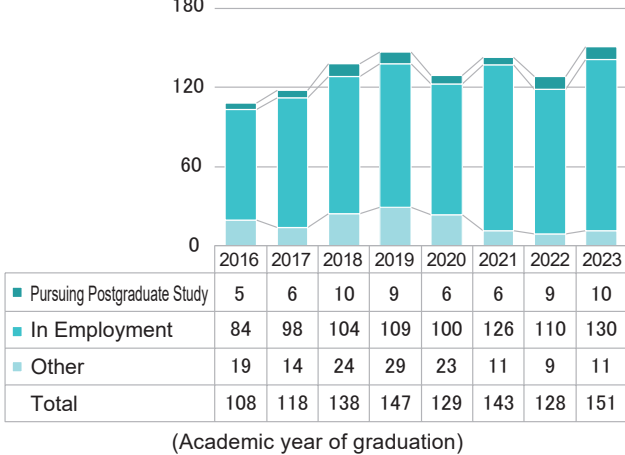
- This includes professional degree programs.
- "In employment" includes employment at a company or as a teacher or civil servant, or other employment.
- "Other" includes those preparing for national exams and those not yet in employment, etc.

Source: Kyushu University Information

7-2-2. Career Paths and Employment Status of Graduates (Master's Programs: by Graduate School) (Continued)

Graduate School of Design

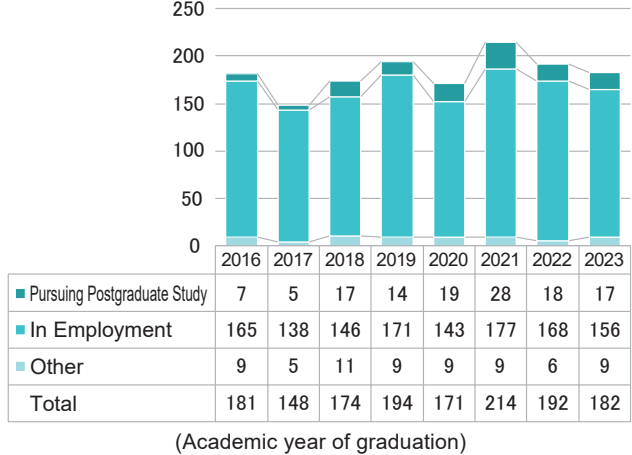
(Number)



(Academic year of graduation)

Graduate School of Information Science and Electrical Engineering

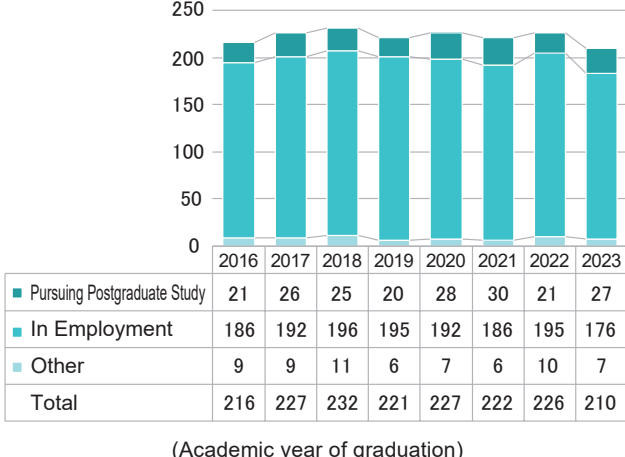
(Number)



(Academic year of graduation)

Interdisciplinary Graduate School of Engineering Sciences

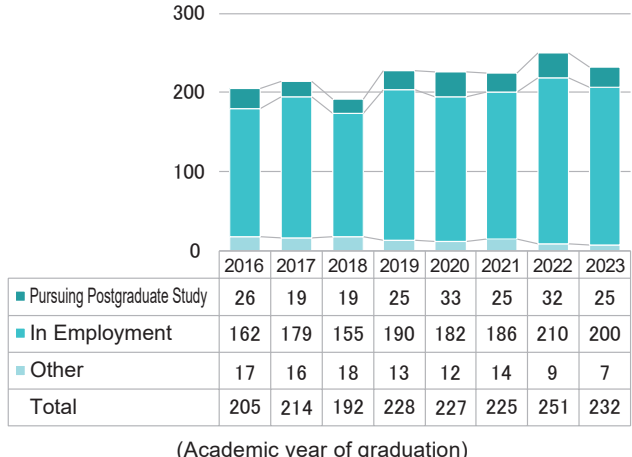
(Number)



(Academic year of graduation)

Graduate School of Bioresource and Bioenvironmental Sciences

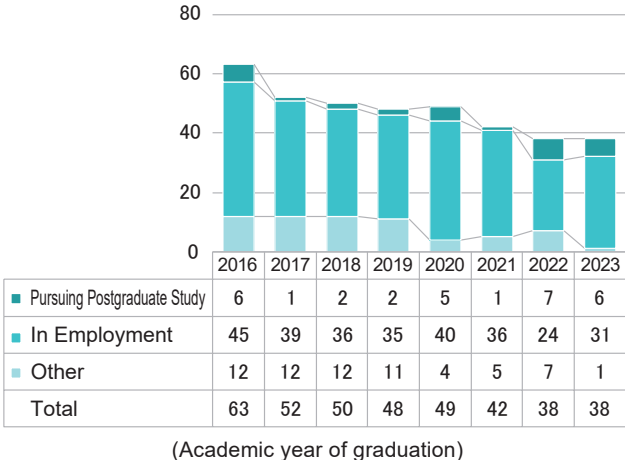
(Number)



(Academic year of graduation)

Graduate School of Integrated Frontier Sciences

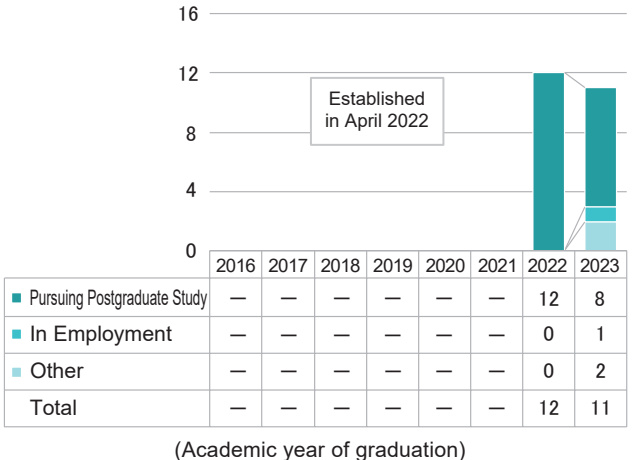
(Number)



(Academic year of graduation)

Joint Graduate School of Mathematics for Innovation

(Number)



(Academic year of graduation)

- This includes professional degree programs.
- "In employment" includes employment at a company or as a teacher or civil servant, or other employment.
- "Other" includes those preparing for national exams and those not yet in employment, etc.

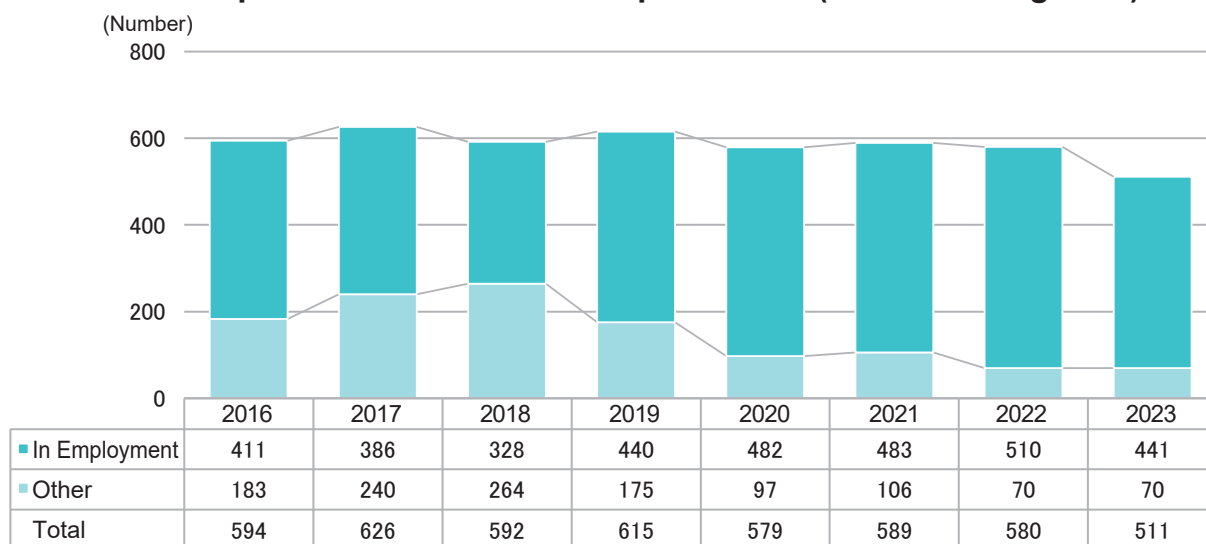
Source: Kyushu University Information

7-3. Career Paths and Employment Status of Graduates and Those whose Withdrawal with Completion of the Course Requirements (Doctoral Programs)

7-3-1. Career Paths and Employment Status of Graduates and Those whose Withdrawal with Completion of the Course Requirements (Doctoral Programs: Overall)

◆ Kyushu University ◆

Career Paths and Employment Status of Graduates and Those whose Withdrawal with Completion of the Course Requirements (Doctoral Programs)



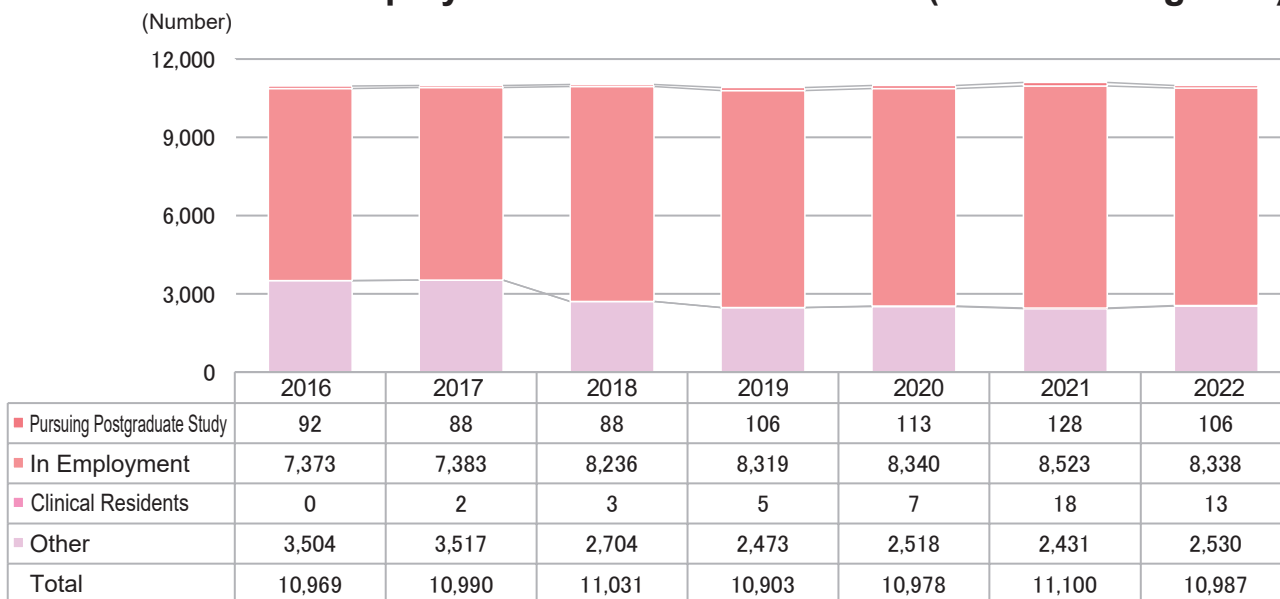
(Academic year of graduation)

- “In employment” includes employment at a company or as a teacher or civil servant, or other employment.
- “Other” includes those preparing for national exams and those not yet in employment, etc.

Source: Kyushu University Information

◆ Nationwide: National Universities ◆

Career Paths and Employment Status of Graduates (Doctoral Programs)



(Academic year of graduation)

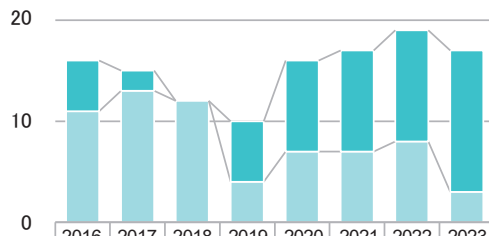
- “Clinical residents” include incoming students.
- “Other” includes those who had entered specialized training schools, overseas schools, and those missing and deceased.

Source: MEXT, Basic School Survey, Number of Graduates by Doctoral Program

7-3-2. Career Paths and Employment Status of Graduates and Those whose Withdrawal with Completion of the Course Requirements (Doctoral Programs: by Graduate School)

Graduate School of Humanities

(Number)
30

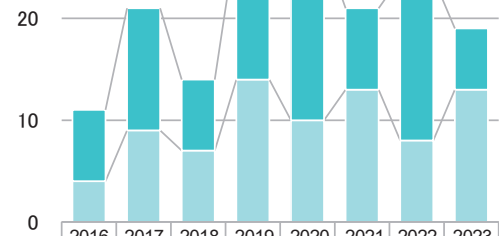


	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
In Employment	5	2	0	6	9	10	11	14
Other	11	13	12	4	7	7	8	3
Total	16	15	12	10	16	17	19	17

(Academic year of graduation)

Graduate School of Integrated Sciences for Global Society

(Number)
30

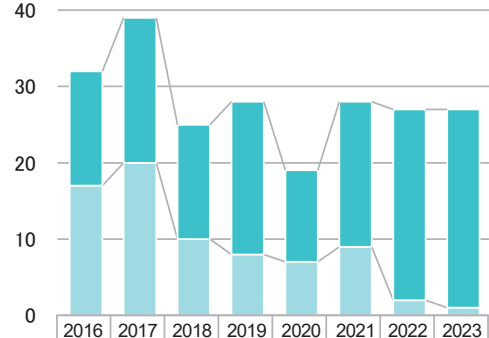


	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
In Employment	7	12	7	14	17	8	16	6
Other	4	9	7	14	10	13	8	13
Total	11	21	14	28	27	21	24	19

(Academic year of graduation)

Graduate School of Human-Environment Studies

(Number)
40

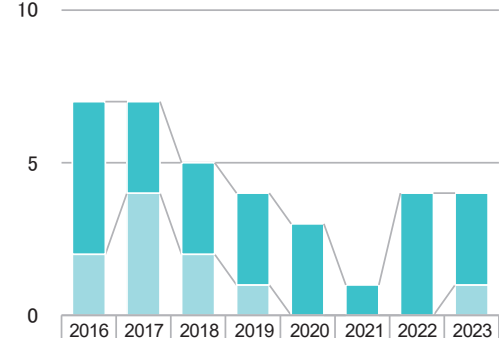


	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
In Employment	15	19	15	20	12	19	25	26
Other	17	20	10	8	7	9	2	1
Total	32	39	25	28	19	28	27	27

(Academic year of graduation)

Graduate School of Law

(Number)
10

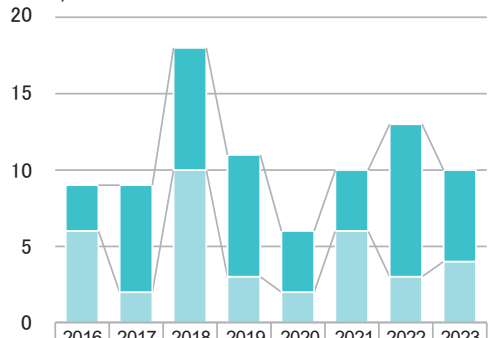


	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
In Employment	5	3	3	3	3	1	4	3
Other	2	4	2	1	0	0	0	1
Total	7	7	5	4	3	1	4	4

(Academic year of graduation)

Graduate School of Economics

(Number)
20

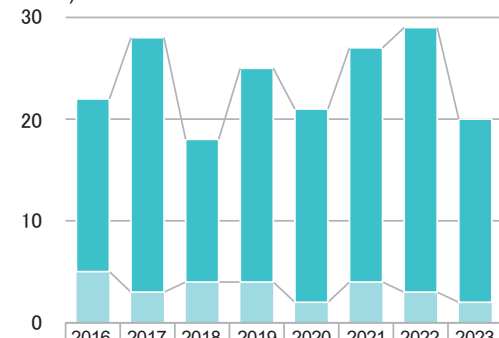


	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
In Employment	3	7	8	8	4	4	10	6
Other	6	2	10	3	2	6	3	4
Total	9	9	18	11	6	10	13	10

(Academic year of graduation)

Graduate School of Science

(Number)
30



	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
In Employment	17	25	14	21	19	23	26	18
Other	5	3	4	4	2	4	3	2
Total	22	28	18	25	21	27	29	20

(Academic year of graduation)

- "In employment" includes employment at a company or as a teacher or civil servant, or other employment.
- "Other" includes those preparing for national exams and those not yet in employment, etc.

Source: Kyushu University Information

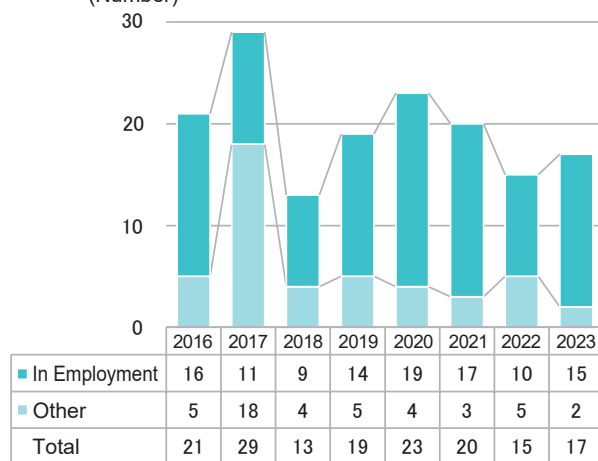
7-3-2. Career Paths and Employment Status of Graduates and Those whose Withdrawal with Completion of the Course Requirements (Doctoral Programs: by Graduate School) (Continued)

Graduate School of Mathematics
(Number)



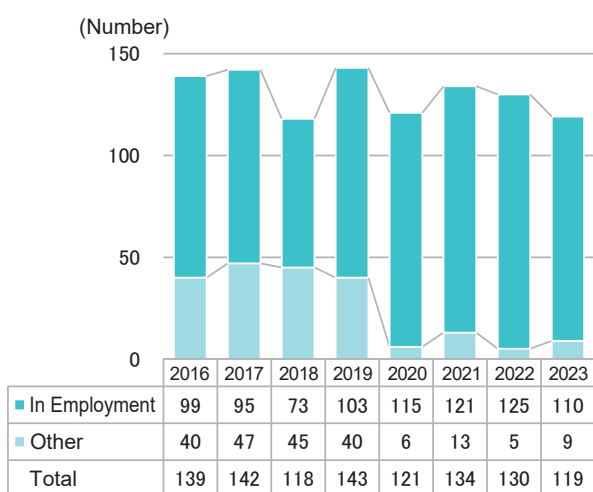
(Academic year of graduation)

Graduate School of Systems Life Sciences
(Number)



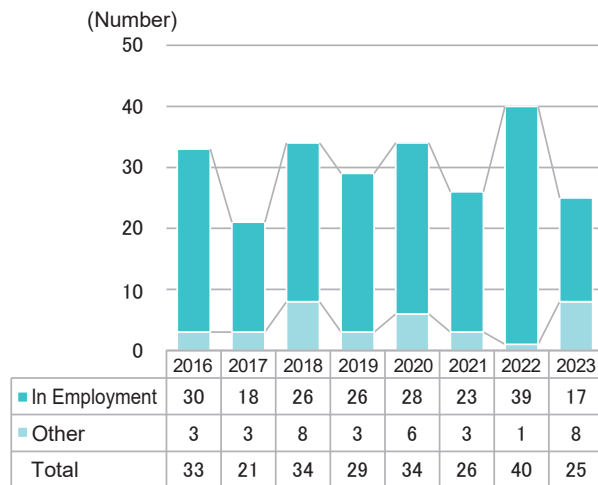
(Academic year of graduation)

Graduate School of Medical Sciences
(Number)



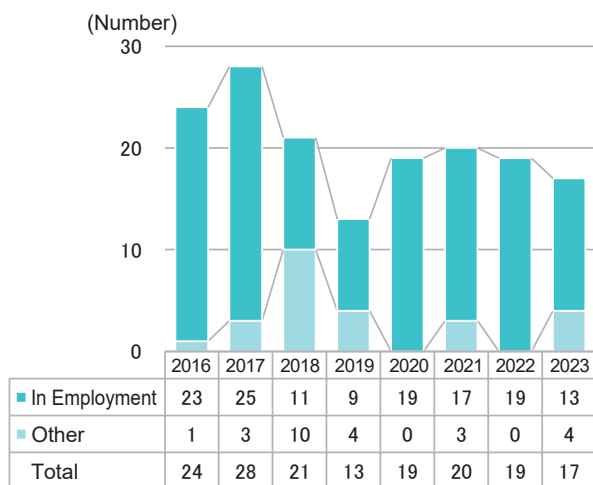
(Academic year of graduation)

Graduate School of Dental Science
(Number)



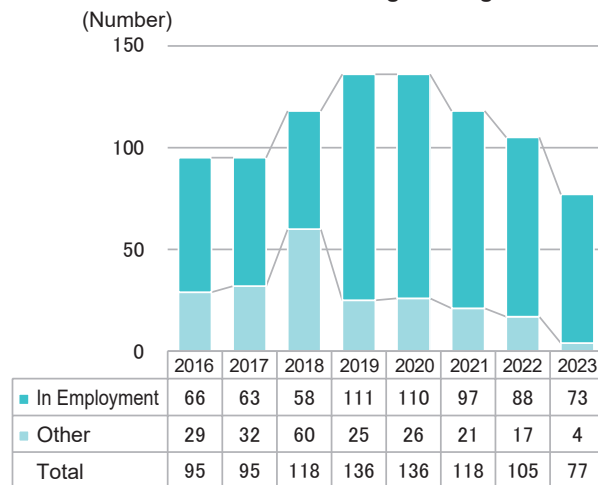
(Academic year of graduation)

Graduate School of Pharmaceutical Sciences
(Number)



(Academic year of graduation)

Graduate School of Engineering
(Number)

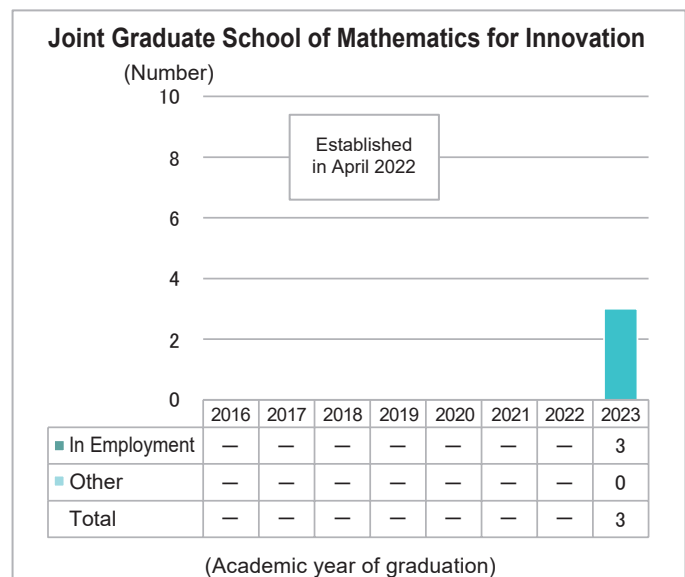
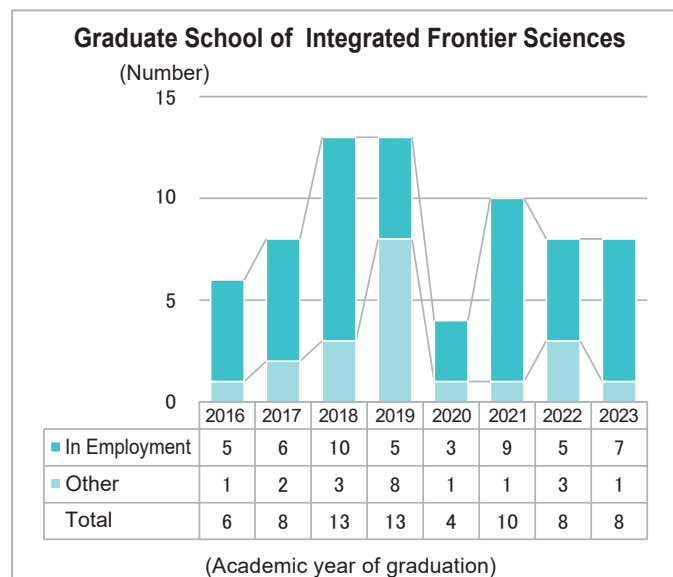
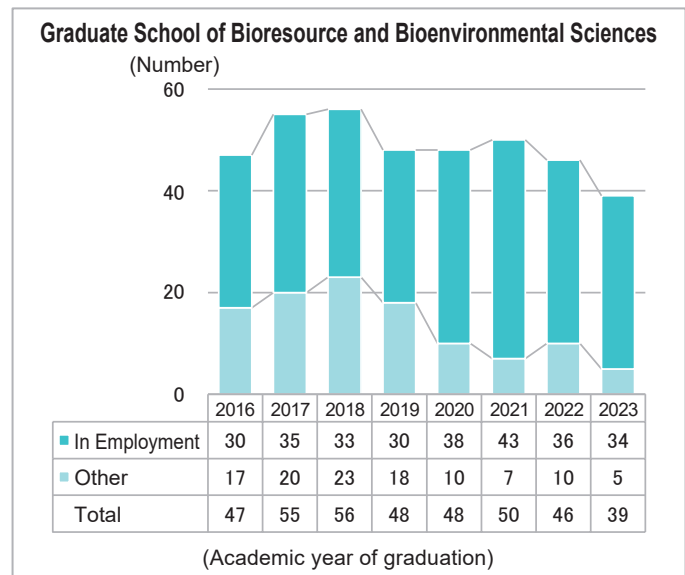
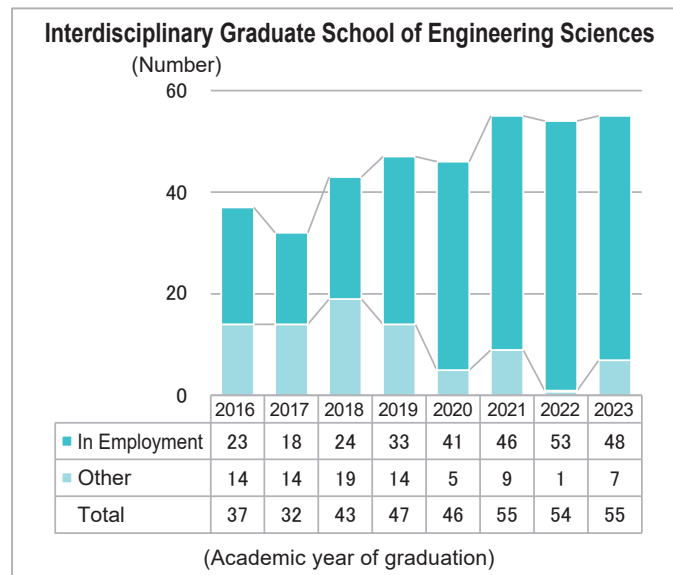
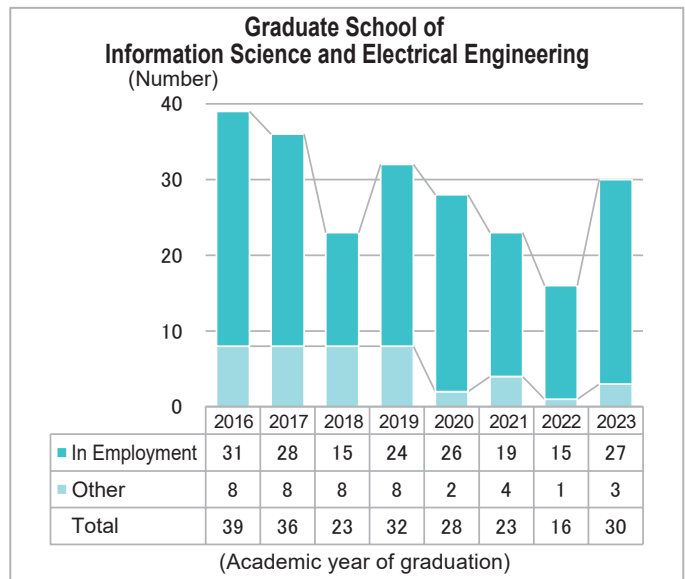
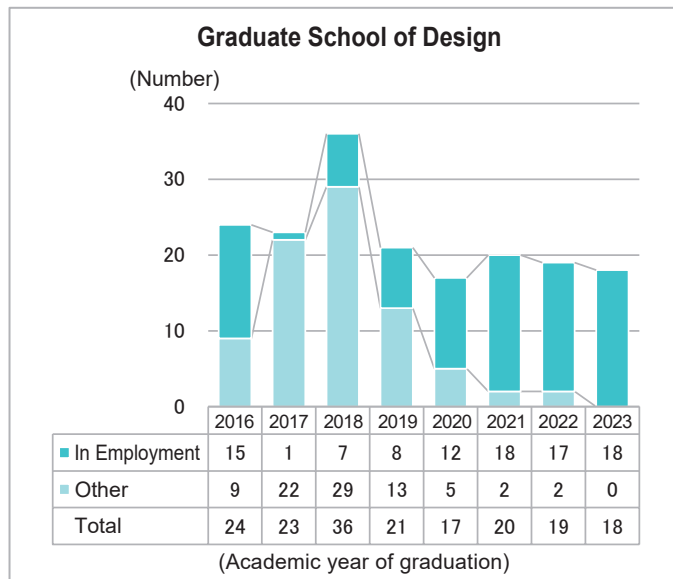


(Academic year of graduation)

- "In employment" includes employment at a company or as a teacher or civil servant, or other employment.
- "Other" includes those preparing for national exams and those not yet in employment, etc.

Source: Kyushu University Information

7-3-2. Career Paths and Employment Status of Graduates and Those whose Withdrawal with Completion of the Course Requirements (Doctoral Programs: by Graduate School) (Continued)



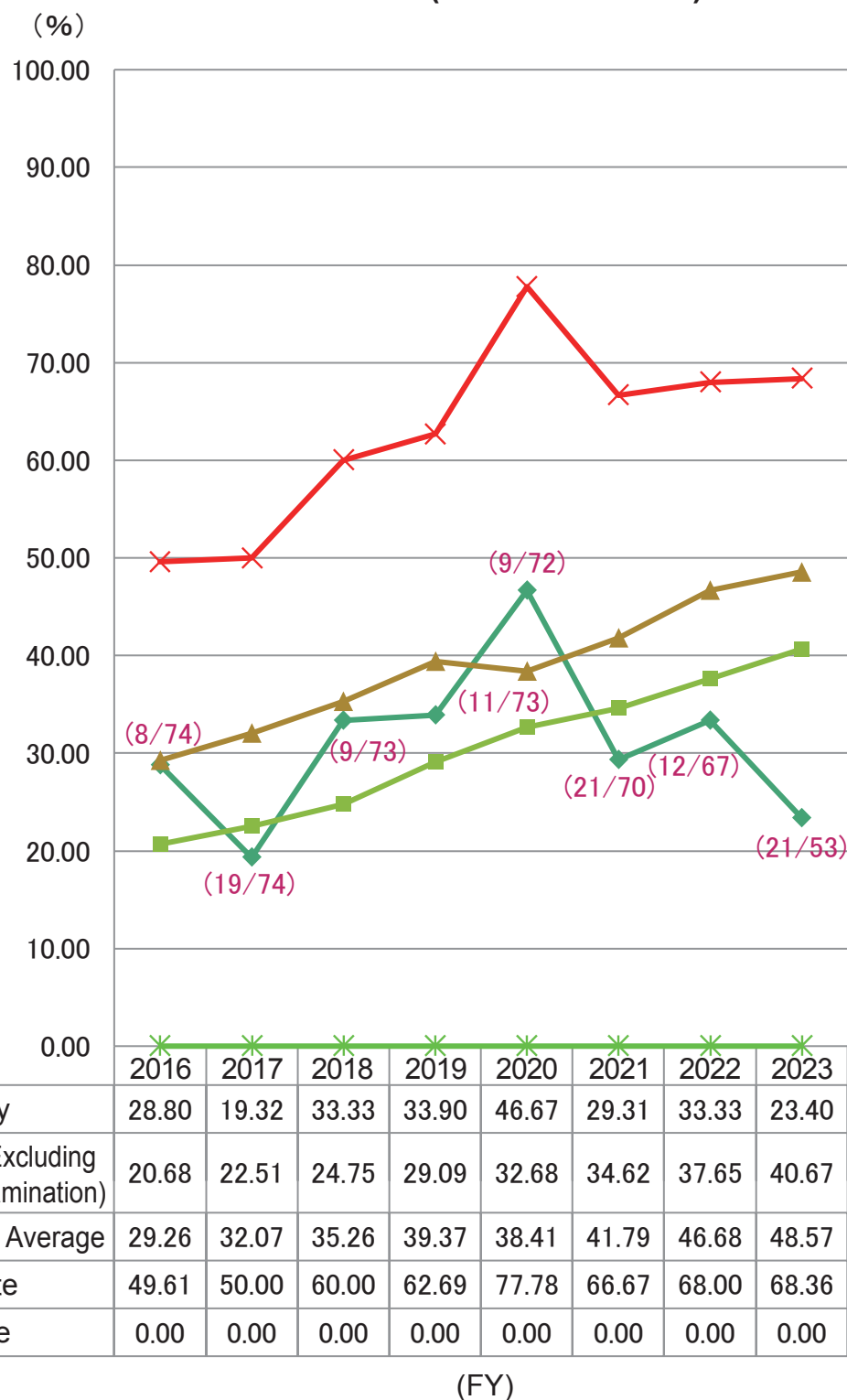
- “In employment” includes employment at a company or as a teacher or civil servant, or other employment.
- “Other” includes those preparing for national exams and those not yet in employment, etc.

Source: Kyushu University Information

8. Success in Qualification Examinations

8-1. Pass Rates in the Bar Examination

Pass Rates in the Bar Examination (Final Pass Rate)



• The figures in parentheses indicate the following: (Kyushu University's Ranking/Total number)

Source: MOJ website, *Results of the Bar Examination*, Number of entrants passing the bar examination by law school, etc.

8-1. Pass Rates in the Bar Examination (Continued)

◆ Top 20 Universities by Number Passing ◆

FY2016		FY2017		FY2018		FY2019		FY2020		FY2021		FY2022		FY2023	
University	Successful Examinees (Rank)	University	Successful Examinees (Rank)	University	Successful Examinees (Rank)	University	Successful Examinees (Rank)	University	Successful Examinees (Rank)	University	Successful Examinees (Rank)	University	Successful Examinees (Rank)	University	Successful Examinees (Rank)
Keio University	155 (1)	Keio University	144 (1)	Kyoto University	128 (1)	Keio University	152 (1)	The University of Tokyo	126 (1)	Keio University	125 (1)	Kyoto University	119 (1)	Kyoto University	188 (1)
Waseda University	152 (2)	The University of Tokyo	134 (2)	The University of Tokyo	121 (2)	The University of Tokyo	134 (2)	Keio University	125 (2)	Waseda University	115 (2)	The University of Tokyo	117 (2)	Keio University	186 (2)
The University of Tokyo	137 (3)	Chuo University	119 (3)	Keio University	118 (3)	Kyoto University	126 (3)	Kyoto University	107 (3)	Kyoto University	114 (3)	Keio University	104 (3)	The University of Tokyo	186 (2)
Chuo University	136 (4)	Kyoto University	111 (4)	Waseda University	110 (4)	Chuo University	109 (4)	Chuo University	85 (4)	The University of Tokyo	96 (4)	Waseda University	104 (3)	Waseda University	174 (4)
Kyoto University	105 (5)	Waseda University	102 (5)	Chuo University	101 (5)	Waseda University	106 (5)	Hitotsubashi University	84 (5)	Chuo University	83 (5)	Hitotsubashi University	66 (5)	Hitotsubashi University	121 (5)
Hitotsubashi University	63 (6)	Osaka University	66 (6)	Hitotsubashi University	72 (6)	Hitotsubashi University	67 (6)	Waseda University	75 (6)	Hitotsubashi University	64 (6)	Kobe University	54 (6)	Chuo University	90 (6)
Osaka University	42 (7)	Hitotsubashi University	60 (7)	Kobe University	51 (7)	Osaka University	46 (7)	Kobe University	62 (7)	Kobe University	47 (7)	Osaka University	51 (7)	Osaka University	78 (7)
Kobe University	41 (8)	Kobe University	55 (8)	Osaka University	50 (8)	Kobe University	44 (8)	Osaka University	34 (8)	Osaka University	47 (7)	Chuo University	50 (8)	Kobe University	71 (8)
Kyushu University	36 (9)	Tokyo Metropolitan University	31 (9)	Kyushu University	29 (9)	Meiji University	26 (9)	Meiji University	30 (9)	Doshisha University	39 (9)	Tohoku University	27 (9)	Nagoya University	42 (9)
Meiji University	36 (9)	Meiji University	30 (10)	Nagoya University	29 (9)	Nagoya University	25 (10)	Doshisha University	28 (10)	Nagoya University	25 (10)	Doshisha University	25 (10)	Doshisha University	29 (10)
Nagoya University	34 (11)	Hokkaido University	29 (11)	Meiji University	25 (11)	Hokkaido University	25 (10)	Tohoku University	26 (11)	Tokyo Metropolitan University	24 (11)	Nihon University	24 (11)	Meiji University	29 (10)
Hokkaido University	30 (12)	Nagoya University	28 (12)	Doshisha University	24 (12)	Ritsumeikan University	24 (12)	Nagoya University	23 (12)	Meiji University	22 (12)	Kyushu University	22 (12)	Hokkaido University	28 (12)
Ritsumeikan University	29 (13)	Ritsumeikan University	21 (13)	Tokyo Metropolitan University	23 (13)	Tokyo Metropolitan University	22 (13)	Kyushu University	21 (13)	Tohoku University	20 (13)	Ritsumeikan University	19 (13)	Tohoku University	25 (13)
Tokyo Metropolitan University	25 (14)	Doshisha University	20 (14)	Hokkaido University	23 (13)	Kyushu University	20 (14)	Nihon University	21 (13)	University of Tsukuba	19 (14)	University of Tsukuba	18 (14)	Kyushu University	22 (14)
Tohoku University	23 (15)	Tohoku University	18 (15)	Sophia University	18 (15)	Tohoku University	20 (14)	Tokyo Metropolitan University	20 (15)	Kyushu University	17 (15)	Tokyo Metropolitan University	17 (15)	Ritsumeikan University	20 (15)
Sophia University	19 (16)	Kwansei Gakuin University	18 (15)	Hosei University	17 (16)	University of Tsukuba	18 (16)	Hokkaido University	19 (16)	Hokkaido University	17 (15)	Meiji University	16 (16)	University of Tsukuba	17 (16)
Chiba University	17 (17)	Kyushu University	17 (17)	Gakushuin University	16 (17)	Soka University	16 (17)	Soka University	16 (17)	Nihon University	17 (15)	Osaka City University	15 (17)	Hosei University	15 (17)
Doshisha University	17 (17)	Sophia University	16 (18)	Tohoku University	15 (18)	Hiroshima University	14 (18)	University of Tsukuba	15 (18)	Okayama University	16 (18)	Kansai University	15 (17)	Chiba University	13 (18)
Kansai University	15 (19)	Soka University	13 (19)	Ritsumeikan University	15 (18)	Nihon University	14 (18)	Osaka City University	12 (19)	Ritsumeikan University	15 (19)	Hokkaido University	15 (17)	Soka University	12 (19)
Kwansei Gakuin University	15 (19)	Osaka City University	13 (19)	Soka University	13 (20)	Chiba University	12 (20)	Kwansei Gakuin University	10 (20)	Soka University	12 (20)	Nagoya University	14 (20)	Okayama University	12 (19)
Hiroshima University	15 (19)					Kwansei Gakuin University	12 (20)	Kansai University	10 (20)					Nihon University	12 (19)
Hosei University	15 (19)					Kansai University	12 (20)								

◆ Top 20 Universities by Pass Rate ◆

FY2016		FY2017		FY2018		FY2019		FY2020		FY2021		FY2022		FY2023	
University	Pass Rates (Rank)	University	Pass Rates (Rank)	University	Pass Rates (Rank)	University	Pass Rates (Rank)	University	Pass Rates (Rank)	University	Pass Rates (Rank)	University	Pass Rates (Rank)	University	Pass Rates (Rank)
Hitotsubashi University	49.61% (1)	Kyoto University	50.00% (1)	Tohoku Gakuin University	60.00% (1)	Kyoto University	62.69% (1)	Aichi University	77.78% (1)	Aichi University	66.67% (1)	Kyoto University	68.00% (1)	Kyoto University	68.36% (1)
The University of Tokyo	48.07% (2)	Hitotsubashi University	49.59% (2)	Hitotsubashi University	59.50% (2)	Hitotsubashi University	59.82% (2)	Hitotsubashi University	70.59% (2)	Kyoto University	61.62% (2)	The University of Tokyo	60.94% (2)	Hitotsubashi University	67.22% (2)
Kyoto University	47.30% (3)	The University of Tokyo	49.45% (3)	Kyoto University	59.26% (3)	The University of Tokyo	56.30% (3)	The University of Tokyo	59.43% (3)	Hitotsubashi University	58.18% (3)	Hitotsubashi University	60.00% (3)	Keio University	60.00% (3)
Keio University	44.29% (4)	Keio University	45.43% (4)	The University of Tokyo	48.02% (4)	Keio University	50.67% (4)	Kyoto University	57.84% (4)	Keio University	55.07% (4)	Keio University	57.46% (4)	The University of Tokyo	59.05% (4)
Waseda University	35.85% (5)	Osaka University	40.74% (5)	Kobe University	39.53% (5)	Aichi Gakuin University	42.86% (5)	Tohoku University	53.06% (5)	Tohoku University	51.28% (5)	Tohoku University	56.25% (5)	Kobe University	48.63% (5)
Kobe University	32.28% (6)	Kobe University	38.73% (6)	Keio University	39.20% (6)	Waseda University	42.06% (6)	Kagoshima University	50.00% (6)	Toyo University	50.00% (6)	Aichi University	50.00% (6)	Nagoya University	47.19% (6)
Chuo University	29.44% (7)	Aichi University	30.77% (7)	Osaka University	37.59% (7)	Osaka University	41.07% (7)	Keio University	49.80% (7)	Yamanashi Gakuin University	50.00% (6)	Kobe University	48.65% (7)	Waseda University	44.73% (7)
Kyushu University	28.80% (8)	Waseda University	29.39% (8)	Waseda University	36.54% (8)	Tohoku University	38.46% (8)	Kobe University	49.21% (8)	Waseda University	49.78% (8)	Osaka University	45.95% (8)	Osaka University	42.86% (8)
Osaka University	26.75% (9)	Tokyo Metropolitan University	26.96% (9)	Kyushu University	33.33% (9)	Nagoya University	37.31% (9)	Kyushu University	46.67% (9)	Okayama University	48.48% (9)	Waseda University	44.83% (9)	Chuo University	39.30% (9)
Aichi University	26.67% (10)	Chuo University	26.15% (10)	Nagoya University	30.53% (10)	Hiroshima University	35.90% (10)	Nagoya University	40.35% (10)	The University of Tokyo	48.24% (10)	Soka University	37.50% (10)	Hokkaido University	37.84% (10)
Nagoya University	25.00% (11)	Tohoku University	26.09% (11)	Hakuoh University	28.57% (11)	Kyushu University	33.90% (11)	Osaka University	37.78% (11)	Nagoya University	45.45% (11)	Osaka City University	36.59% (11)	Okayama University	36.36% (11)
Tohoku University	23.96% (12)	Hokkaido University	24.58% (12)	Tohoku University	27.27% (12)	Kobe University	33.85% (12)	Waseda University	36.06% (12)	Kobe University	41.59% (12)	Kyushu University	33.33% (12)	Aichi University	33.33% (12)
Hokkaido University	23.44% (13)	Nagoya University	23.73% (13)	Kagawa University	25.00% (13)	Tokai University	28.57% (13)	Soka University	34.04% (13)	Osaka University	40.87% (13)	Nanzan University	33.33% (12)	Seikei University	33.33% (12)
Hiroshima University	20.27% (14)	Kagoshima University	20.00% (14)	Hiroshima University	25.00% (13)	Chuo University	28.39% (14)	Chuo University	29.41% (14)	Dokkyo University	40.00% (14)	University of Tsukuba	32.73% (14)	University of Tsukuba	33.33% (12)
Chiba University	19.77% (15)	Kumamoto University	20.00% (14)	Chuo University	23.22% (15)	Soka University	24.62% (15)	Hiroshima Shudo University	28.57% (15)	Doshisha University	35.45% (15)	Nihon University	32.00% (15)	Doshisha University	33.33% (12)
Tokyo Metropolitan University	19.53% (16)	Kobe Gakuin University	20.00% (14)	Aichi University	23.08% (16)	Hokkaido University	24.04% (16)	University of Tsukuba	26.79% (16)	Chuo University	31.80% (16)	Doshisha University	30.86% (16)	Soka University	32.43% (16)
Soka University	19.40% (17)	Soka University	19.40% (17)	Shinshu University	22.73% (17)	University of Tsukuba	23.38% (17)	Okayama University	26.67% (17)	University of Tsukuba	31.67% (17)	Okayama University	30.77% (17)	Tohoku University	30.49% (17)
Okayama University	18.03% (18)	University of the Ryukyus	19.35% (18)	Tokyo Metropolitan University	22.33% (18)	Tokyo Metropolitan University	22.92% (18)	Nihon University	25.93% (18)	Soka University	30.77% (18)	Kansai University	28.30% (18)	Senshu University	28.57% (18)
Shizuoka University	16.67% (19)	Kyushu University	19.32% (19)	Okayama University	21.57% (19)	Omiya Law School	22.22% (19)	Doshisha University	23.73% (19)	Tokyo Metropolitan University	29.63% (19)	Hokkaido University	27.78% (19)	Meiji University	27.36% (19)
Kobe Gakuin University	15.38% (20)	Kwansei Gakuin University	18.37% (20)	Soka University	21.31% (20)	Kanagawa University	22.22% (19)	Meiji University	23.62% (20)	Kwansei Gakuin University	29.41% (20)	Kindai University	27.27% (20)	Hosei University	25.00% (20)
										Kyushu University	29.31% (21)			Kyushu University	23.40% (21)
Average	20.68%	Average	22.51%	Average	24.75%	Average	29.09%	Average	32.68%	Average	34.62%	Average	37.65%	Average	40.67%

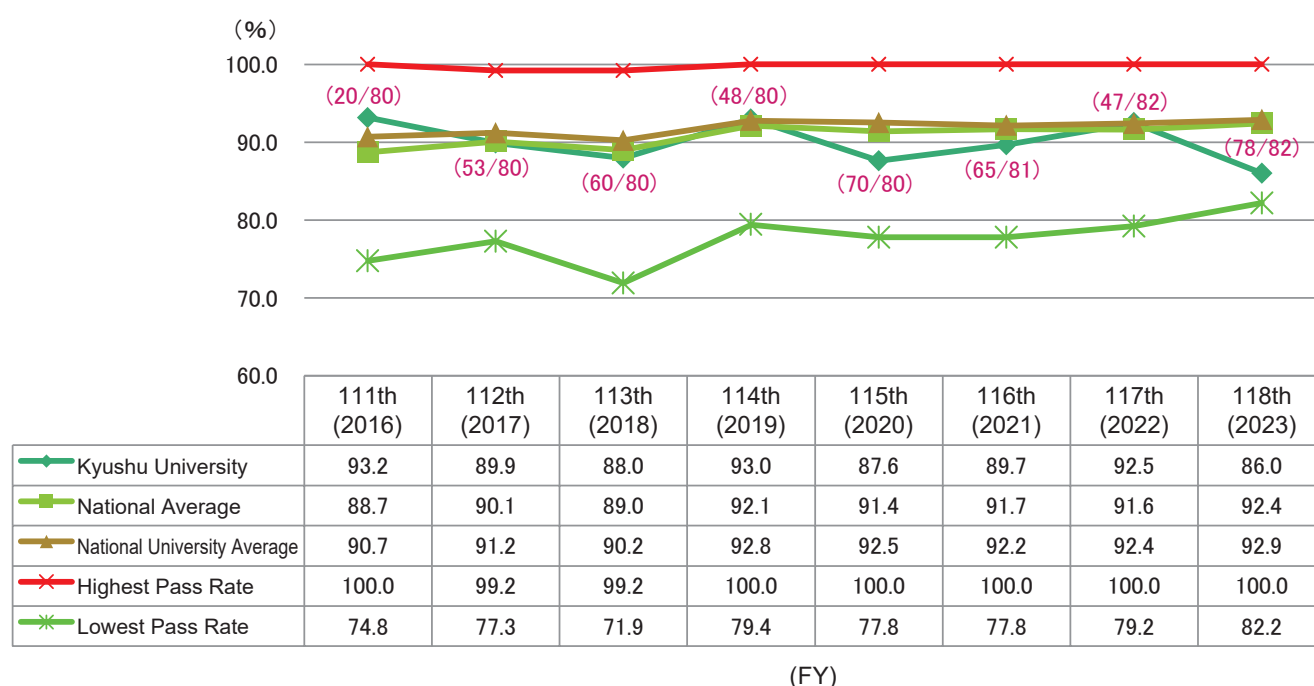
• Data excludes those passing the preparatory examination.

Source: MOJ website, *Results of the Bar Examination*, Number of entrants passing the bar examination by law school, etc.

8-2. Success in Qualification and Employment Examinations

The National Examination for Medical Practitioners (Pass Rates)

Success in the National Examination for Medical Practitioners

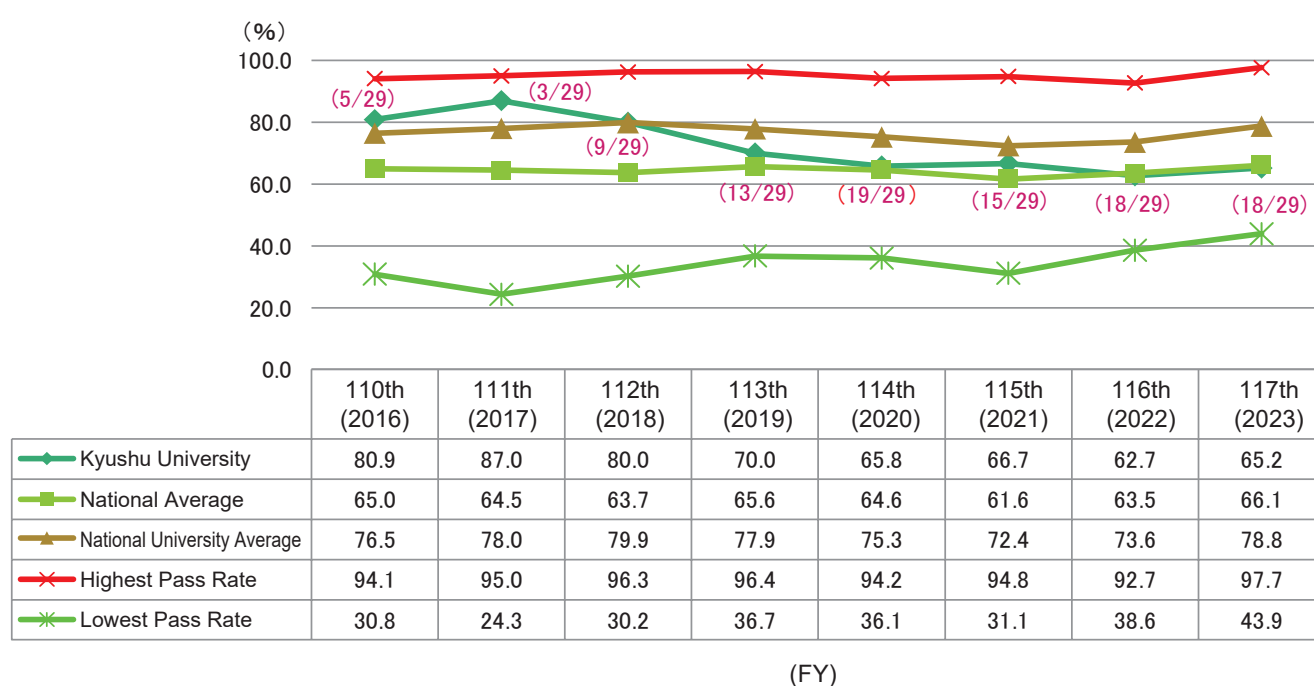


- The figures indicate the number of new and previous graduates who passed the examination, divided by the total number who took the examination.
- The figures in parentheses indicate the following: (Kyushu University's Ranking/Total number)

Source: MHLW, Status of Success on National Examination for Medical Practitioners by School

The National Examination for Dentists (Pass Rates)

Success in the National Examination for Dentists

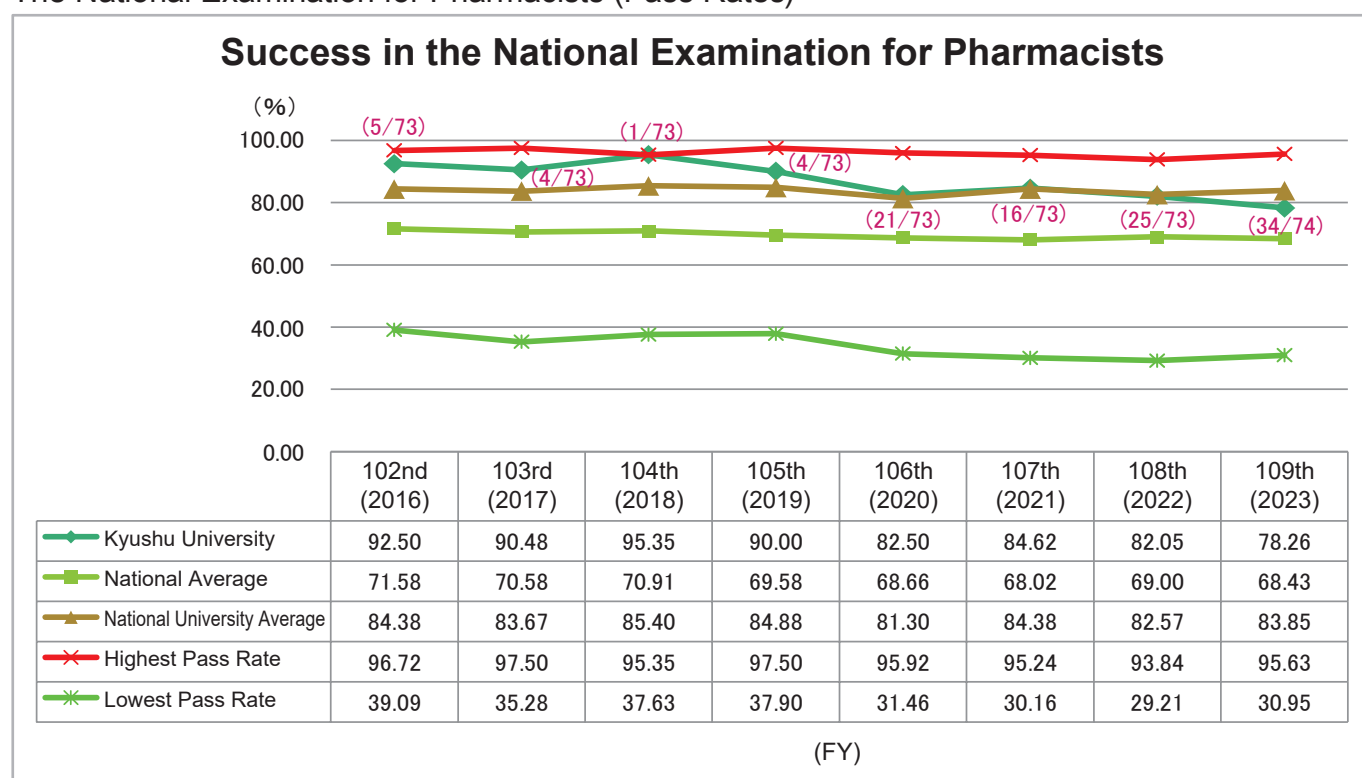


- The figures indicate the number of new and previous graduates who passed the examination, divided by the total number who took the examination.
- The figures in parentheses indicate the following: (Kyushu University's Ranking/Total number)

Source: MHLW, Status of Success on National Examination for Dentists by School

8-2. Success in Qualification and Employment Examinations (Continued)

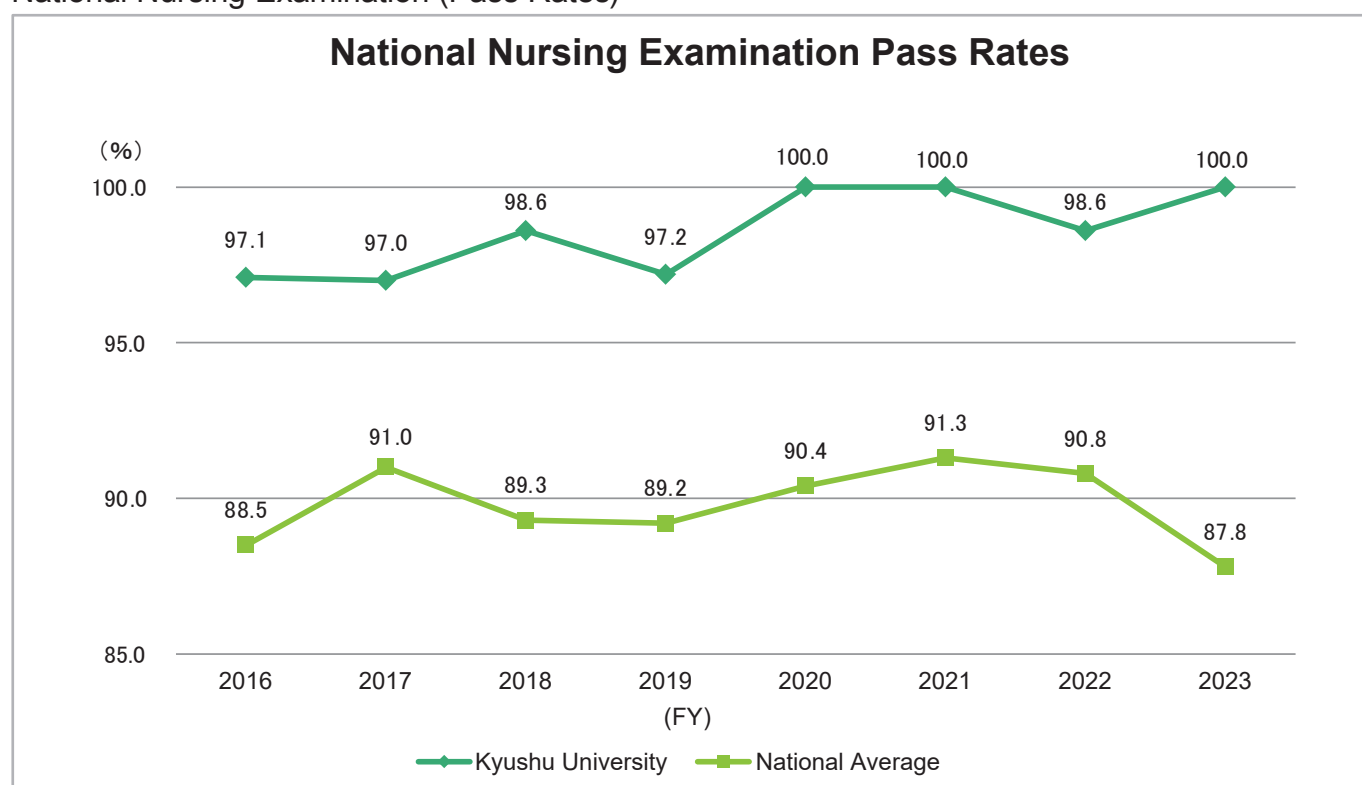
The National Examination for Pharmacists (Pass Rates)



- The figures indicate the number of new and previous graduates who passed the examination, divided by the total number who took the examination.
- The figures in parentheses indicate the following: (Kyushu University's Ranking/Total number)

Source: MHLW, Status of Success on National Examination for Pharmacists by University

National Nursing Examination (Pass Rates)

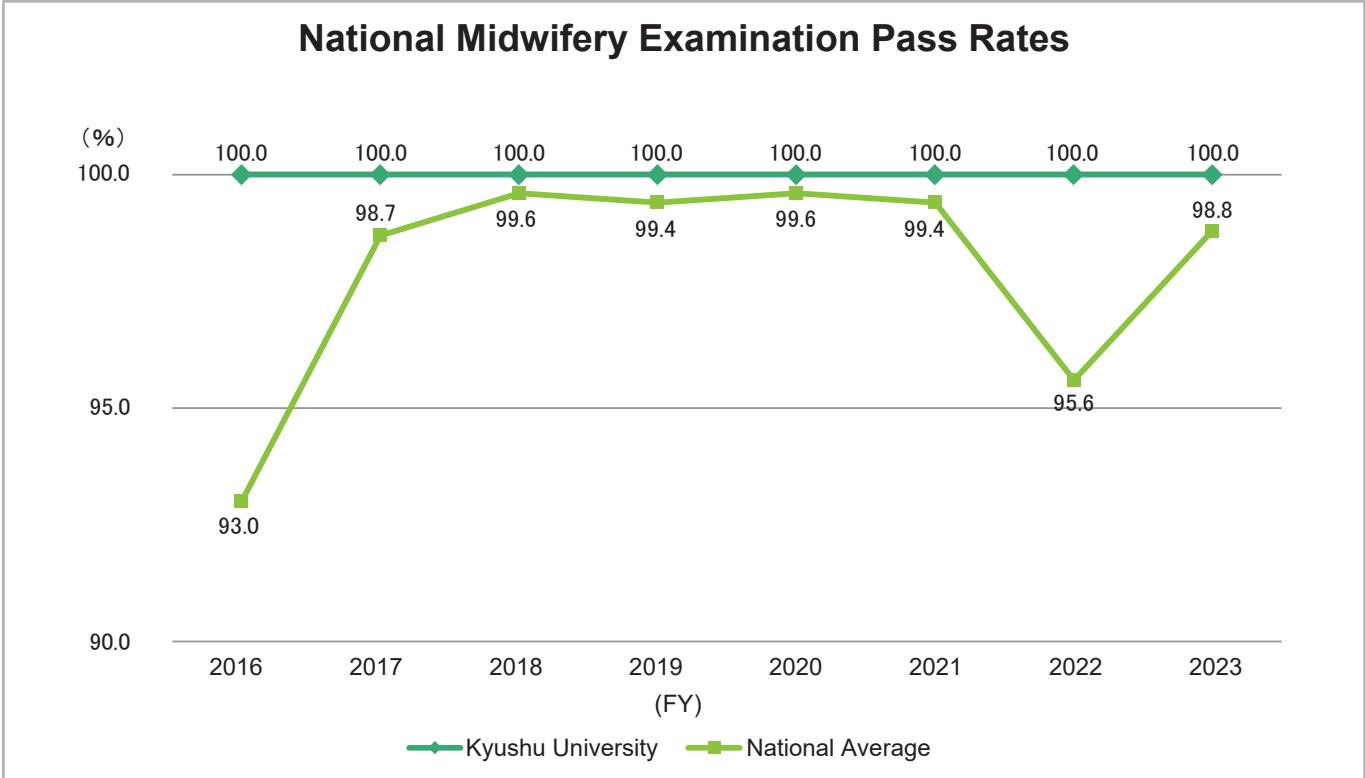


- The figures indicate the number of new and previous graduates who passed the examination, divided by the total number who took the examination.

Source: MHLW, Status of Success on National Nursing Examination by School

8-2. Success in Qualification and Employment Examinations (Continued)

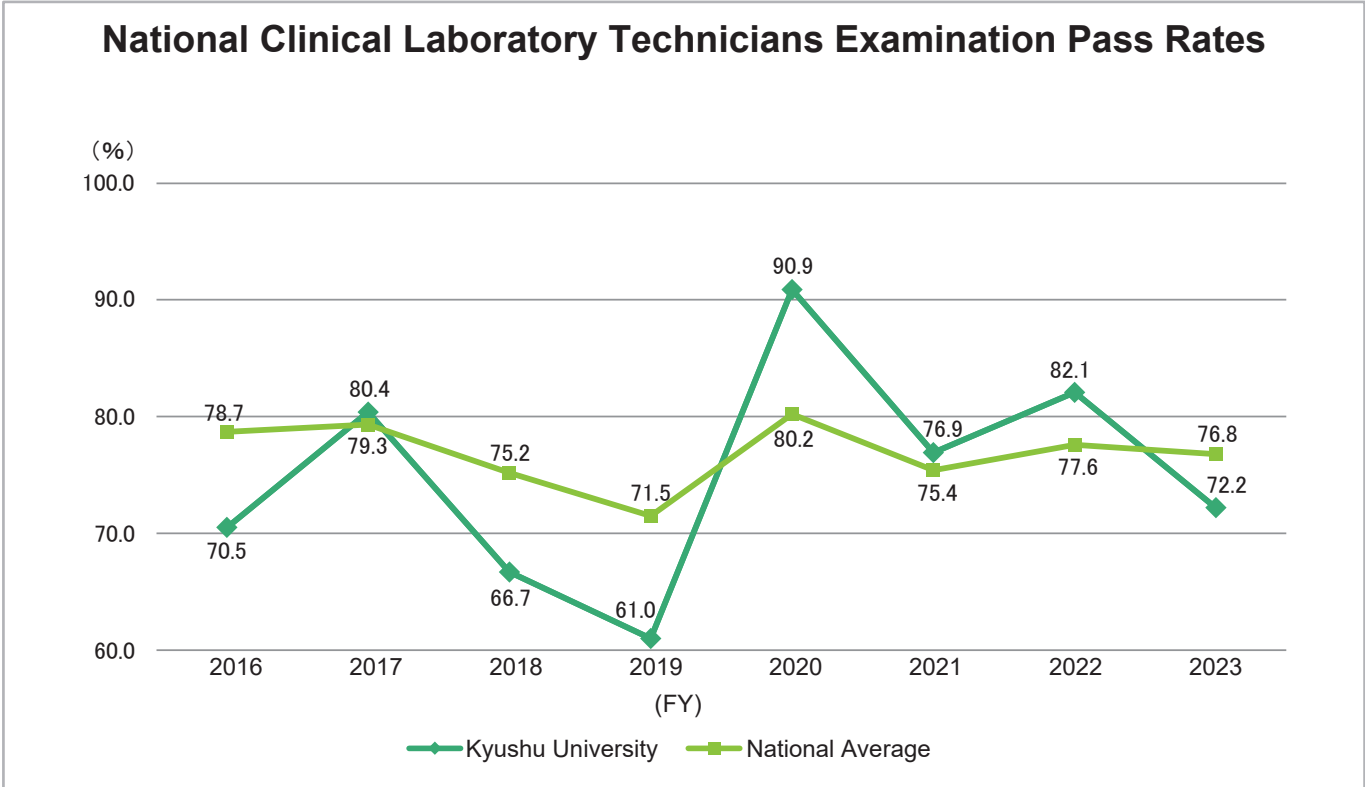
National Midwifery Examination (Pass Rates)



• The figures indicate the number of new and previous graduates who passed the examination, divided by the total number who took the examination.

Source: MHLW, Status of Success on National Midwifery Examination by School

National Clinical Laboratory Technicians Examination (Pass Rates)

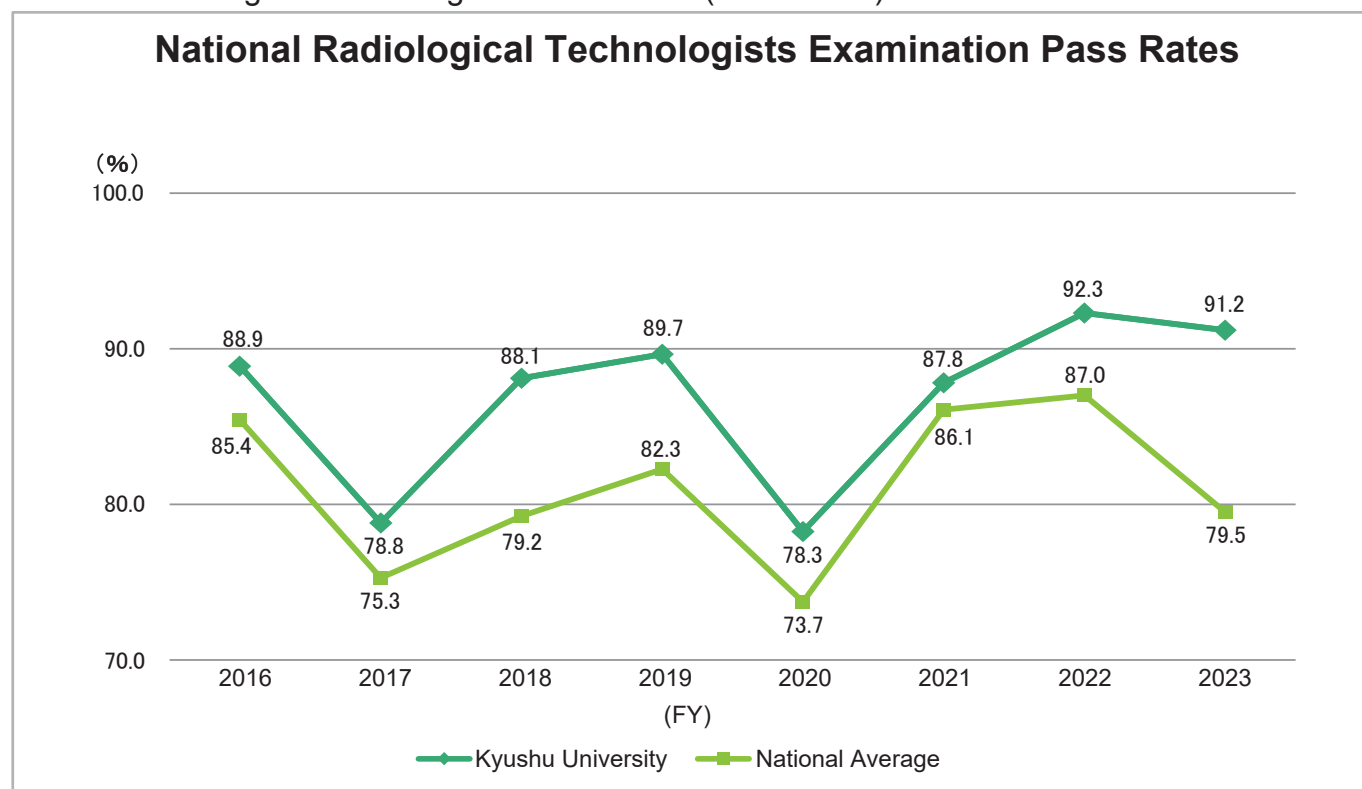


• The figures indicate the number of new and previous graduates who passed the examination, divided by the total number who took the examination.

Source: MHLW, Status of Success on National Clinical Laboratory Technicians Examination by School

8-2. Success in Qualification and Employment Examinations (Continued)

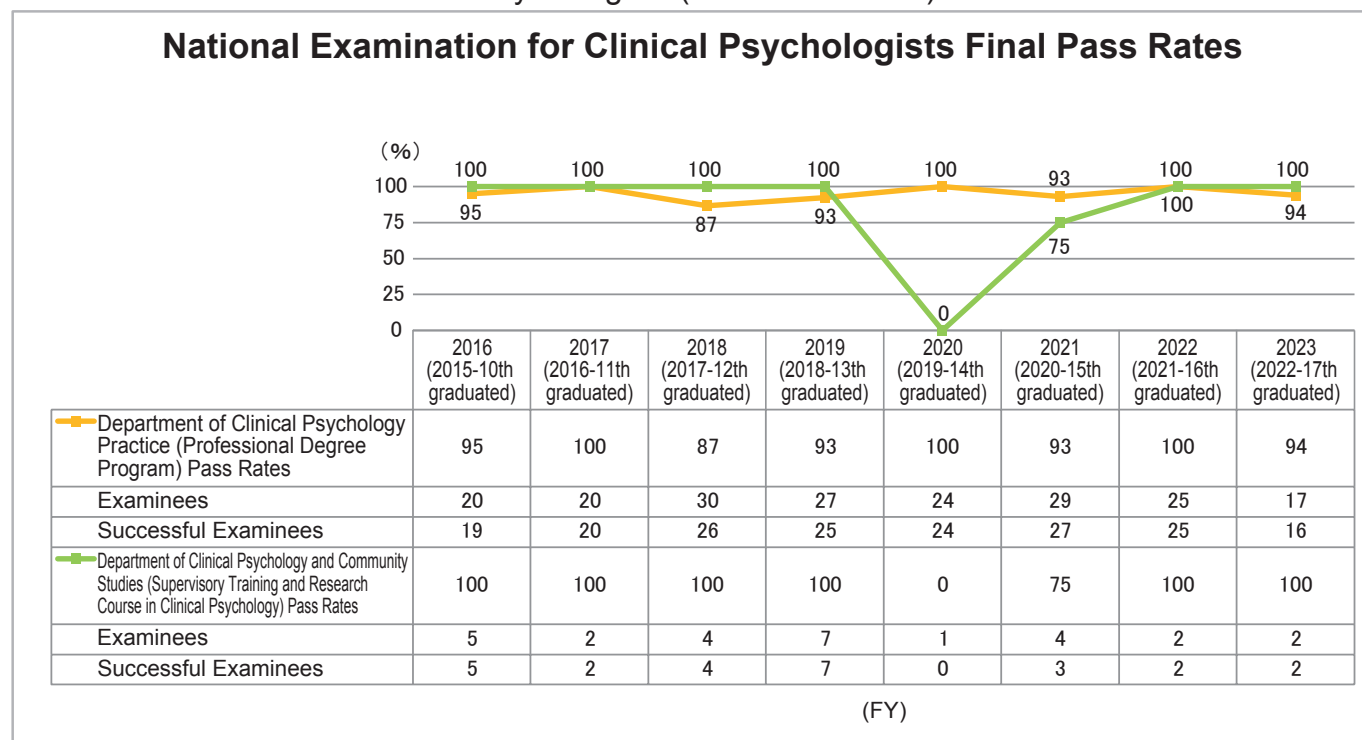
National Radiological Technologists Examination (Pass Rates)



- The figures indicate the number of new and previous graduates who passed the examination, divided by the total number who took the examination.

Source: MHLW, Status of Success on National Radiological Technologists Examination by School

National Examination for Clinical Psychologists (Final Pass Rates)



Source: Website of Department of Clinical Psychology Practice / Department of Clinical Psychology and Community Studies, Supervisory Training and Research Course in Clinical Psychology, Graduate School of Human-Environment Studies, Kyushu University (FY2016-2020)
Administrative Office (Humanities and Human-Environment Studies, etc.) (FY2021-2023)

8-2. Success in Qualification and Employment Examinations (Continued)

◆ Success in Civil Service Examinations ◆
National Public Servant (Regular Position)

Rank	University	Number
1	The University of Tokyo	87
2	Waseda University	76
3	Ritsumeikan University	70
4	Kyoto University	61
5	Hokkaido University	60
6	Chuo University	51
7	Okayama University	50
8	Meiji University	42
9	Tohoku University	40
10	Chiba University	38
11	Keio University	37
12	Kyushu University	34

(2023)

- The figures for those expected to enroll in ministries as National Public Servants (Regular Positions) are based on surveys conducted by the relevant ministries and universities.

◆ National Examination Passes ◆
Professional Engineer

Rank	University	Number
1	Kyoto University	113
2	Hokkaido University	99
3	The University of Tokyo	91
4	Kyushu University	83
5	Waseda University	75
6	Nihon University	72
7	Tokyo Institute of Technology	70
7	Tohoku University	70
9	Osaka University	51
10	Yokohama National University	45

(2022)

First-Class Qualified Architect

Rank	University	Number
1	Nihon University	143
2	Tokyo University of Science	117
3	Shibaura Institute of Technology	99
4	Waseda University	75
5	Kindai University	65
6	Meiji University	62
7	Kogakuin University	61
8	Meijo University	56
9	Chiba University	51
10	Kobe University	50
11	Kyoto Institute of Technology	44
12	Kyushu University	43

(2023)

- The figures for professional engineers are based on data from the Institution of Professional Engineers, Japan.
- The figures for first-class qualified architects are based on data from The Japan Architectural Education and Information Center.

Source: Asahi Shimbun Publications, 2025 University Rankings

9. Research

9-1. Trends across Kyushu University as a Whole Based on Field Classification of Journals



Overall research performance

22,140

Scholarly Output

99,607

Authors

1.16

FWCI (*1)

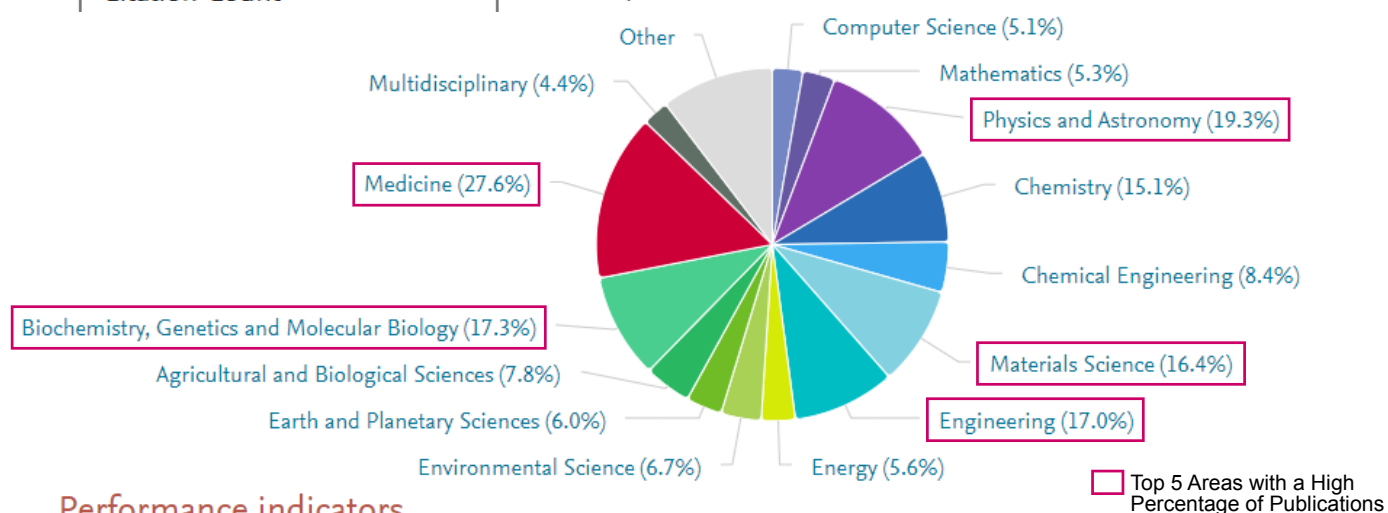
Field-Weighted Citation Impact

316,627

Citation Count

14.3

Citations per Publication

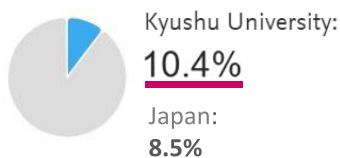


Performance indicators

Outputs in Top Citation Percentiles ①

Publications in top 10% most cited worldwide

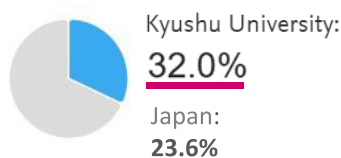
☐ Show as field-weighted



Publications in Top Journal Percentiles ①

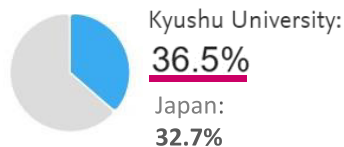
Publications in top 10% journals

by CiteScore Percentile ☐



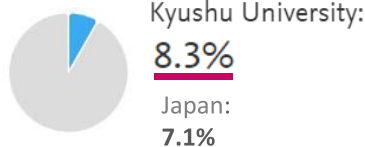
International Collaboration ①

Publications co-authored with Institutions in other countries/regions



Academic-Corporate Collaboration ①

Publications with both academic and corporate affiliations



Kyushu University
National average

(*1) FWCI (Field-Weighted Citation Impact) is the number of citations received by the publication, divided by the world average for the same type of publications in the same field and same publication year. An FWCI of 1 or higher indicates that the publication's impact exceeds or equals the world average.

Metrics Details

Publication Type: Articles and Reviews; Journal Metric: CiteScore Percentile; Self-Citations: included; Field-Weighted (outputs in top 10% citation percentiles): yes; Field-Weighted (international collaboration): no

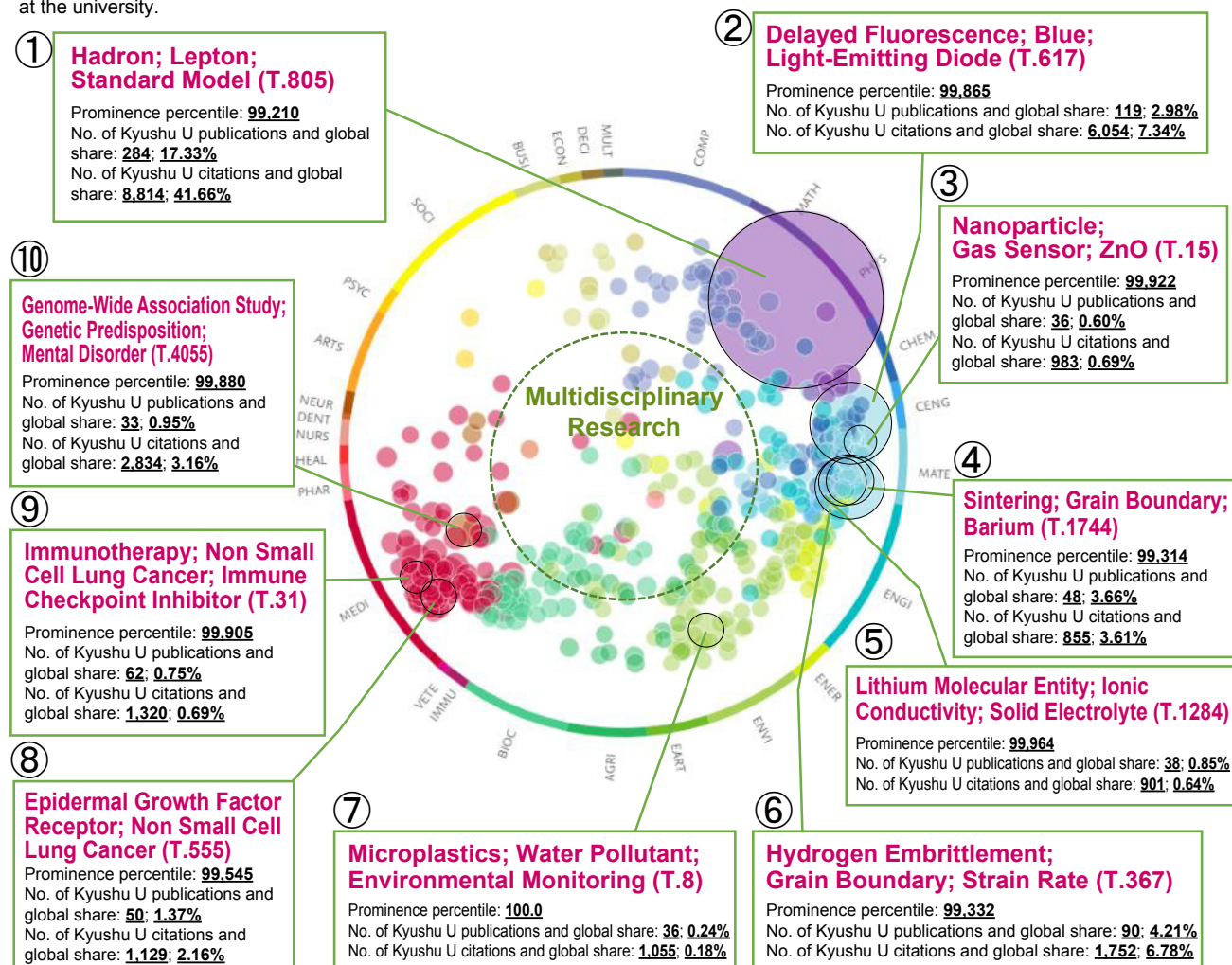
Source: Elsevier's "SciVal" (as of September 2024)

9-1. Trends across Kyushu University as a Whole Based on Field Classification of Journals (Continued)

Topic Prominence (attention level): Analysis of University Strengths Based on Co-citation of Publications

The Most Prominent 1% of Topics (2019-2023)

Out of the top 1% prominent topics, 1-10 are those with the top 10 highest number of publications. Kyushu University has a high number of publications in these fields, so these can be considered some of the most active research fields at the university.



◆ About Topic Prominence ◆

The Scopus literature was clustered into approximately 94,000 topics and 1,500 topic clusters based on citation links and ranked by Prominence. Prominence indicates the current momentum and attention level of a topic by looking at the number of citations in the most recent literature, the number of Scopus views, and the CiteScore. The highest Prominence percentile is 100; Prominence is correlated with grants and helps researchers and administrators identify topics with the highest potential for increased funding. Between 2019 and 2023, of all Kyushu University publications, 8,348 research fields emerged as high-profile topics. In addition, the prominence of a topic is calculated by combining three indicators: (1) the number of citations in year n for papers published in year n and year n-1, (2) the number of Scopus views in year n for papers published in year n and year n-1, and (3) the average CiteScore in year n.

*Please note that with the introduction of the "Next Generation SciVal Topics" in May 2024, the topic set has been updated; so, a simple comparison of past Fact Book data using the previous generation is not possible.

◆ Viewpoint ◆

- The outer wheel uses distinct colors to represent research fields used in Scopus (27 ASJC major subject categories).
- Bubbles represent individual topics.
- The size of bubbles indicates the number of publications contained within each topic.
- The color of each bubble corresponds to the wheel color of the predominant ASJC field by publication proportion within that topic.
- Bubble positions are determined by the proportional distribution of publication fields within each topic, with interdisciplinary topics tending to be positioned closer to the center.

Metrics Details

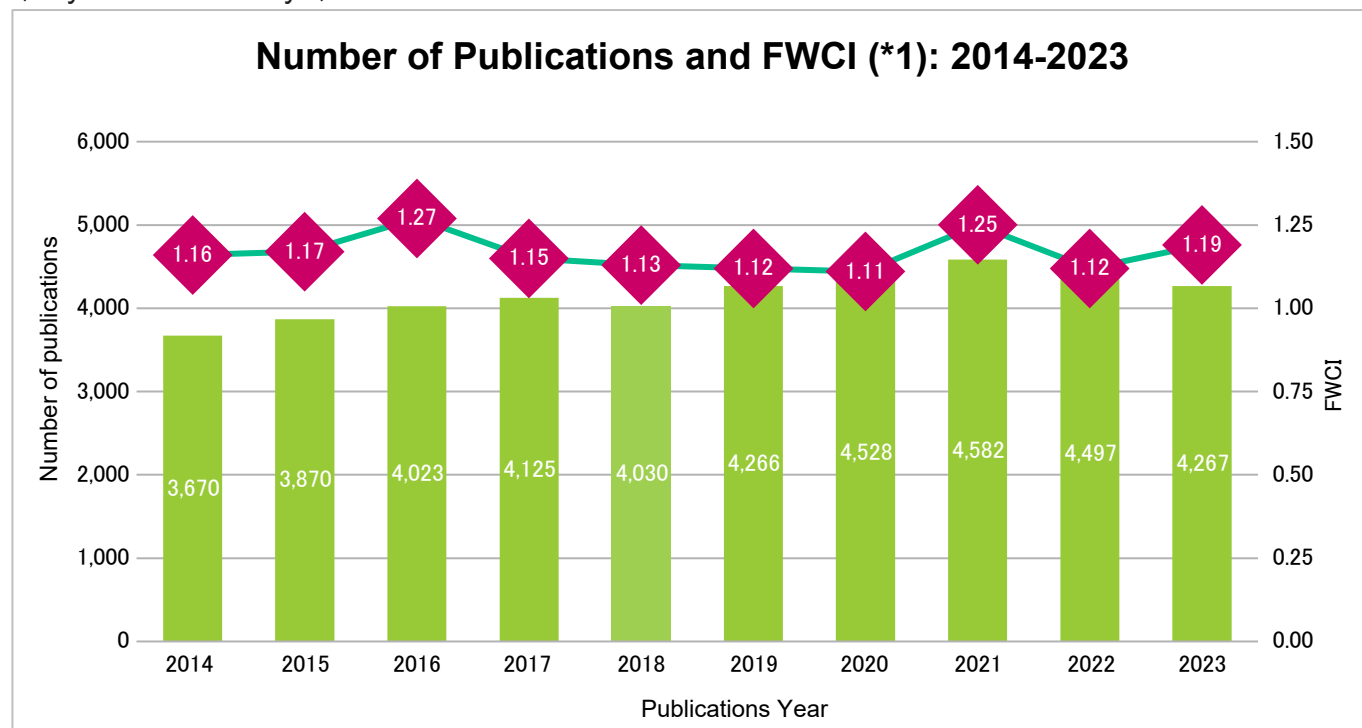
Publication Type: Articles and Reviews; Self-Citations: included

Website of Elsevier, "SciVal Topic Prominence" (as of September 2024): <https://www.elsevier.com/products/scival/overview/topics>

9-2. Comparisons of Publication Quantity and Quality

■ Number of Publications and FWCI

◆ Kyushu University ◆



◆ Comparison of RU11 (*2) ◆

Scholarly Output

Rank	University	Number of publications
1	The University of Tokyo	54,865
2	Kyoto University	37,270
3	Osaka University	30,046
4	Tohoku University	28,703
5	Nagoya University	22,588
6	Kyushu University	22,140
7	Hokkaido University	21,414
8	University of Tsukuba	16,816
9	Keio University	15,102
10	Tokyo Institute of Technology	14,746
11	Waseda University	9,719

(2019-2023)

Citation Count

Rank	University	Citation Count	Average Citations per Publication
1	The University of Tokyo	946,518	17.3
2	Kyoto University	564,318	15.1
3	Osaka University	425,825	14.2
4	Tohoku University	383,843	13.4
5	Nagoya University	325,293	14.4
6	Kyushu University	316,627	14.3
7	Hokkaido University	302,009	14.1
8	University of Tsukuba	242,279	14.4
9	Keio University	218,080	14.4
10	Tokyo Institute of Technology	207,784	14.1
11	Waseda University	123,138	12.7

(2019-2023)

FWCI

Rank	University	FWCI
1	The University of Tokyo	1.36
2	Keio University	1.23
3	University of Tsukuba	1.22
4	Kyoto University	1.20
4	Nagoya University	1.20
6	Kyushu University	1.16
7	Osaka University	1.15
8	Hokkaido University	1.10
9	Waseda University	1.09
10	Tohoku University	1.06
11	Tokyo Institute of Technology	1.05

(2019-2023)

(*1) FWCI (Field-Weighted Citation Impact) is the number of citations received by the publication, divided by the world average for the same type of publications in the same field and same publication year. An FWCI of 1 or higher indicates that the publication's impact exceeds or equals the world average.

(*2) RU11 (Research University 11) is a consortium that aims to develop academia via eleven universities: Hokkaido University, Tohoku University, University of Tsukuba, The University of Tokyo, Waseda University, Keio University, Tokyo Institute of Technology, Nagoya University, Kyoto University, Osaka University, and Kyushu University. RU11 is composed of both national and private universities.

(*3) For the data on Tokyo Institute of Technology in the "Comparisons of Publication Quantity and Quality" section, information was used before Tokyo Institute of Technology and Tokyo Medical and Dental University merged to form Institute of Science Tokyo in October 2024.

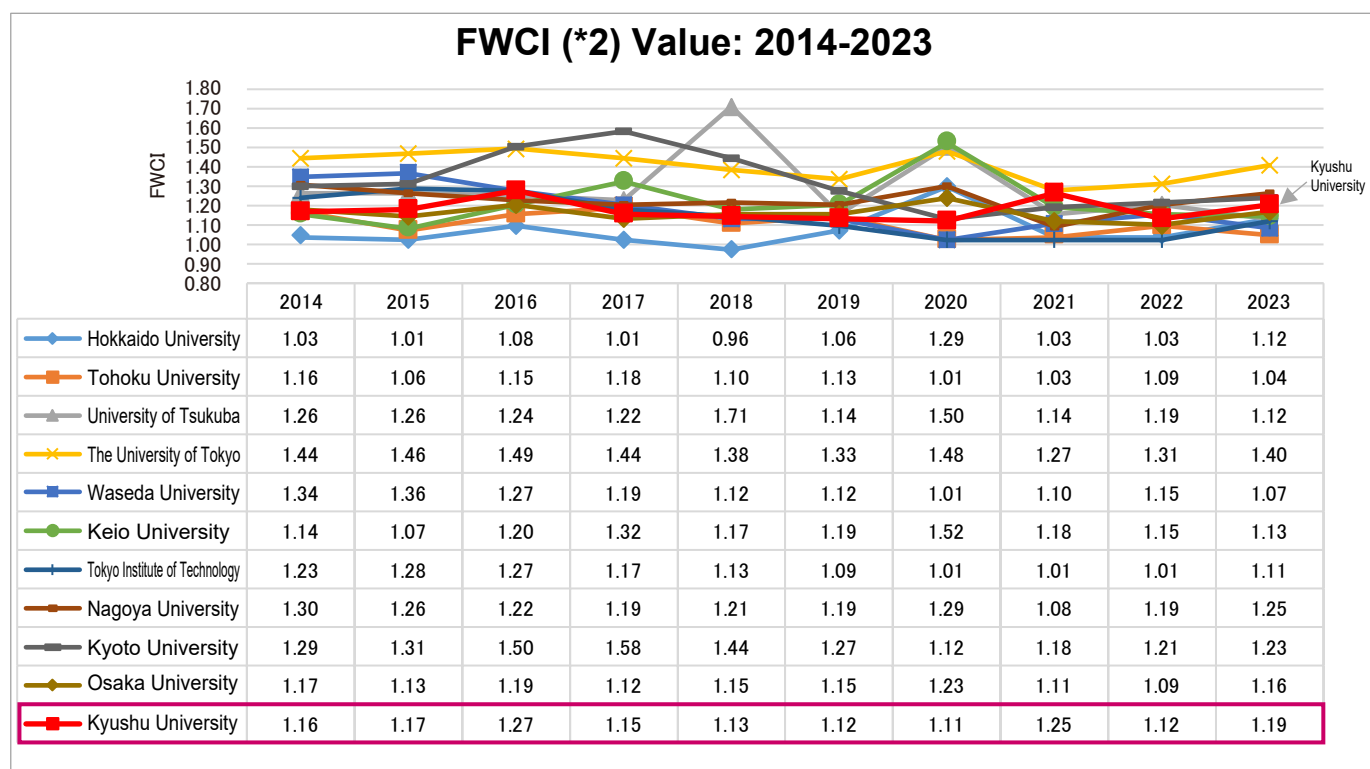
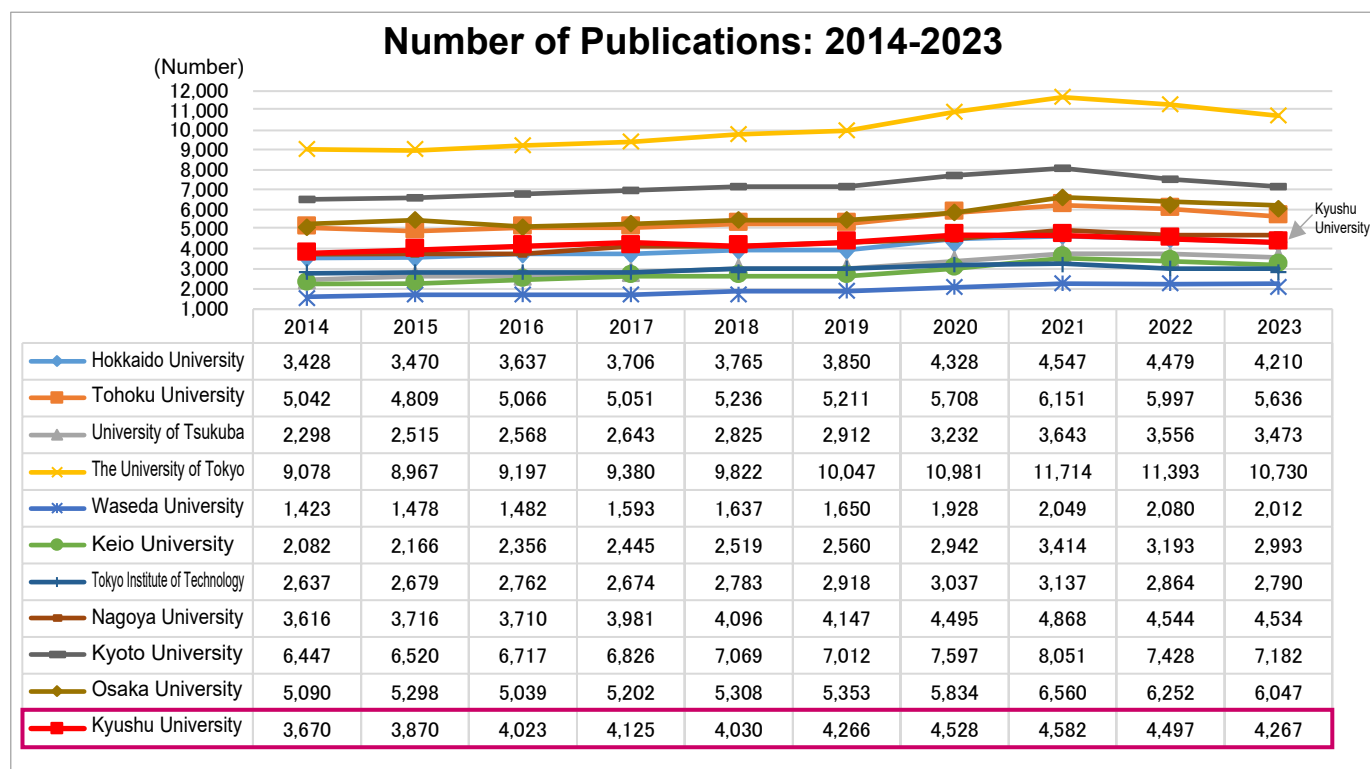
Metrics Details

Publication Type: Articles and Reviews; Self-Citations: included

Source: Elsevier's "SciVal" (as of September 2024)

9-2. Comparisons of Publication Quantity and Quality (Continued)

◆ Comparison of RU11 (*1) ◆



(*1) RU11 (Research University 11) is a consortium that aims to develop academia via eleven universities: Hokkaido University, Tohoku University, University of Tsukuba, The University of Tokyo, Waseda University, Keio University, Tokyo Institute of Technology, Nagoya University, Kyoto University, Osaka University, and Kyushu University. RU11 is composed of both national and private universities.

(*2) FWCI (Field-Weighted Citation Impact) is the number of citations received by the publication, divided by the world average for the same type of publications in the same field and same publication year. An FWCI of 1 or higher indicates that the publication's impact exceeds or equals the world average.

Metrics Details

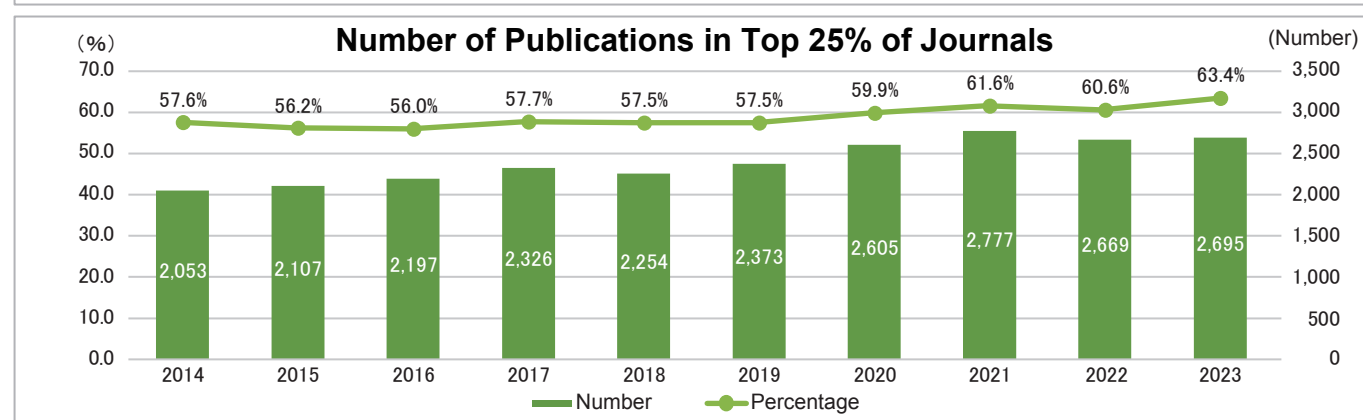
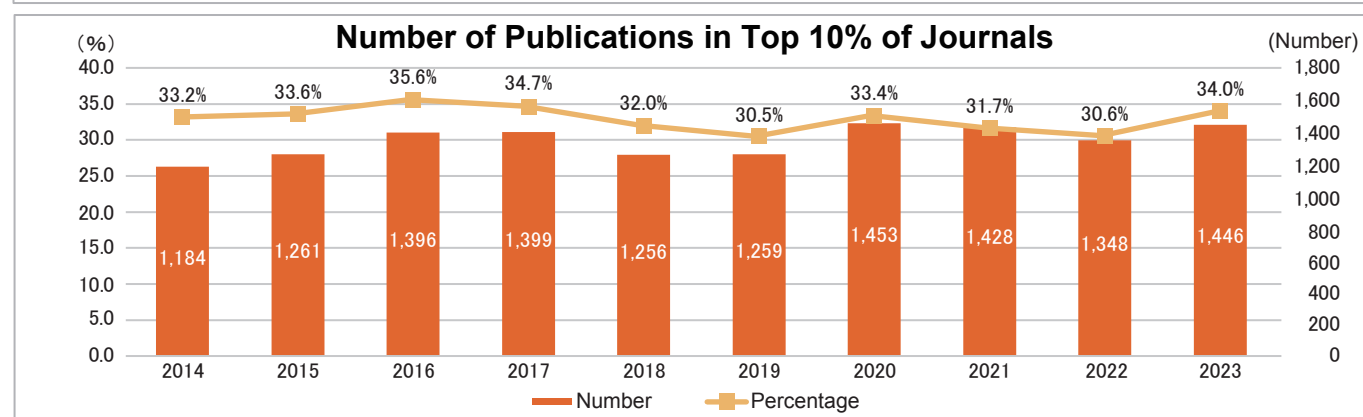
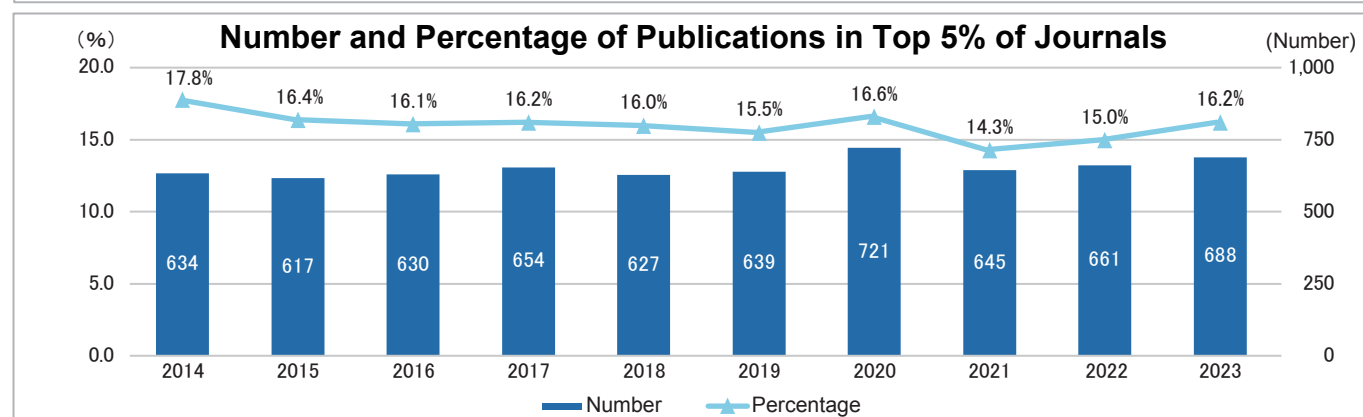
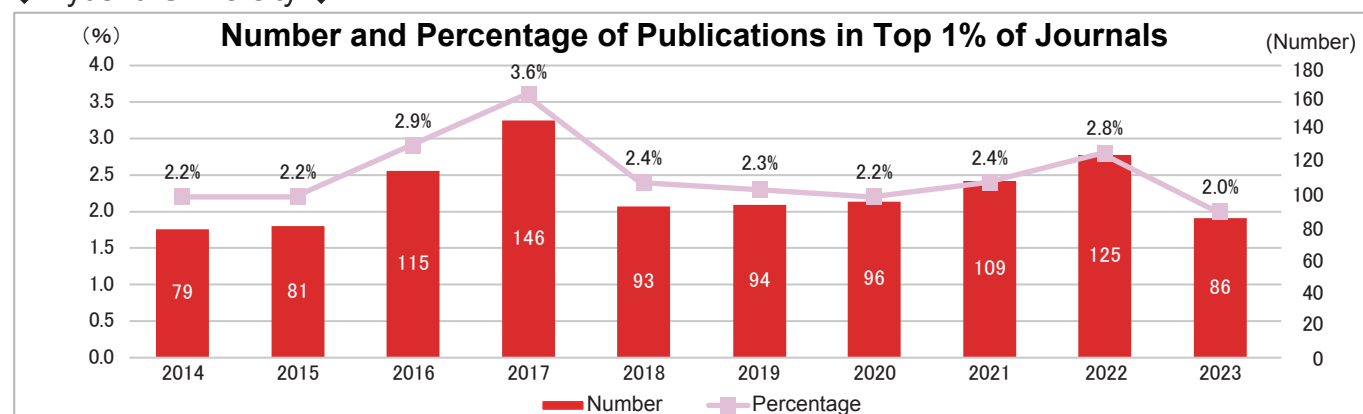
Publication Type: Articles and Reviews; Self-Citations: included

Source: Elsevier's "SciVal" (as of September 2024)

9-2. Comparisons of Publication Quantity and Quality (Continued)

■ Number and Percentage of Publications Carried in the World's Top Journals

◆ Kyushu University ◆



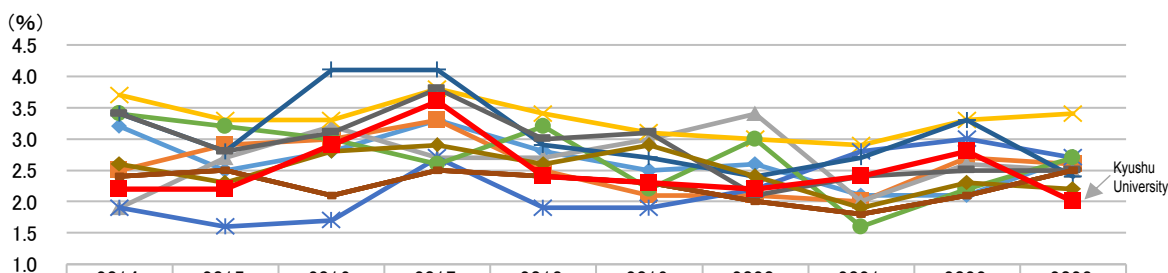
- The number and percentage of publications carried in journals in top percentiles, based on citation counts. It indicates the number of publications in the top 1%, 5%, 10% or 25% of journals based on the number and percentage of citations in Elsevier's Scopus each year.

Source: Elsevier's "SciVal" (as of September 2024)

9-2. Comparisons of Publication Quantity and Quality (Continued)

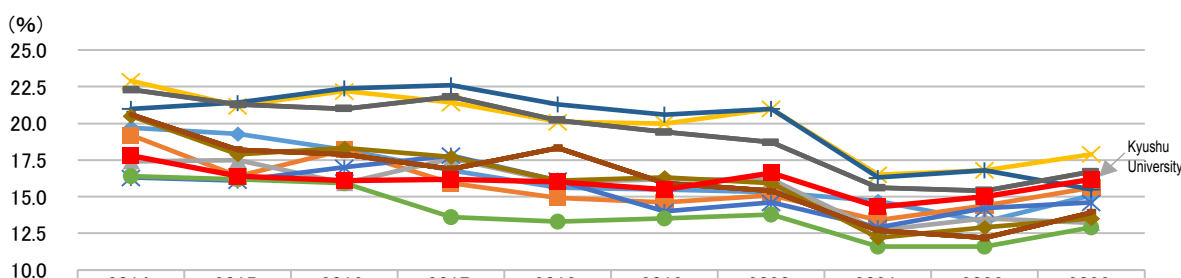
◆ Comparison of RU11 (*1) ◆

Percentage of Publications in Top 1% of Journals



	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Hokkaido University	3.2	2.5	2.8	3.3	2.8	2.5	2.6	2.1	2.1	2.7
Tohoku University	2.5	2.9	3.0	3.3	2.5	2.1	2.1	2.0	2.7	2.6
University of Tsukuba	1.9	2.7	3.2	2.7	2.7	3.0	3.4	2.0	2.6	2.5
The University of Tokyo	3.7	3.3	3.3	3.8	3.4	3.1	3.0	2.9	3.3	3.4
Waseda University	1.9	1.6	1.7	2.7	1.9	1.9	2.2	2.8	3.0	2.7
Keio University	3.4	3.2	3.0	2.6	3.2	2.2	3.0	1.6	2.2	2.7
Tokyo Institute of Technology	3.4	2.8	4.1	4.1	2.9	2.7	2.4	2.7	3.3	2.4
Nagoya University	2.4	2.5	2.1	2.5	2.4	2.3	2.0	1.8	2.1	2.5
Kyoto University	3.4	2.8	3.1	3.8	3.0	3.1	2.1	2.4	2.5	2.5
Osaka University	2.6	2.3	2.8	2.9	2.6	2.9	2.4	1.9	2.3	2.2
Kyushu University	2.2	2.2	2.9	3.6	2.4	2.3	2.2	2.4	2.8	2.0

Percentage of Publications in Top 5% of Journals



	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Hokkaido University	19.7	19.3	18.2	16.8	15.6	15.5	15.3	14.7	13.3	15.1
Tohoku University	19.2	16.4	18.2	15.9	14.9	14.6	15.1	13.4	14.4	15.6
University of Tsukuba	17.4	17.5	15.9	17.6	16.0	16.2	16.2	12.7	13.5	13.2
The University of Tokyo	22.9	21.2	22.2	21.4	20.1	20.0	21.0	16.5	16.8	17.9
Waseda University	16.3	16.1	17.0	17.8	16.1	14.0	14.6	12.9	14.2	14.6
Keio University	16.4	16.2	15.9	13.6	13.3	13.5	13.8	11.6	11.6	12.9
Tokyo Institute of Technology	21.0	21.4	22.4	22.6	21.3	20.6	21.0	16.3	16.8	15.5
Nagoya University	20.6	18.2	17.9	16.9	18.3	15.9	15.4	12.7	12.2	13.9
Kyoto University	22.3	21.3	21.0	21.8	20.2	19.4	18.7	15.6	15.4	16.7
Osaka University	20.5	17.9	18.3	17.7	16.1	16.3	15.9	12.2	12.9	13.5
Kyushu University	17.8	16.4	16.1	16.2	16.0	15.5	16.6	14.3	15.0	16.2

(*1) RU11 (Research University 11) is a consortium that aims to develop academia via eleven universities: Hokkaido University, Tohoku University, University of Tsukuba, The University of Tokyo, Waseda University, Keio University, Tokyo Institute of Technology, Nagoya University, Kyoto University, Osaka University, and Kyushu University. RU11 is composed of both national and private universities.

Metrics Details

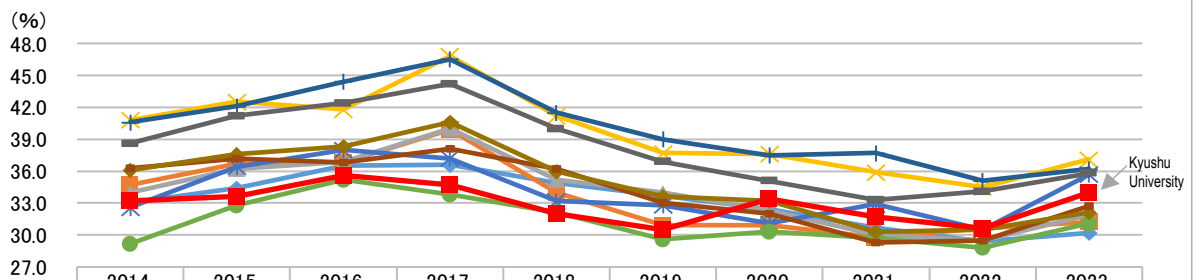
Publication Type: Articles and Reviews; Journal Metric: CiteScore Percentile

Source: Elsevier's "SciVal" (as of September 2024)

9-2. Comparisons of Publication Quantity and Quality (Continued)

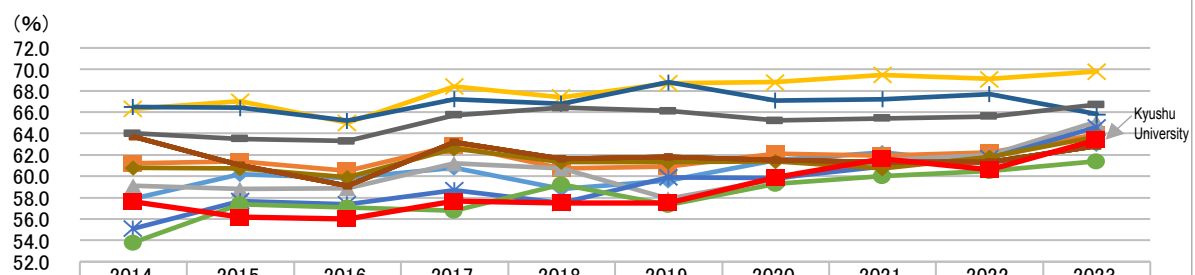
◆ Comparison of RU11 (*1) ◆ (Continued)

Percentage of Publications in Top 10% of Journals



	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Hokkaido University	33.0	34.4	36.5	36.6	34.9	33.7	32.4	30.7	29.4	30.2
Tohoku University	34.7	36.7	36.8	39.9	34.0	30.9	30.9	29.8	30.6	31.2
University of Tsukuba	34.0	36.2	36.9	40.0	35.2	34.0	32.3	30.0	29.5	31.9
The University of Tokyo	40.8	42.5	41.8	46.8	41.2	37.7	37.6	35.9	34.5	37.1
Waseda University	32.6	36.4	38.0	37.2	33.2	32.8	31.1	32.9	30.5	35.7
Keio University	29.2	32.8	35.2	33.8	32.1	29.6	30.3	29.7	28.8	31.1
Tokyo Institute of Technology	40.6	42.1	44.4	46.5	41.5	39.0	37.5	37.7	35.1	36.2
Nagoya University	36.3	37.2	36.8	38.1	36.2	33.0	32.0	29.3	29.5	32.7
Kyoto University	38.6	41.2	42.4	44.2	40.0	36.9	35.1	33.3	34.1	35.8
Osaka University	36.1	37.6	38.3	40.6	36.0	33.6	33.2	30.3	30.5	32.1
Kyushu University	33.2	33.6	35.6	34.7	32.0	30.5	33.4	31.7	30.6	34.0

Percentage of Publications in Top 25% of Journals



	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Hokkaido University	57.9	60.2	59.8	60.8	58.8	59.6	61.5	62.2	61.2	63.0
Tohoku University	61.2	61.4	60.5	62.9	60.7	60.9	62.1	61.9	62.2	63.9
University of Tsukuba	59.1	58.8	58.9	61.2	60.7	57.9	59.7	61.5	62.0	65.1
The University of Tokyo	66.3	67.0	65.0	68.4	67.4	68.7	68.8	69.5	69.1	69.8
Waseda University	55.1	57.7	57.4	58.7	57.5	59.9	59.8	60.9	61.7	64.6
Keio University	53.8	57.4	57.1	56.8	59.2	57.3	59.3	60.0	60.5	61.4
Tokyo Institute of Technology	66.5	66.4	65.2	67.2	66.8	68.8	67.1	67.2	67.7	65.8
Nagoya University	63.7	61.0	59.1	63.2	61.6	61.8	61.5	61.3	61.3	62.8
Kyoto University	64.0	63.5	63.3	65.7	66.4	66.1	65.2	65.4	65.6	66.7
Osaka University	60.8	60.7	59.9	62.6	61.3	61.3	61.4	60.7	61.8	63.7
Kyushu University	57.6	56.2	56.0	57.7	57.5	57.5	59.9	61.6	60.6	63.4

(*1) RU11 (Research University 11) is a consortium that aims to develop academia via eleven universities: Hokkaido University, Tohoku University, University of Tsukuba, The University of Tokyo, Waseda University, Keio University, Tokyo Institute of Technology, Nagoya University, Kyoto University, Osaka University, and Kyushu University. RU11 is composed of both national and private universities.

Metrics Details

Publication Type: Articles and Reviews; Journal Metric: CiteScore Percentile

Source: Elsevier's "SciVal" (as of September 2024)

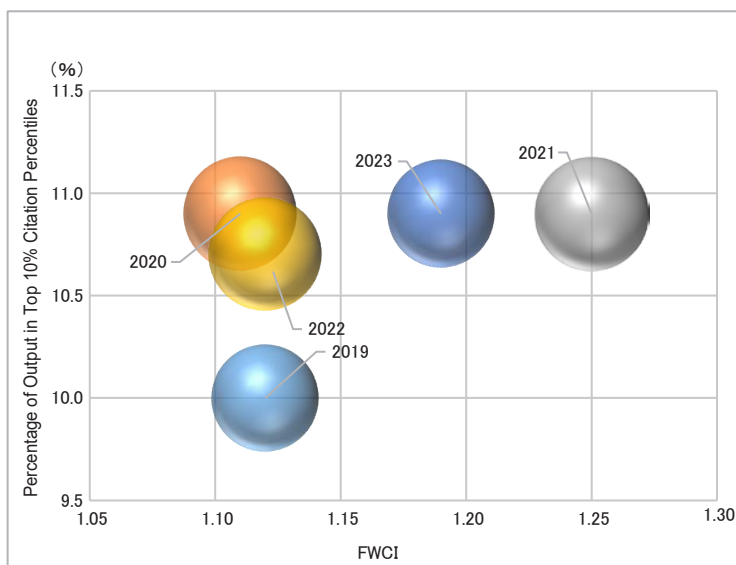
9-2. Comparisons of Publication Quantity and Quality (Continued)

Overall Comparisons of Publication Quantity and Quality

◆ Kyushu University ◆ (2019-2023)

Percentage of Outputs in Top 10% Citation Percentiles (*1) (Vertical Axis) × FWCI (*2) (Horizontal Axis) × Total Number of Publications (Bubble Size)

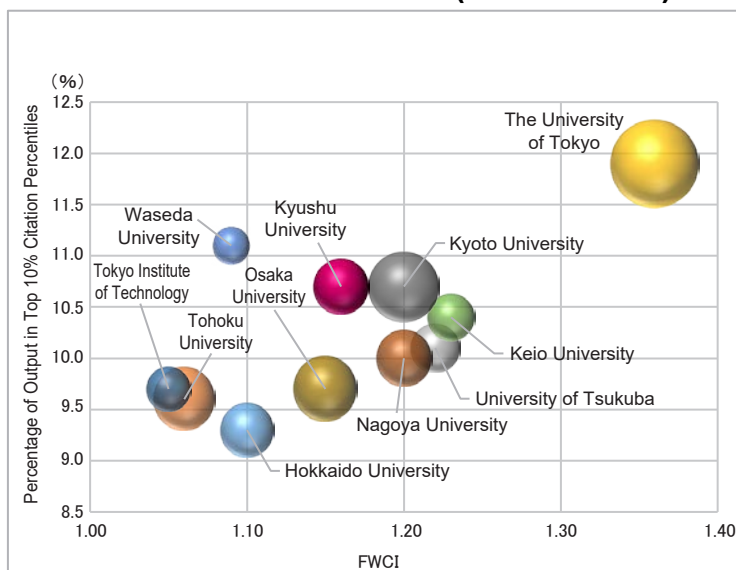
Year	Percentage of Outputs in Top 10% Citation Percentiles	FWCI	Number of publications
2019	10.0	1.12	4,266
2020	10.9	1.11	4,528
2021	10.9	1.25	4,582
2022	10.7	1.12	4,497
2023	10.9	1.19	4,267
Average	10.7	1.16	4,428



◆ Comparison of RU11 (*3) ◆ (2019-2023 Average)

Percentage of Outputs in Top 10% Citation Percentiles (Vertical Axis) × FWCI (*2) (Horizontal Axis) × Total Number of Publications (Bubble Size)

University	Percentage of Outputs in Top 10% Citation Percentiles	FWCI	Number of publications
Hokkaido University	9.3	1.10	4,283
Tohoku University	9.6	1.06	5,741
University of Tsukuba	10.1	1.22	3,363
The University of Tokyo	11.9	1.36	10,973
Waseda University	11.1	1.09	1,944
Keio University	10.4	1.23	3,020
Tokyo Institute of Technology	9.7	1.05	2,949
Nagoya University	10.0	1.20	4,518
Kyoto University	10.7	1.20	7,454
Osaka University	9.7	1.15	6,009
Kyushu University	10.7	1.16	4,428



(*1) Percentage of Outputs in Top 10% Citation Percentiles

This metric represents the percentage of publications that fall within the top 10% of annual citation counts in Elsevier's Scopus database, based on citation performance within their respective fields and publication years.

(*2) FWCI (Field-Weighted Citation Impact) is the number of citations received by the publication, divided by the world average for the same type of publications in the same field and same publication year. An FWCI of 1 or higher indicates that the publication's impact exceeds or equals the world average.

(*3) RU11 (Research University 11) is a consortium that aims to develop academia via eleven universities: Hokkaido University, Tohoku University, University of Tsukuba, The University of Tokyo, Waseda University, Keio University, Tokyo Institute of Technology, Nagoya University, Kyoto University, Osaka University, and Kyushu University. RU11 is composed of both national and private universities.

Metrics Details

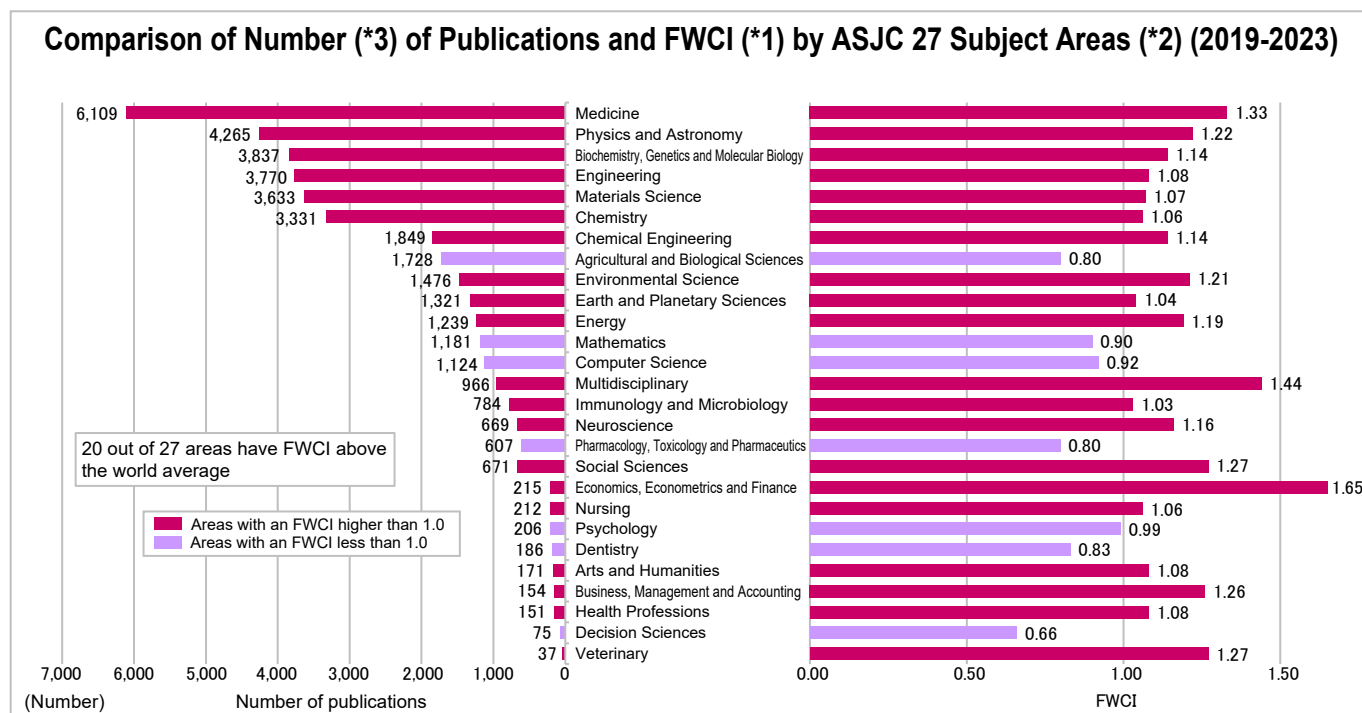
Publication Type: Articles and Reviews; Self-Citations: included; Field-Weighted: yes

Source: Elsevier's "SciVal" (as of September 2024)

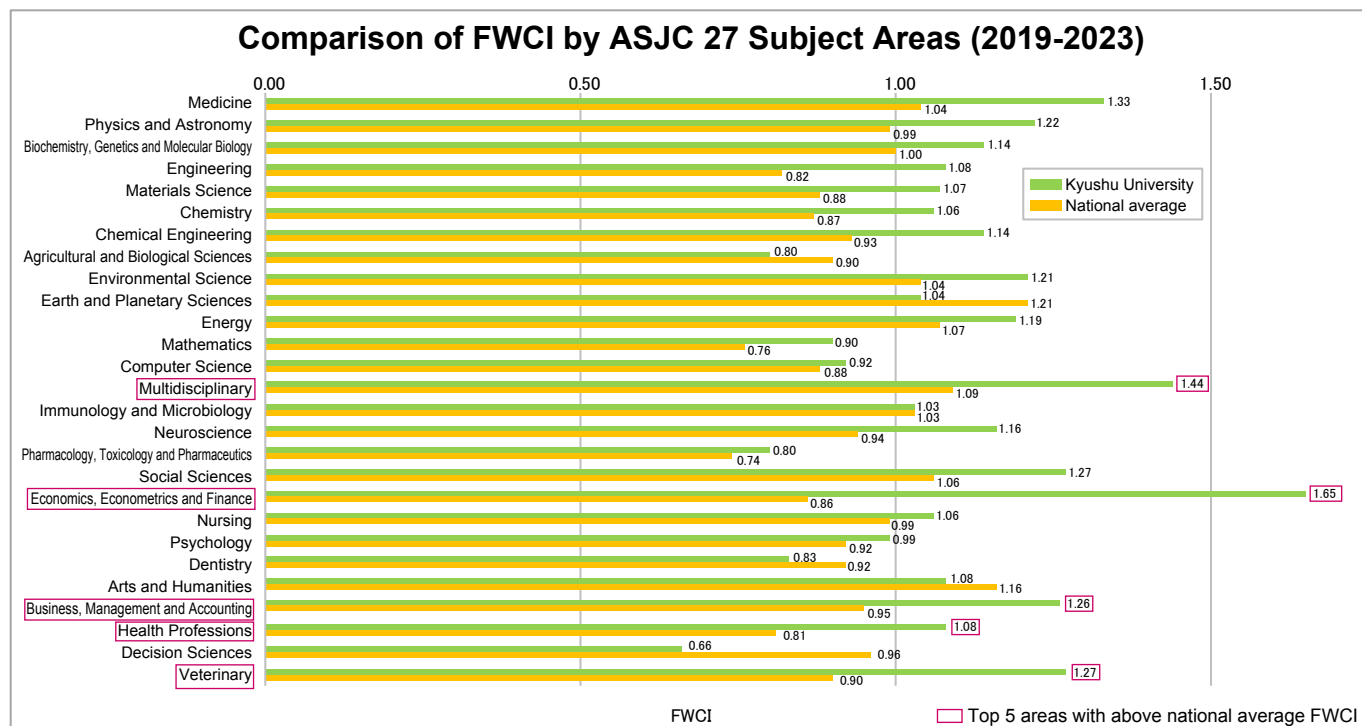
9-2. Comparisons of Publication Quantity and Quality (Continued)

■ Comparison between Kyushu University and the National Average by ASJC 27 Subject Areas: FWCI

◆ Kyushu University ◆



◆ Comparison between Kyushu University and the National Averages ◆



(*1) FWCI (Field-Weighted Citation Impact) is the number of citations received by the publication, divided by the world average for the same type of publications in the same field and same publication year. An FWCI of 1 or higher indicates that the publication's impact exceeds or equals the world average.

(*2) The above journal categories are based on the ASJC 27 (ASJC: All Science Journal Classification) in Scopus.

(*3) A higher number of publications combined with a higher FWCI indicates robust research capacity (a university's strength). Conversely, a smaller number of publications with a high FWCI often reflects the presence of highly productive individual faculty members. Notably, when individual researchers are affiliated with large research communities, both publication volume and FWCI metrics tend to rise significantly.

Metrics Details

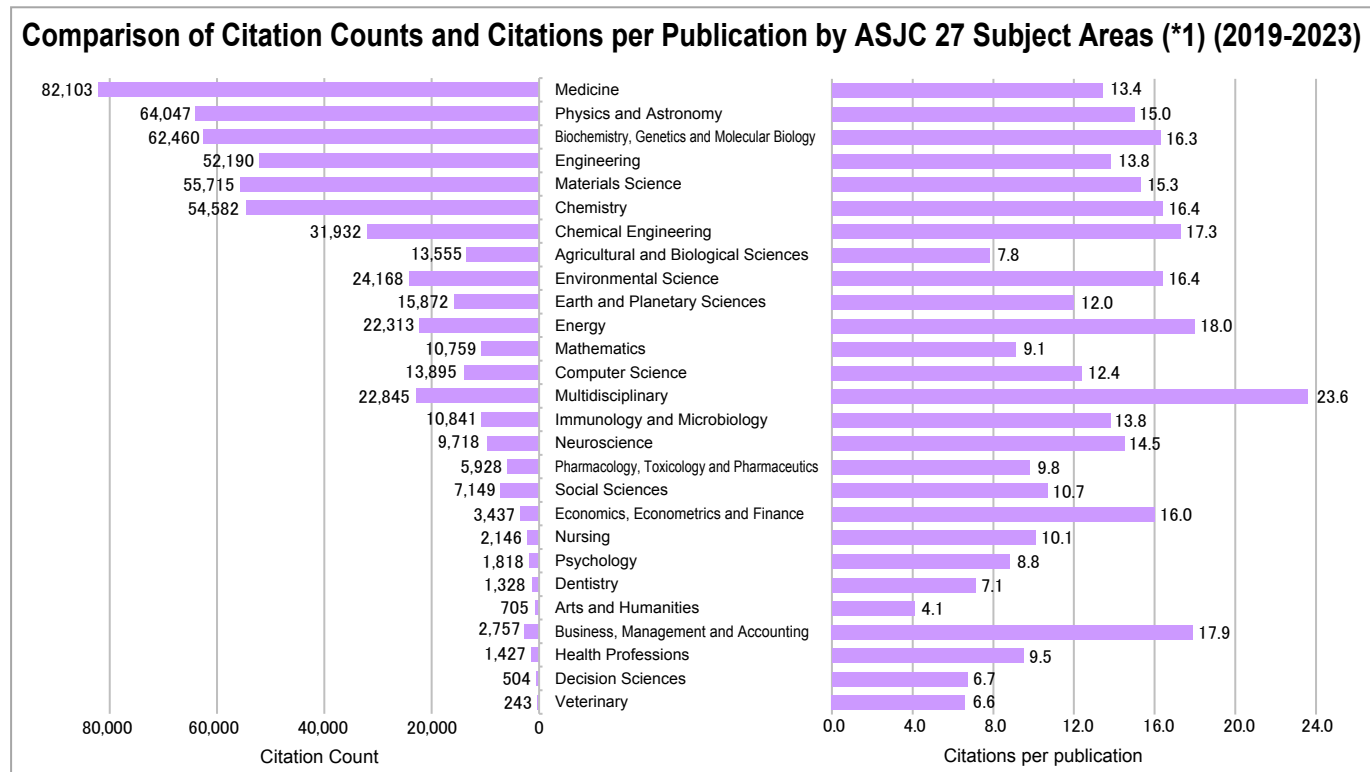
Publication Type: Articles and Reviews; Self-Citations: included

Source: Elsevier's "SciVal" (as of September 2024)

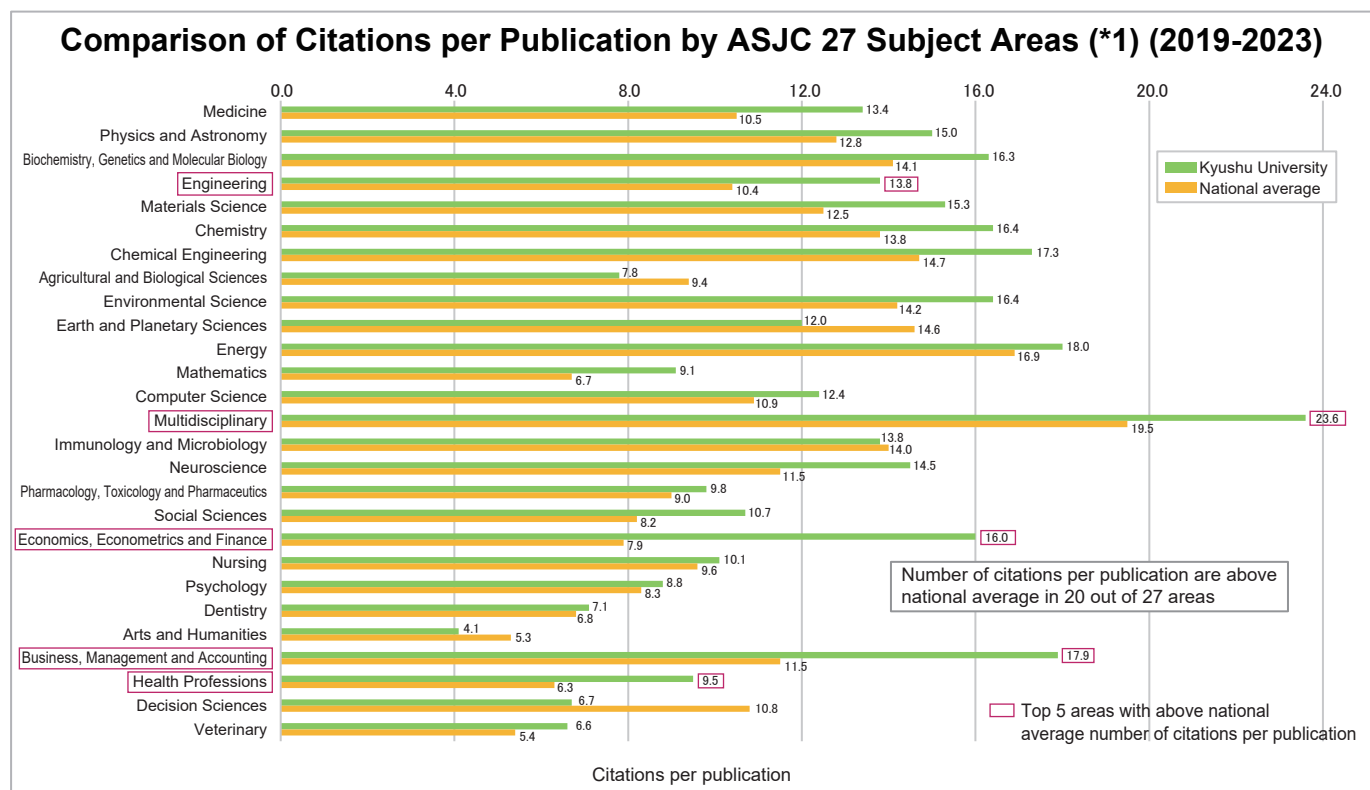
9-2. Comparisons of Publication Quantity and Quality (Continued)

■ Comparison between Kyushu University and the National Average by ASJC 27 Subject Areas: Citations per Publication

◆ Kyushu University ◆



◆ Comparison between Kyushu University and the National Averages ◆



(*1) The above journal categories are based on the ASJC 27 (ASJC: All Science Journal Classification) in Scopus.

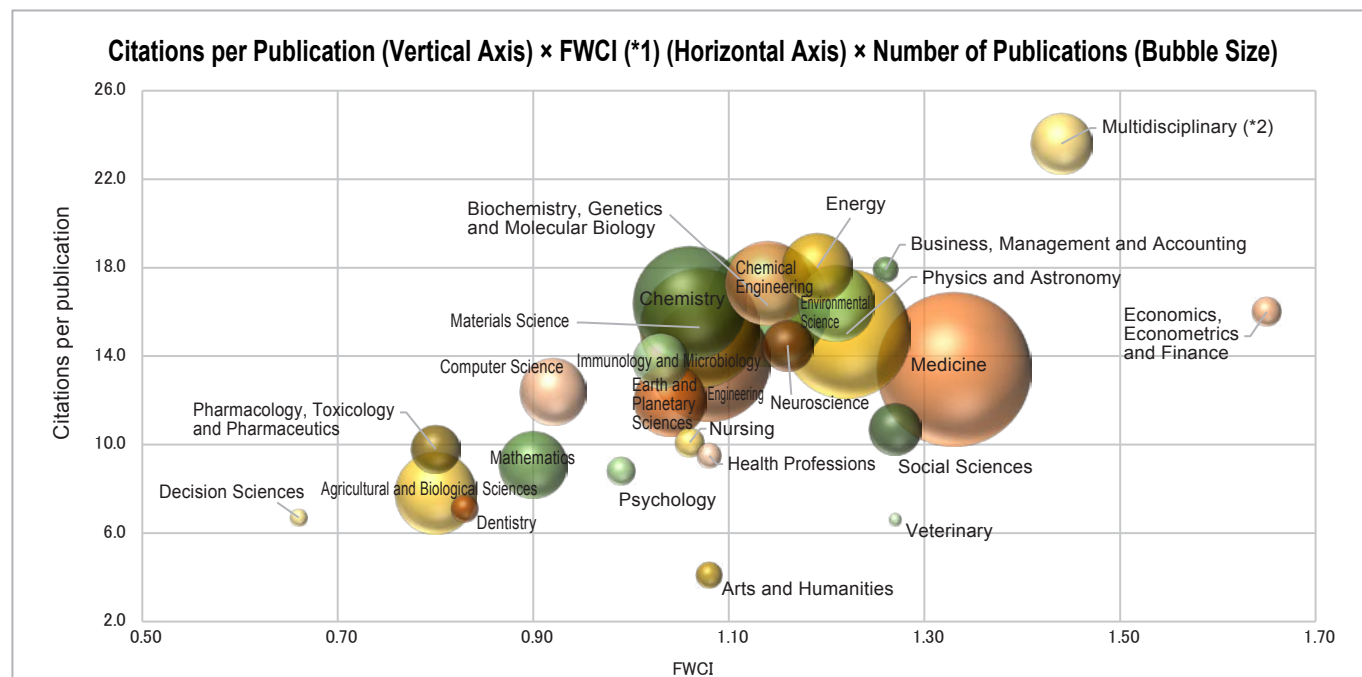
Metrics Details

Publication Type: Articles and Reviews; Self-Citations: included

Source: Elsevier's "SciVal" (as of September 2024)

9-2. Comparisons of Publication Quantity and Quality (Continued)

Comparison of Research Fields of Kyushu University Publications by ASJC 27 Subject Areas (2019-2023)



Comparison of Research Fields of Kyushu University Publications by ASJC 334 Fields (2019-2023)

Top 10 fields with high FWCI (*3)

Rank	ASJC 27 Subject Areas (*4)	ASJC 334 Fields (*4)	FWCI	Number of publications
1	Nursing	Psychiatric Mental Health	10.12	4
2	Arts and Humanities	Museology	5.97	1
3	Health Professions	Optometry	3.95	1
4	Immunology and Microbiology	Parasitology	3.84	18
5	Medicine	Anatomy	3.83	26
6	Medicine	General Medicine	3.57	500
7	Veterinary	Equine	3.20	3
7	Veterinary	Small Animals	3.20	3
9	Social Sciences	Gender Studies	3.05	4
10	Economics, Econometrics and Finance	General Economics, Econometrics and Finance	3.03	14

(*1) FWCI (Field-Weighted Citation Impact) is the number of citations received by the publication, divided by the world average for the same type of publications in the same field and same publication year. An FWCI of 1 or higher indicates that the publication's impact exceeds or equals the world average.

(*2) Multidisciplinary field is one in which publications are carried in general scientific magazines such as Nature and Science.

(*3) In 157 out of 318 fields, the FWCI exceeds the global average of 1.0. Fields with a high FWCI but low publication volume may indicate the presence of highly productive individual faculty members. Conversely, fields with both a high FWCI and substantial publication output demonstrate robust research capacity—a key institutional strength.

(*4) The 27 subject areas and 334 fields are based on the Scopus ASJC categorization (ASJC: All Science Journal Classification).

Translation assistance: NIAD-QE, the National Institution for Academic Degrees and Quality Enhancement of Higher Education (the major field categories are Elsevier translations)

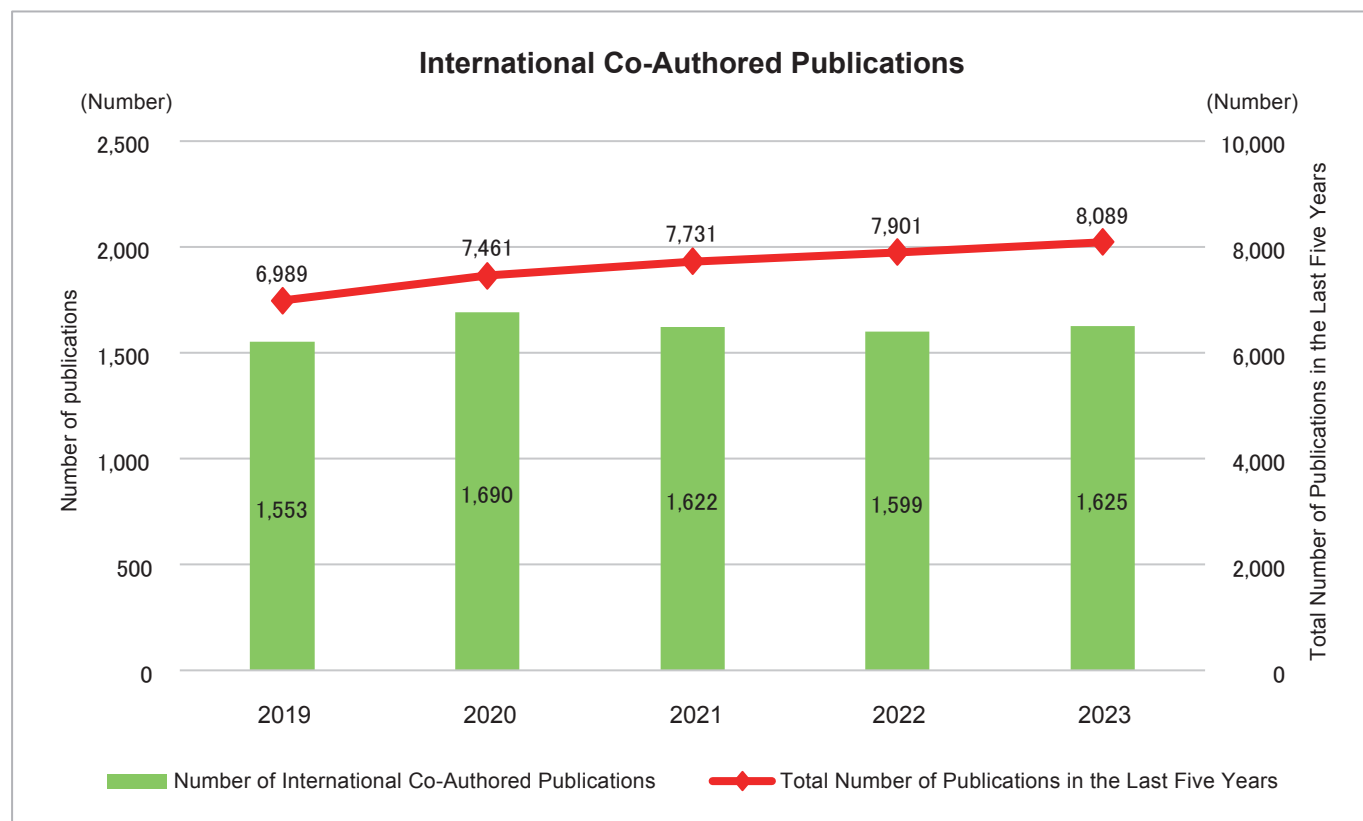
Metrics Details

Publication Type: Articles and Reviews; Self-Citations: included

Source: Elsevier's "SciVal" (as of September 2024)

9-3. International Co-Authored Publications

◆ Kyushu University ◆



• The polygonal line indicates the total number of international co-authored publications in the last five years, including the relevant year.

◆ By Faculty ◆ (2019-2023)

Rank	Faculty	Number of International Co-Authored Publications (Total)	International Co-Authorship Average Rate (%)
1	Faculty of Engineering	1,101	32.0
2	Faculty of Science	1,051	52.5
3	Faculty of Medical Sciences	779	17.3
4	Faculty of Agriculture	652	42.1
5	Faculty of Engineering Sciences	532	41.2
6	Faculty of Information Science and Electrical Engineering	416	38.1
7	Faculty of Pharmaceutical Sciences	176	28.6
8	Faculty of Dental Science	146	25.2
9	Faculty of Design	77	26.3
10	Faculty of Social and Cultural Studies	64	41.3
11	Faculty of Mathematics	61	28.8
12	Faculty of Human-Environment Studies	47	29.9
13	Faculty of Economics	30	23.3
14	Faculty of Law	9	69.2
15	Faculty of Humanities	3	10.0
16	Faculty of Languages and Cultures	0	0.0

Metrics Details

Publication Type: Articles and Reviews; Field-Weighted: no

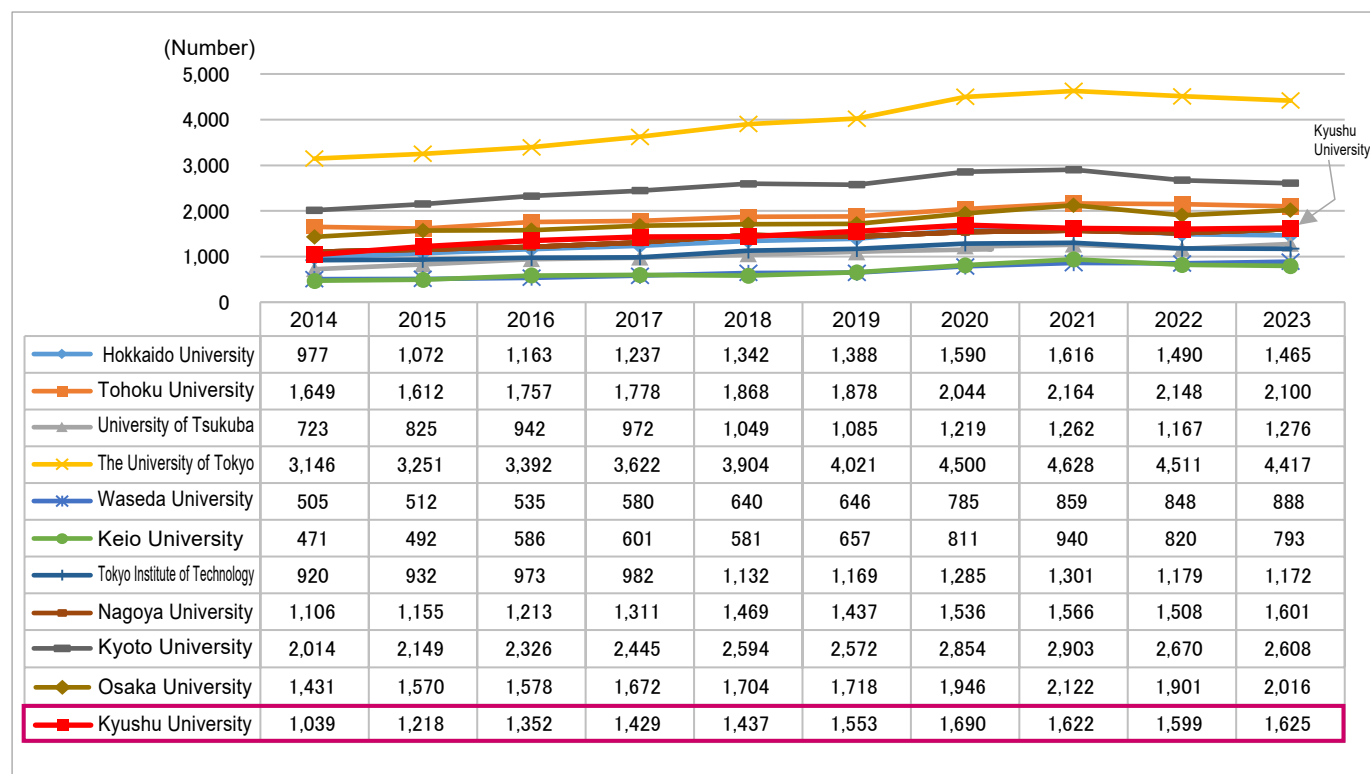
- Number of internationally co-authored publications by faculty: A tally of international co-authored publications by authors affiliated with Kyushu University as of 1st April 2024, including those previously published while working at other institutions.

Source: Elsevier's "SciVal" (as of September 2024)

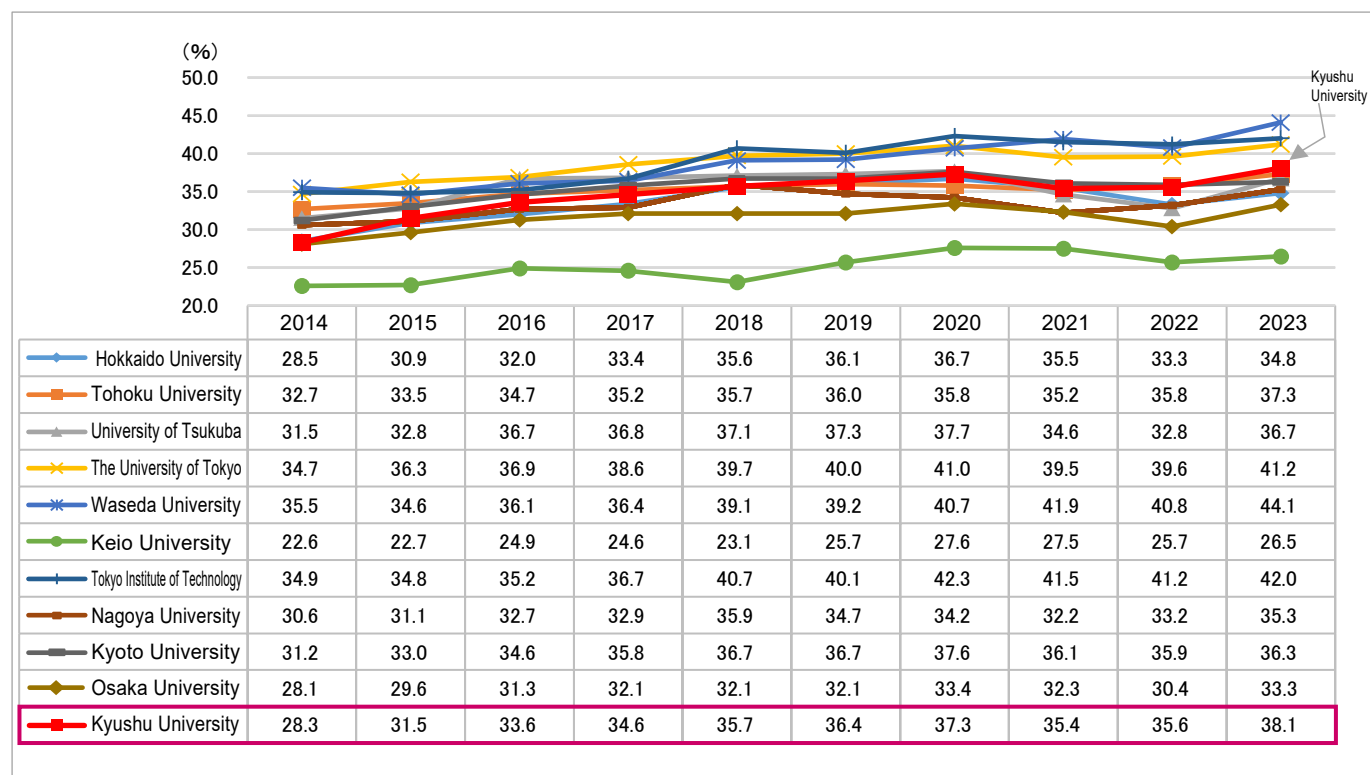
9-3. International Co-Authoring Publications (Continued)

◆ Comparison of RU11 (*1) ◆ (2014-2023)

International Co-Authoring Publications



International Co-Authorship Average Rate



(*1) RU11 (Research University 11) is a consortium aiming to develop scholarship in 11 Japanese universities Hokkaido University, Tohoku University, University of Tsukuba, The University of Tokyo, Waseda University, Keio University, Tokyo Institute of Technology, Nagoya University, Kyoto University, Osaka University, and Kyushu University. RU11 is composed of both national and private universities.

Metrics Details

Publication Type: Articles and Reviews; Field-Weighted: no

Source: Elsevier's "SciVal" (as of September 2024)

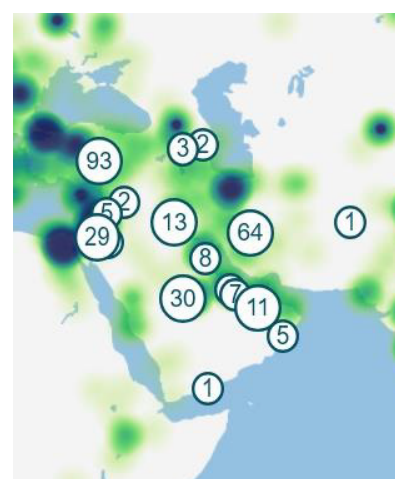
Asia-Pacific
6,925 International Co-Authored
Publications with 1,402 Institutions



Number of International Co-Authored Publications Low High



Middle East
997 International Co-Authored
Publications with 290 Institutions

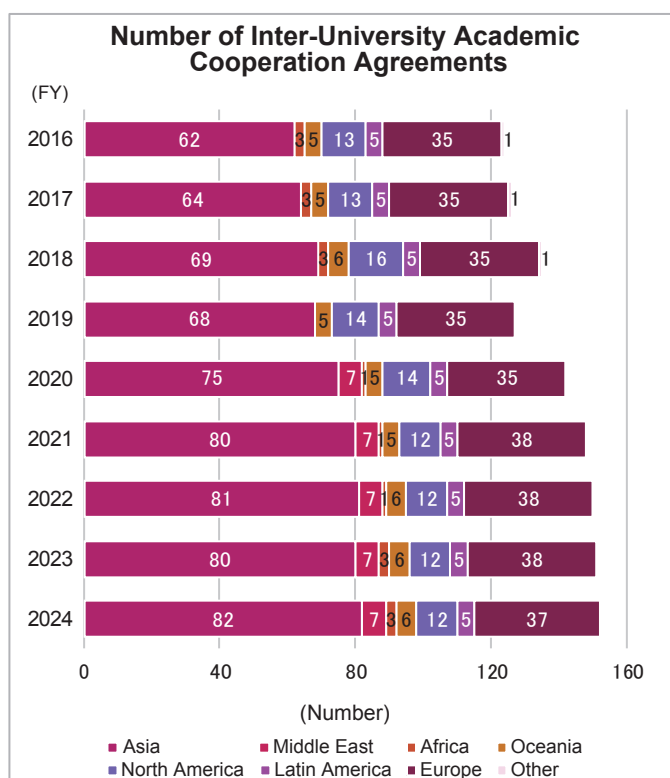


KYUSHU UNIVERSITY FACT BOOK 2024

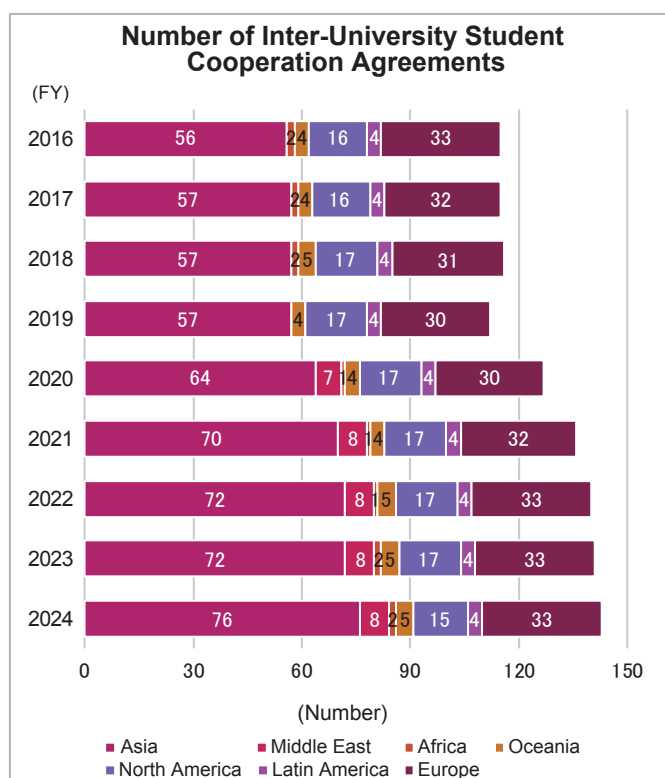
10. International (as of May 1 each fiscal year)

10-1. Exchanges with Universities Overseas

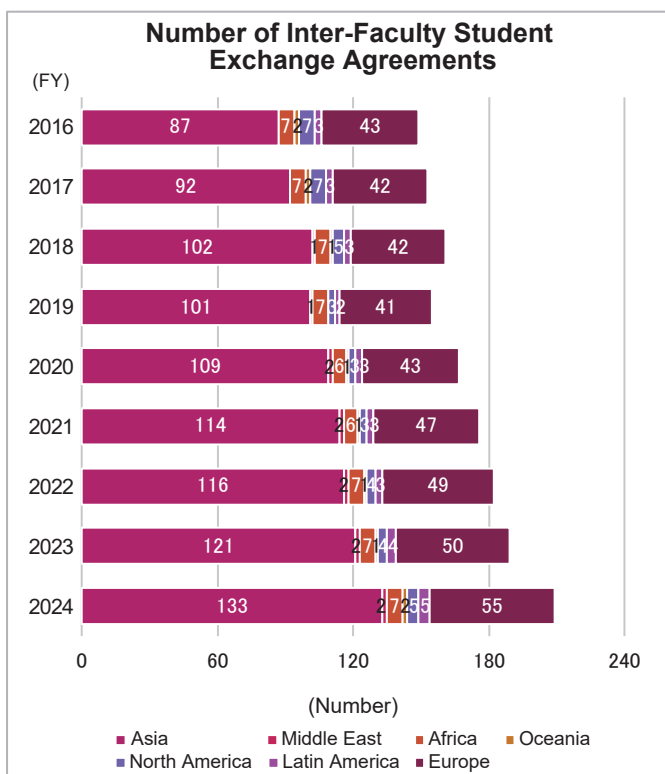
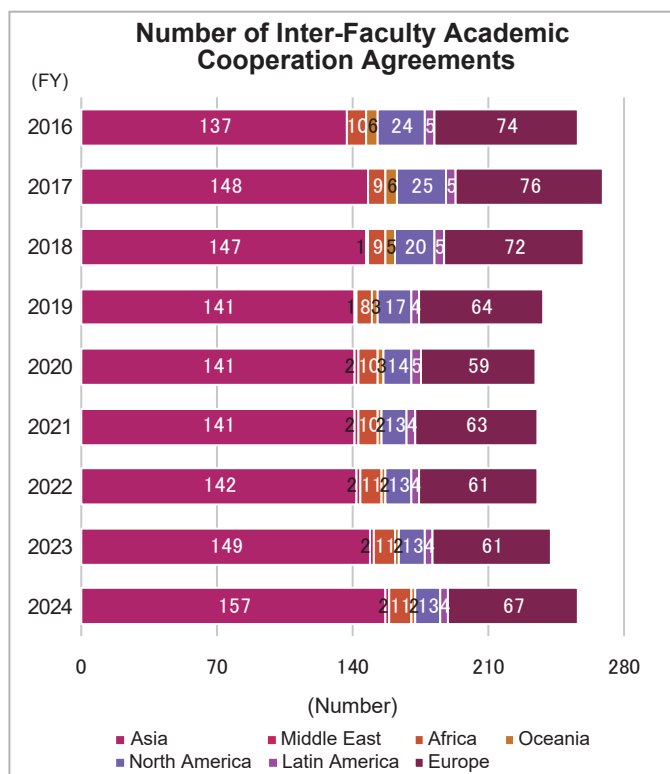
10-1-1. Exchanges with Universities Overseas (Inter-University Exchange Agreements)



• “Other” refers to United Nations organizations.



10-1-2. Exchanges with Universities Overseas (Inter-Faculty Exchange Agreements)

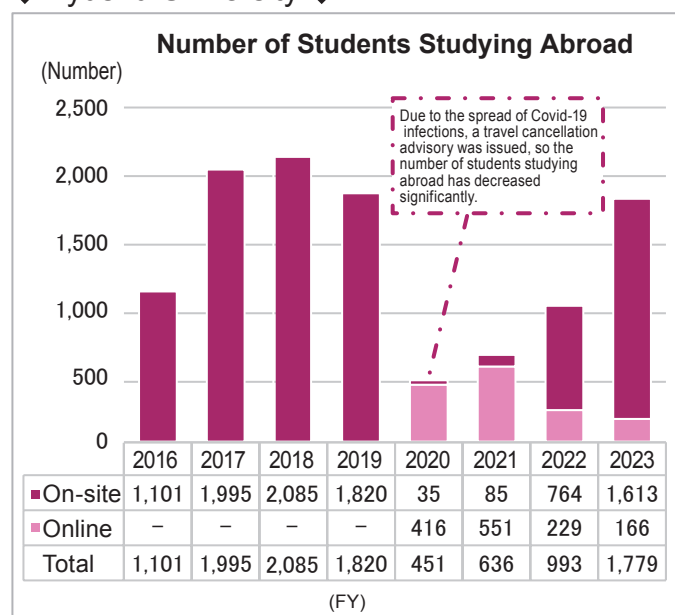


Source: Kyushu University Information

10-2. Study Abroad by Students

10-2-1. Study Abroad by Students (Overall)

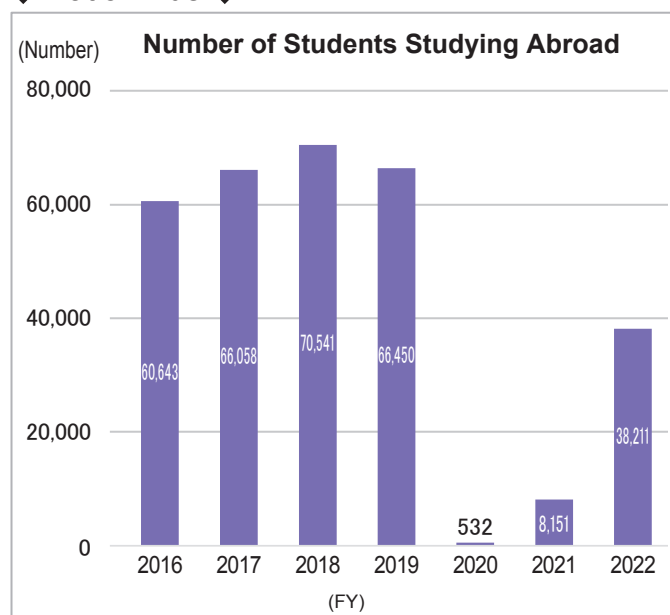
◆ Kyushu University ◆



- Data includes those who began their overseas study periods in the previous fiscal year (FY2016-2018).
- The total figures include the number of international students (FY2019-2023).
- Data includes online participants in overseas university programs from FY2020.

Source: Kyushu University Information

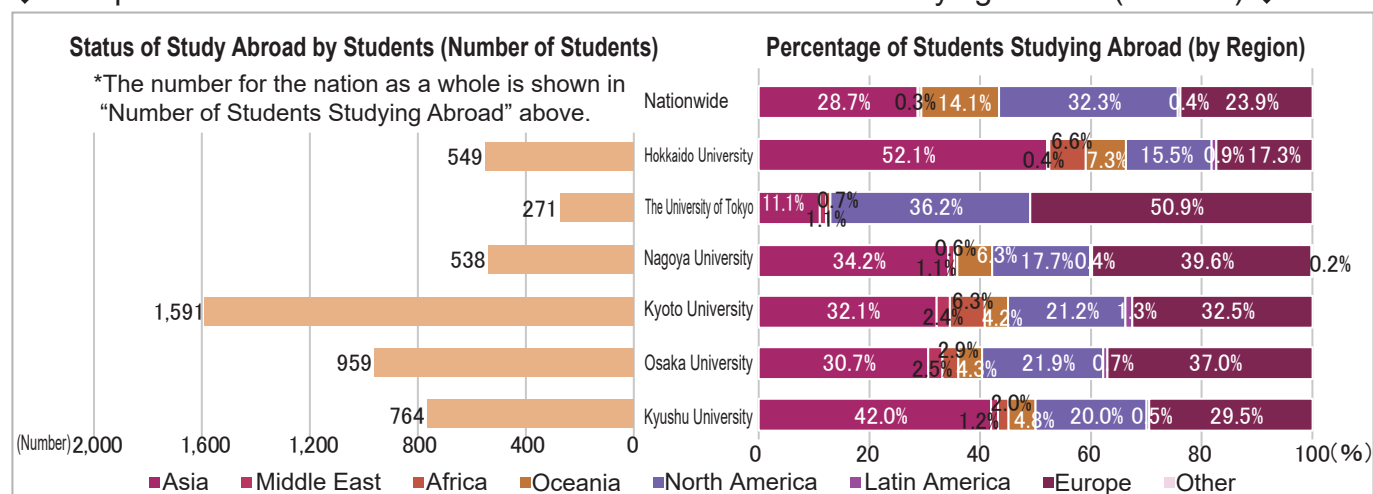
◆ Nationwide ◆



- The target of JASSO survey was changed since FY2017. "University Presentation and Symposium Attendance Excluding Research Exchange, etc." is included for education and research purposes, which was NOT included until FY2016.
- Data excludes online participants in overseas university programs, etc.

Source: JASSO, Japanese Students International Study Survey Results

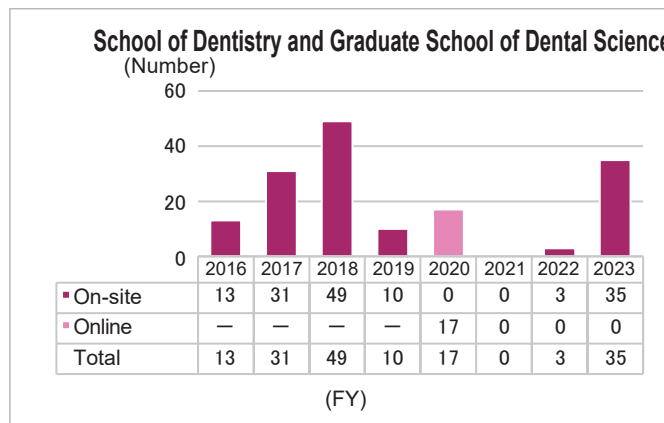
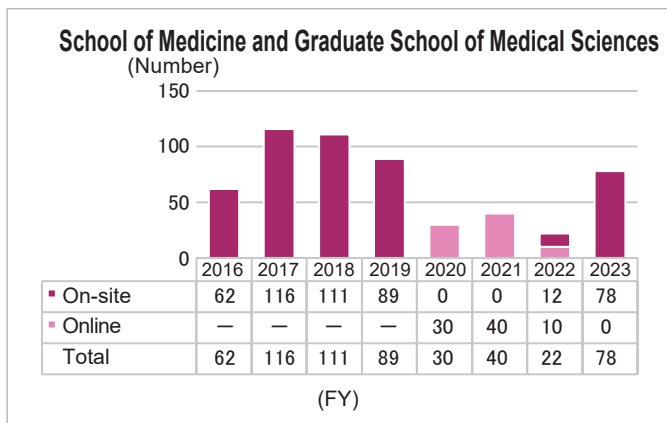
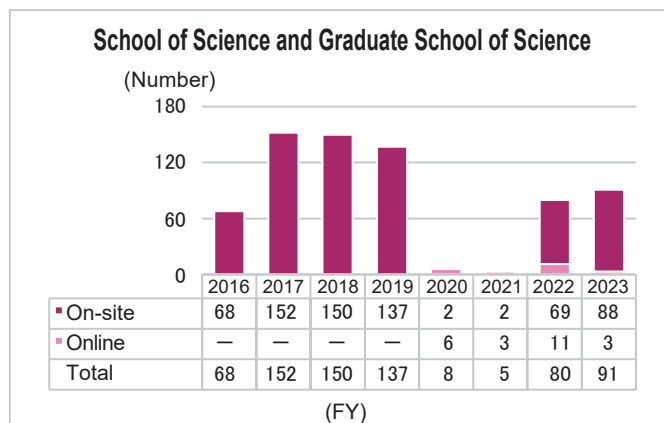
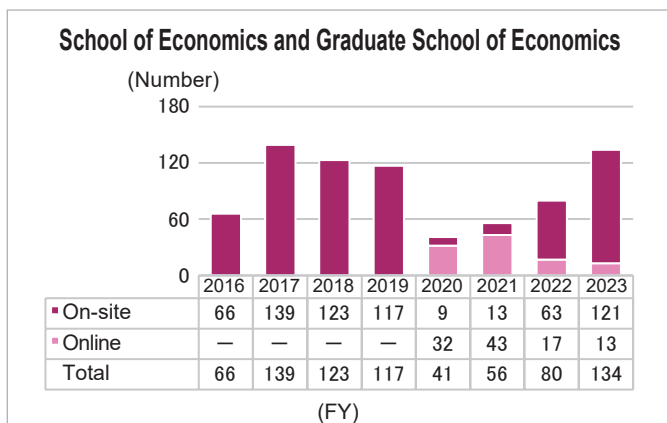
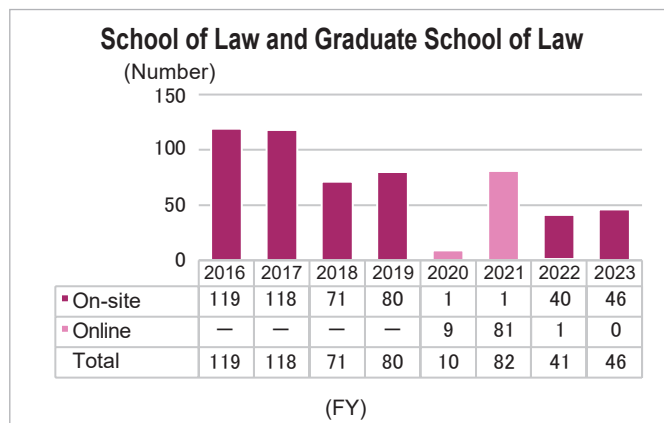
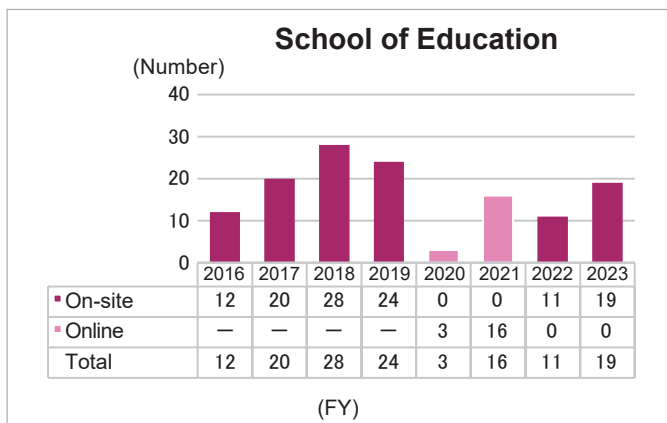
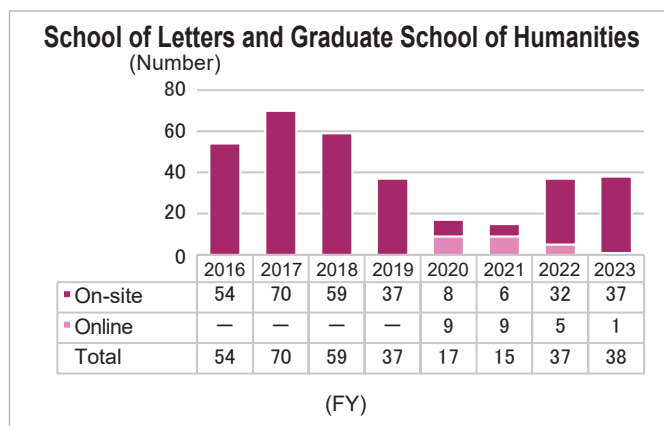
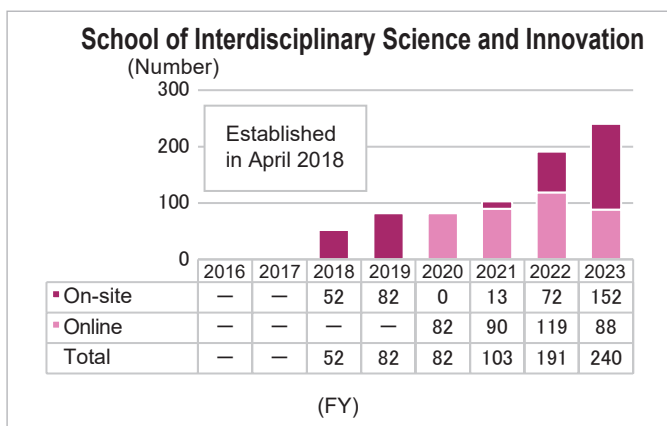
◆ Comparisons with Other Universities: Number of Students Studying Abroad (FY2022) ◆



- Please note that, as definitions vary depending on the university, simple comparisons cannot be drawn.
- Data excludes online participants in overseas university programs, etc.
- Nationwide Data does not include online programs before study abroad in the destination country because the survey year depends on the date of starting the programs on-site.
- Nagoya University Types and purposes of studying abroad include exchange study, research, language training, degree programs, etc. Region is based on MOFA.
- Kyoto University Data excludes travel for personal reasons not involving study, such as sightseeing and return home, among the voyages that departed during FY2022. In FY2022, as COVID-19 subsided and travel restrictions eased compared to the previous year, the number of students studying abroad increased.
- Kyushu University It is total number including foreign students.

Source: Nationwide JASSO Japanese Students Overseas Study Survey Results FY2022, Japanese Student Numbers by Region and Period of Study
 Hokkaido University Hokkaido University Factbook 2023 [Off-campus version], 12-2. Japanese Students Overseas Study Dispatch (By Country)
 The University of Tokyo The University of Tokyo Data Book 2022, Number of Students Studying Overseas, etc.
 Nagoya University Nagoya University Profile 2023, Number of Students Studying Overseas
 Kyoto University Kyoto University Overview 2023, Number of Students Studying Overseas
 Osaka University Osaka University Profile 2023, Number of Students Studying Abroad
 Kyushu University Kyushu University Information 2023, Study Overseas by Kyushu University Students

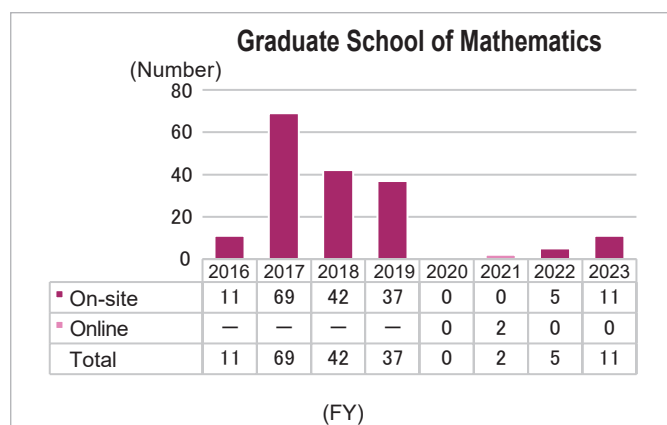
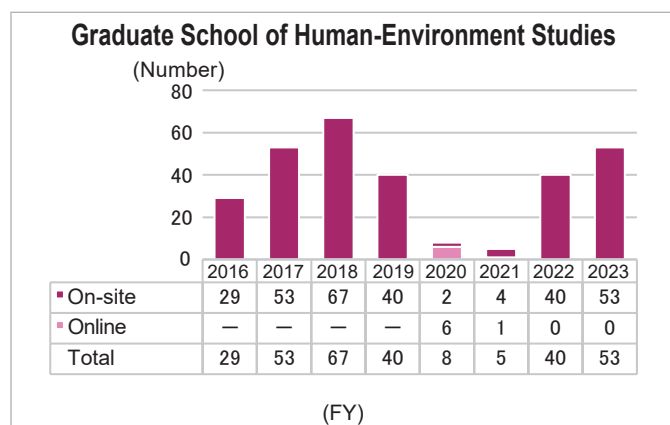
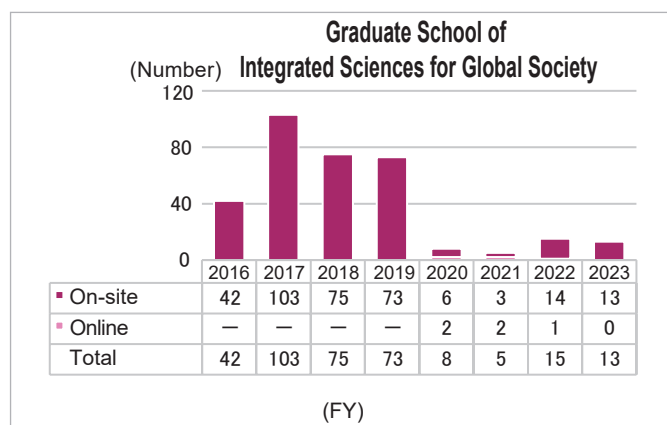
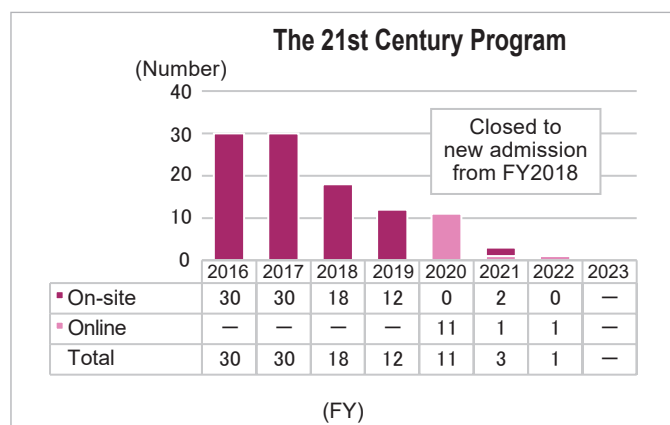
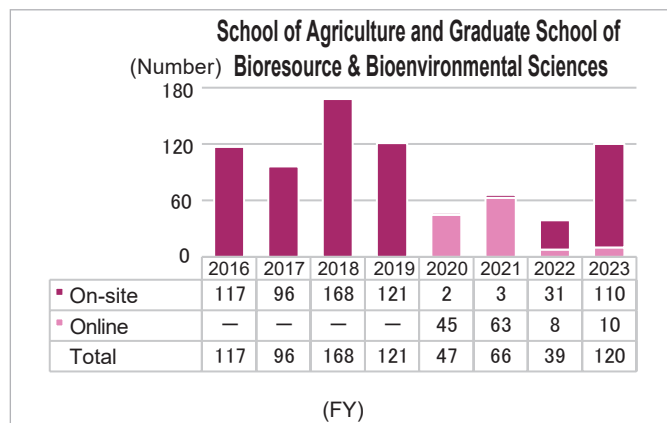
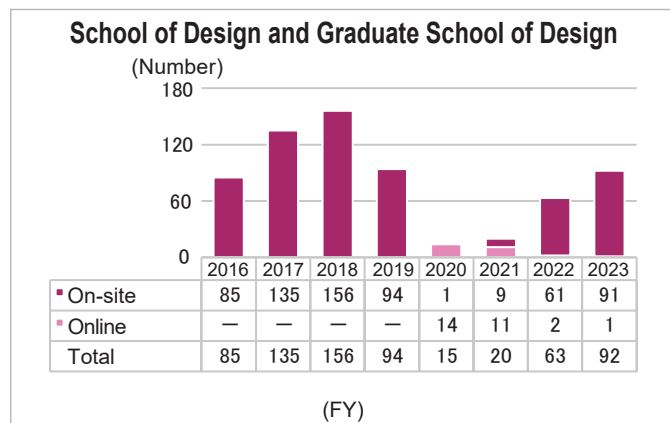
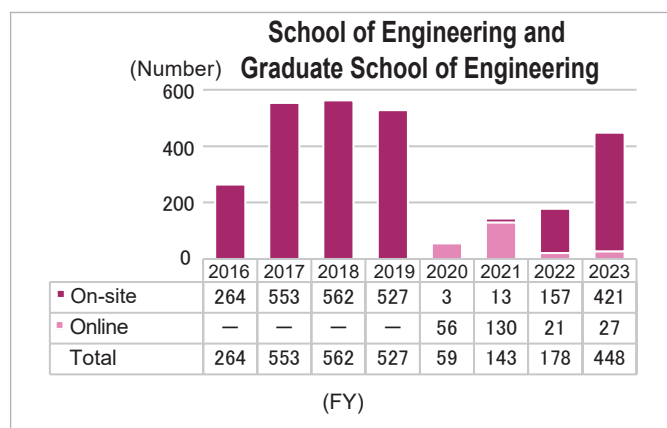
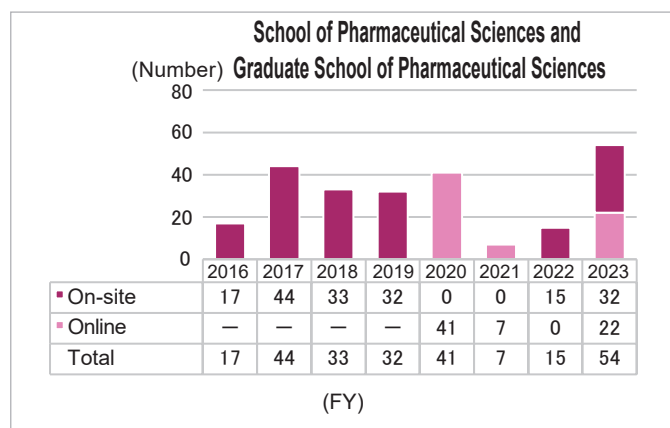
10-2-2. Study Abroad by Students (by School/Institute/Faculty, etc.)



- Data includes those who began their overseas study periods in the previous fiscal year (FY2016-2018).
- The total figures include the number of international students (FY2019-2023).
- The number of students actually sent abroad to study dropped significantly, due to travel suspension advisories issued to prevent the spread of Covid-19 (FY2020-2021).
- Data includes online participants in overseas university programs from FY2020.

Source: Kyushu University Information

10-2-2. Study Abroad by Students (by School/Institute/Faculty, etc.) (Continued)



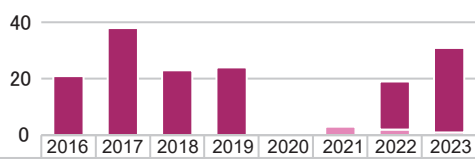
- Data includes those who began their overseas study periods in the previous fiscal year (FY2016-2018).
- The total figures include the number of international students (FY2019-2023).
- The number of students actually sent abroad to study dropped significantly, due to travel suspension advisories issued to prevent the spread of Covid-19 (FY2020-2021).
- Data includes online participants in overseas university programs from FY2020.

Source: Kyushu University Information

10-2-2. Study Abroad by Students (by School/Institute/Faculty, etc.) (Continued)

Graduate School of Systems Life Sciences

(Number)

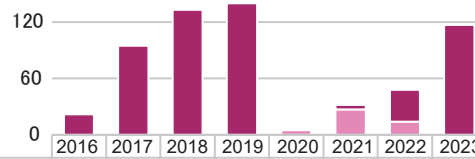


On-site	21	38	23	24	0	0	17	30
Online	—	—	—	—	0	3	2	1
Total	21	38	23	24	0	3	19	31

(FY)

Graduate School of Information Science and Electrical Engineering

(Number)

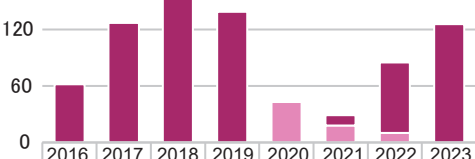


On-site	22	95	133	140	0	5	34	117
Online	—	—	—	—	5	27	14	0
Total	22	95	133	140	5	32	48	117

(FY)

Interdisciplinary Graduate School of Engineering Sciences

(Number)

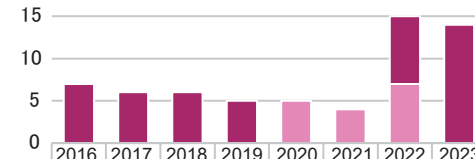


On-site	62	127	159	139	1	11	75	126
Online	—	—	—	—	43	18	10	0
Total	62	127	159	139	44	29	85	126

(FY)

Graduate School of Integrated Frontier Sciences

(Number)



On-site	7	6	6	5	0	0	8	14
Online	—	—	—	—	5	4	7	0
Total	7	6	6	5	5	4	15	14

(FY)

Joint Graduate School of Mathematics for Innovation

(Number)



On-site	—	—	—	—	—	—	5	19
Online	—	—	—	—	—	—	0	0
Total	—	—	—	—	—	—	5	19

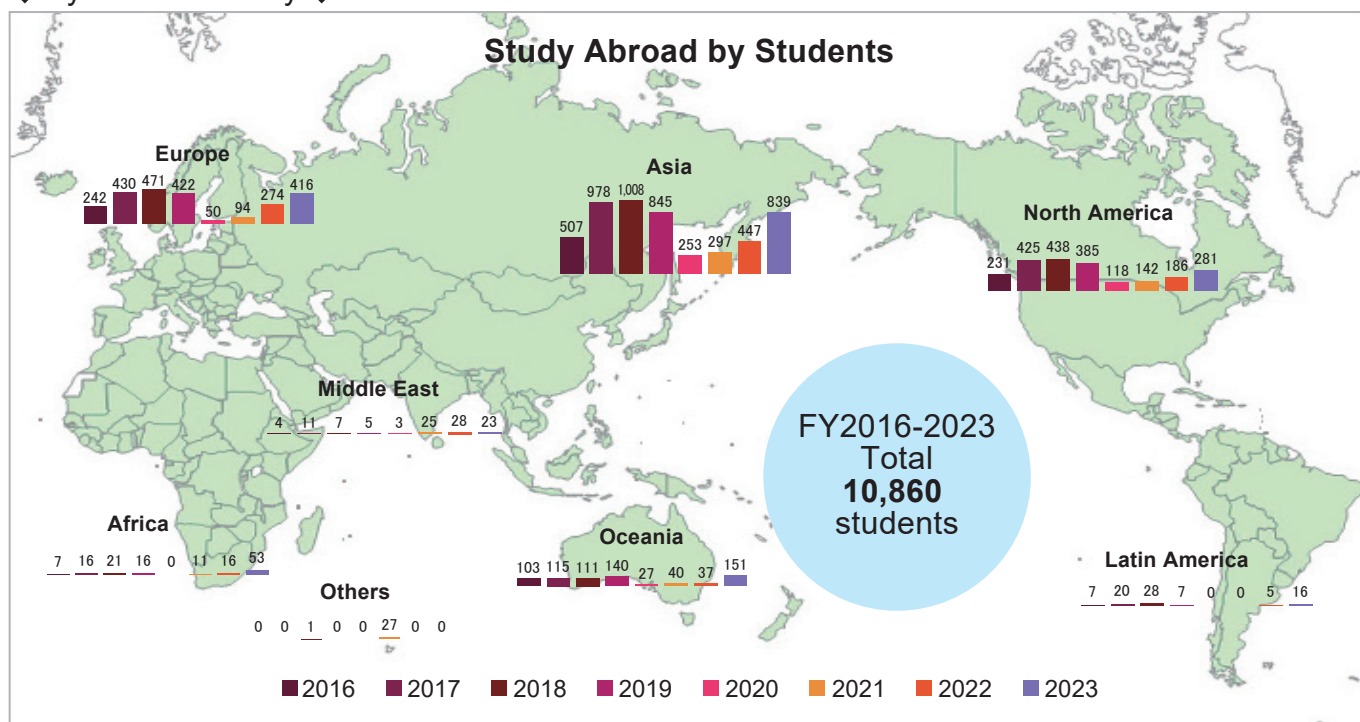
(FY)

- Data includes those who began their overseas study periods in the previous fiscal year (FY2016-2018).
- The total figures include the number of international students (FY2019-2023).
- The number of students actually sent abroad to study dropped significantly, due to travel suspension advisories issued to prevent the spread of Covid-19 (FY2020-2021).
- Data includes online participants in overseas university programs from FY2020.

Source: Kyushu University Information

10-2-3. Study Abroad by Students (by Region)

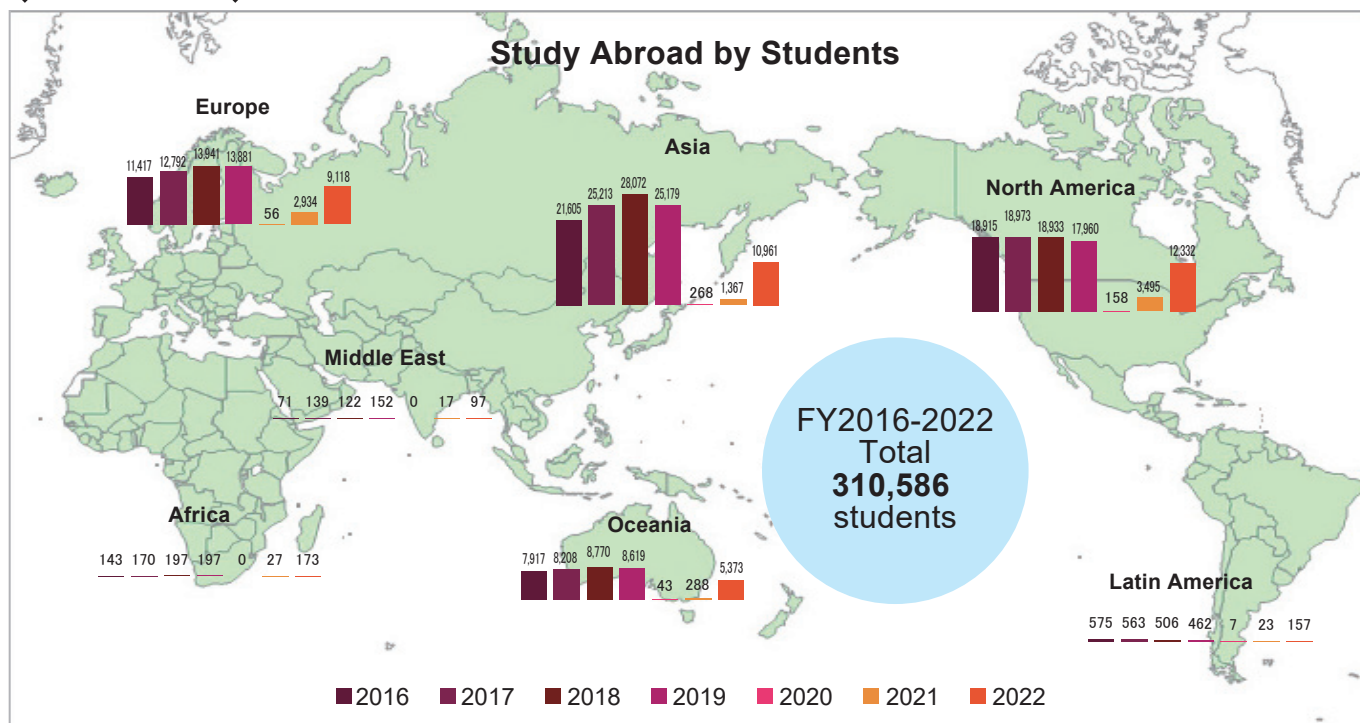
◆ Kyushu University ◆



- Data includes those who began their overseas study periods in the previous fiscal year (FY2016-2018).
- The total figures include the number of international students (FY2019-2023).
- The number of students actually sent abroad to study dropped significantly, due to travel suspension advisories issued to prevent the spread of Covid-19 (FY2020-2021).
- Data includes online participants in overseas university programs from FY2020.
- Those who participated in university study abroad programs co-sponsored by multiple countries are included in the “Others” category.

Source: Kyushu University Information

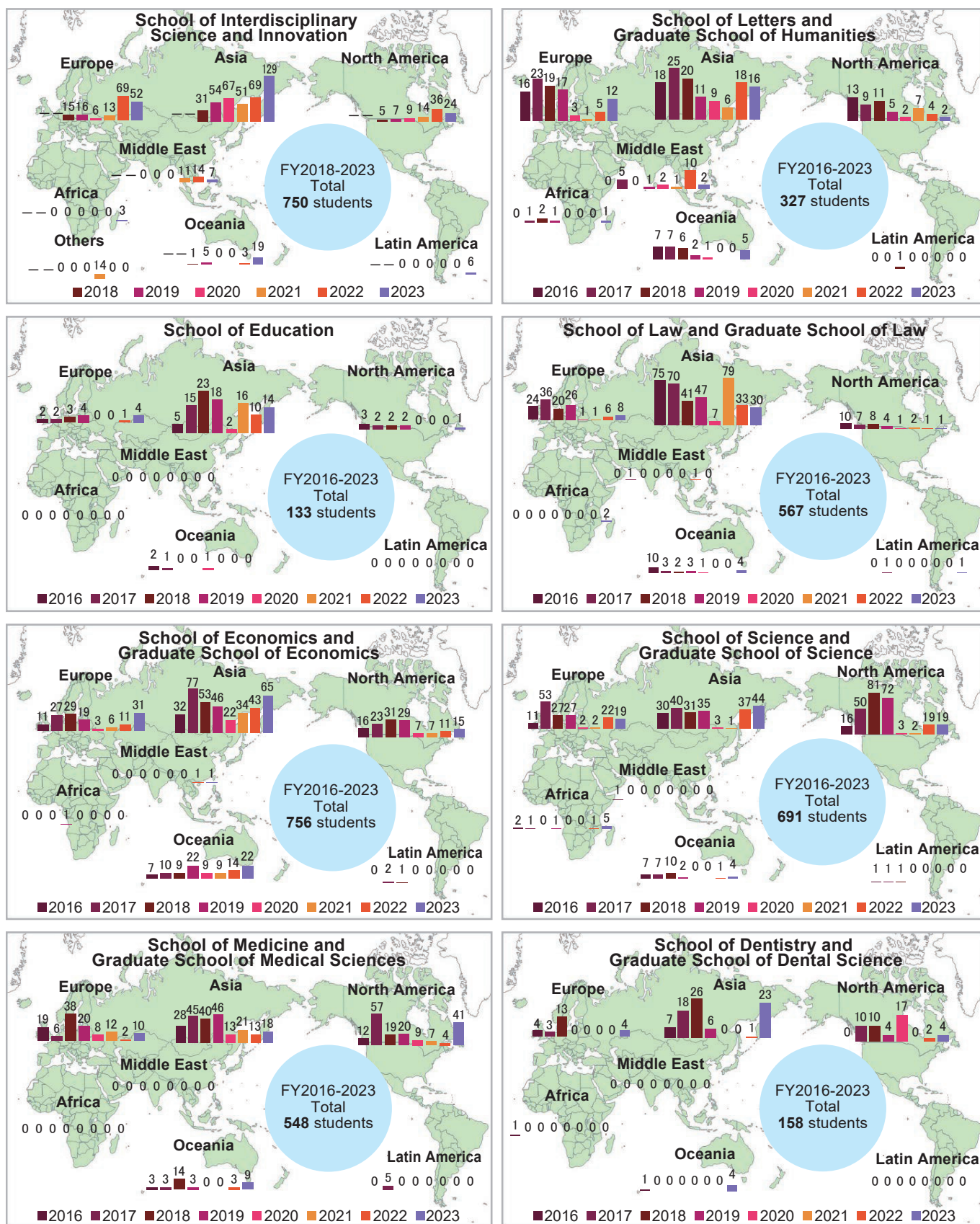
◆ Nationwide ◆



- The target of JASSO survey was changed since FY2017. “University Presentation and Symposium Attendance Excluding Research Exchange, etc.” is included for education and research purposes, which was NOT included until FY2016.
- Data excludes online participants in overseas university programs, etc.

Source: JASSO, Japanese Students International Study Survey Results

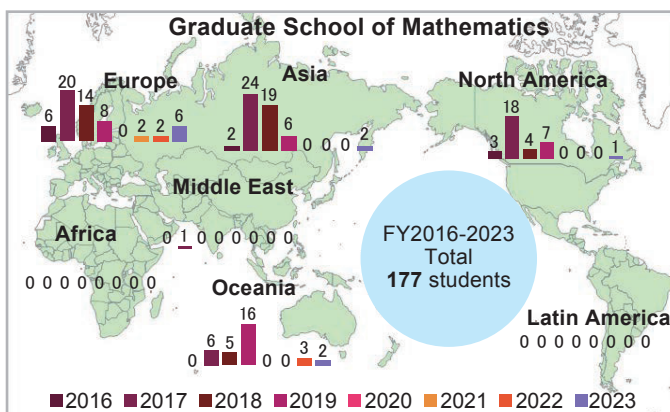
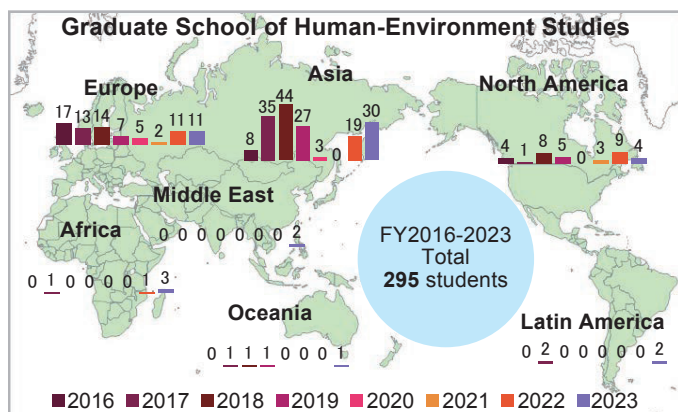
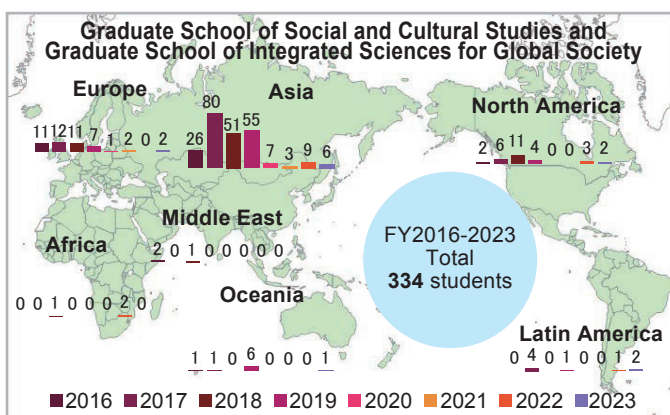
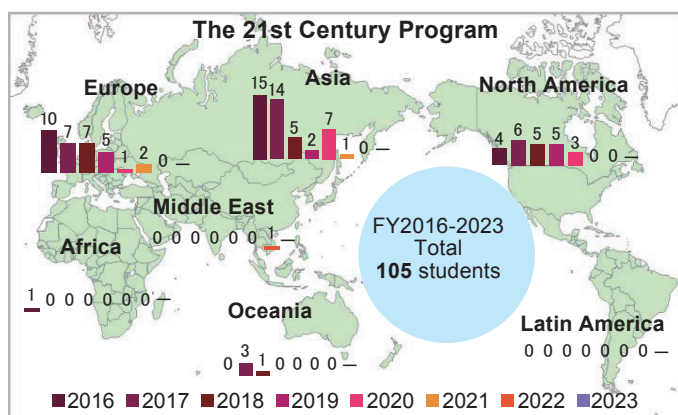
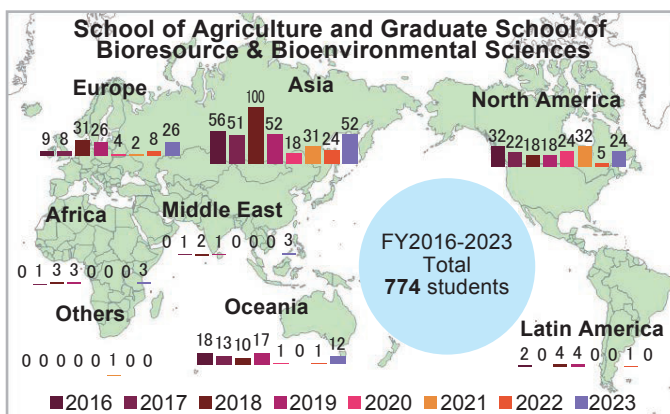
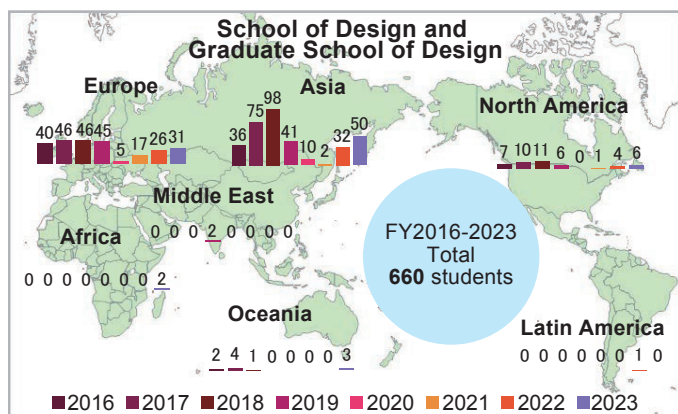
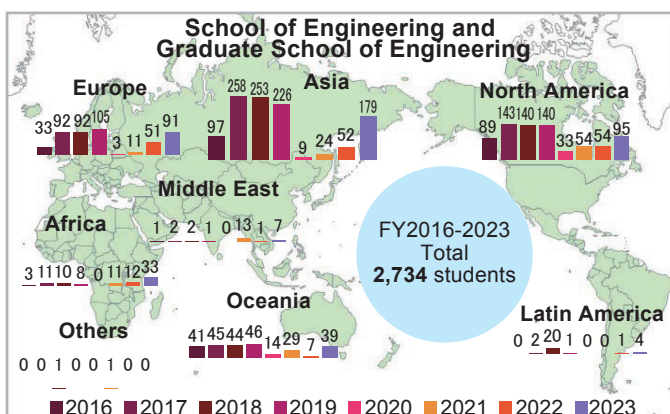
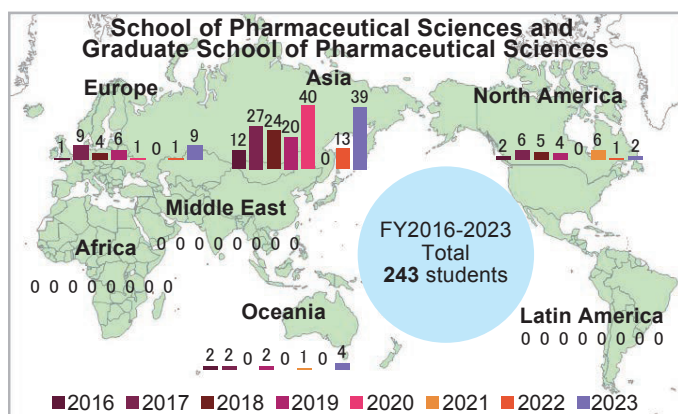
10-2-4. Study Abroad by Students (by School/Institute/Faculty, etc. and Region)



- The School of Interdisciplinary Science and Innovation was established in FY2018.
- Data includes those who began their overseas study periods in the previous fiscal year (FY2016-2018).
- The total figures include the number of international students (FY2019-2023).
- Data includes online participants in overseas university programs from FY2020.
- Those who participated in university study abroad programs co-sponsored by multiple countries are included in the "Others" category.

Source: Kyushu University Information

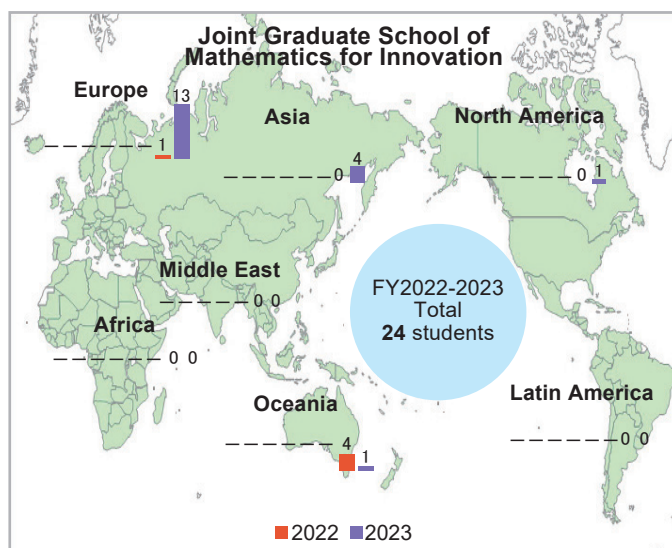
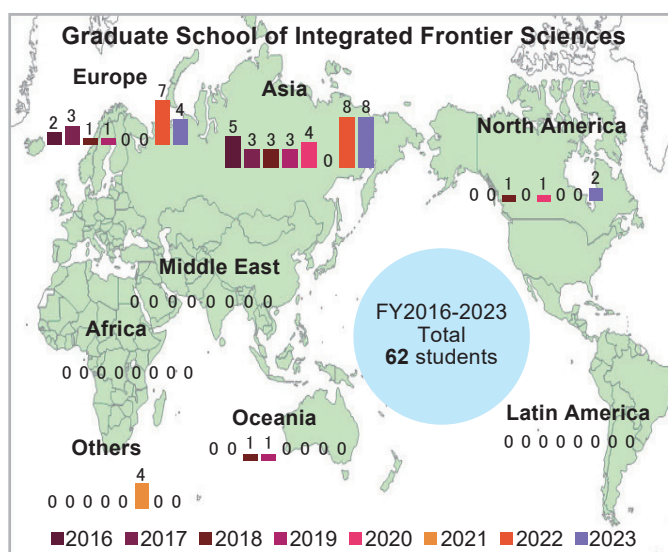
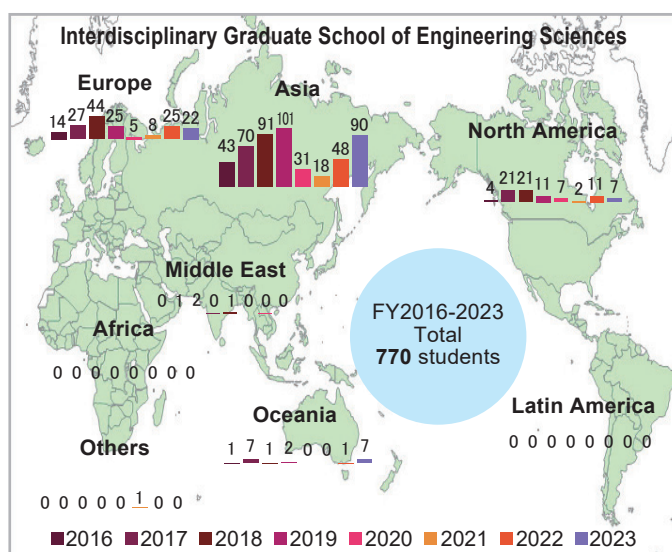
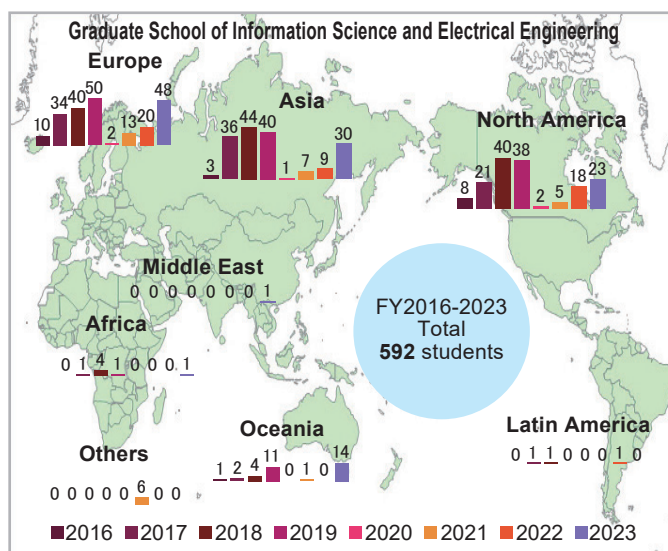
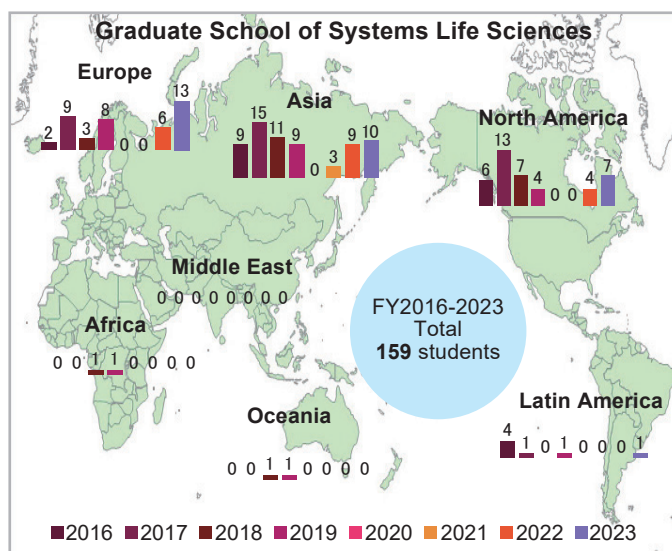
10-2-4. Study Abroad by Students (by School/Institute/Faculty, etc. and Region) (Continued)



- The 21st Century Program is closed to new admissions since FY2018.
- Data includes those who began their overseas study periods in the previous fiscal year (FY2016-2018).
- The total figures include the number of international students (FY2019-2023).
- Data includes online participants in overseas university programs from FY2020.
- Those who participated in university study abroad programs co-sponsored by multiple countries are included in the "Others" category.

Source: Kyushu University Information

10-2-4. Study Abroad by Students (by School/Institute/Faculty, etc. and Region) (Continued)



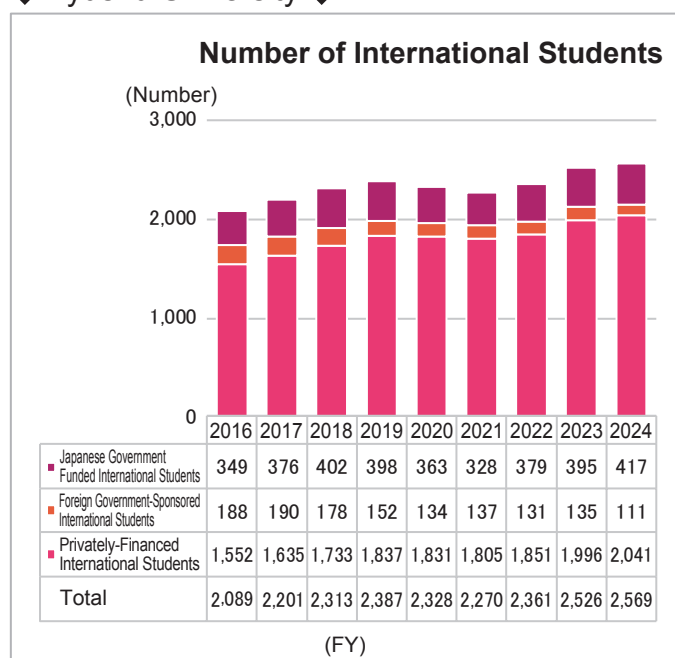
- Joint Graduate School of Mathematics for Innovation was established in FY2022.
- Data includes those who began their overseas study periods in the previous fiscal year (FY2016-2018).
- The total figures include the number of international students (FY2019-2023).
- Data includes online participants in overseas university programs from FY2020.
- Those who participated in university study abroad programs co-sponsored by multiple countries are included in the "Others" category.

Source: Kyushu University Information

10-3. International Student Admissions

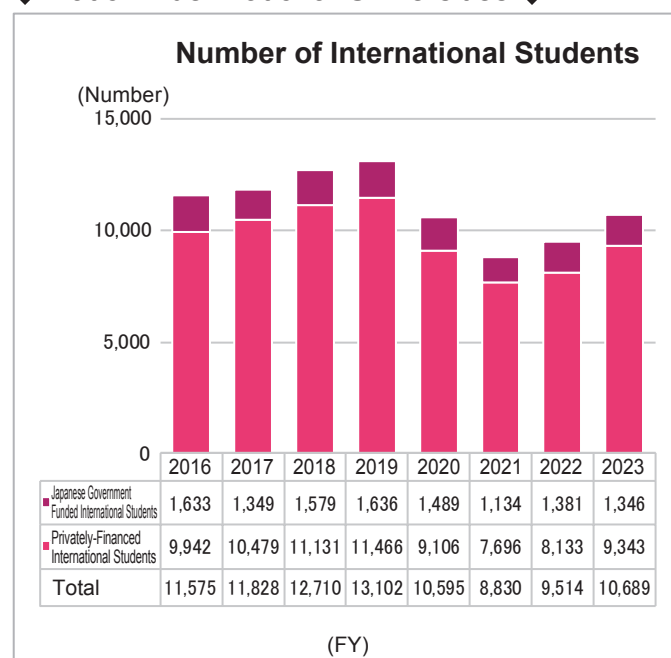
10-3-1. International Student Admissions (Overall)

◆ Kyushu University ◆



- **Japanese Government Funded International Students:** International students receiving scholarships from the Japanese government.
- **Foreign Government-Sponsored International Students:** International students sent at the expense of foreign governments (Including the Chinese Government Graduate Student Overseas Study Program).
- **Privately-Financed International Students:** Students besides Japanese government-funded international students and foreign government-sponsored international students; students who are privately financed (Including JICA-related programs and Fukuoka Prefecture scholarship students).

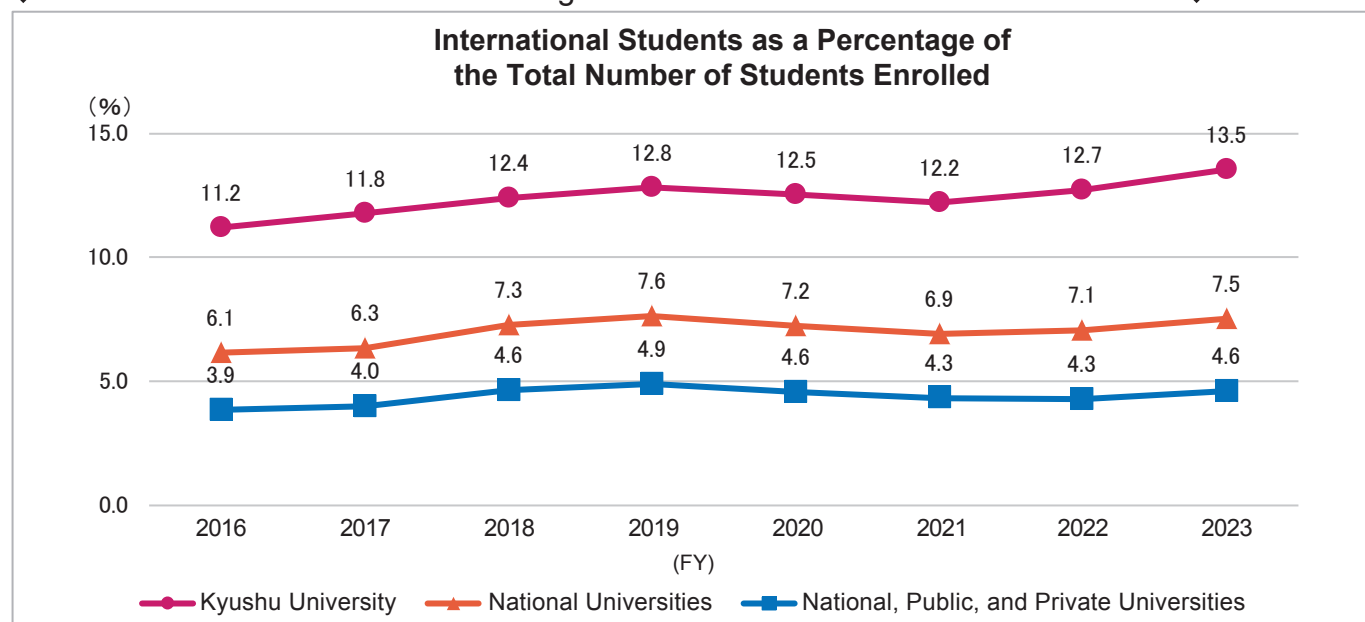
◆ Nationwide: National Universities ◆



- **Japanese Government Funded International Students:** International students receiving scholarships from the Japanese government.
- **Privately-Financed International Students:** International students who are self-funded, and who have received funding for scholarships from their area of residence or the country.

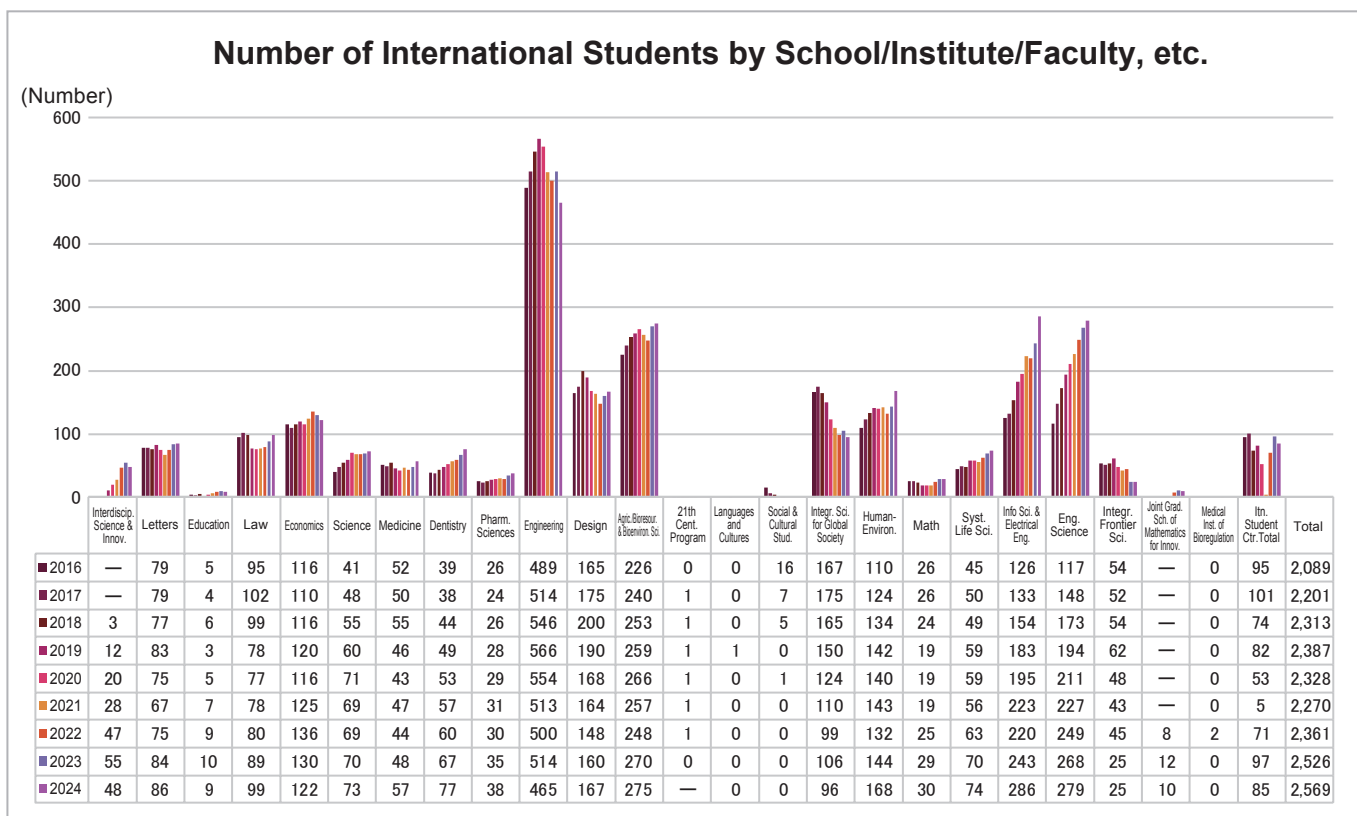
Source: Kyushu University *Kyushu University Information*
Nationwide MEXT, *Basic School Survey*, International Student Numbers by Related Subjects (University)

◆ International Students as a Percentage of the Total Number of Students Enrolled ◆



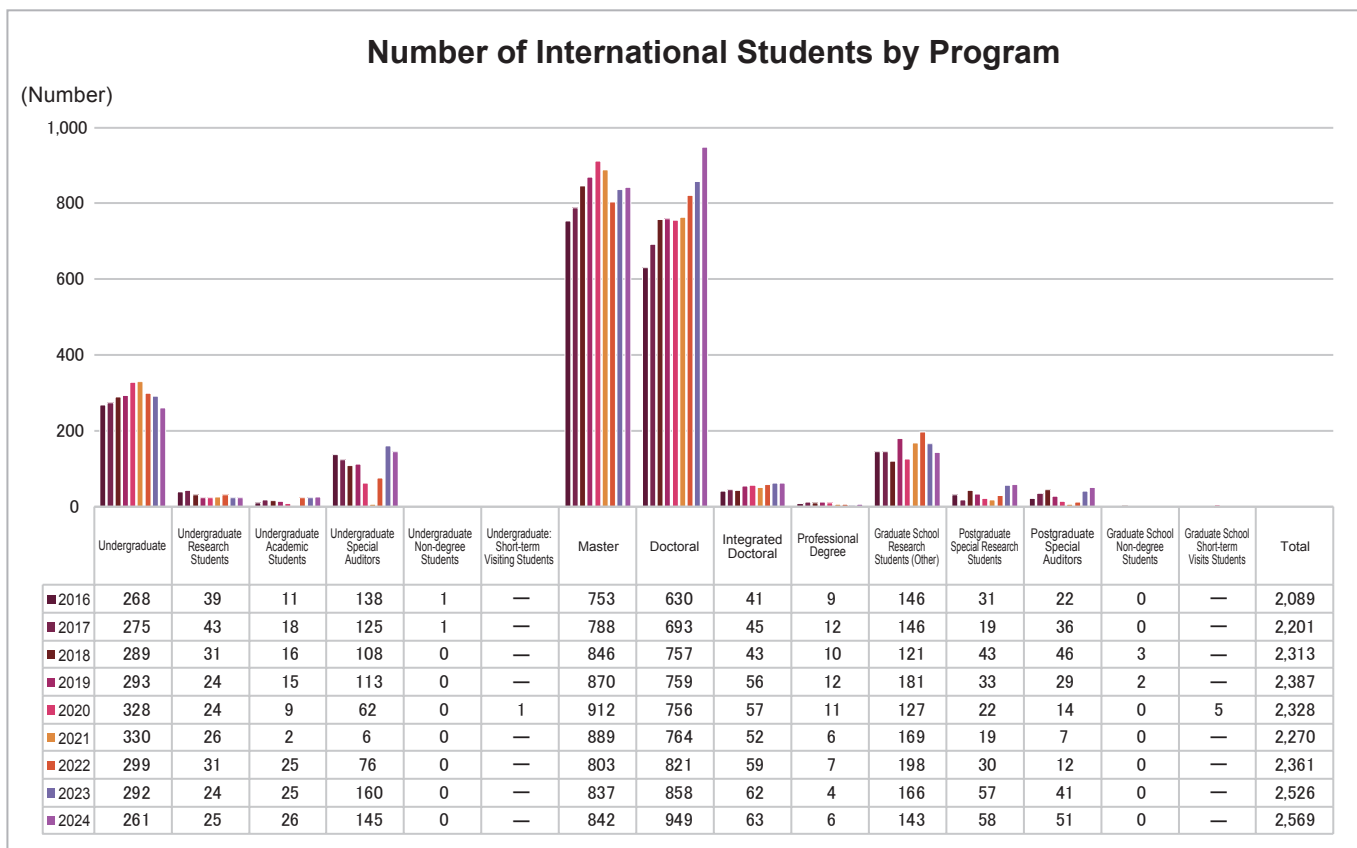
Source: Kyushu University *Kyushu University Information*
Nationwide JASSO, *Foreign Student Enrollment Survey Results* and MEXT, *Basic School Survey*

10-3-2. International Student Admissions (by School/Institute/Faculty, etc.)



Source: Kyushu University Information

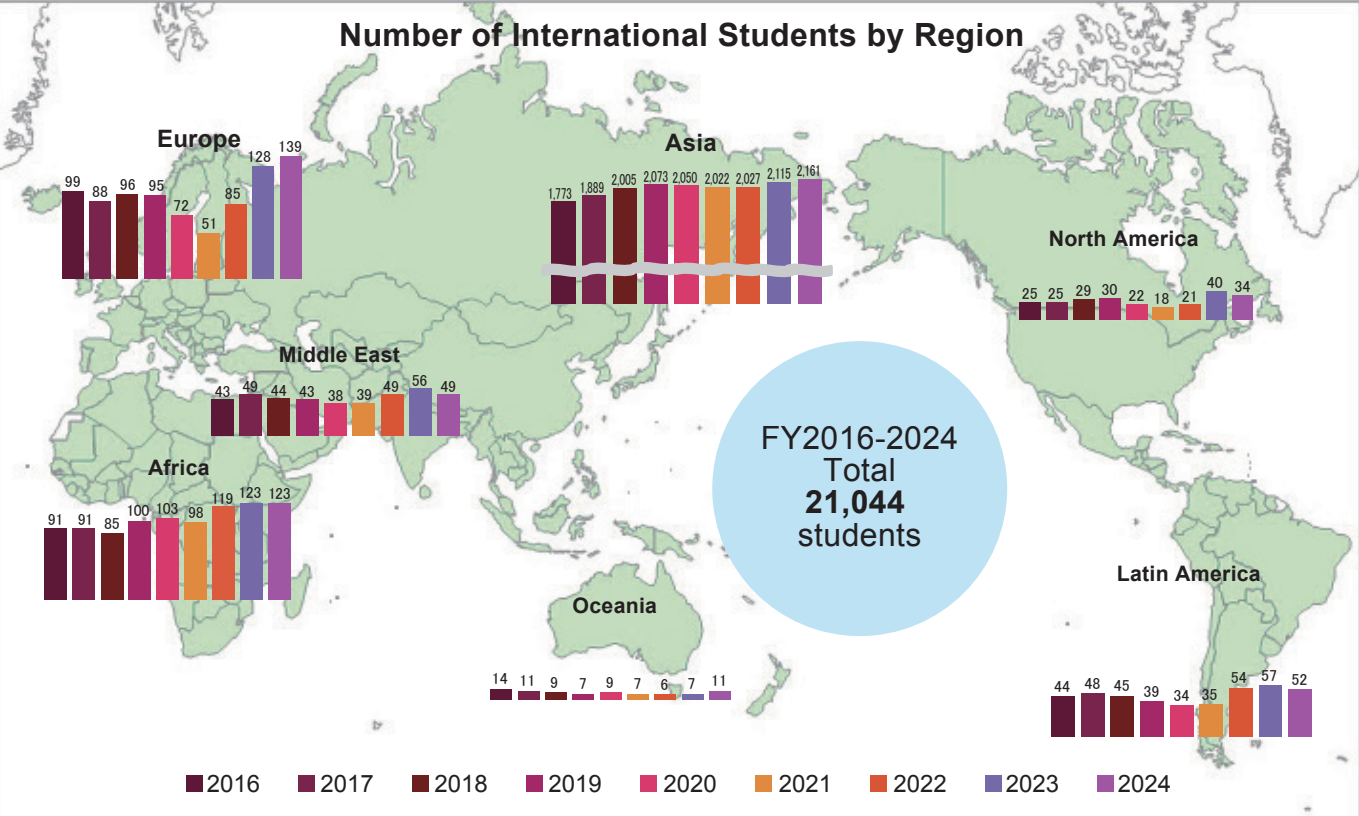
10-3-3. International Student Admissions (by Program)



Source: International Affairs Department (FY2016-2018), Kyushu University Information (FY2019-2024)

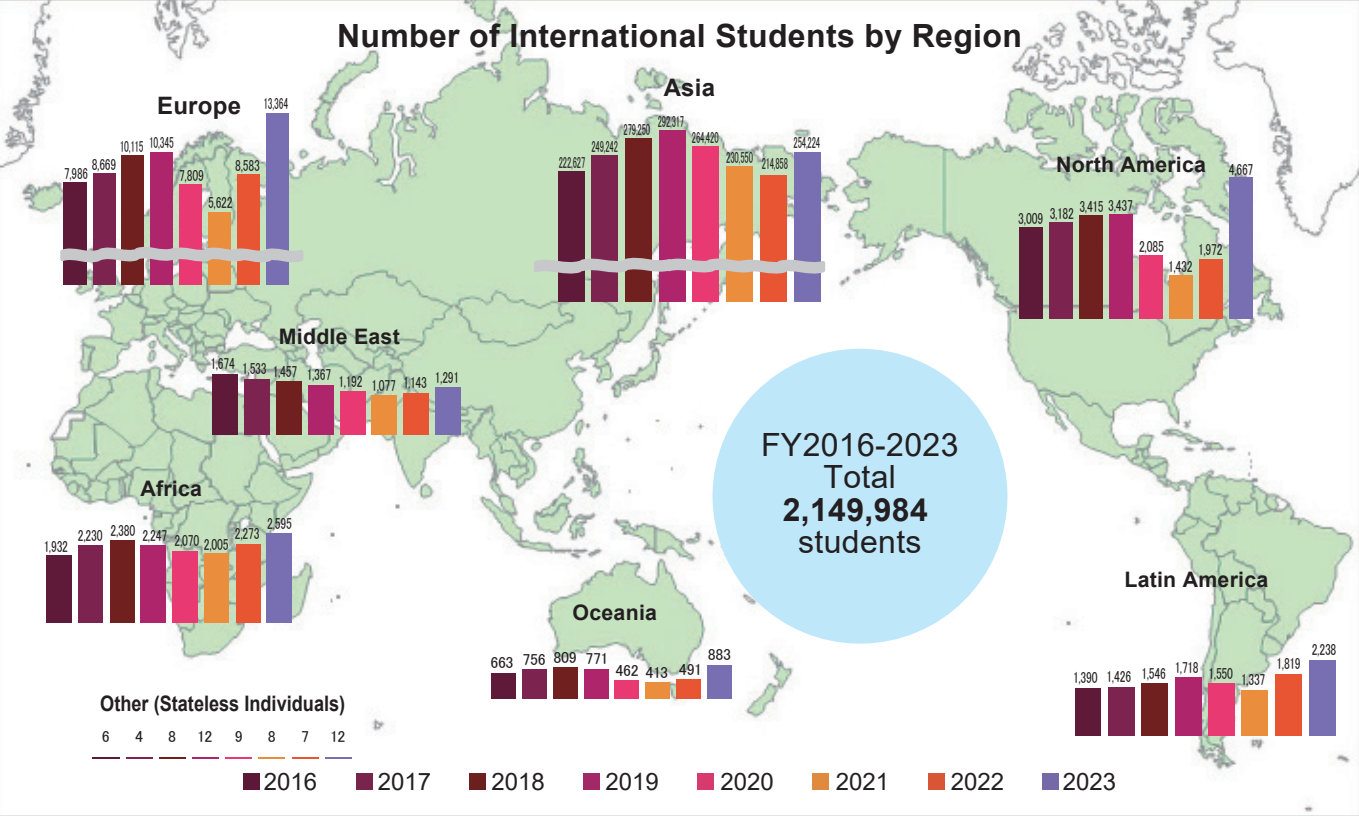
10-3-4. International Student Admissions (by Region)

◆ Kyushu University ◆



Source: Kyushu University Information

◆ Nationwide ◆



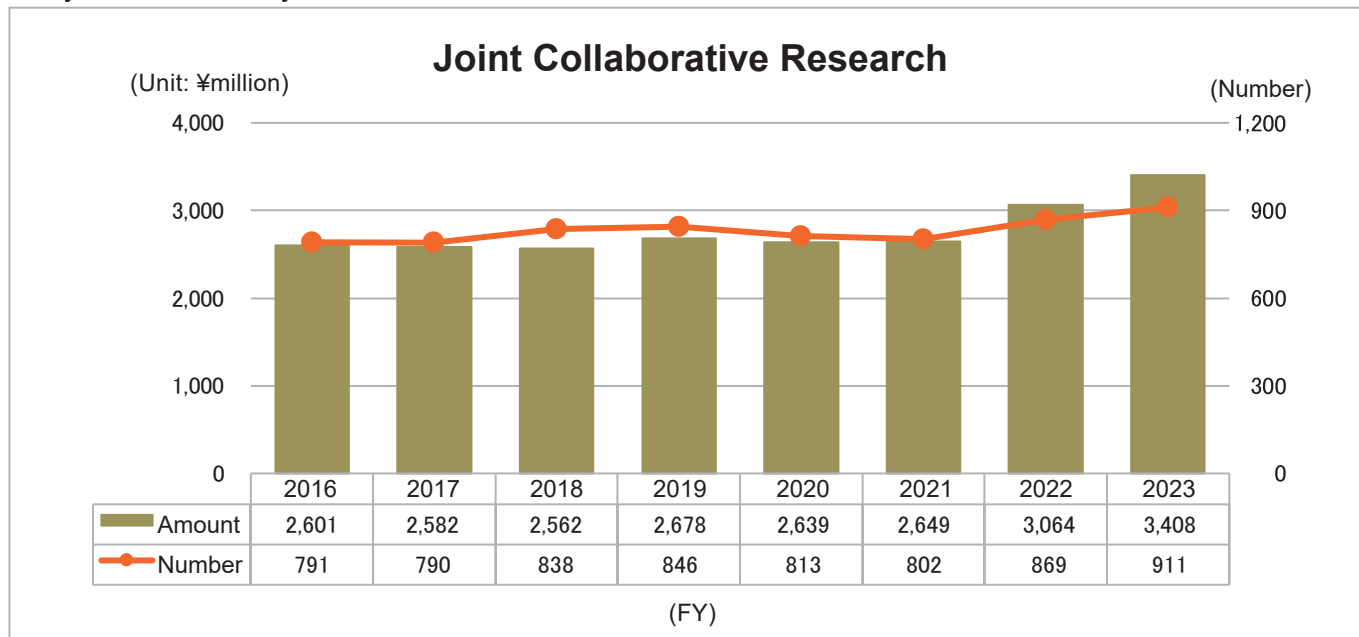
Source: JASSO, Result of an Annual survey of International Students in Japan

11. Industry-University-Government Collaboration

11-1. Joint Collaborative Research

11-1-1. Joint Collaborative Research (Overall)

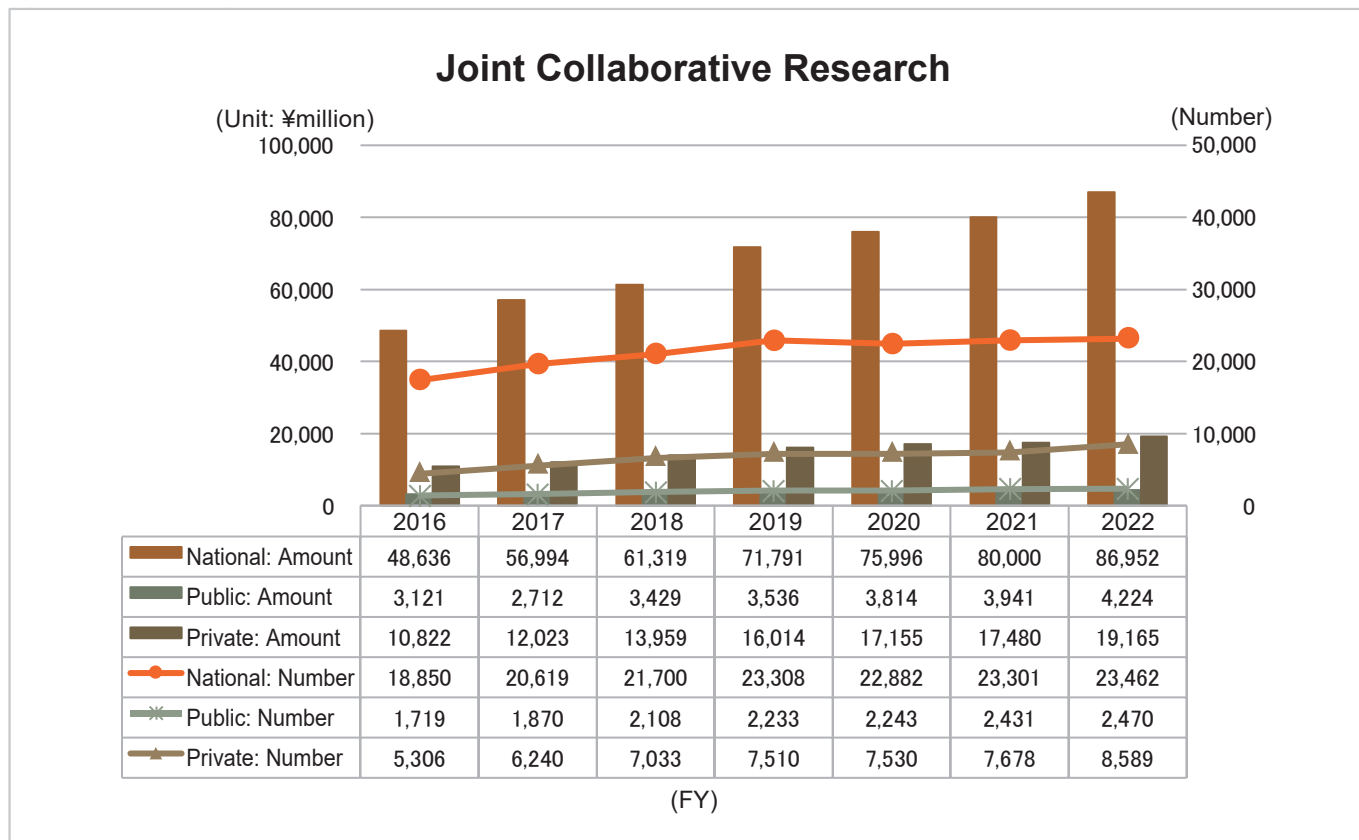
◆ Kyushu University ◆



• Under ¥1 million, sums are rounded.

Source: Kyushu University Information

◆ Nationwide ◆



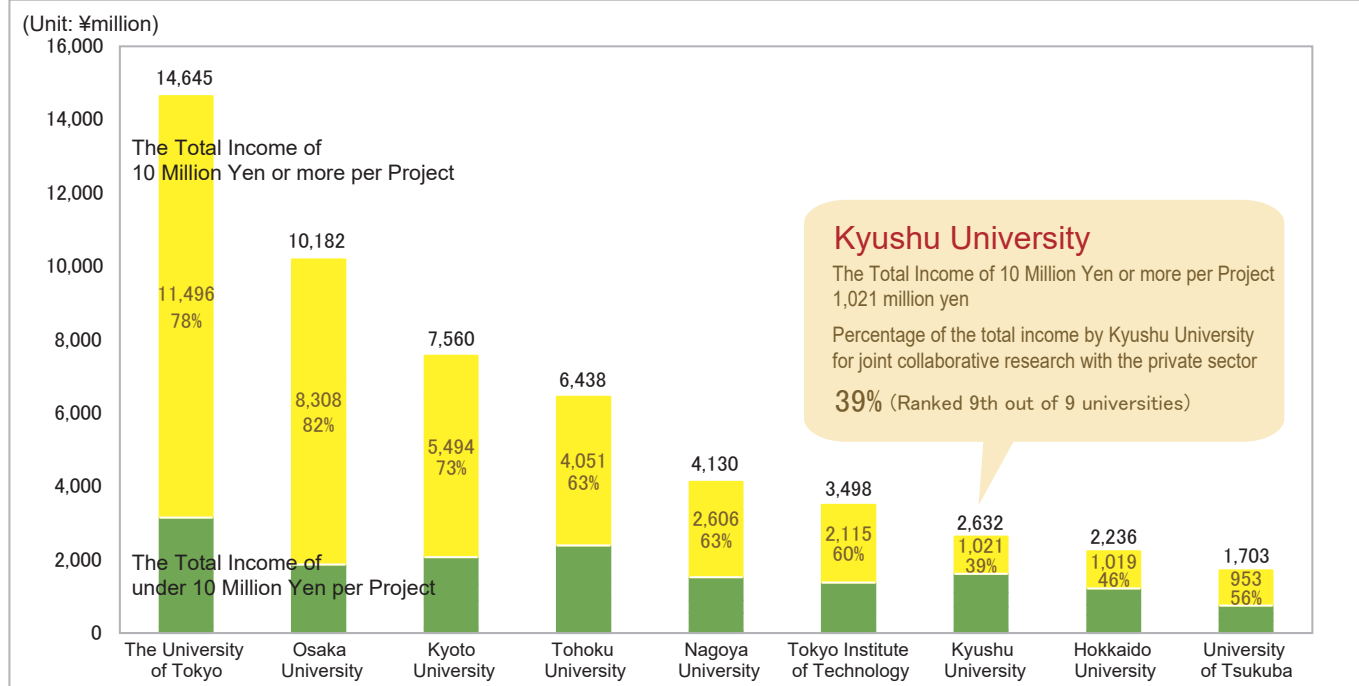
• Data excludes junior colleges, technical colleges or research institutions.

• Under ¥1 million, sums are rounded.

Source: MEXT, Implementation of Industry-University Cooperative Research, etc. at Universities, Individual Results (Data by Institution), Form 2 "Joint Research"

Reference: Joint Collaborative Research with the Private Sector, Breakdown of Accepted Amounts by Size (FY2022)

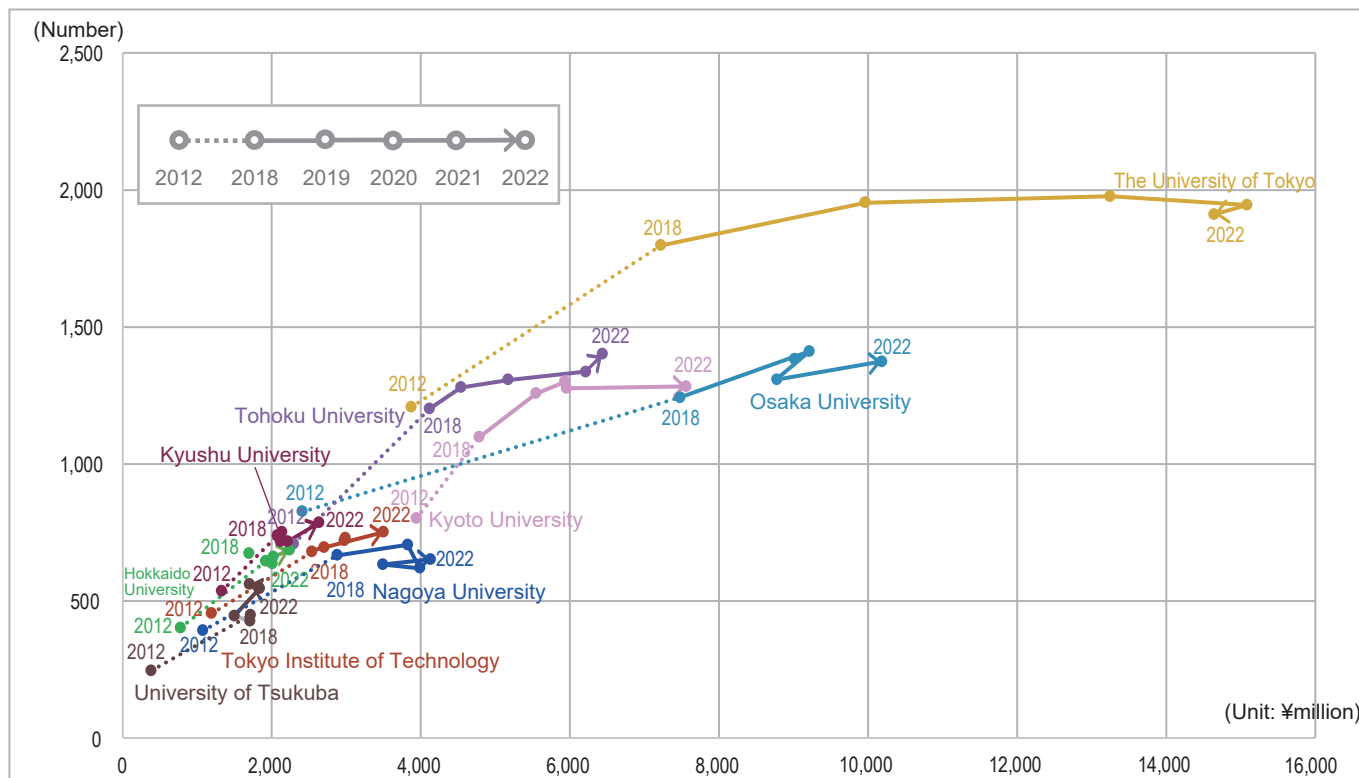
◆ Comparisons With Other Universities ◆



- This data is compared with nine Designated National University Corporations (excluding Hitotsubashi University and Tokyo Medical and Dental University) as well as Hokkaido University.
- Under ¥1 million, sums are rounded.

Source: MEXT, *Implementation of Industry-University Cooperative Research, etc. at Universities*, Individual Results (Data by Institution), Form 2 "Joint Research"

Reference: Number of Joint Collaborative Research Projects with the Private Sector/Acceptance Trends Over Time (FY2012-2022)



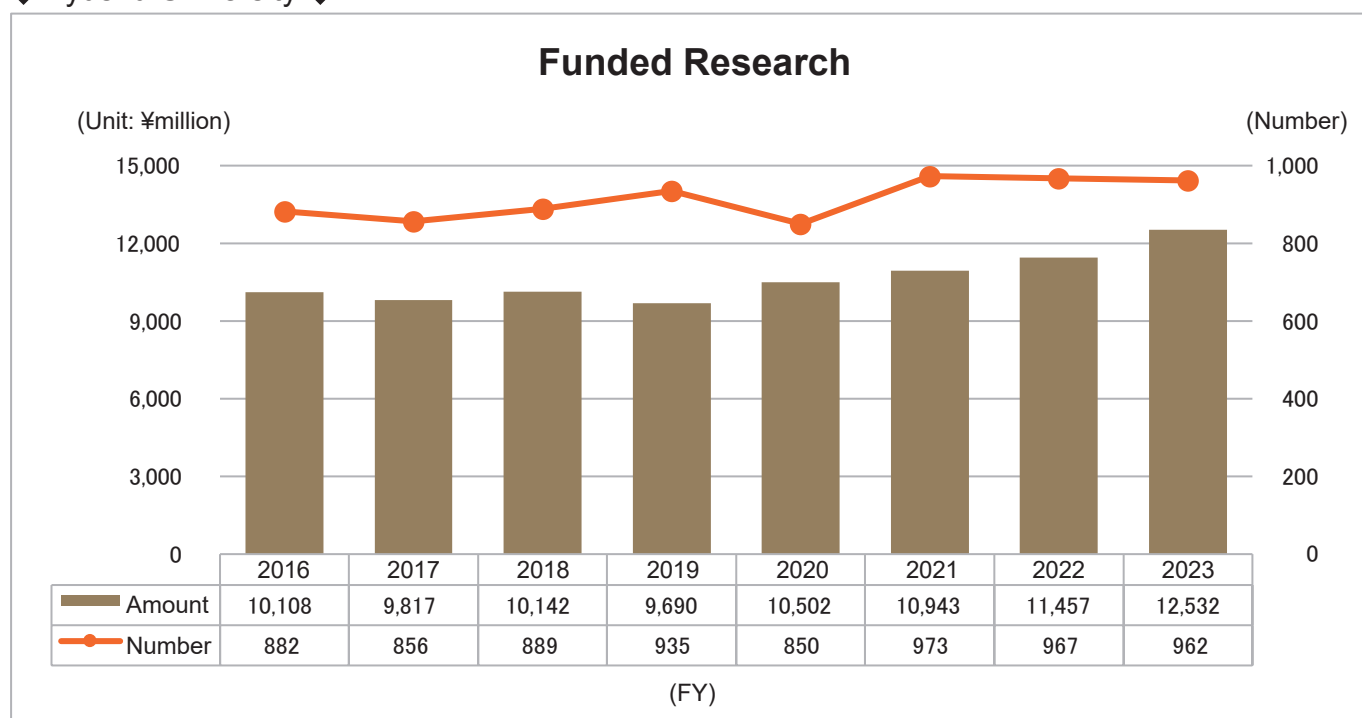
- This data is compared with nine Designated National University Corporations (excluding Hitotsubashi University and Tokyo Medical and Dental University) as well as Hokkaido University.

Source: MEXT, *Implementation of Industry-University Cooperative Research, etc. at Universities* (FY2012-2022)

11-2. Funded Research

11-2-1. Funded Research (Overall)

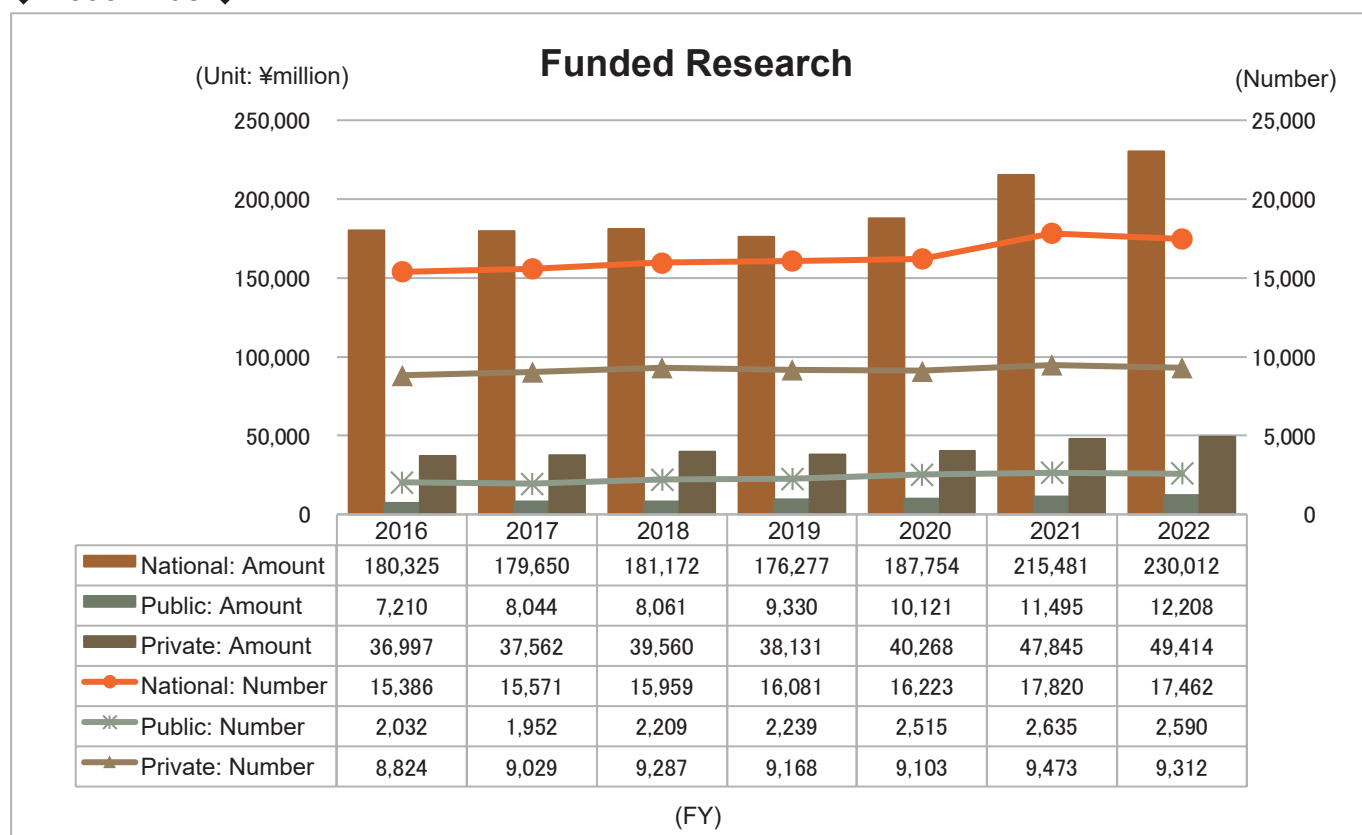
◆ Kyushu University ◆



• Under ¥1 million, sums are rounded.

Source: Kyushu University Information

◆ Nationwide ◆



• Data excludes junior colleges, professional training colleges, colleges of technology or research institutions.
 • Under ¥1 million, sums are rounded.

Source: MEXT, Implementation of Industry-University Cooperative Research, etc. at Universities, Individual Results (Data by Institution), Form 3-1 "Funded Research"

11-2-1. Funded Research (Overall) (Continued)

◆ Comparisons With Other Universities ◆

Number of Research Projects Funded by the Private Sector Nationwide: National, Public, and Private Universities

Income from Research Funded by the Private Sector Nationwide: National, Public, and Private Universities

Income per Project from Research Funded by the Private Sector Nationwide: National, Public, and Private Universities

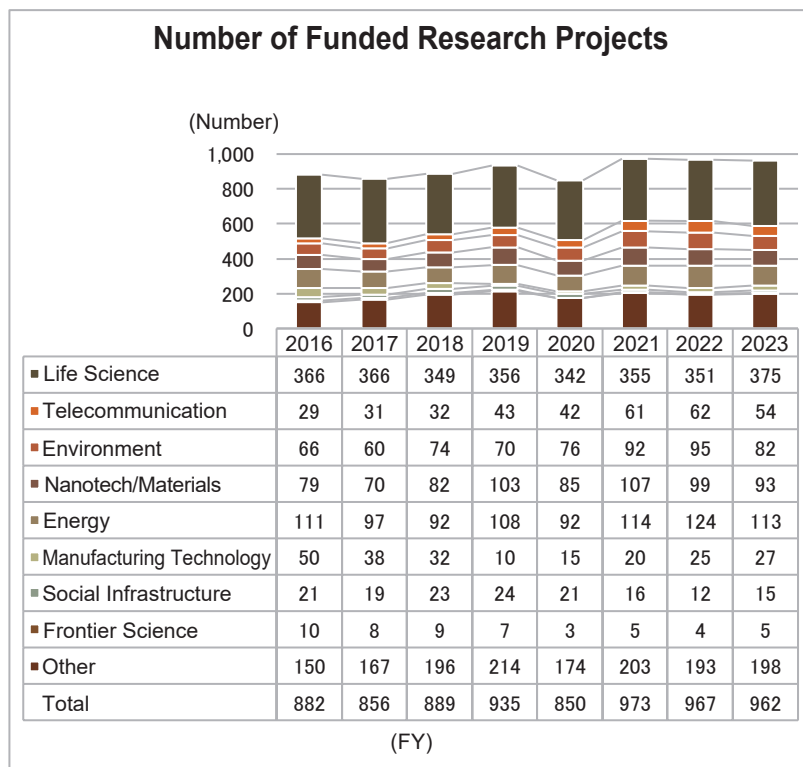
Rank	University	Number	Rank	University	Received Amount (¥1,000)	Rank	University	Income per project (¥1,000)	Number
1	Kindai University	339	1	Kyoto University	945,933	1	Nagoya University	9,875	42
2	Juntendo University	202	2	Keio University	767,585	2	Tokyo Institute of Technology	7,040	73
3	Nihon University	201	3	Waseda University	644,073	3	Kansai University	6,834	37
4	Ritsumeikan University	194	4	The University of Tokyo	516,681	4	Kyoto University	6,757	140
5	Hiroshima University	182	5	Tokyo Institute of Technology	513,933	5	Nagoya Institute of Technology	5,867	18
6	Kyushu University	180	6	Nagoya University	414,748	6	Keio University	5,152	149
7	Waseda University	175	7	Kyushu University	393,437	7	Chuo University	5,009	11
8	Nagasaki University	171	8	Ritsumeikan University	365,726	8	Wakayama Medical University	4,742	48
9	Takushoku University	150	9	Kobe University	327,728	9	Tokyo Dental College	4,546	15
10	Keio University	149	10	Osaka University	315,388	10	Tokyo University of Marine Science and Technology	4,015	16
(2022)			(2022)			⋮			
						29	Kyushu University	2,186	180

• “Income per Project from Research Funded by the Private Sector Nationwide”: Under ¥1,000, sums are rounded.

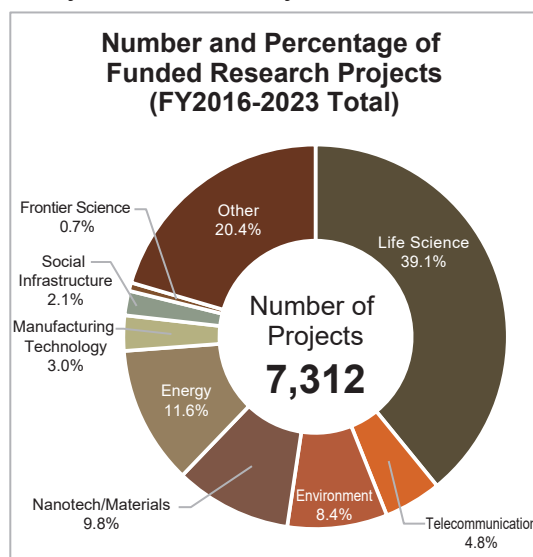
• “Income per Project from Research Funded by the Private Sector Nationwide” excludes institutions with less than 10 projects.

Source: MEXT, *Implementation of Industry-University Cooperative Research, etc. at Universities*, Individual Results (Data by Institution), Form 3-1 “Funded Research”

11-2-2. Funded Research (by Field)



◆ Kyushu University ◆

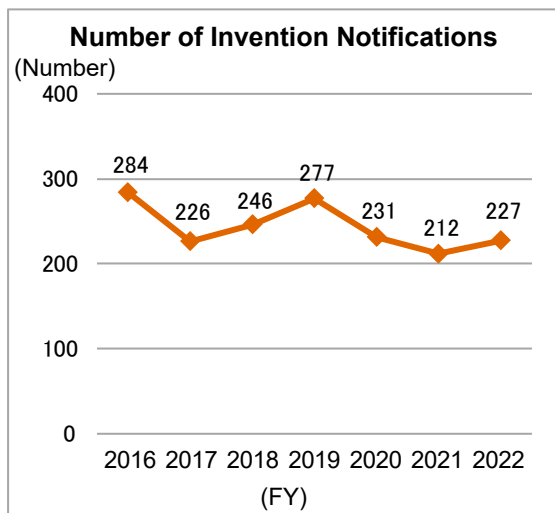


• In this survey, “funded research” refers to research to a university by a private sector company, etc., in which, in most cases, the university, etc. alone conducts the research and development, with the expenses incurred being covered by the private organization, etc.

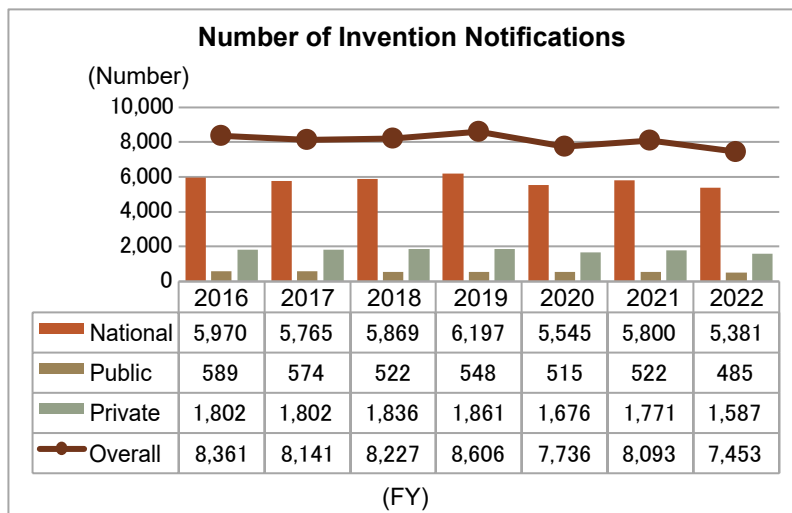
Source: *Kyushu University Information*

11-3. Intellectual Property

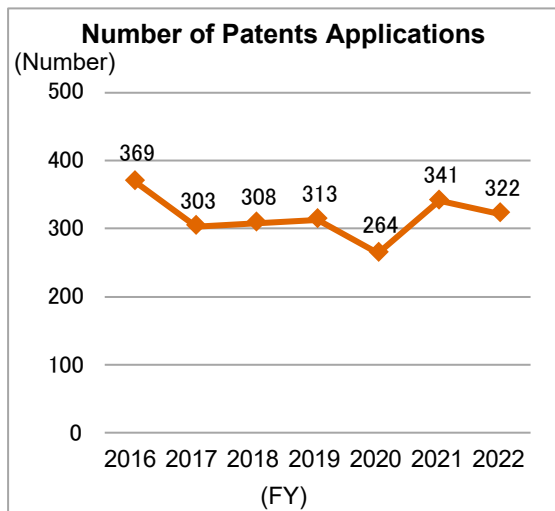
◆ Kyushu University ◆



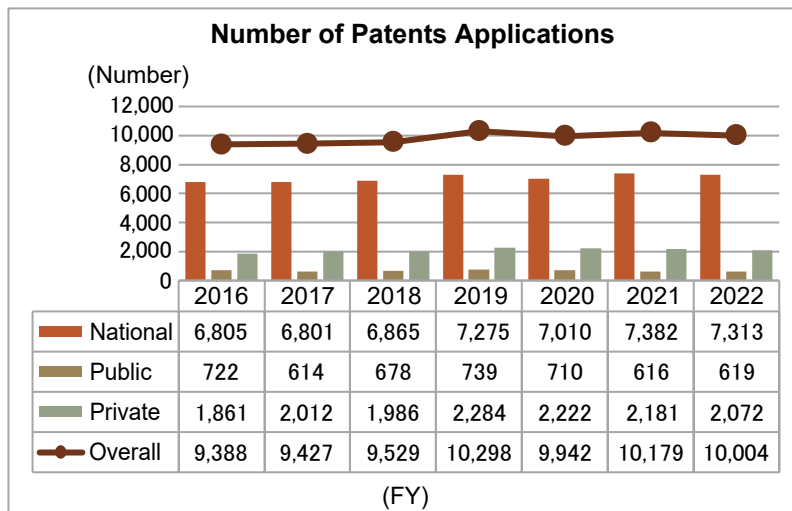
◆ Nationwide ◆



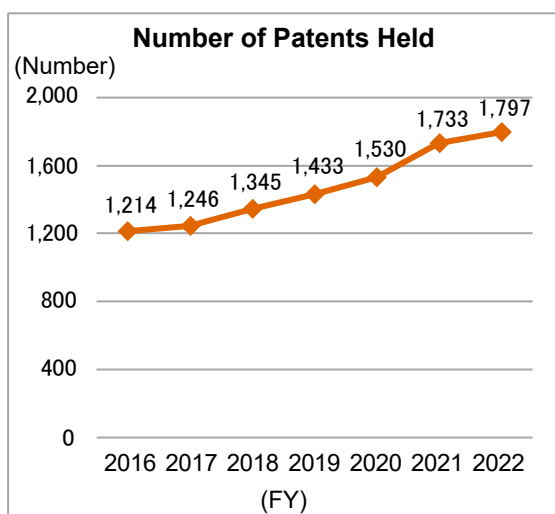
◆ Kyushu University ◆



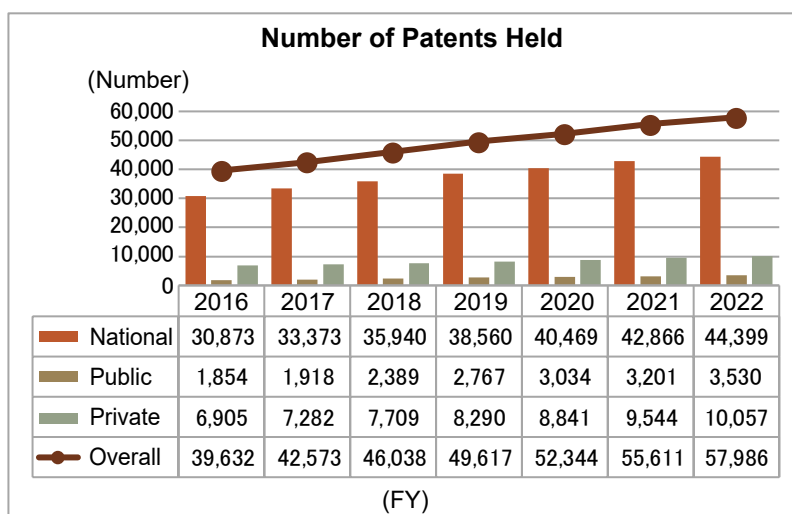
◆ Nationwide ◆



◆ Kyushu University ◆



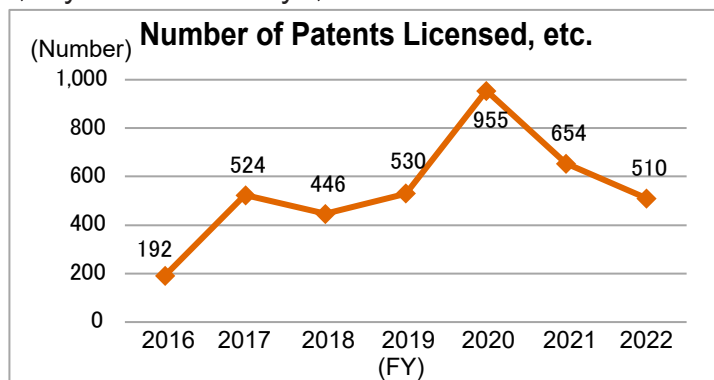
◆ Nationwide ◆



Source: Kyushu University Number of Invention Notifications: MEXT, *Implementation of Industry-University Cooperative Research, etc. at Universities*, Individual Results (Data by Institution), Form 4 "Status of Inventions"
 Number of Patents Applications, Number of Patents Held: MEXT, *Implementation of Industry-University Cooperative Research, etc. at Universities*, Individual Results (Data by Institution), Form 5 "Patent Acquisition and Management Status, Patent Application Expenditure"
 Nationwide MEXT, *Implementation of Industry-University Cooperative Research, etc. at Universities*

11-3. Intellectual Property (Continued)

◆ Kyushu University ◆

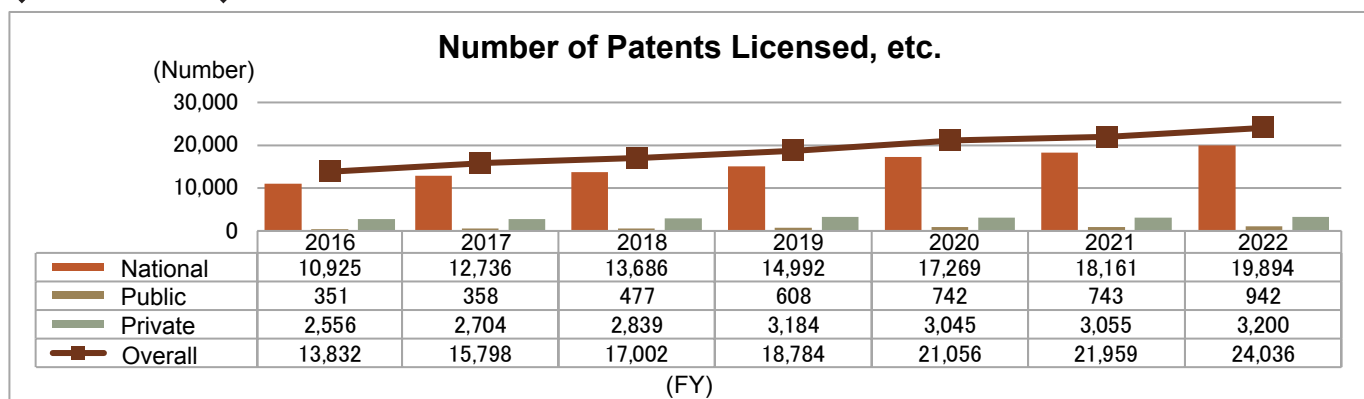


Number of Patents Licensed, etc. (Including Overseas)

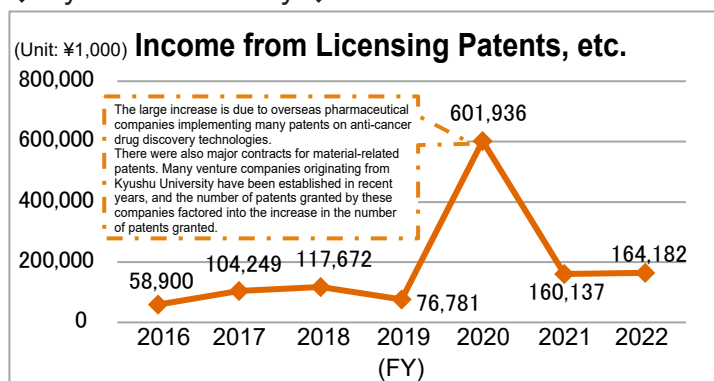
Rank	University	Number
1	The University of Tokyo	4,487
2	Kyoto University	2,224
3	Tohoku University	1,607
4	Hokkaido University	1,559
5	Osaka University	1,367
6	Tokyo Institute of Technology	913
7	Kanto Gakuin University	774
8	Nagoya University	724
9	Kyushu University	510
10	Keio University	497

(2022)

◆ Nationwide ◆



◆ Kyushu University ◆

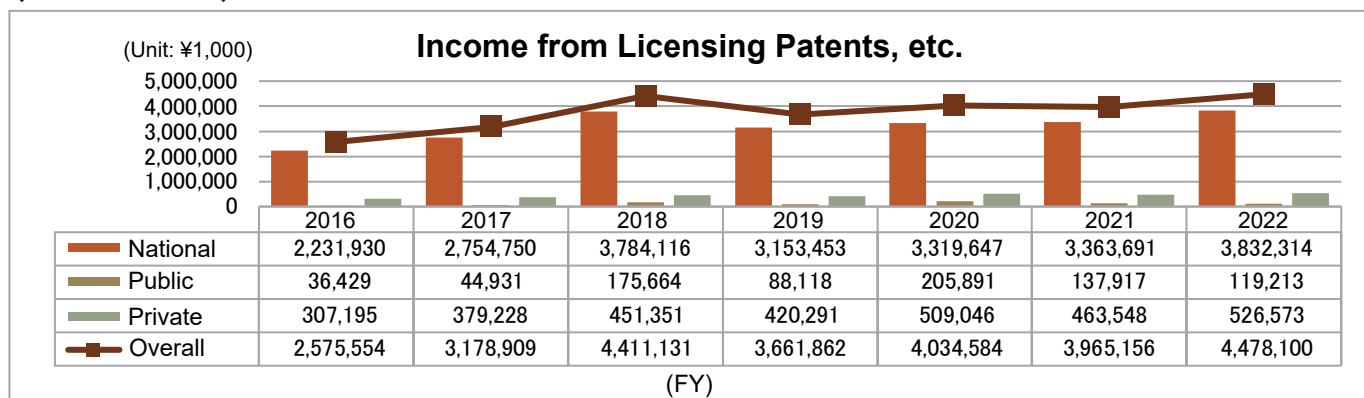


Income from Licensing Patents, etc. (Including Overseas)

Rank	University	Income (¥1,000)
1	Kyoto University	1,119,118
2	The University of Tokyo	613,189
3	Osaka University	414,288
4	Tohoku University	208,066
5	Hokkaido University	183,435
6	Kyushu University	164,182
7	Tottori University	137,372
8	Tokyo Institute of Technology	99,801
9	Nagoya University	90,749
10	Keio University	86,996

(2022)

◆ Nationwide ◆

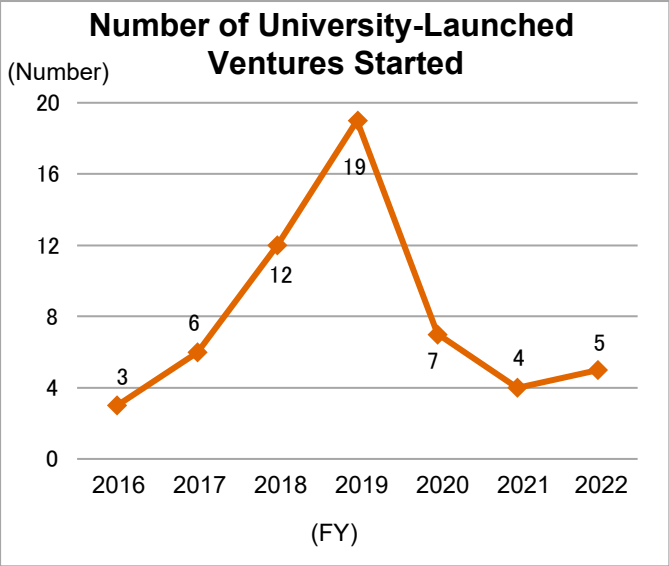


• In this survey, “number of patents licensed, etc.” and “income from licensing patents, etc.” refer to the number of patent rights licensed or assigned (including at the “right to obtain a patent” stage) and the amount of income received as a result.

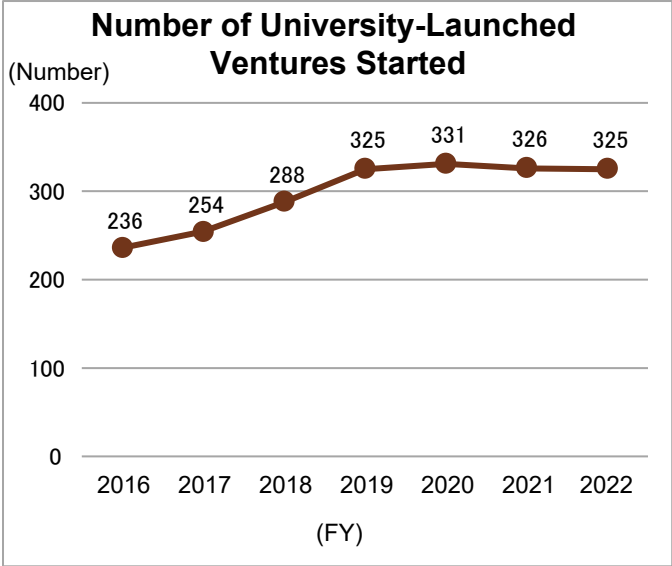
Source: MEXT, *Implementation of Industry-University Cooperative Research, etc. at Universities*

11-3. Intellectual Property (Continued)

◆ Kyushu University ◆



◆ Nationwide ◆

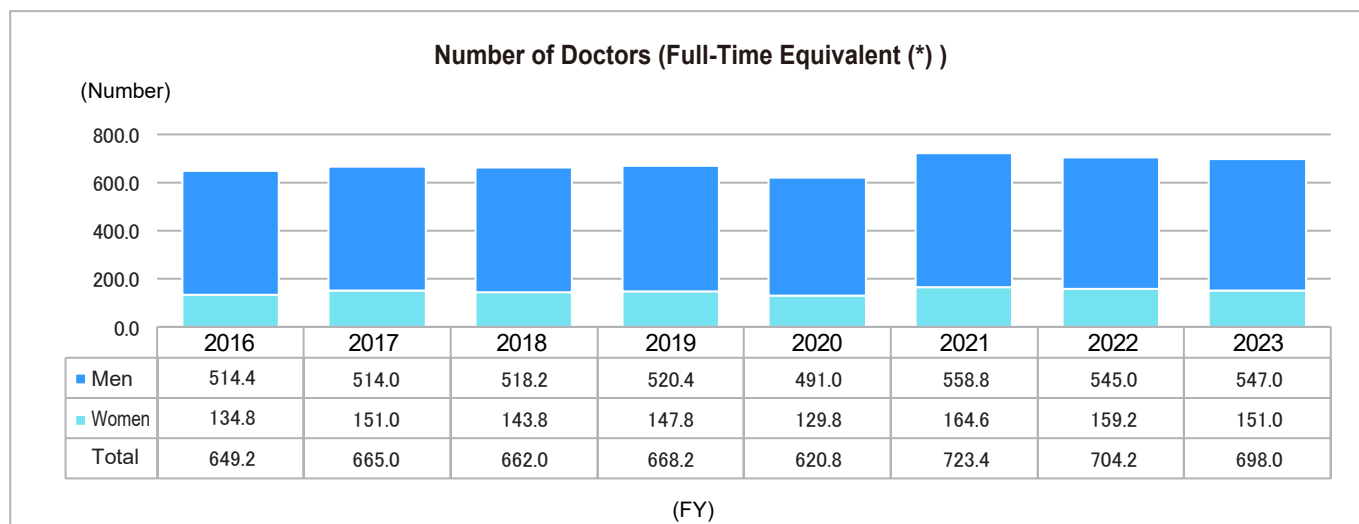
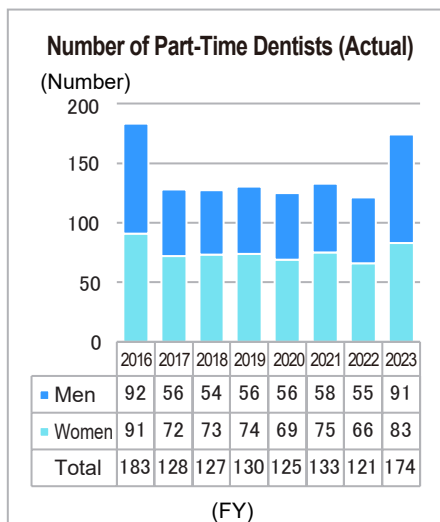
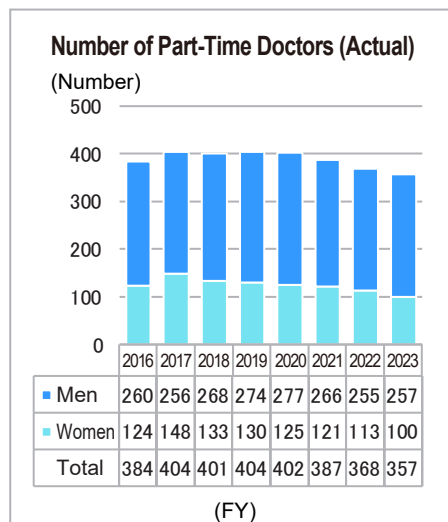
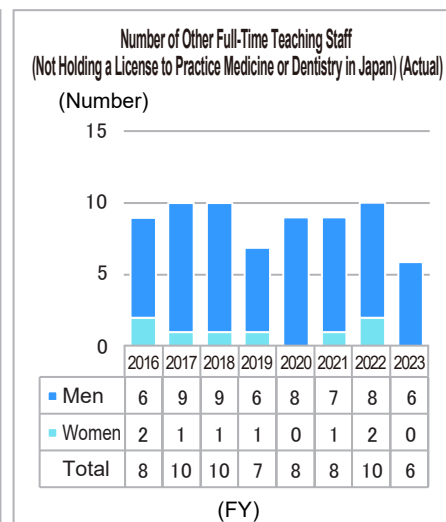
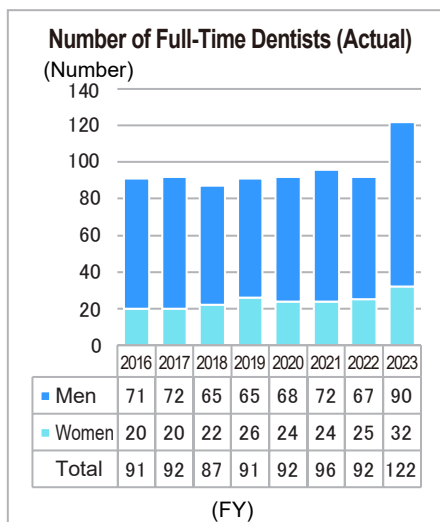
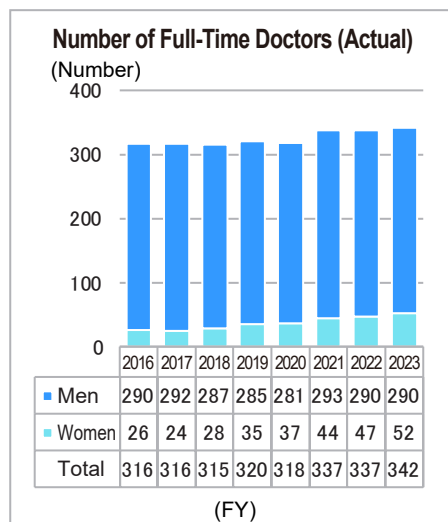


- University-launched Venture Projects means startups in which patents are obtained by university staff and students, or persons related to the university are founders.
- The number of companies established from 2018 to 2021 includes companies newly established since the previous survey, so the figure is different from that of the previous years.

Source: Kyushu University MEXT, *Implementation of Industry-University Cooperative Research, etc. at Universities*, Individual Results (Data by Institution), Form 7 “Rules for Industry-University Collaboration, University Ventures”
Nationwide MEXT, *Implementation of Industry-University Cooperative Research, etc. at Universities*

12. University Hospital

12-1. Number of Doctors, etc.

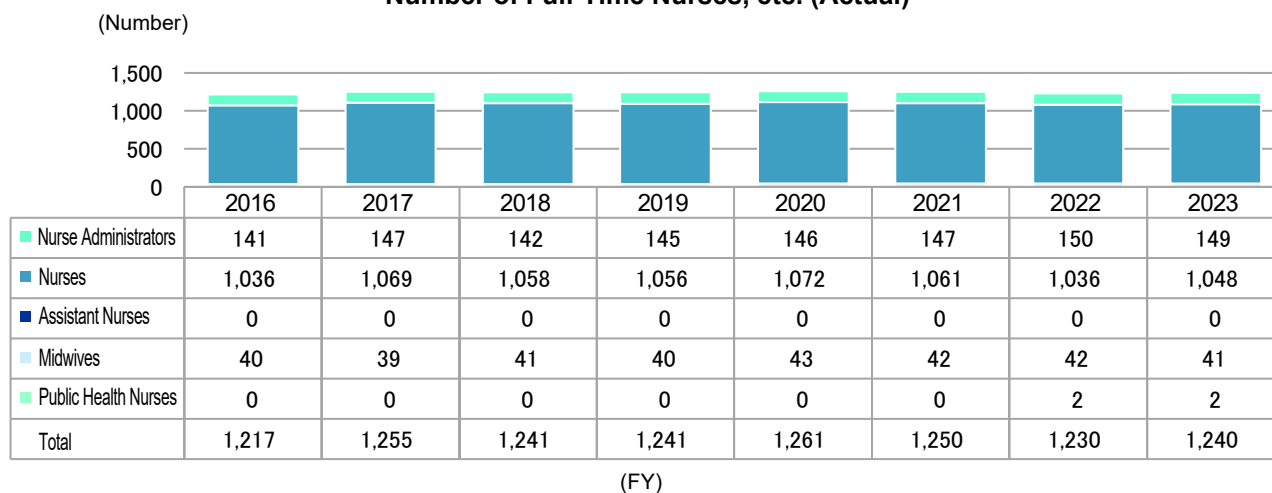


- Data includes all staff belong to undergraduate schools or the university hospitals and on a fixed-term contract or not.
- Data excludes Kyushu University Beppu Hospital.
- Full-time Equivalent (*) = hours worked by part-time workers per week/hours worked by full-time workers per week as defined in the employment regulations of their own national university hospital.

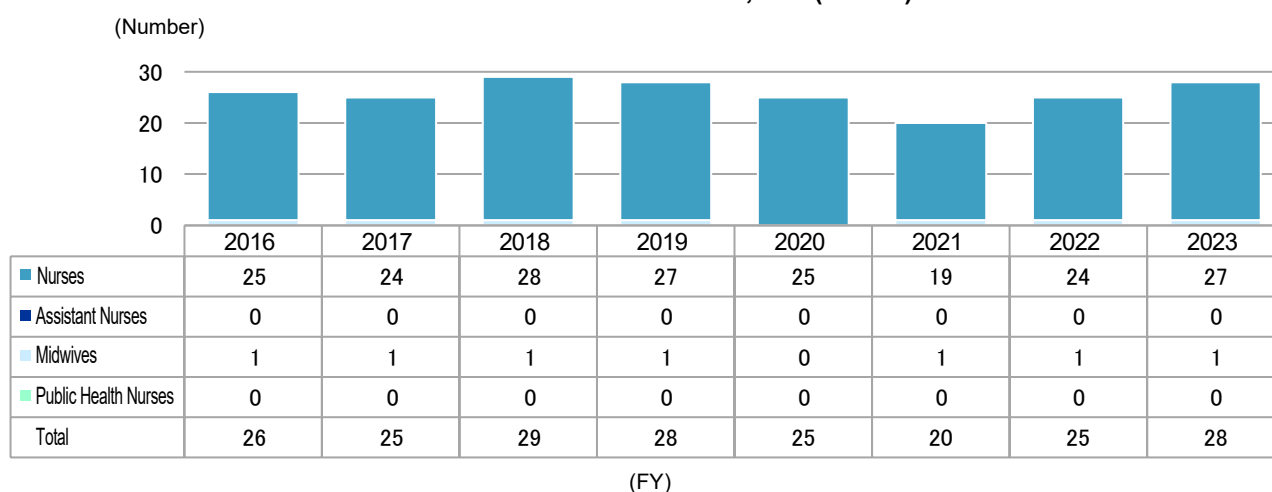
Source: National University Hospital Data (Medical Care and Organization) Survey
 Number of Full-Time/ Part-Time Doctors, Number of Full-Time/ Part-Time Dentists, Number of Other Full-Time Teaching Staff,
 Doctors: Data for this study is provided by the Database Center of the National University Hospitals, University of Tokyo Hospital.
 Use of the data was approved by the Database Center Management Committee, National University Hospital Council of Japan.
 (No. 189-20240919)

12-2. Number of Nursing Staff, etc.

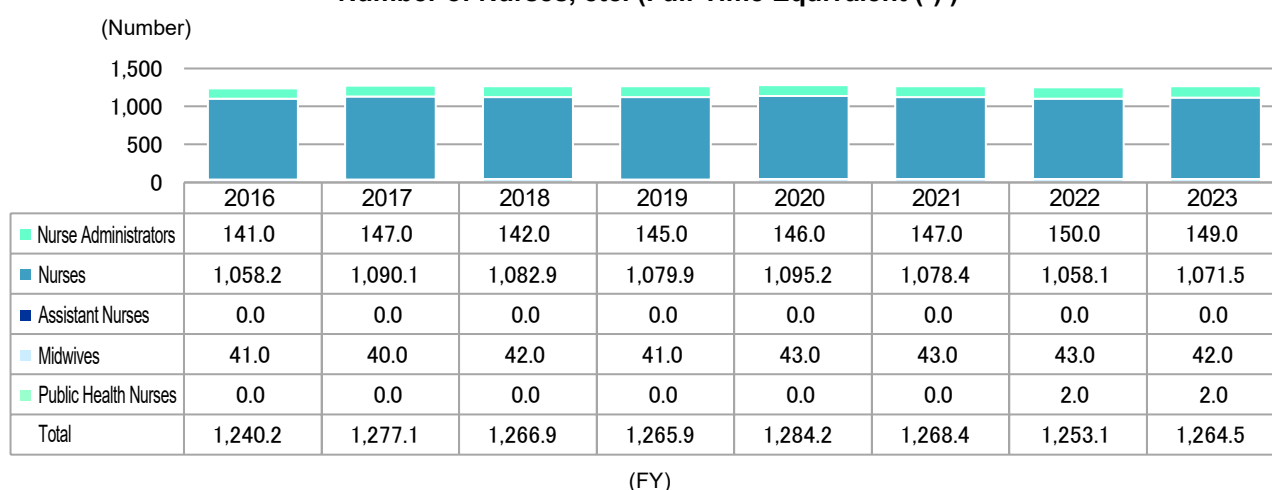
Number of Full-Time Nurses, etc. (Actual)



Number of Part-Time Nurses, etc. (Actual)



Number of Nurses, etc. (Full-Time Equivalent (*))



- Data excludes Kyushu University Beppu Hospital.
- Full-time Equivalent (*) = hours worked by part-time workers per week/hours worked by full-time workers per week as defined in the employment regulations of their own national university hospital.

Source: National University Hospital Data (Medical Care and Organization) Survey

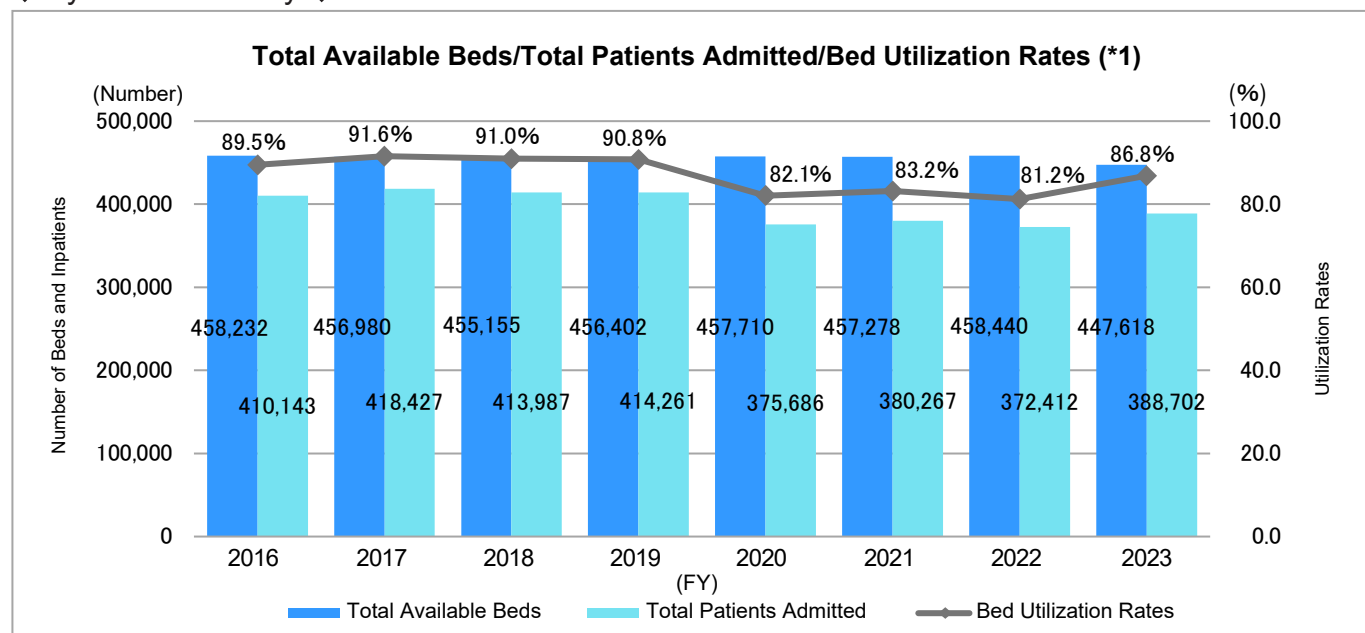
Number of Full-Time/Part-Time Nurses, etc.:

Data for this study is provided by the Database Center of the National University Hospitals, University of Tokyo Hospital.

Use of the data was approved by the Database Center Management Committee, National University Hospital Council of Japan (No. 189-20240919)

12-3. Bed Utilization Rates

◆ Kyushu University ◆



• Data excludes Kyushu University Beppu Hospital.

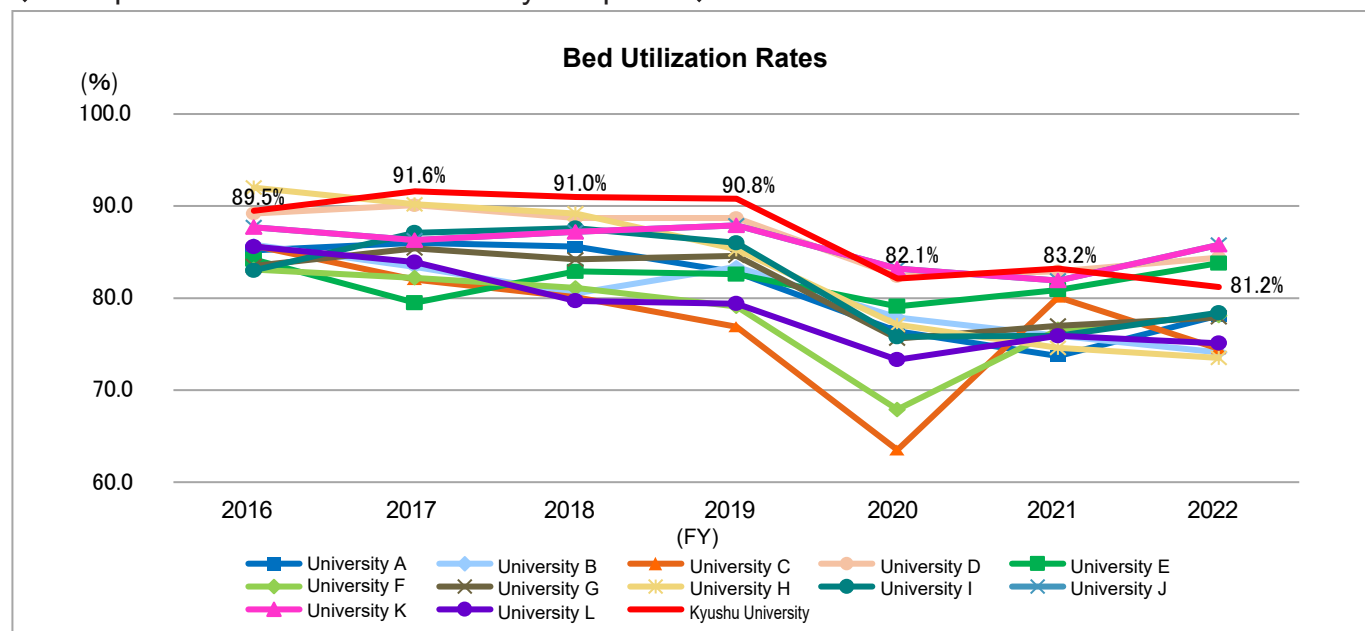
Bed Utilization Rates (*1) = Total Patients Admitted/Total Available Beds * 100

Bed Utilization Rate is an indicator that shows how efficiently university hospital beds are being run. Figures closer to 100% indicate that there are no unused beds, which means that the available beds are in use. This is utilized as an indicator to show the quality of university hospital management.

Source: National University Hospital Data (Medical Care and Organization) Survey

Total Available Beds/Total Patients Admitted/Bed Utilization Rates: Data for this study is provided by the Database Center of the National University Hospitals, University of Tokyo Hospital. Use of the data was approved by the Database Center Management Committee, National University Hospital Council of Japan (No. 189-20240919)

◆ Comparisons with Other University Hospitals ◆



• Compared only to the University Hospital (not including centers and the hospital attached to research institutes).

• Compared among (*) Group A <13 universities> in the “Financial Analysis Classification of National University Corporations” by the National University Corporation Evaluation Committee.

* Group A: National University Corporations with an enrollment capacity over 10,000 students, with 10 or more schools. (Only student enrollment capacity is considered for universities employing academic schools, colleges, and similar).

Source: National University Hospital Data, Spreadsheet of Medical Care

Bed Utilization Rates:

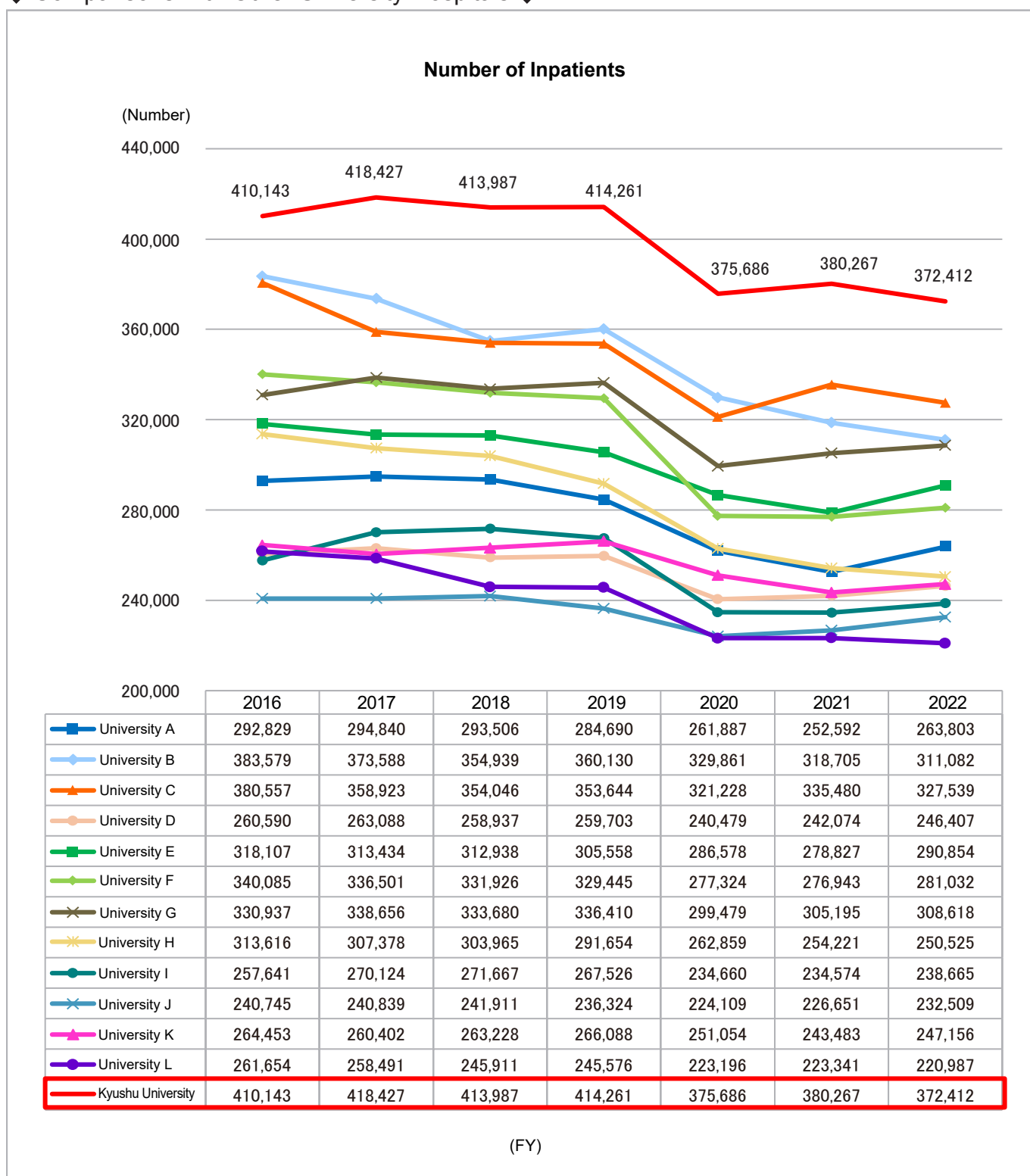
Data for this study is provided by the Database Center of the National University Hospitals, University of Tokyo Hospital.

Use of the data was approved by the Database Center Management Committee, National University Hospital Council of Japan (No. 189-20240919)

12-4. Number of Patients and Operations

12-4-1. Number of Inpatients

◆ Comparisons with Other University Hospitals ◆



- Compared only to the University Hospital (not including centers and the hospital attached to research institutes).
- Compared among (*) Group A <13 universities> in the "Financial Analysis Classification of National University Corporations" by the National University Corporation Evaluation Committee.
- * Group A: National University Corporations with an enrollment capacity over 10,000 students, with 10 or more schools. (Only student enrollment capacity is considered for universities employing academic schools, colleges, and similar).

Source: National University Hospital Data, Spreadsheet of Medical Care

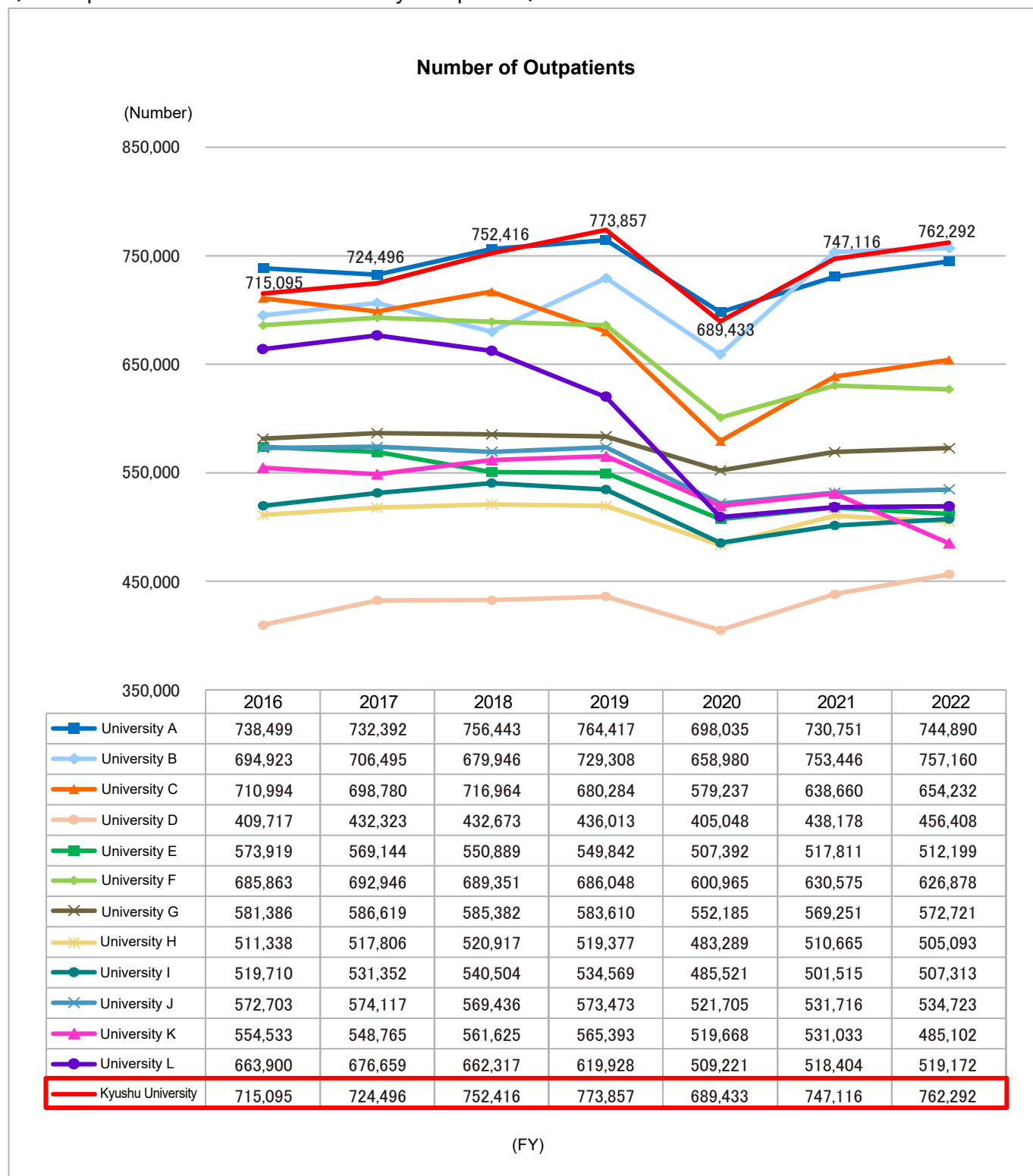
Number of Inpatients:

Data for this study is provided by the Database Center of the National University Hospitals, University of Tokyo Hospital.

Use of the data was approved by the Database Center Management Committee, National University Hospital Council of Japan (No. 189-20240919)

12-4-2. Number of Outpatients

◆ Comparisons with Other University Hospitals ◆



- Compared only to the University Hospital (not including centers and the hospital attached to research institutes).
- Compared among (*) Group A <13 universities> in the "Financial Analysis Classification of National University Corporations" by the National University Corporation Evaluation Committee.

* Group A: National University Corporations with an enrollment capacity over 10,000 students, with 10 or more schools. (Only student enrollment capacity is considered for universities employing academic schools, colleges, and similar).

Source: National University Hospital Data, Spreadsheet of Medical Care

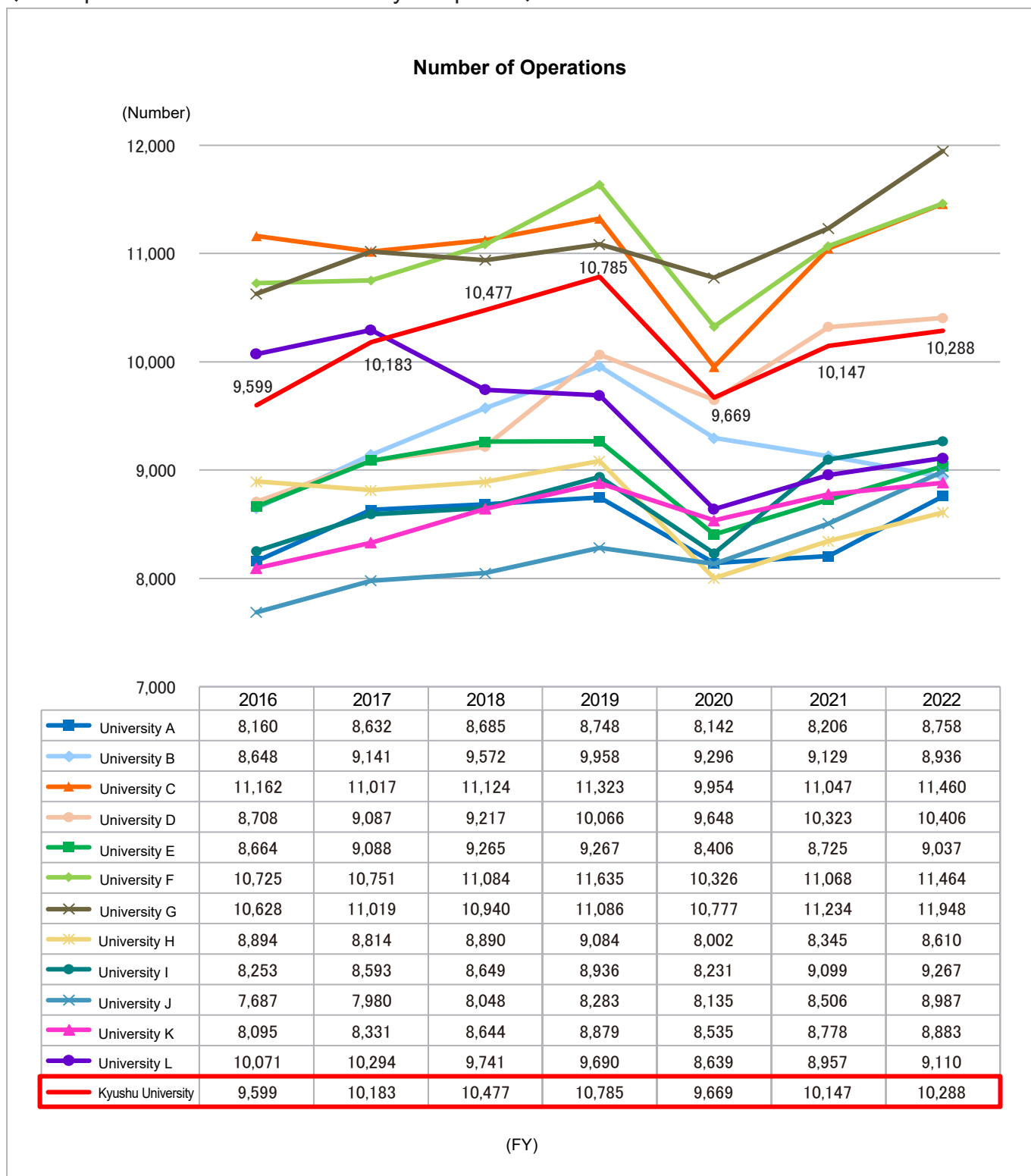
Number of Outpatients:

Data for this study is provided by the Database Center of the National University Hospitals, University of Tokyo Hospital.

Use of the data was approved by the Database Center Management Committee, National University Hospital Council of Japan (No. 189-20240919)

12-4-3. Number of Operations

◆ Comparisons with Other University Hospitals ◆



- Compared only to the University Hospital (not including centers and the hospital attached to research institutes).
- Compared among (*) Group A <13 universities> in the "Financial Analysis Classification of National University Corporations" by the National University Corporation Evaluation Committee.

* Group A: National University Corporations with an enrollment capacity over 10,000 students, with 10 or more schools. (Only student enrollment capacity is considered for universities employing academic schools, colleges, and similar).

Source: National University Hospital Data, Spreadsheet of Medical Care

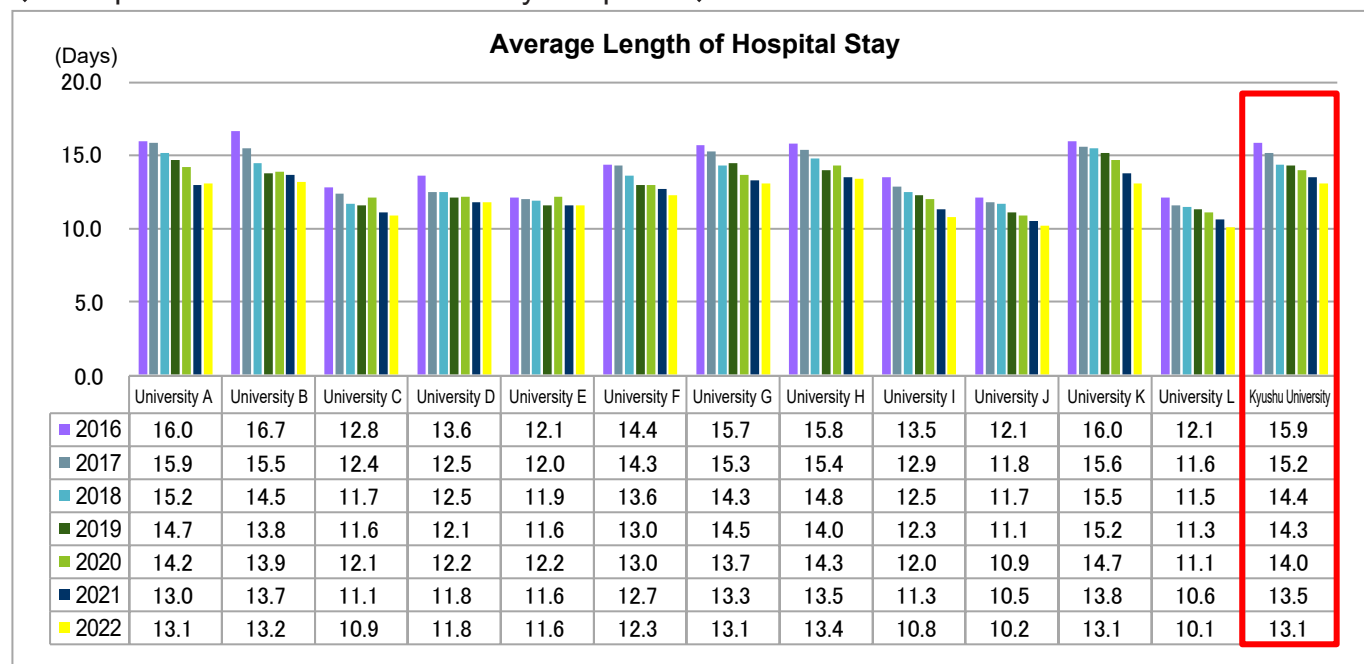
Number of Operations:

Data for this study is provided by the Database Center of the National University Hospitals, University of Tokyo Hospital.

Use of the data was approved by the Database Center Management Committee, National University Hospital Council of Japan (No. 189-20240919)

12-5. Average Length of Hospital Stay

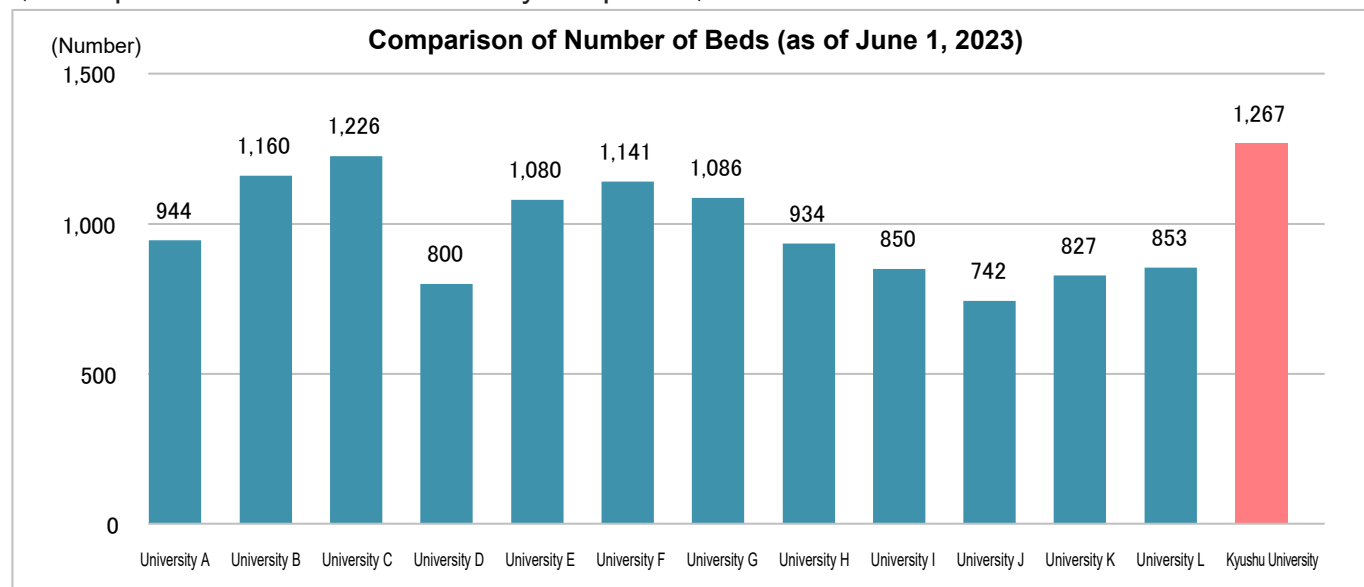
◆ Comparisons with Other University Hospitals ◆



- Compared only to the University Hospital (not including centers and the hospital attached to research institutes).
- Compared among (*) Group A <13 universities> in the “Financial Analysis Classification of National University Corporations” by the National University Corporation Evaluation Committee.
- * Group A: National University Corporations with an enrollment capacity over 10,000 students, with 10 or more schools. (Only student enrollment capacity is considered for universities employing academic schools, colleges, and similar).
- Average length of hospital stay is an indicator of how many days each patient stays in the hospital as a whole. The higher the level of quality assurance and efficiency of medical care achieved, the shorter the average length of hospital stay, and thus it is used as an indicator of the quality of hospital management. Note that the length of hospital stay varies depending on the severity of the patient's condition and the type of illness, and therefore cannot be simply compared.

12-6. Comparison of Number of Beds

◆ Comparisons with Other University Hospitals ◆



- Compared only to the University Hospital (not including centers and the hospital attached to research institutes).
- Compared among (*) Group A <13 universities> in the “Financial Analysis Classification of National University Corporations” by the National University Corporation Evaluation Committee.
- * Group A: National University Corporations with an enrollment capacity over 10,000 students, with 10 or more schools. (Only student enrollment capacity is considered for universities employing academic schools, colleges, and similar).

Source: National University Hospital Data, Spreadsheet of Medical Care

Average Length of Hospital Stay, Comparison of Number of Beds:

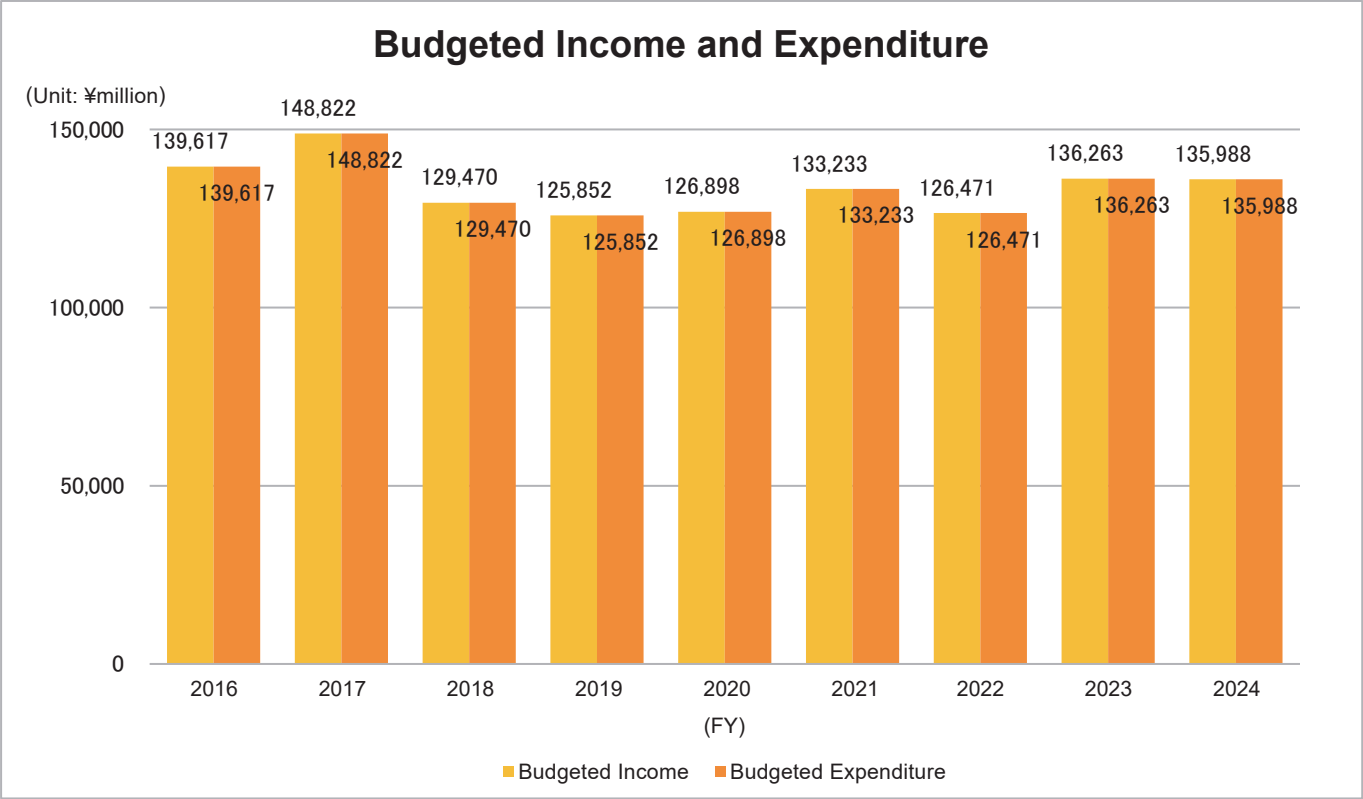
Data for this study is provided by the Database Center of the National University Hospitals, University of Tokyo Hospital.

Use of the data was approved by the Database Center Management Committee, National University Hospital Council of Japan (No. 189-20240919)

13. Income and Expenditure

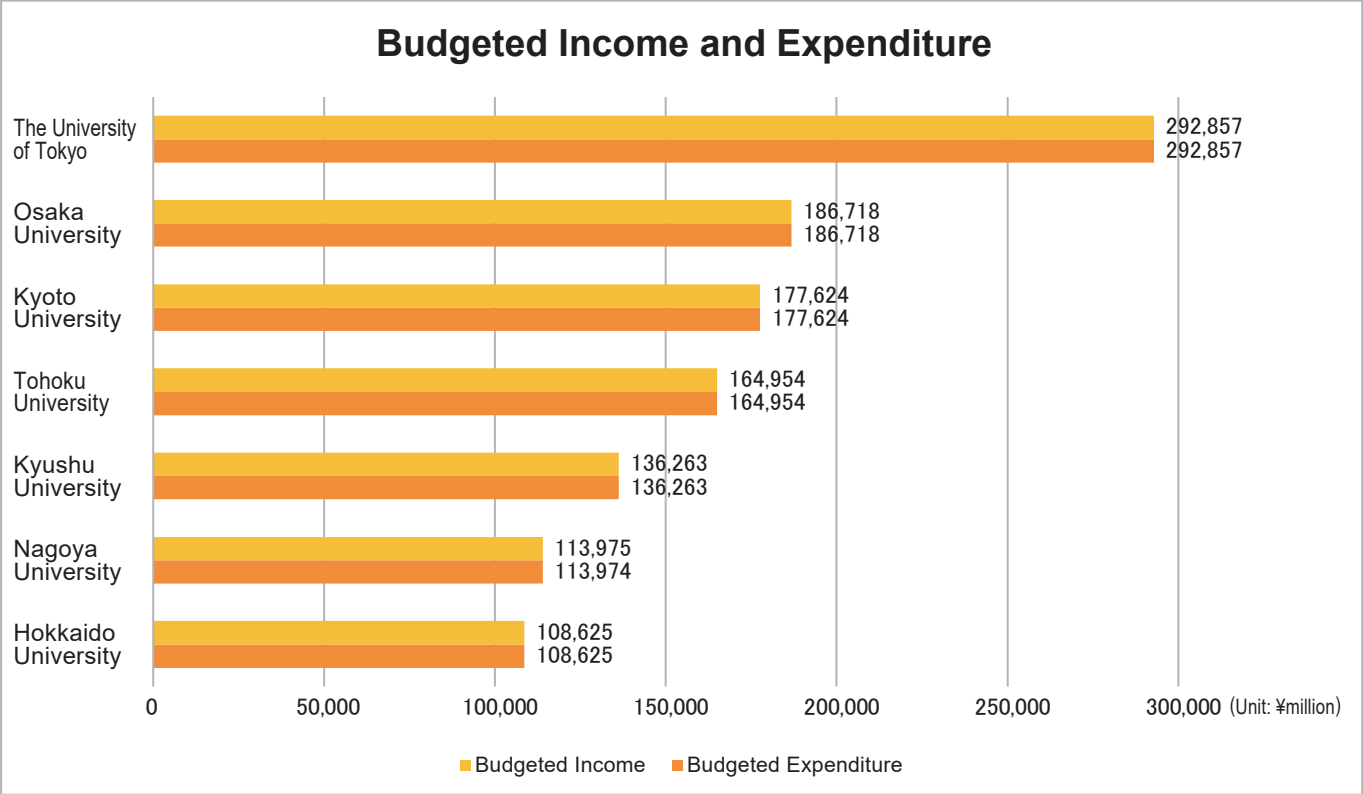
13-1. Budgeted Income and Expenditure

◆ Kyushu University ◆



Source: Kyushu University Information

◆ Comparisons with Other Universities (FY2023) ◆

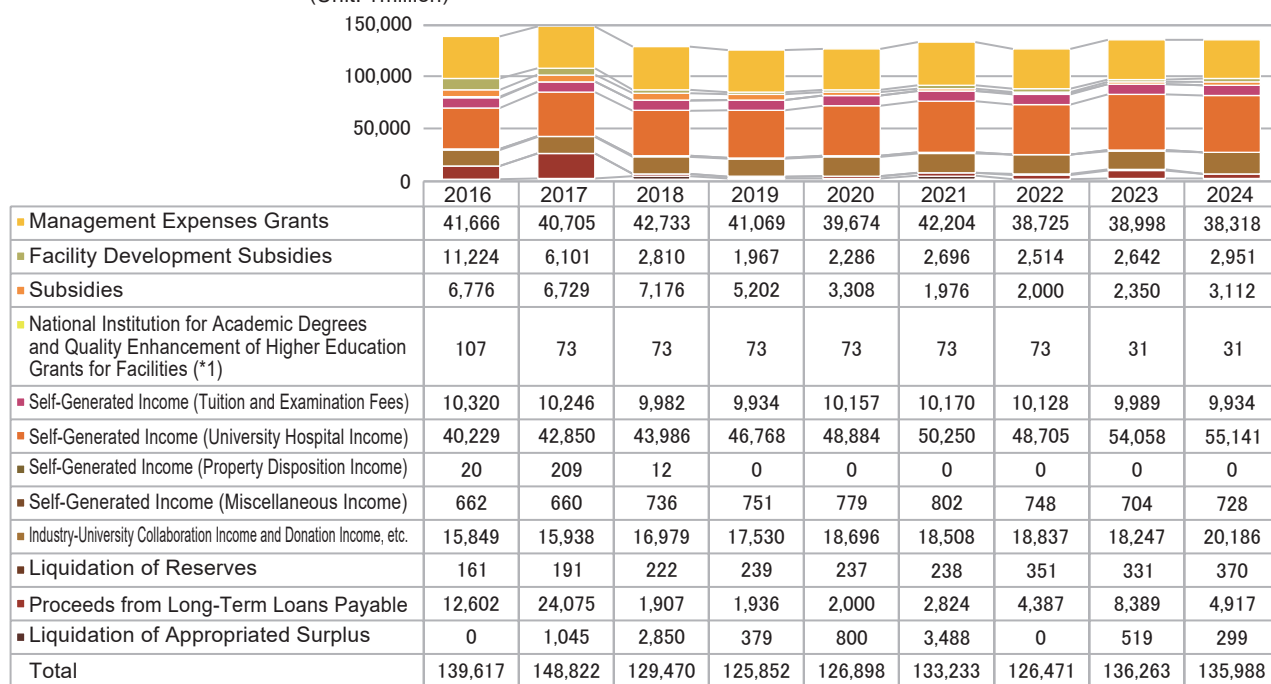


Source: Each university's Financial Report

13-2. Budgeted Income

Budgeted Income

(Unit: ¥million)



(FY)

• Under ¥1 million, sums are rounded down, so the totals may not add up.

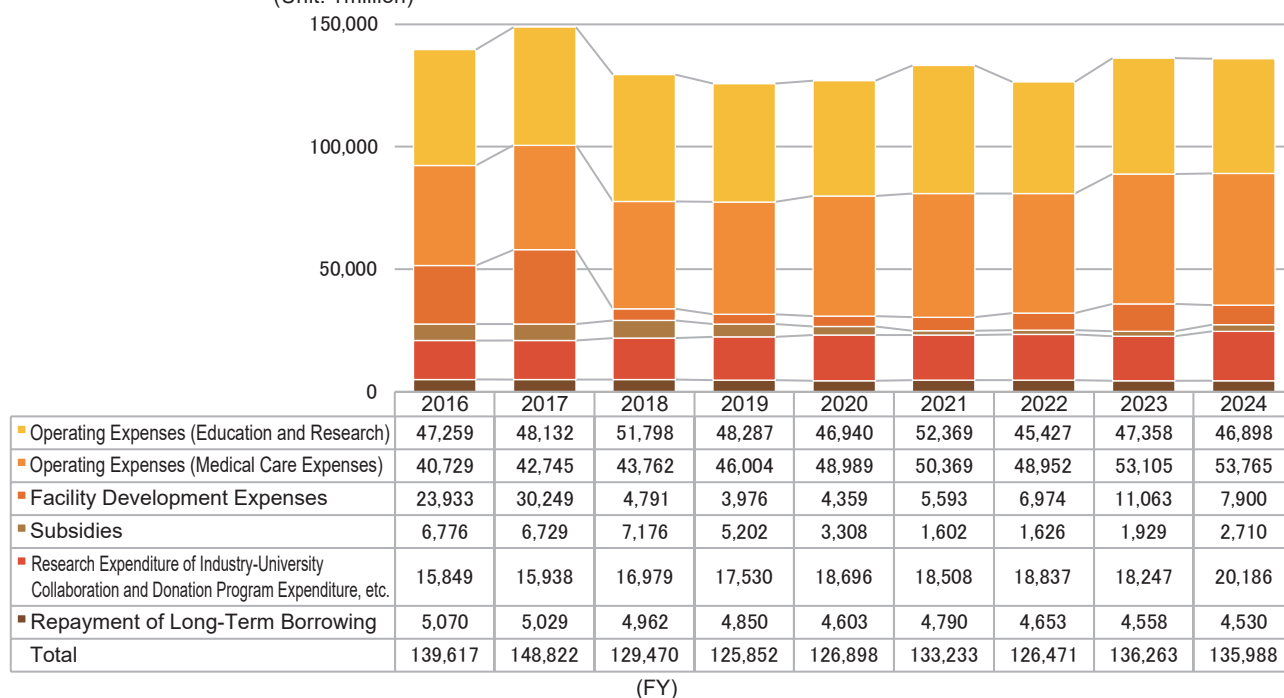
(*1) From FY2016, the name of “National University Finance and management Center” was changed to “National Institution for Academic Degrees and Quality Enhancement of Higher Education”.

Source: Kyushu University Information

13-3. Budgeted Expenditure

Budgeted Expenditure

(Unit: ¥million)



(FY)

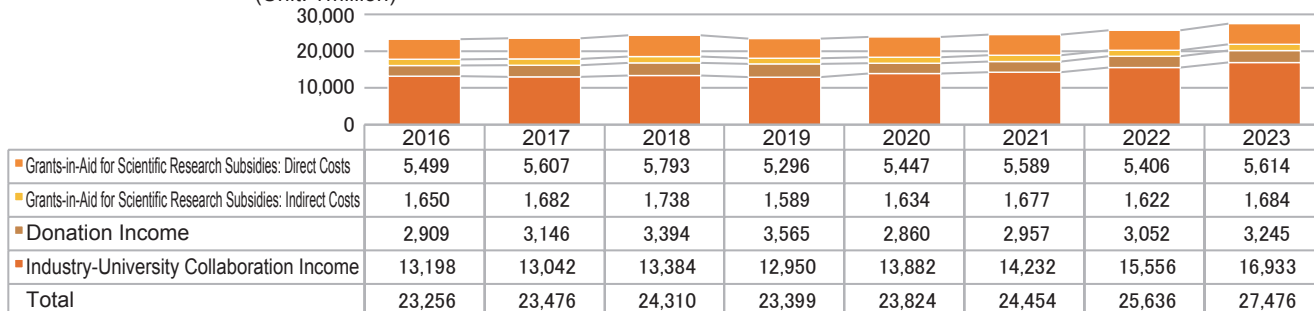
• Under ¥1 million, sums are rounded down, so the totals may not add up.

Source: Kyushu University Information

13-4. Funding from KAKENHI Grants-in-Aid for Scientific Research, Donation Income, and Industry-University Collaboration Income

Funding from KAKENHI Grants-in-Aid for Scientific Research, Donation Income, and Industry-University Collaboration Income

(Unit: ¥million)



(FY)

- Allocating agencies use informal grants as their criteria for Grants-in-Aid for Scientific Research.
- Grants-in-Aid for Scientific Research Subsidies excludes the following: Incentive Research, Special Fellowship, International Collaborative Research Acceleration Fund (Returning Researcher Development Research), and the Research Results Publication Promotion Fund.
- Under ¥1 million, sums are rounded.
- Donation income includes endowed courses.

Source: Grants-in-Aid for Scientific Research Research and Industry-University-Government Collaboration Promotion Division (FY2016-2020), *Kyushu University Information* (FY2021-2023)
Donation Income, Research Income from Industry-University Collaboration *Kyushu University Information*

13-5. Projects Funded by KAKENHI Grants-in-Aid for Scientific Research

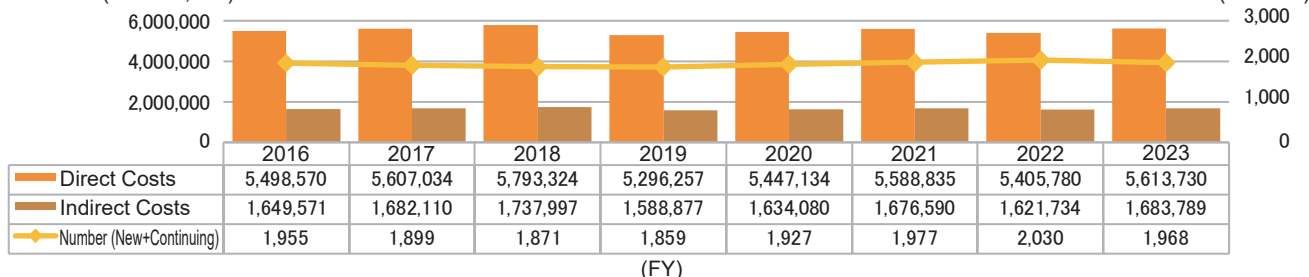
13-5-1. Projects Funded by KAKENHI Grants-in-Aid for Scientific Research (Overall)

◆ Kyushu University ◆

Projects Funded by KAKENHI Grants-in-Aid for Scientific Research

(Unit: ¥1,000)

(Number)



(FY)

- The criteria for grant offers come from the allocating agency.
- The following are excluded: Incentive Research, Special Fellowship, International Collaborative Research Acceleration Fund (Returning Researcher Development Research), and the Research Results Publication Promotion Fund.
- Under ¥1,000, sums are rounded.

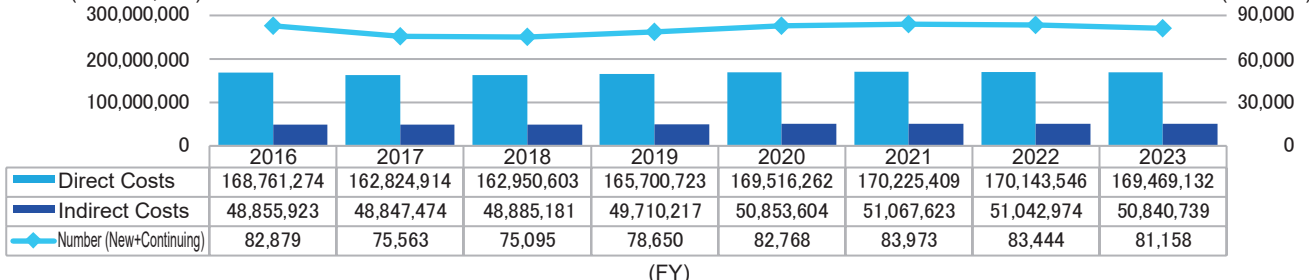
Source: Research and Industry-University-Government Collaboration Promotion Division (FY2016-2020), *Kyushu University Information* (FY2021-2023)

◆ Nationwide ◆

Projects Funded by KAKENHI Grants-in-Aid for Scientific Research

(Unit: ¥1,000)

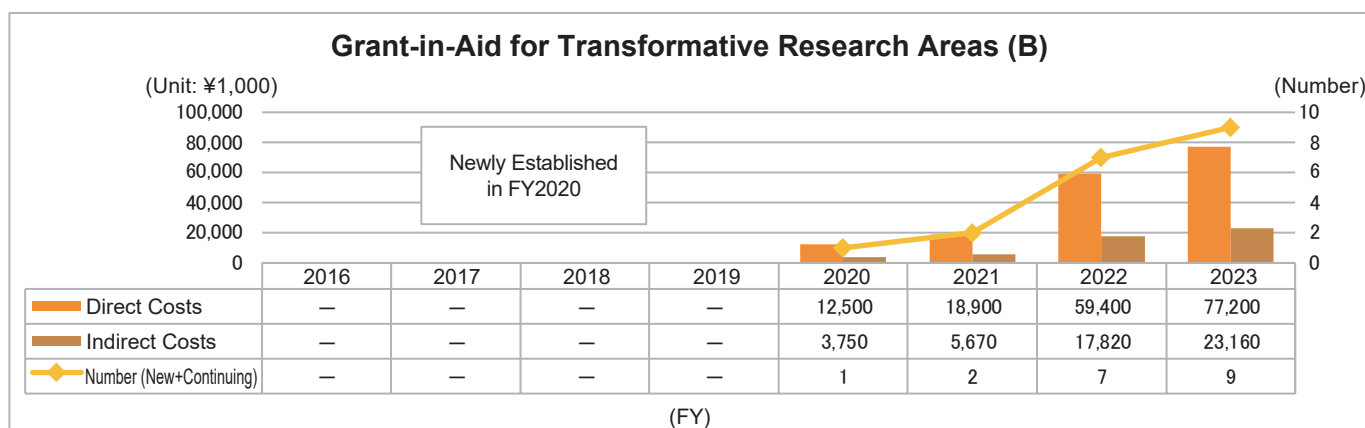
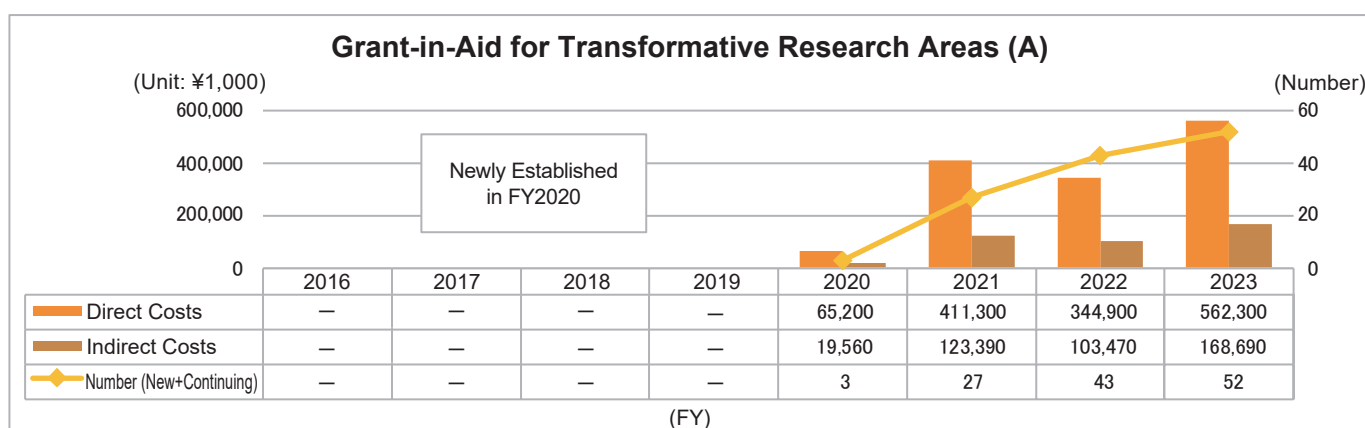
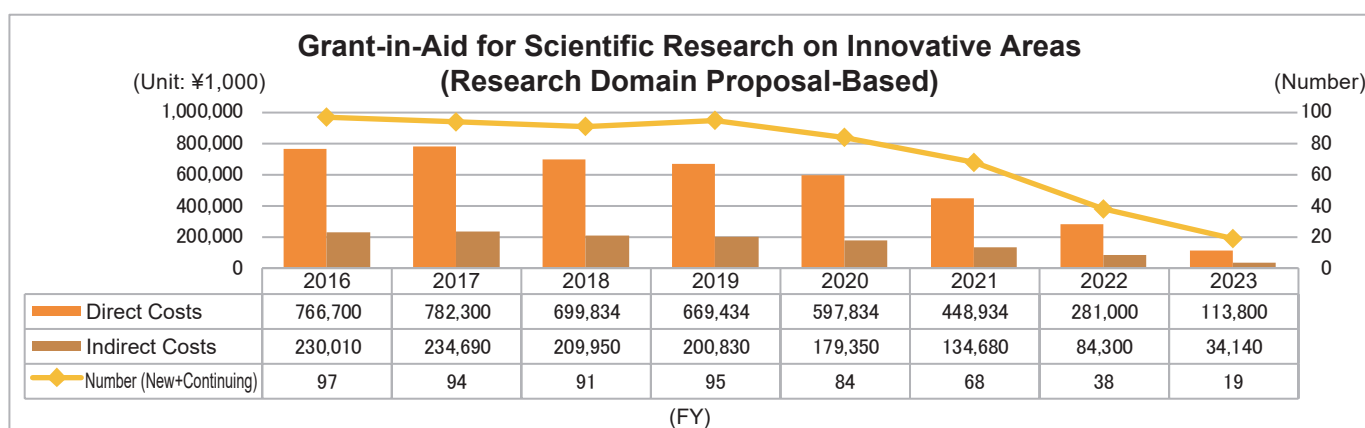
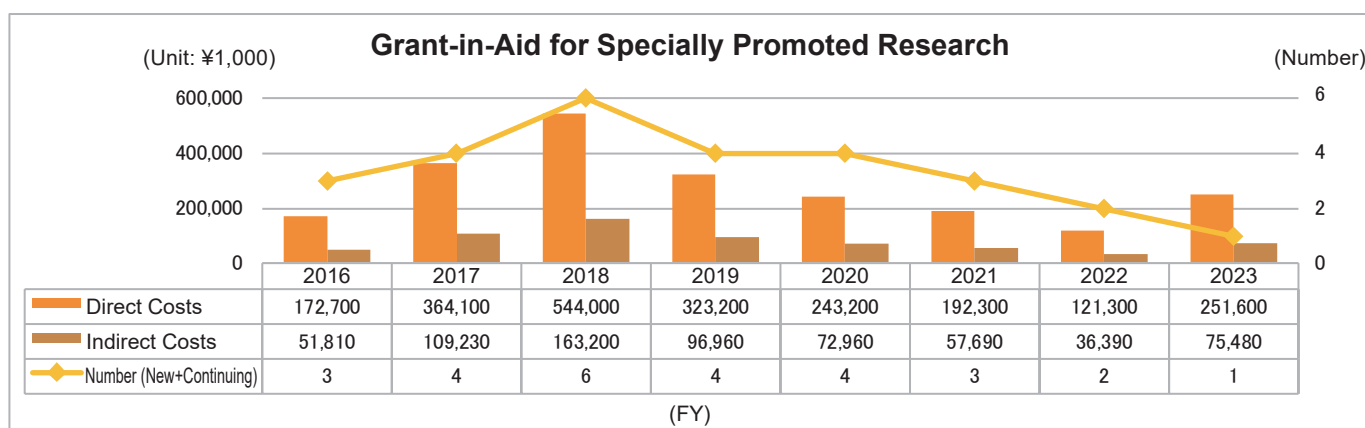
(Number)



(FY)

Source: Japan Society for the Promotion of Science (JSPS) website, "Allocation of Grants-in-Aid for Scientific Research in FY2023", lists the number of grants adopted and the amount allocated by the research organization to which the researcher belongs

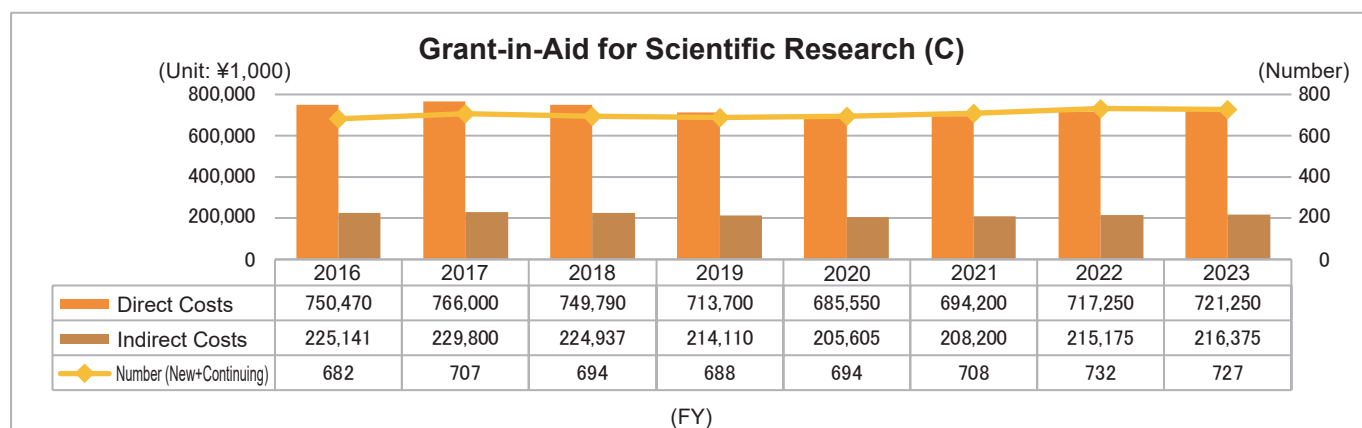
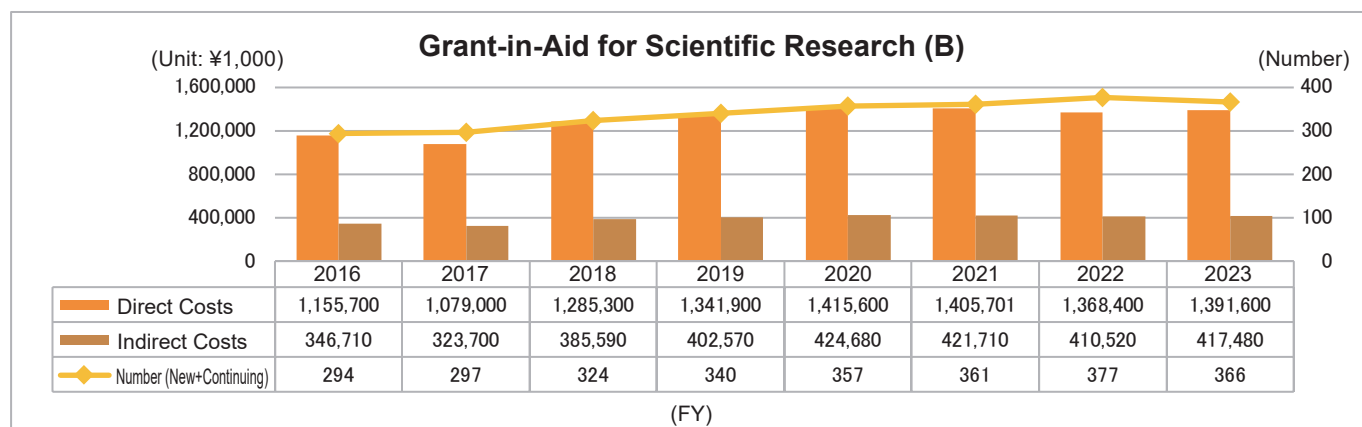
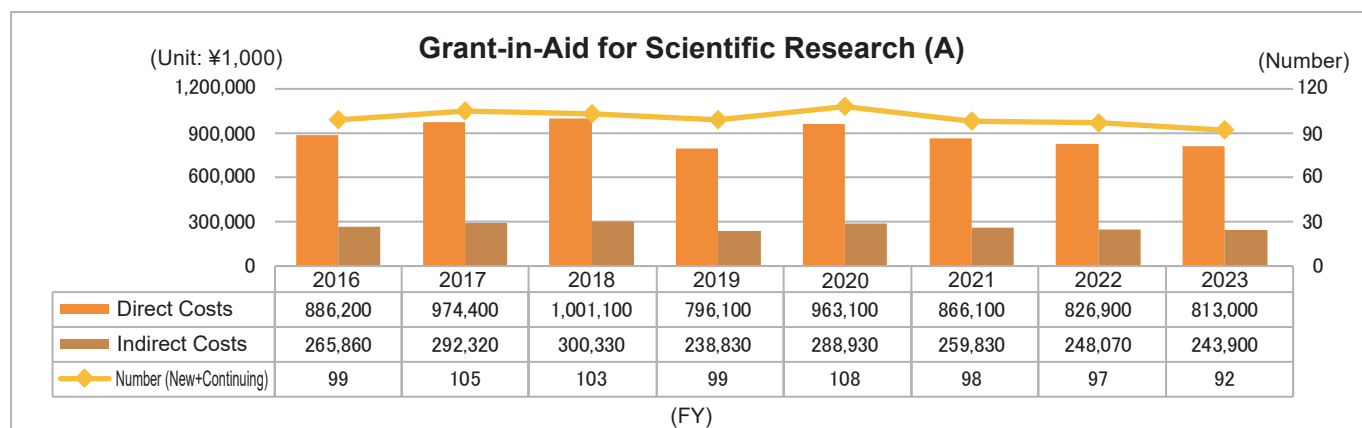
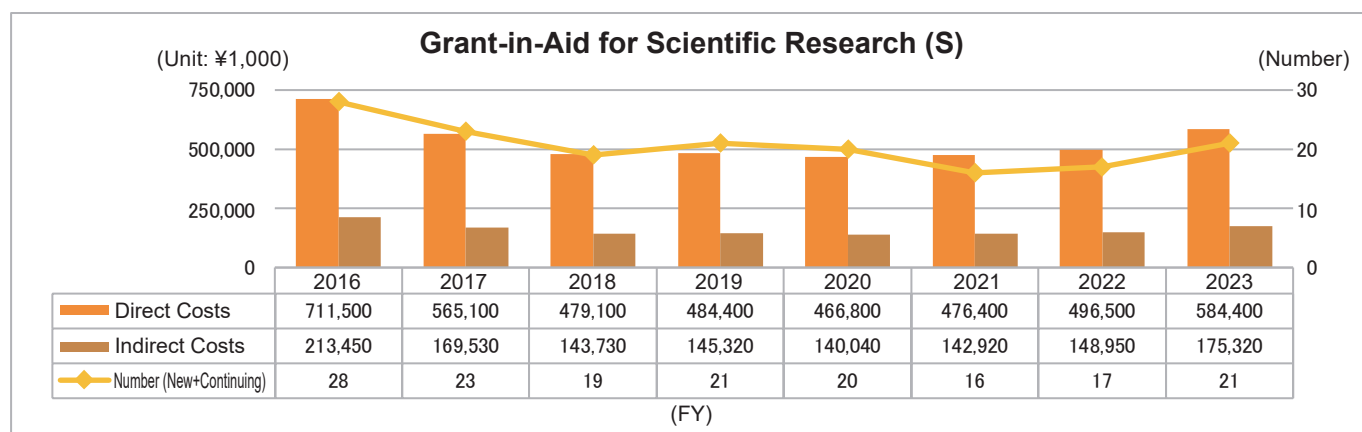
13-5-2. Projects Funded by KAKENHI Grants-in-Aid for Scientific Research (by Research Category)



- The criteria for grant offers come from the allocating agency.
- Under ¥1,000, sums are rounded.

Source: Research and Industry-University-Government Collaboration Promotion Division (FY2016-2020)
Kyushu University Information (FY2021-2023)

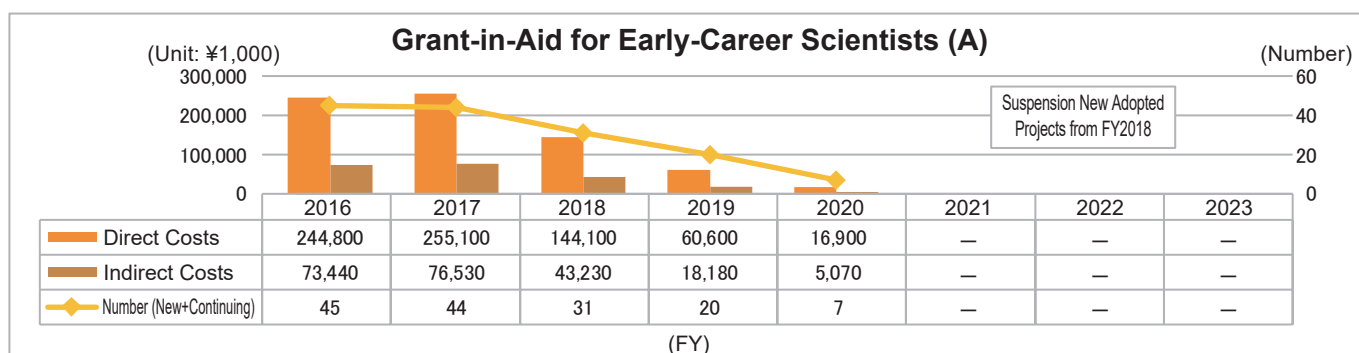
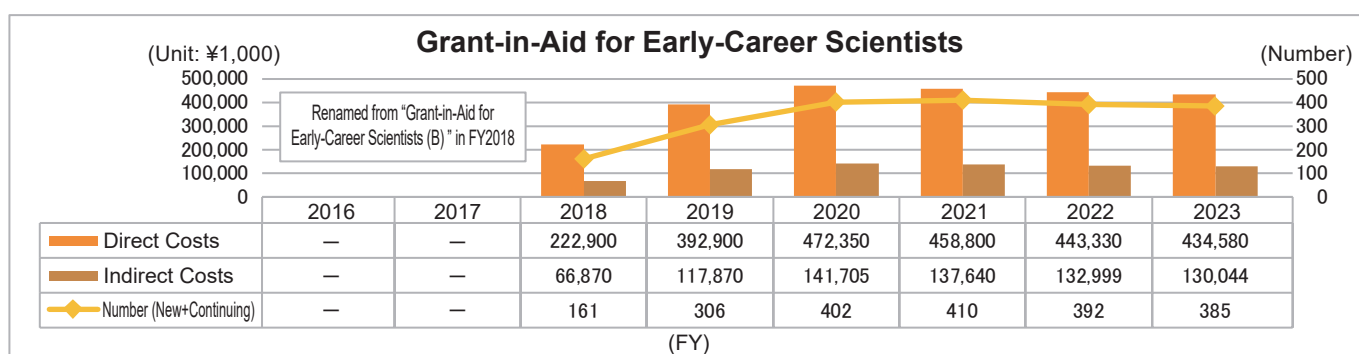
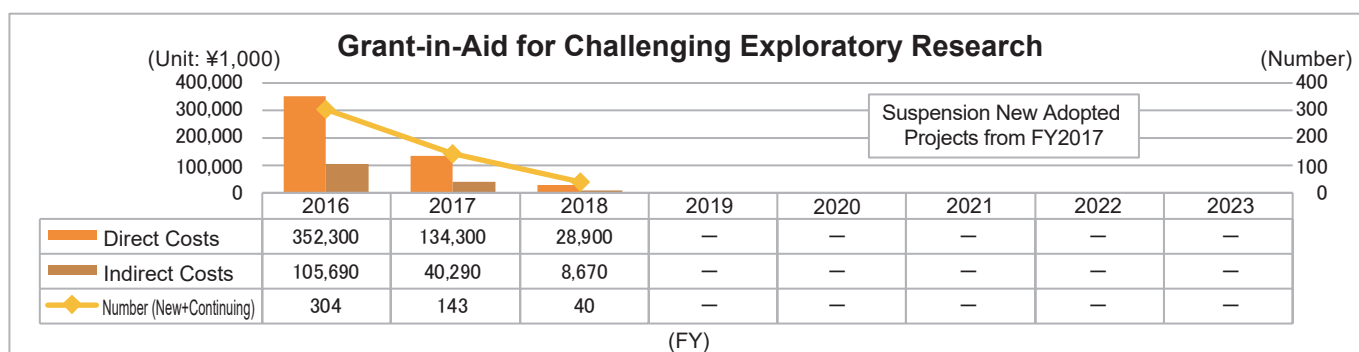
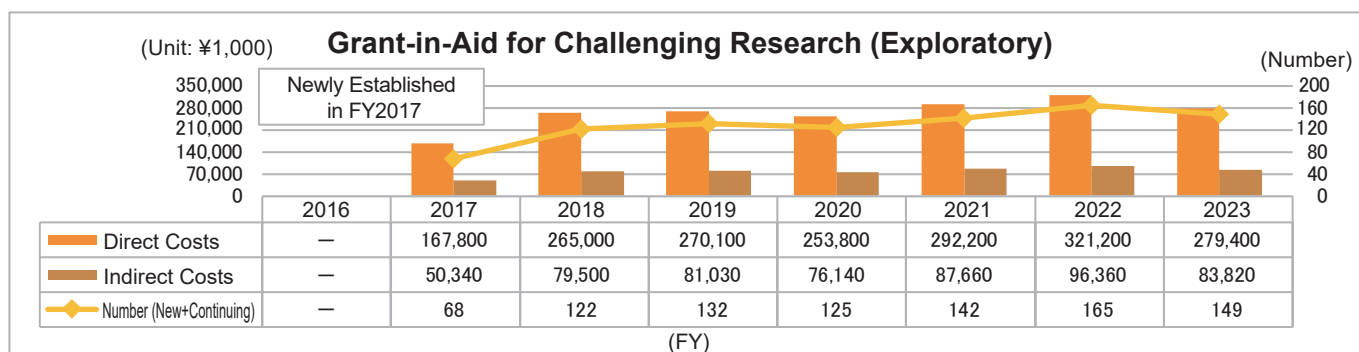
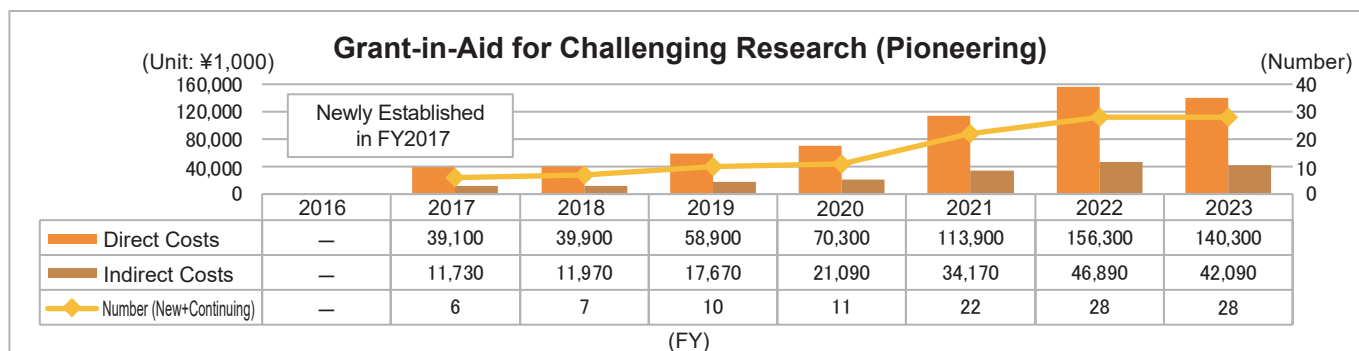
13-5-2. Projects Funded by KAKENHI Grants-in-Aid for Scientific Research (by Research Category) (Continued)



- The criteria for grant offers come from the allocating agency.
- Under ¥1,000, sums are rounded.

Source: Research and Industry-University-Government Collaboration Promotion Division (FY2016-2020)
Kyushu University Information (FY2021-2023)

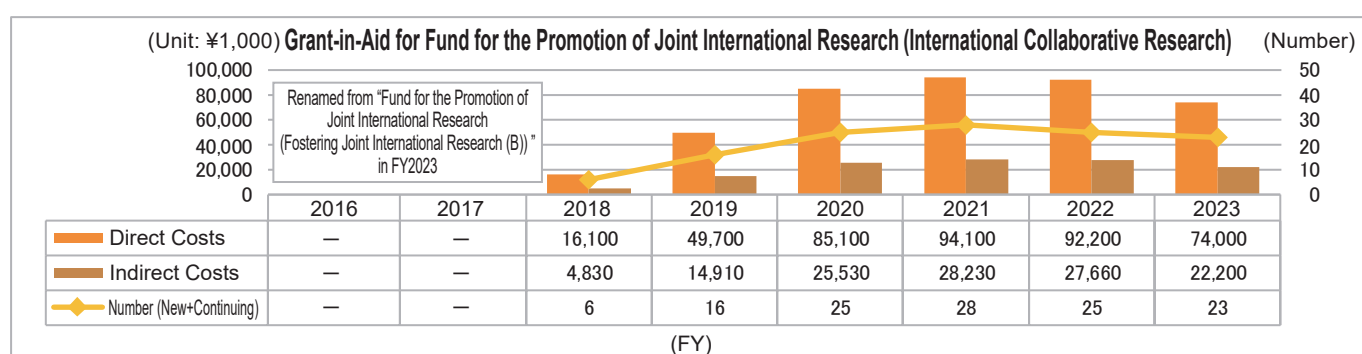
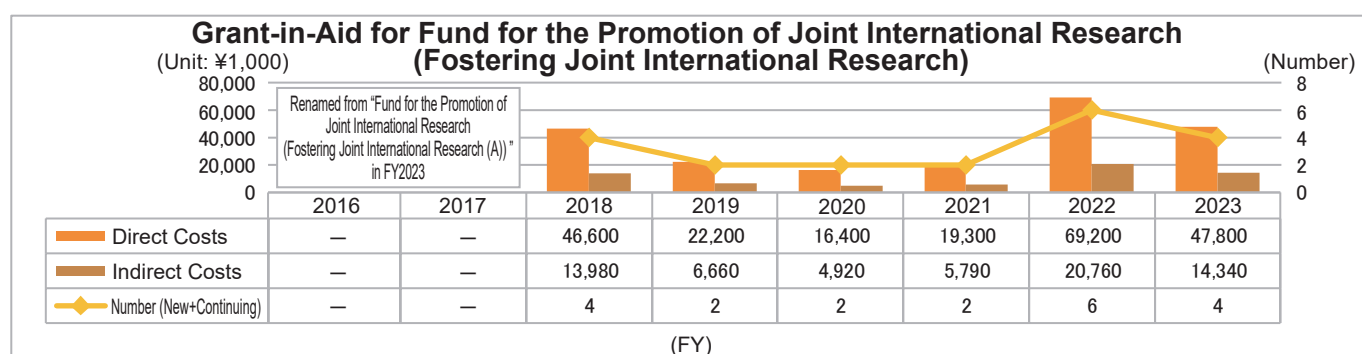
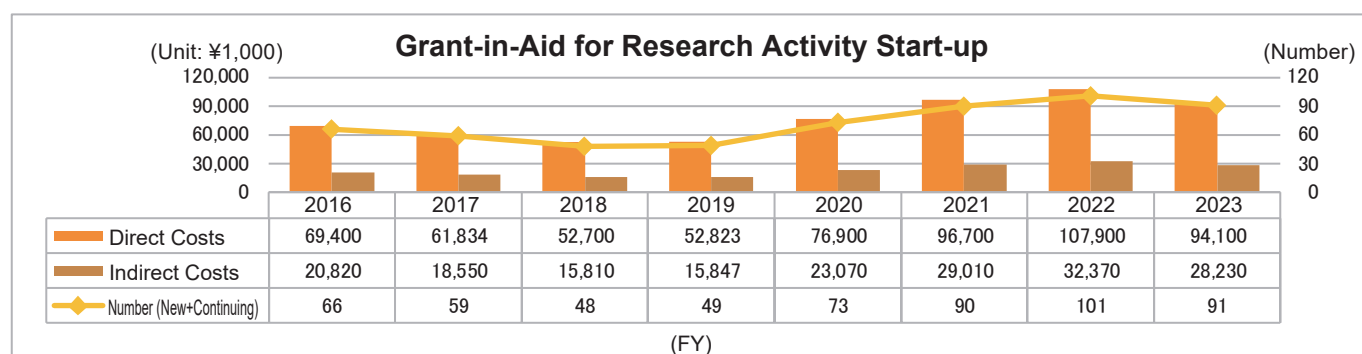
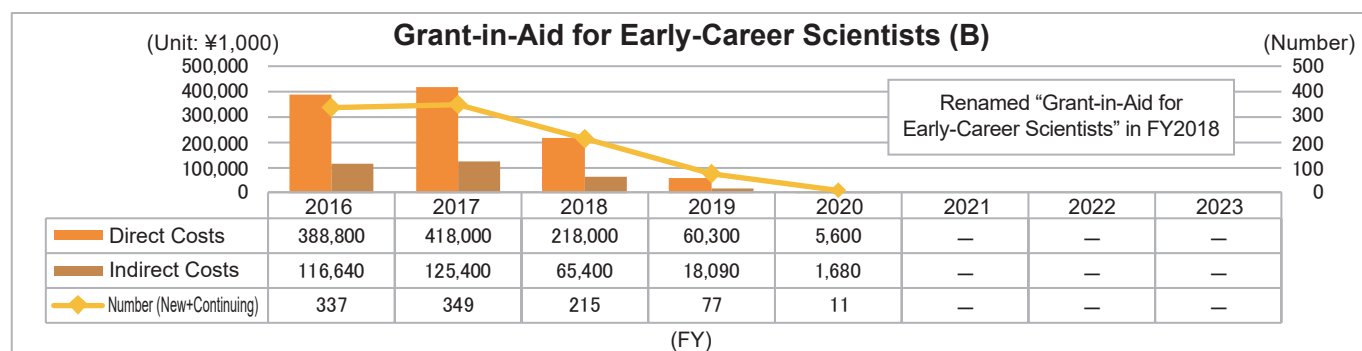
13-5-2. Projects Funded by KAKENHI Grants-in-Aid for Scientific Research (by Research Category) (Continued)



- The criteria for grant offers come from the allocating agency.
- Under ¥1,000, sums are rounded.

Source: Research and Industry-University-Government Collaboration Promotion Division (FY2016-2020)
Kyushu University Information (FY2021-2023)

13-5-2. Projects Funded by KAKENHI Grants-in-Aid for Scientific Research (by Research Category) (Continued)



- The criteria for grant offers come from the allocating agency.
- Under ¥1,000, sums are rounded.

Source: Research and Industry-University-Government Collaboration Promotion Division (FY2016-2020)
Kyushu University Information (FY2021-2023)

13-5-3. Comparison of Projects Funded by KAKENHI Grants-in-Aid for Scientific Research

◆ New+Continuing ◆ (FY2023)

Number of Projects Selected

Rank	Institution	Number
1	The University of Tokyo	3,948
2	Kyoto University	2,933
3	Osaka University	2,579
4	Tohoku University	2,325
5	Kyushu University	1,994
6	Nagoya University	1,712
7	Hokkaido University	1,687
8	University of Tsukuba	1,363
9	Hiroshima University	1,193
10	Kobe University	1,117

Percentage of Women

Rank	Institution	Percentage
1	University of Tsukuba	22.2%
2	Hiroshima University	20.5%
3	Kobe University	19.6%
4	Nagoya University	17.6%
5	Kyushu University	17.5%
6	Osaka University	17.1%
7	The University of Tokyo	16.4%
8	Kyoto University	16.0%
9	Tohoku University	15.9%
10	Hokkaido University	15.7%

Percentage of Early-Career Scientists (*1)

Rank	Institution	Percentage
1	The University of Tokyo	35.7%
2	Osaka University	33.7%
3	Tohoku University	31.3%
4	Kyushu University	30.1%
5	Kyoto University	29.8%
6	Hiroshima University	28.1%
7	Kobe University	27.9%
8	University of Tsukuba	27.7%
9	Hokkaido University	27.0%
10	Nagoya University	26.9%

Sum Allocated

Rank	Institution	Direct Costs (Unit: ¥1,000)	Indirect Costs (Unit: ¥1,000)	Total (Unit: ¥1,000)
1	The University of Tokyo	16,039,554	4,811,866	20,851,420
2	Kyoto University	10,539,300	3,161,790	13,701,090
3	Osaka University	7,876,131	2,362,839	10,238,970
4	Tohoku University	7,691,464	2,307,439	9,998,903
5	Nagoya University	5,812,018	1,743,606	7,555,624
6	Kyushu University	5,587,800	1,676,340	7,264,140
7	Hokkaido University	4,655,400	1,396,620	6,052,020
8	University of Tsukuba	3,400,535	1,020,161	4,420,696
9	Hiroshima University	2,224,000	667,200	2,891,200
10	Kobe University	2,199,000	659,700	2,858,700

◆ New ◆ (FY2023)

Number of Projects Selected

Rank	Institution	Number
1	The University of Tokyo	1,367
2	Kyoto University	914
3	Osaka University	854
4	Tohoku University	732
5	Kyushu University	594
6	Hokkaido University	551
7	Nagoya University	512
8	University of Tsukuba	431
9	Kobe University	375
10	Hiroshima University	363

Percentage of the Newly Adopted Projects

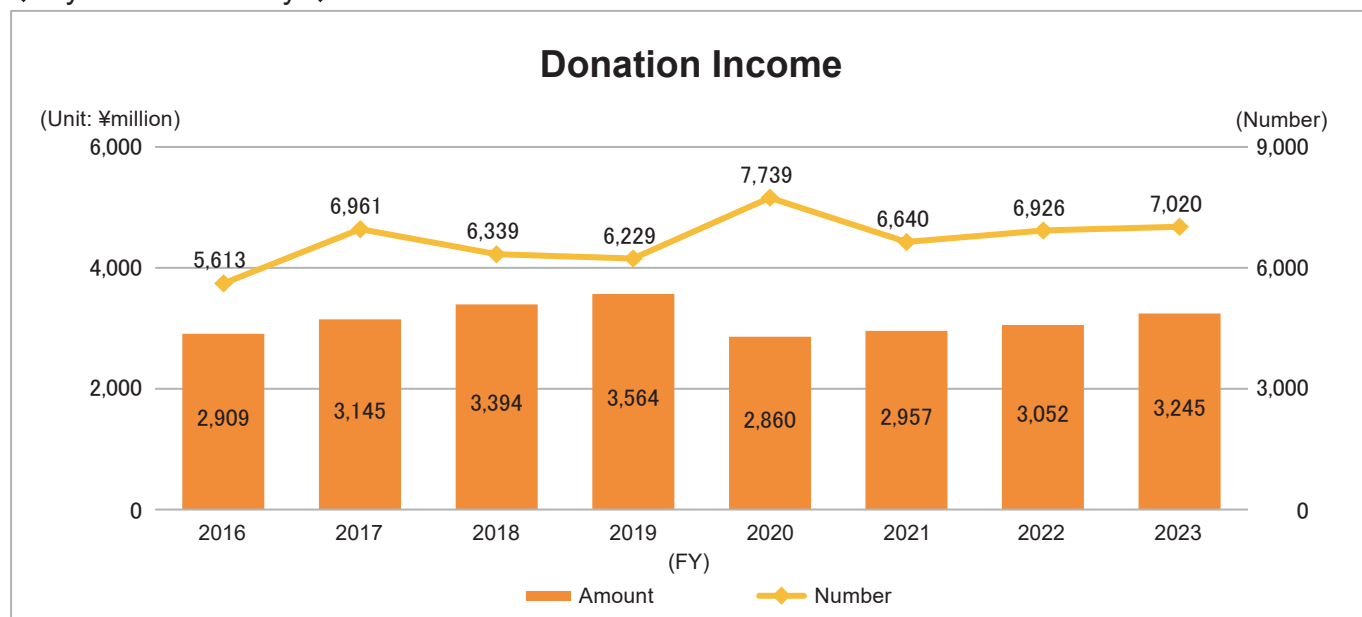
Rank	Institution	Percentage
1	The University of Tokyo	41.2%
2	Kyoto University	40.9%
3	Osaka University	35.6%
4	Hokkaido University	34.7%
5	Tohoku University	34.0%
6	Nagoya University	32.8%
7	University of Tsukuba	32.4%
8	Kobe University	32.2%
9	Kyushu University	30.6%
10	Hiroshima University	30.5%

(*1) Percentage of Early-Career Scientists refers to the percentage of selected projects in which researchers under the age of 40 were selected.
 • Among the 1,363 participating institutions, the top 10 are ranked for various categories.

Source: Japan Society for the Promotion of Science (JSPS) website, "Allocation of Grants-in-Aid for Scientific Research in FY2023", lists the number of grants adopted and the amount allocated by the research organization to which the researcher belongs

13-6. Donation Income

◆ Kyushu University ◆



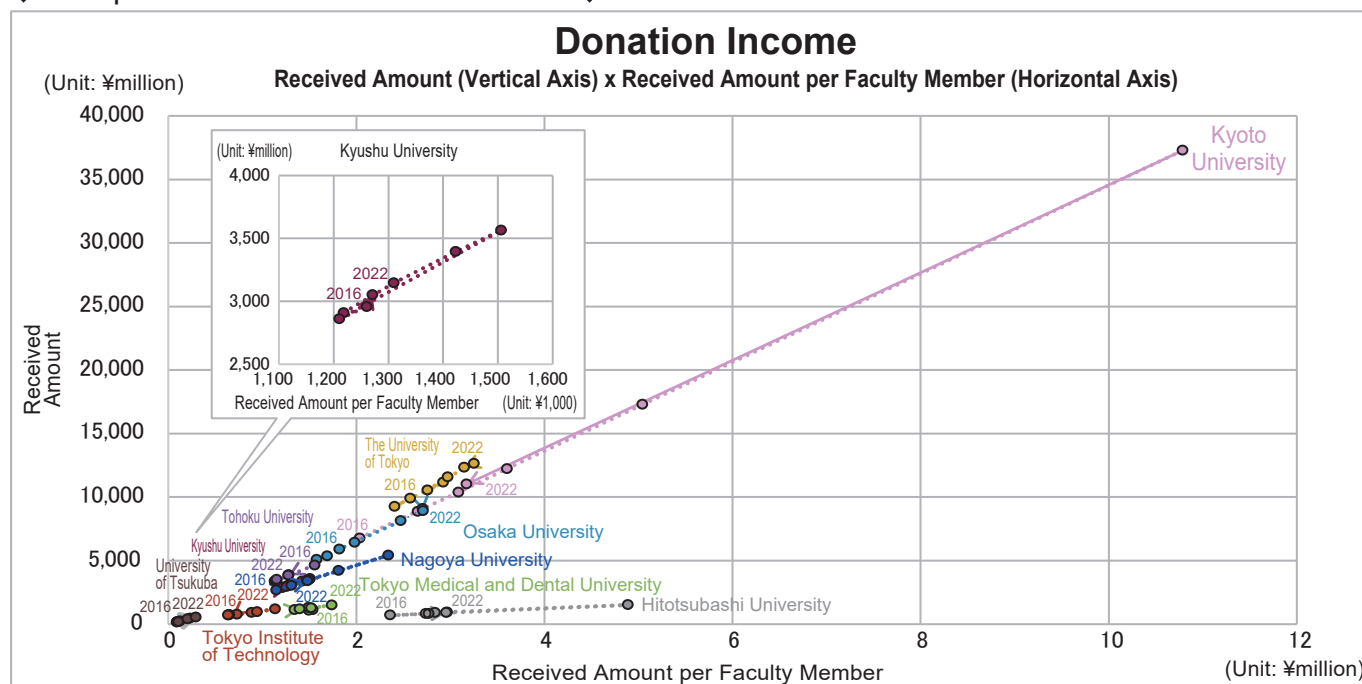
- Under ¥1 million, sums are rounded down.
- The figures include income for classes maintained through donations.

(*1) Kyushu University Fund

This was founded thanks to the generosity of those who donated to the university's Centennial Anniversary Project. The Kyushu University Fund's goal is to support education, research, and clinical practice at Kyushu University and to further upgrade and enhance the environment within which they are carried out, in order to encourage research activities that truly contribute to humanity and society. This will enable Kyushu University to function as a base for further promotion of high-quality higher education supported by people around the world, as well as the pursuit, creation, and development of better knowledge, with the ultimate objective of building an institution that will open the door to a new century of knowledge as an academic leader in an increasingly globalized world and guide the world and humanity to the wisdom to which they aspire. Kyushu University Fund website: <http://kikin.kyushu-u.ac.jp>

Source: Kyushu University Information

◆ Comparisons With Other Universities ◆



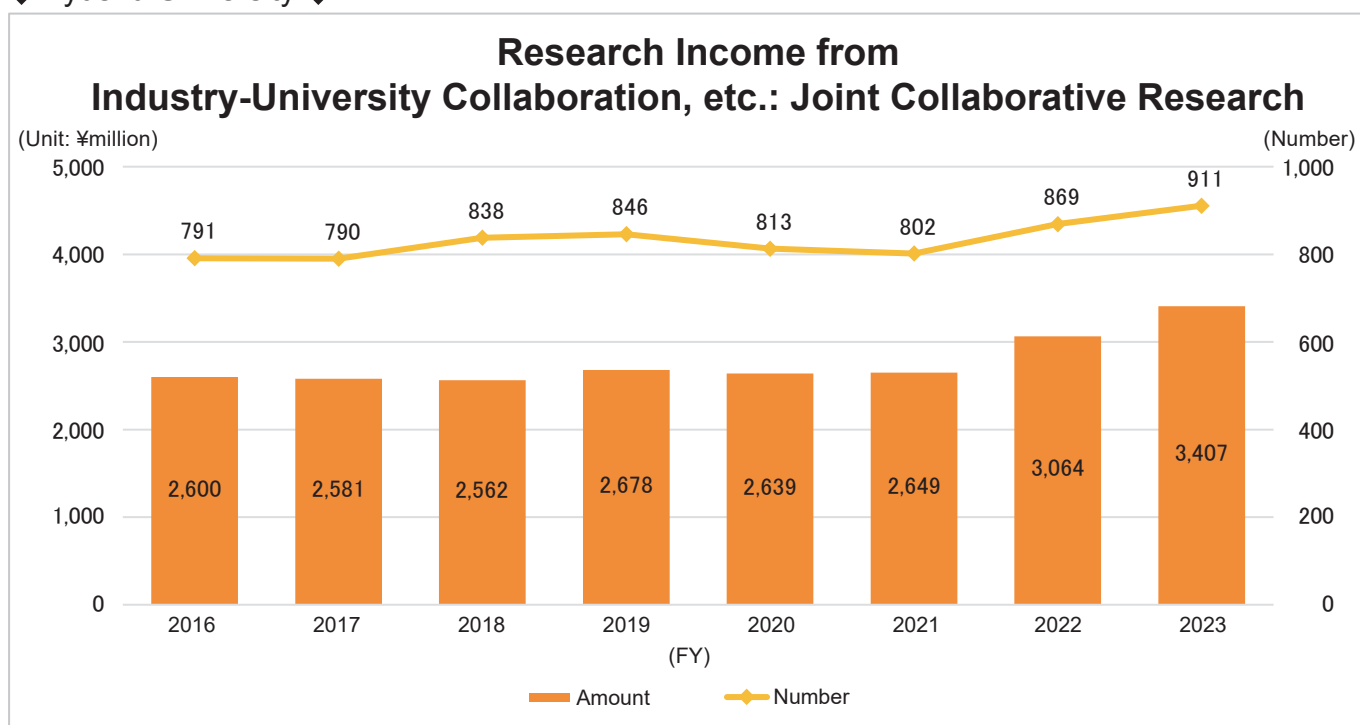
- This is a comparison of 10 Designated National University Corporations.
- Received amount per faculty member is calculated from the amount received, divided by the number of faculty members.

Source: Received Amount of Donation Income Summary of Each University and Integrated Report

Number of faculty members National Institution for Academic Degrees and Quality Enhancement of Higher Education, Basic University Information, Student Teaching Staff, (7-B) Number of faculty members (regular employees) (<https://portal.niad.ac.jp/ptrt/table.html>)

13-7-2. Research Income from Industry-University Collaboration (Joint Collaborative Research)

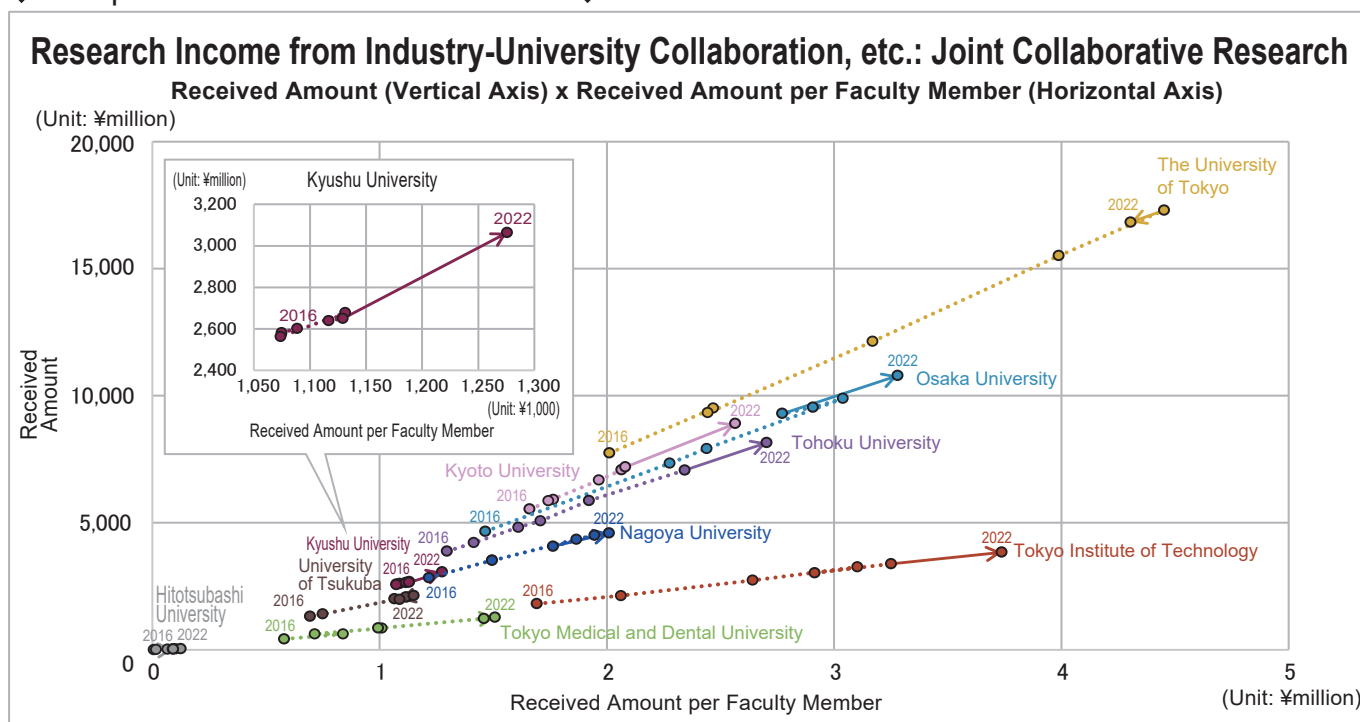
◆ Kyushu University ◆



• Under ¥1 million, sums are rounded down.

Source: Kyushu University Information

◆ Comparisons With Other Universities ◆



- This is a comparison of 10 Designated National University Corporations.
- Received amount per faculty member is calculated from the amount received, divided by the number of faculty members.

Source: Amount MEXT, *Implementation of Industry-University Cooperative Research, etc. at Universities*, Individual Results (Data by Institution), Form 2 "Joint Research"

Number of faculty members National Institution for Academic Degrees and Quality Enhancement of Higher Education, Basic University Information, Student Teaching Staff, (7-B) Number of faculty members (regular employees) (<https://portal.niad.ac.jp/ptr/table.html>)

14. Selection of Research/Education Programs

14-1. Selection of Research Programs

The Center Project Selected for the First Time in FY2017

■ Clinical R&D Promotion Program (Comprehensive Program for Improving Infrastructure to Promote Clinical Application of Innovative Medical Seeds)

Project Topic Name	Project Manager	Period (Planned)
Acceleration of Innovative Medical Technology Development by Strengthening and Streamlining of Support Systems	Director General, Center for Clinical and Translational Research, Koji Todaka	FY2017-2024

The Center Project Selected for the First Time in FY2019

■ Human Resource Development Program for Science and Technology

Program Name	Project Director	Period
Initiative for Realizing Diversity in the Research Environment (Vanguard)	President of Kyushu University, Tatsuro Ishibashi	FY2019-2024

The Center Project Selected for the First Time in FY2020

■ Moonshot-type Research & Development Project

Research & Development Project Name	Project Manager	Period
"Beyond Zero" Research & Development Aimed at a CO2 Circulation System Society	International Institute for Carbon-Neutral Energy Research, Chief Professor, Shigeki Fujikawa	FY2020-2029

■ World Premier International Research Center Initiative (WPI) Academy Project Acceleration and Expansion

Institution Name	Director	Period
International Institute for Carbon-Neutral Energy Research	International Institute for Carbon-Neutral Energy Research, Director, Tatsumi Ishihara	From FY2020 onward

The Center Project Selected for the First Time in FY2021

■ Center for Advancing Translational Research (CATR)

Institution Name	Director	Period
Realization Hub for Biomedical Innovation	Senior Vice President, Koichi Akashi	December 20, 2021 onward

■ Advanced Research Infrastructure for Materials and Nanotechnology

Institution Name	Person in Charge of Implementation	Period
Center for Innovative Materials DX	The Ultramicroscopy Research Center, Professor, Yasukazu Murakami	FY2021-2030

The Center Project Selected for the First Time in FY2022

■ Translational Research Program (Project for Promotion of Interdisciplinary Collaborative Research and Developmental Initiatives)

Project Topic Name	Project Manager	Period
Establishment of the Transdisciplinary Research Platform based on "Integrative Knowledge"	Senior Vice President, Koichi Akashi	June 1, 2022 - March 31, 2025

■ JST START

Program Name	Project Director	Period
University Ecosystem Promotion Type (Supporting Creation of Startup Ecosystem in Startup Cities)	Open Innovation Platform (OIP), Vice President/Assistant Department Head of the OIP, Professor, Shinji Ohnishi	June 15, 2022 - March 31, 2027

• Those with completed initiative periods are not included.

Source: Each Department

14-1. Selection of Research Programs (Continued)

■ Moonshot-type Research & Development Project		
Research & Development Project Name	Project Manager	Period
Creating A Society Whose Citizens' Health is Monitored by Remote Control of Intracellular Cybernetic Avatars	Faculty of Engineering, Professor, Yoko Yamanishi	From FY2022 onward

• Those with completed initiative periods are not included.

Source: Each Department

14-2. Selection of Education Programs

The Center Project Selected for the First Time in FY2011

Program Name	Department Responsible	Initiative Name	Initiative Period
Subsidy Program for the Development of Centers for Training Policymakers etc.	Center for Science, Technology and Innovation Policy Studies	Science for RE-designing Science, Technology and Innovation Policy (SciREX) Project to Develop Hub Institutions for Fundamental Research and Human Resource Development	FY2011-2025

The Center Project Selected for the First Time in FY2020

Program Name	Department Responsible	Initiative Name	Initiative Period
Inter-University Exchange Project	Graduate School of Engineering	An Innovative Program for Development of Core Human Resources for Smart Mining to Lead Sustainable Resource Development in Southern Africa (*Representative University: Akita University, Affiliated University: Kyushu University)	FY2020-2024
WISE Program (Doctoral Program for World-Leading Innovative & Smart Education)	Joint Graduate School of Mathematics for Innovation	Graduate Program of Mathematics for Innovation (GPMI)	FY2020-2026
JST, the Establishment of University Fellowships towards the Creation of Science Technology Innovation	Graduate Schools of Information Science and Electrical Engineering, Engineering, Sciences, and I ² CNER	Kyushu University Innovator Fellowship	FY2020-2027

The Center Project Selected for the First Time in FY2021

Program Name	Department Responsible	Initiative Name	Initiative Period
Inter-University Exchange Project	Interdisciplinary Graduate School of Engineering Sciences	Cooperational Graduate Education Program for the Development of Global Human Resources in Energy and Environmental Science and Technology - Expansion to ASEAN -	FY2021-2025
	Graduate School of Human-Environment Studies	Cooperative Educational Program for Fostering Human Resources to Lead Sustainable Development of Recycle-Based Zero-Emission Urban and Architectural Environment in Asia	FY2021-2025
Approved Program for Mathematics, Data Science and AI Smart Higher Education (Literacy Levels)	Education and Research Center for Mathematical and Data Science	Kyushu University Data Literacy Program (Literacy Levels)	FY2021-2025

• Those with completed initiative periods are not included.

Source: Each Department

14-2. Selection of Education Programs (Continued)

The Center Project Selected for the First Time in FY2022

Program Name	Department Responsible	Initiative Name	Initiative Period
Approved Program for Mathematics, Data Science and AI Smart Higher Education (Advanced Literacy Levels)	Education and Research Center for Mathematical and Data Science	Kyushu University Data Literacy Program (Advanced Literacy Levels)	FY2022-2026
Project for Designing Graduate Programs Emphasizing Digital Literacy across Diverse Fields; X Program	Graduate School of Humanities	Establishing a Graduate Program in Digital Humanities Centered on Well-Being	FY2022-2027

The Center Project Selected for the First Time in FY2023

Program Name	Department Responsible	Initiative Name	Initiative Period
Training Program for Next-Generation Health Professionals with Cancer Care	Faculty of Medical Sciences	Training Program for Next-Generation Health Professionals with Cancer Care in Kyushu	FY2023-2028
Acceleration Program for Reorganization of Universities and KOSEN	Faculty of Information Science and Electrical Engineering, Graduate School of Information Science and Electrical Engineering	Kyushu University Open-Education Project on Advanced Information Science and Technology	FY2023-2032
Joint Usage Education Center	Faculty of Arts and Science	Institution for Center for the Future Development of Education	FY2024-2025

The Center Project Selected for the First Time in FY2024

Program Name	Department Responsible	Initiative Name	Initiative Period
Recurrent Education Platform Development Support Project through Industry - Academia - Government Collaboration to Meet Local Needs	Open Innovation Platform (OIP)	Recurrent Education Platform Development Project for Expanding Entrepreneurship in the Region	FY2024
Support for Pioneering Research Initiated by the Next Generation (SPRING)	Faculty of Engineering	Program to Cultivate Innovative PhDs for a Better Future (K2-SPRING)	From FY2024 onward
Broadening Opportunities for Outstanding Young Researchers and Doctoral Students in Strategic Areas: Fostering Researchers in Emerging AI Program (Support for Doctoral Students)	Faculty of Information Science and Electrical Engineering	Synergetic Supporting Program for AI-Related Doctoral Students (K-BOOST)	FY2024-2028

• Those with completed initiative periods are not included.

Source: Each Department

Acknowledgements

When creating *the KYUSHU UNIVERSITY FACT BOOK 2024* and *VISION 2030 Progress Report 2024*, we received provision of valuable data from the various departments, etc. at Kyushu University as well as from external institutions. When publishing this *FACT BOOK*, we also received advice and assistance from those involved. We are extremely grateful for their cooperation.

The completion of this *FACT BOOK* is a result of the extraordinary efforts put forth by these cooperators, and we would like to take this opportunity to express our deep gratitude.

March 2025

Office of Institutional Research, Analysis Section, Planning Division,
Planning Department, Kyushu University

Office of Institutional Research, Analysis Section,
Planning Division, Planning Department, Kyushu University
744 Motoooka, Nishi-ku, Fukuoka-City,
Fukuoka Prefecture 819-0395, JAPAN
TEL. +81 92-802-2145
<https://www3.ir.kyushu-u.ac.jp/>



